Assessing science teaching: are we teaching the right thing?



00--0-080 % correct answers 60 80 100 before discussion **Teaching & Learning Lunch** Amherst College Amherst, MA, 5 October 2007

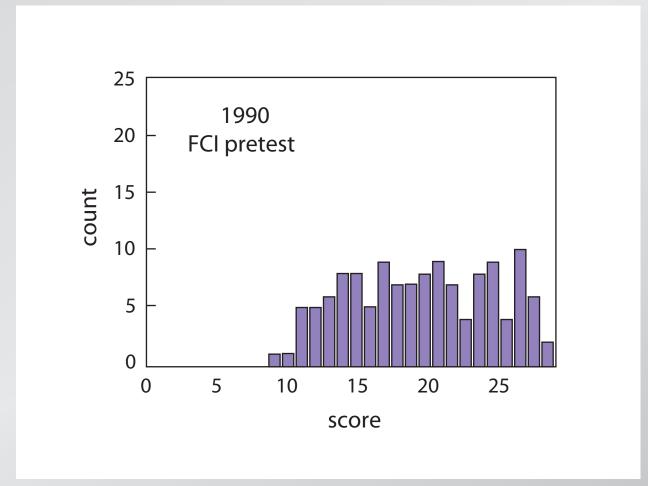
My message

good teaching doesn't necessarily mean better learning

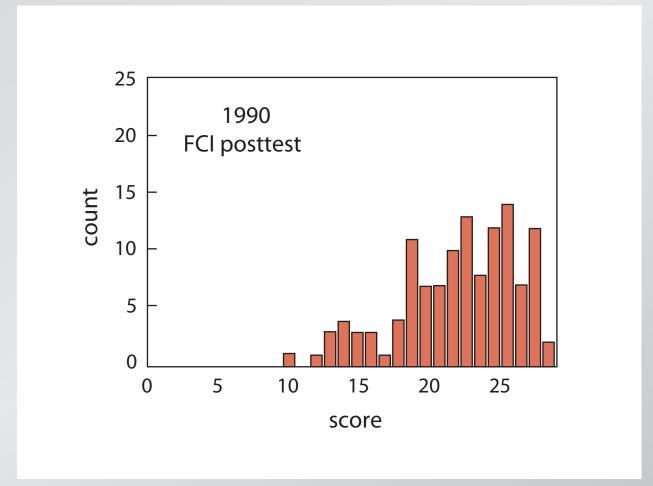


lectures focus on delivery of information

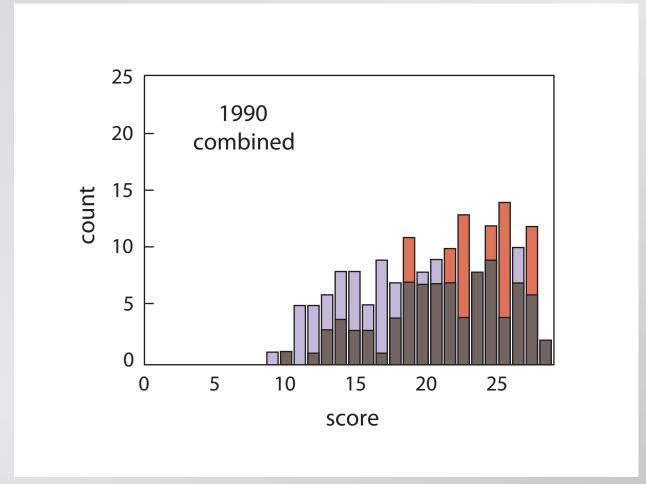
education is not just information transfer

