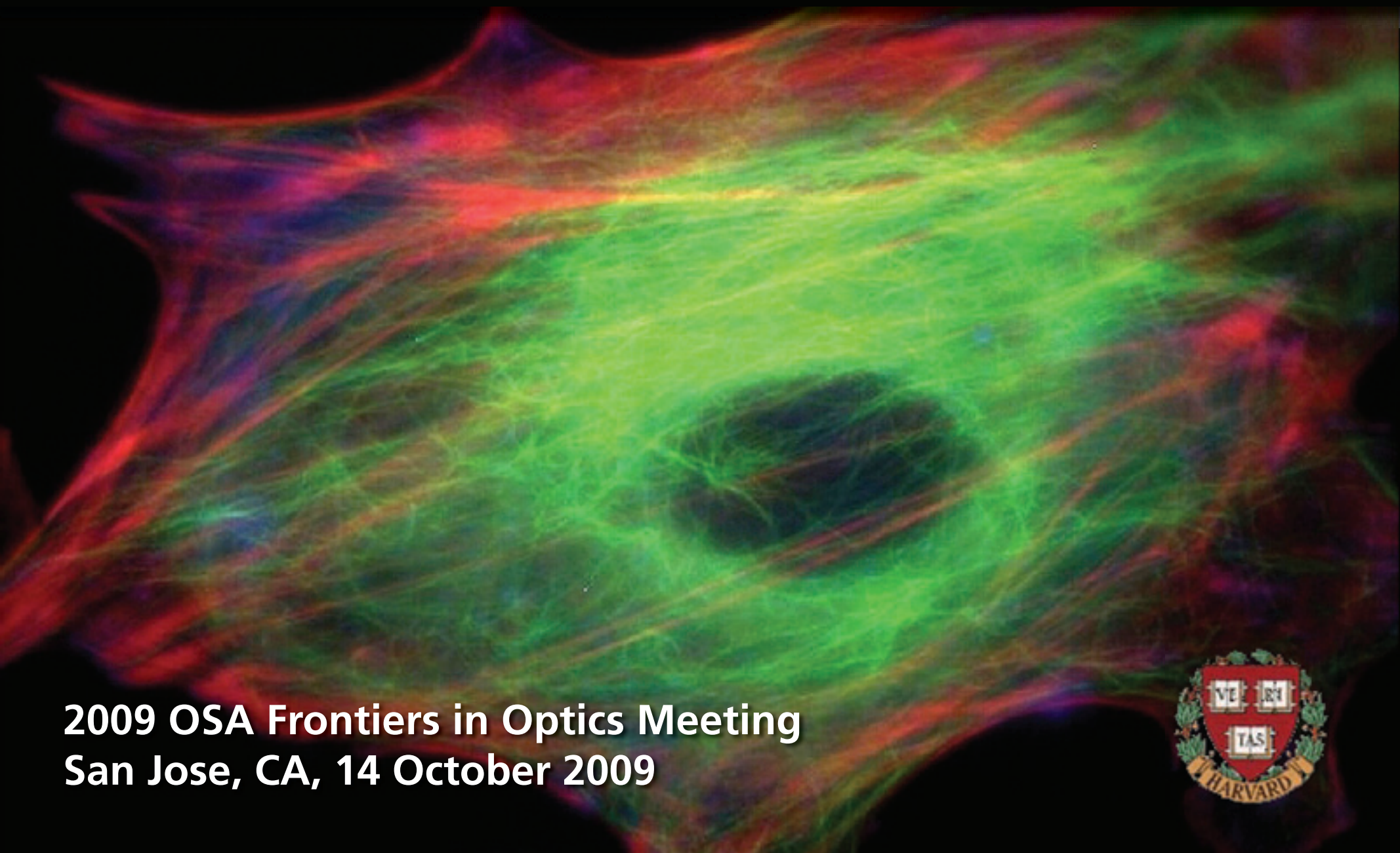


# Nanosurgery with femtosecond lasers

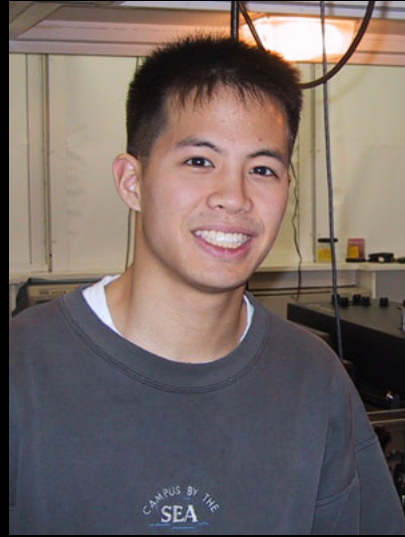


2009 OSA Frontiers in Optics Meeting  
San Jose, CA, 14 October 2009





**Iva Maxwell**



**Sam Chung**



**Valeria Nuzzo**



**Alexander Heisterkamp**

**and also....