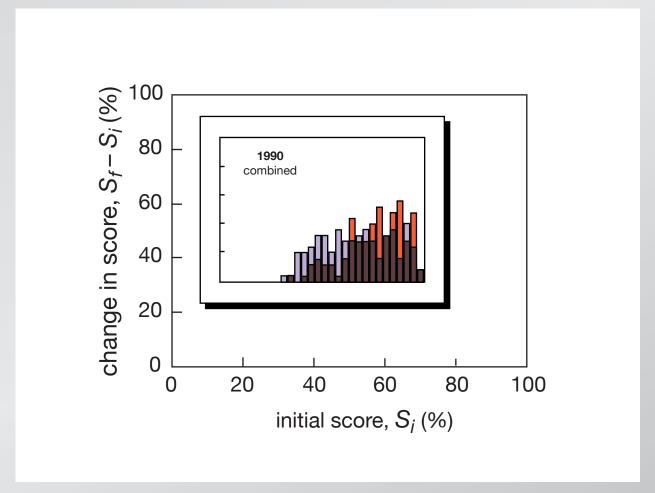


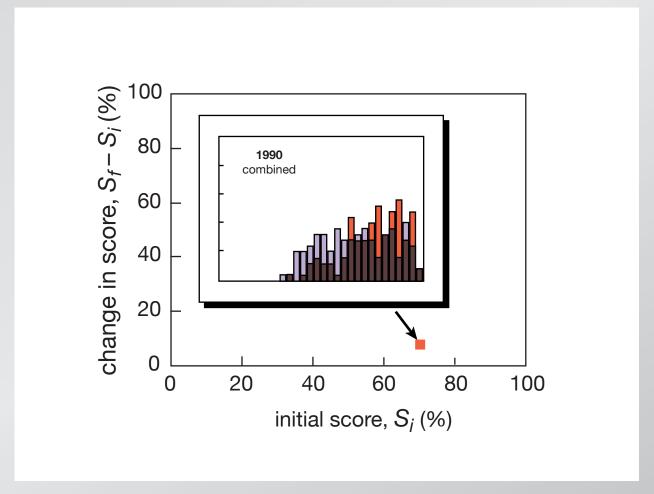
education is not just information transfer

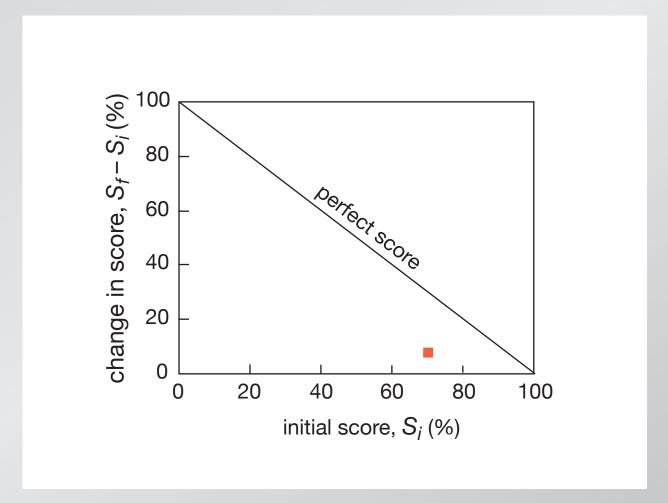


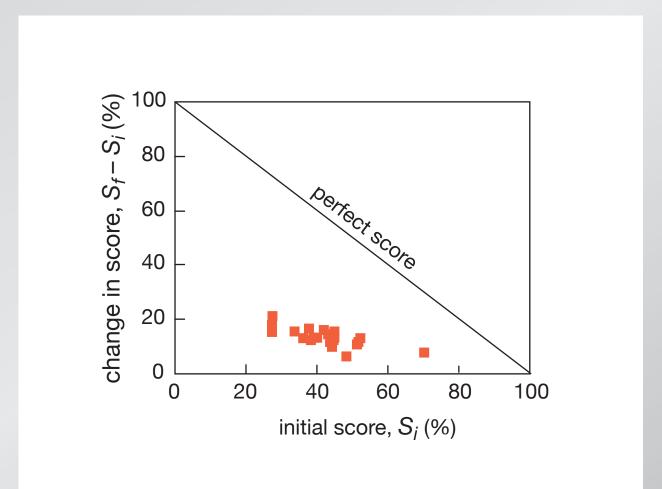
education is not just information transfer





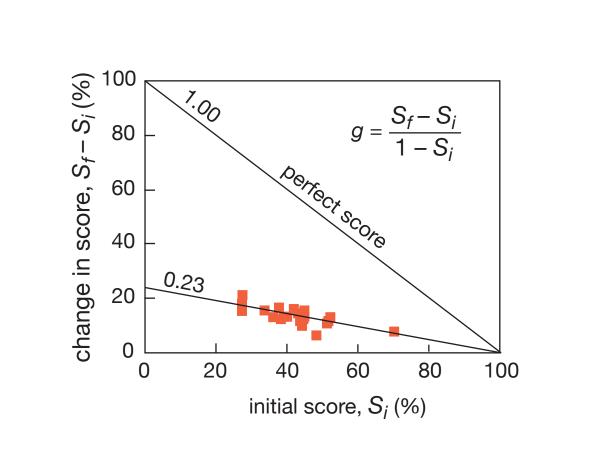






R.R. Hake, Am. J. Phys. 66, 64 (1998)

only one quarter of maximum gain realized

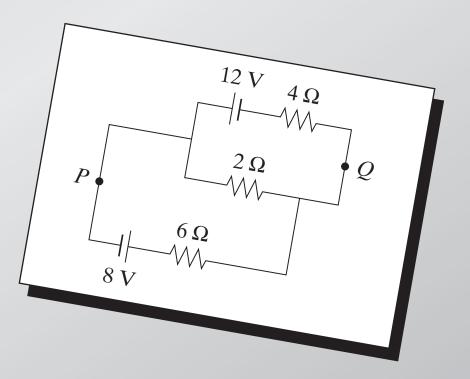


R.R. Hake, Am. J. Phys. 66, 64 (1998)

not transfer but assimilation of information is key



conventional problems misleading



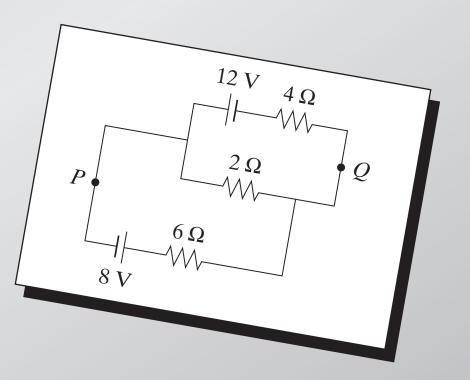
conventional problems misleading

Calculate:

(a) current in 2-W resistor

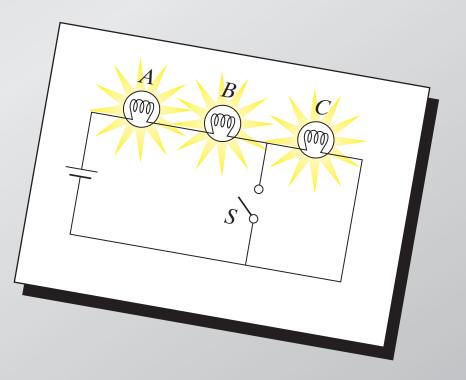
(b) potential difference

between *P* and *Q*



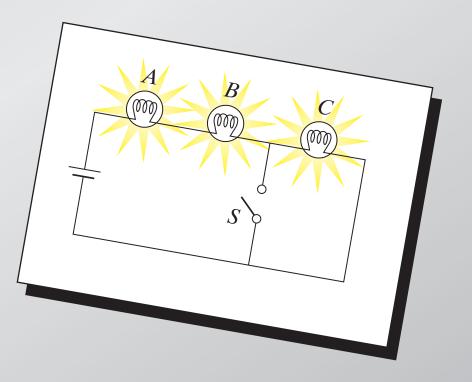


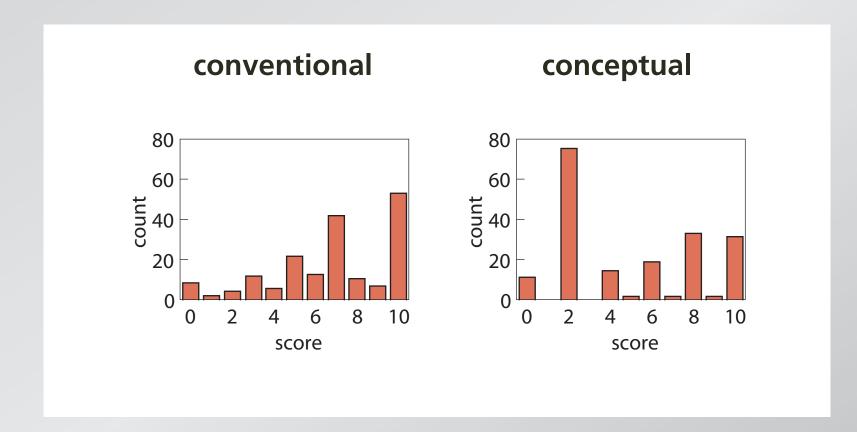
are the basic principles understood?

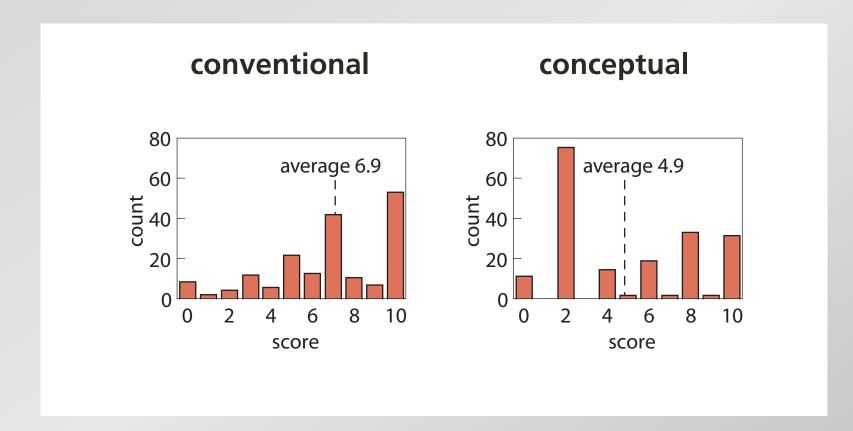


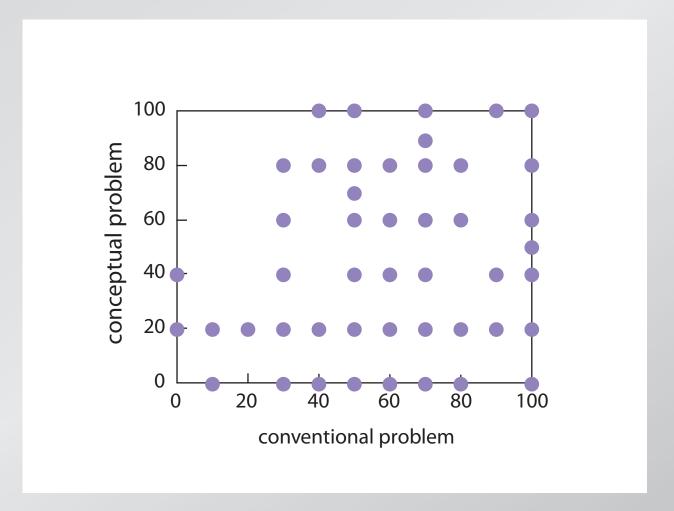
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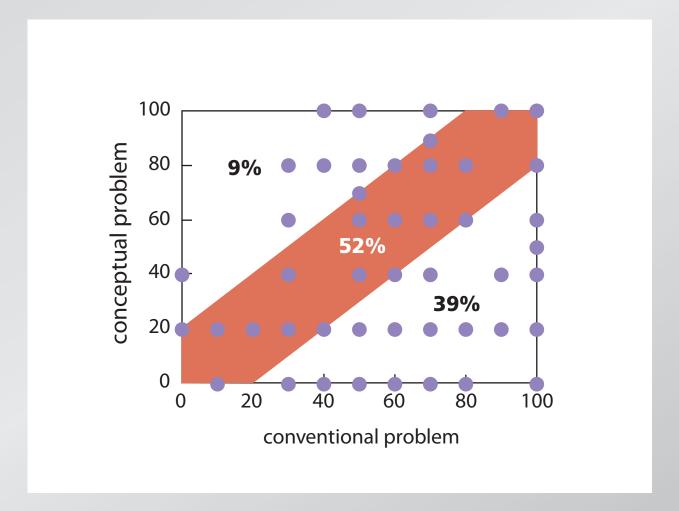
- When S is closed, what happens to:
- (a) intensities of A and B?
- (b) intensity of C?
- (c) current through battery?
- (d) potential difference across
 - A, B, and C?
- (e) the total power dissipated?













- traditional indicators often misleading
- education more than transfer of information



"The plural of anecdote is not data" Lee Shulman

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