**

**Dr. Eli Glezer**

**Prof. Chris Schaffer**

**Nozomi Nishimura**

**Debayoti Datta**

**Dr. Jonathan Ashcom**

**Jeremy Hwang**

**Dr. Nan Shen**

**Roanna Ruiz**

**Anja Schmalz**

**Prakriti Tayalia**

**Prof. Don Ingber (Harvard Medical School)**

**Prof. Aravi Samuel (Harvard)**

**Prof. Chris Gabel (Boston University)**

**Dr. Damon Clark (Harvard University)**

**Prof. J.M. Underwood (UMass Worcester)**

**Prof. J.A. Nickerson (UMass Worcester)**

**Prof. Philip LeDuc (Carnegie Mellon)**

**Prof. Sanjay Kumar (UC Berkeley)**

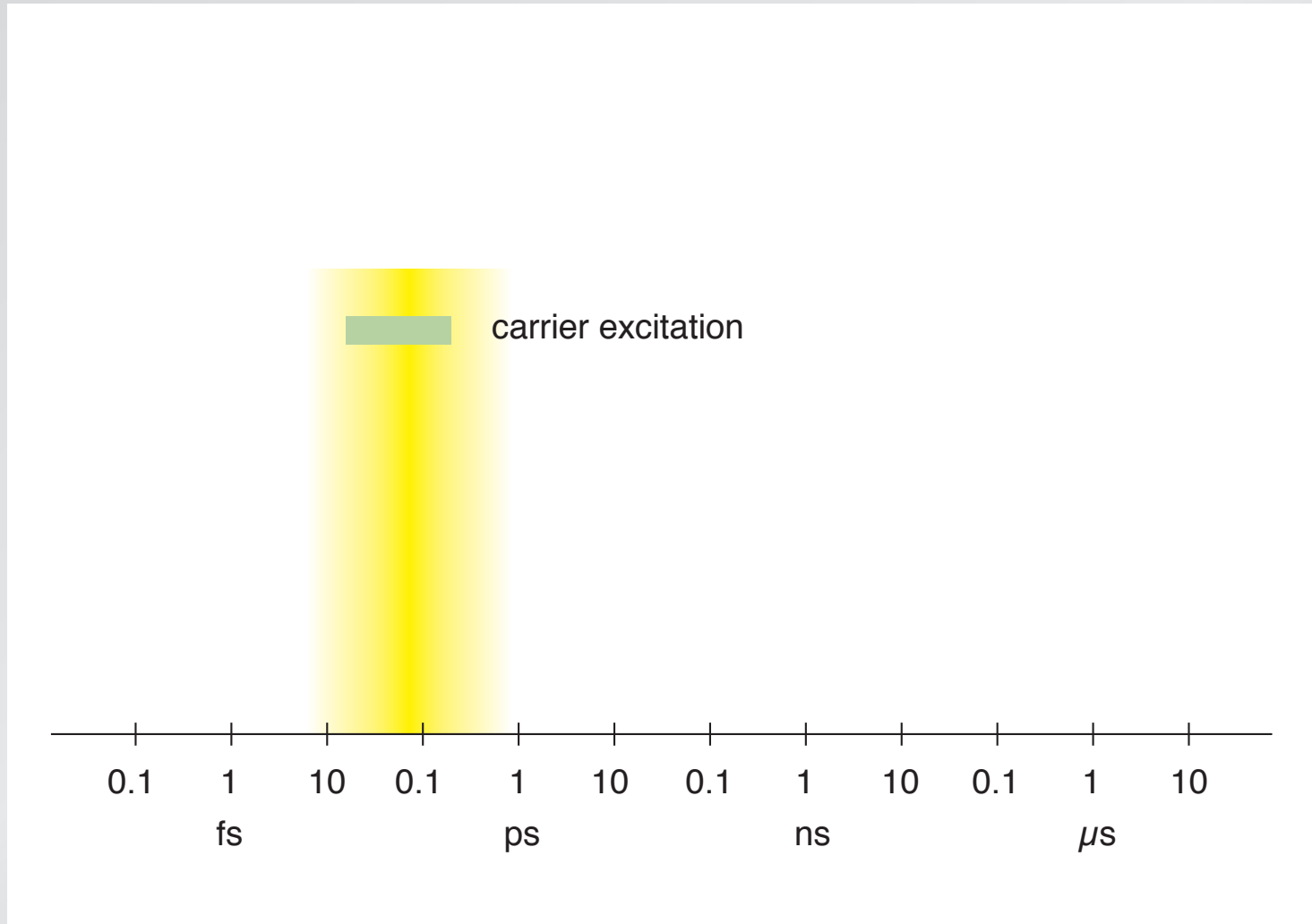
# Introduction

**why use femtosecond pulses?**



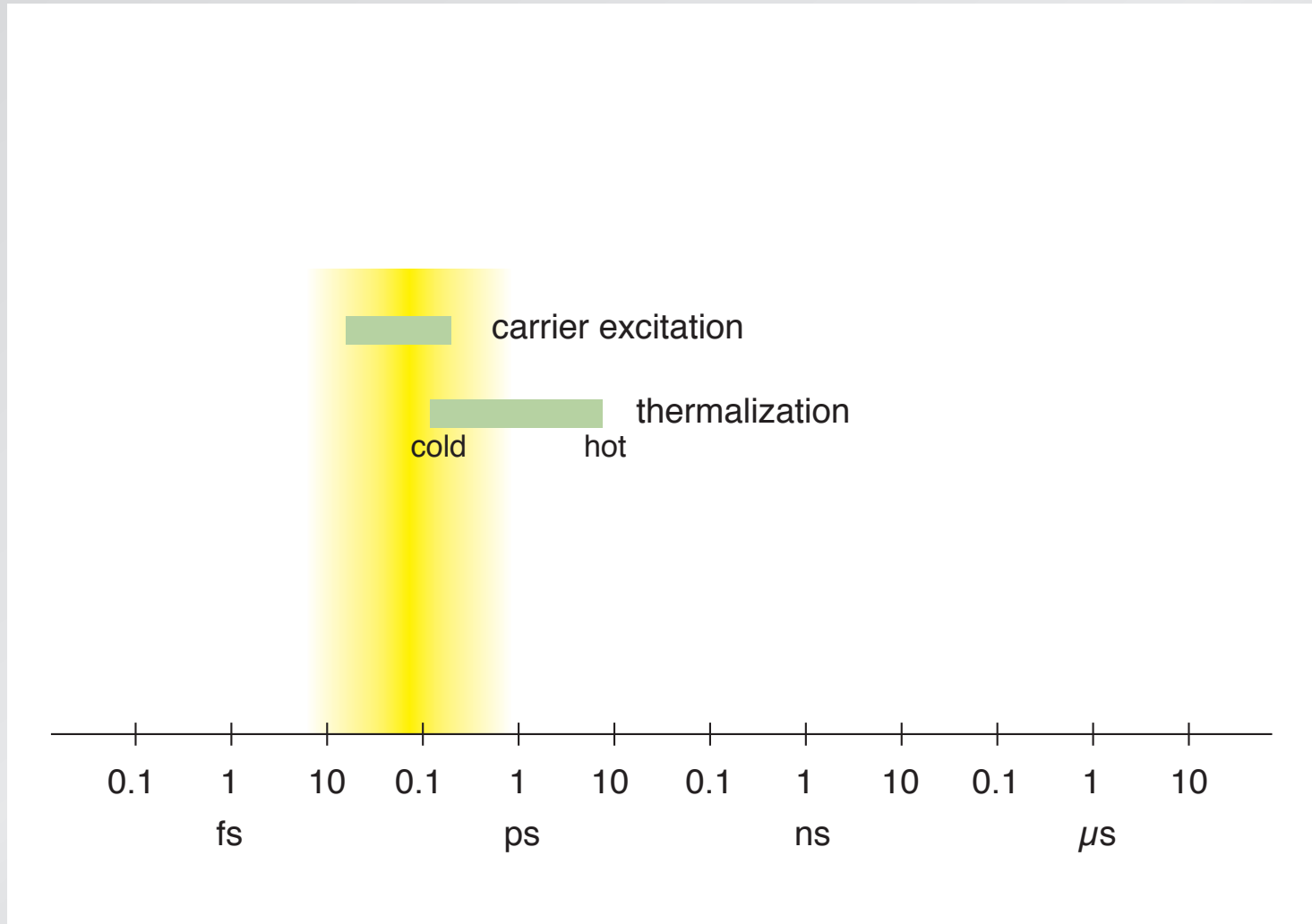
# Introduction

## relevant time scales



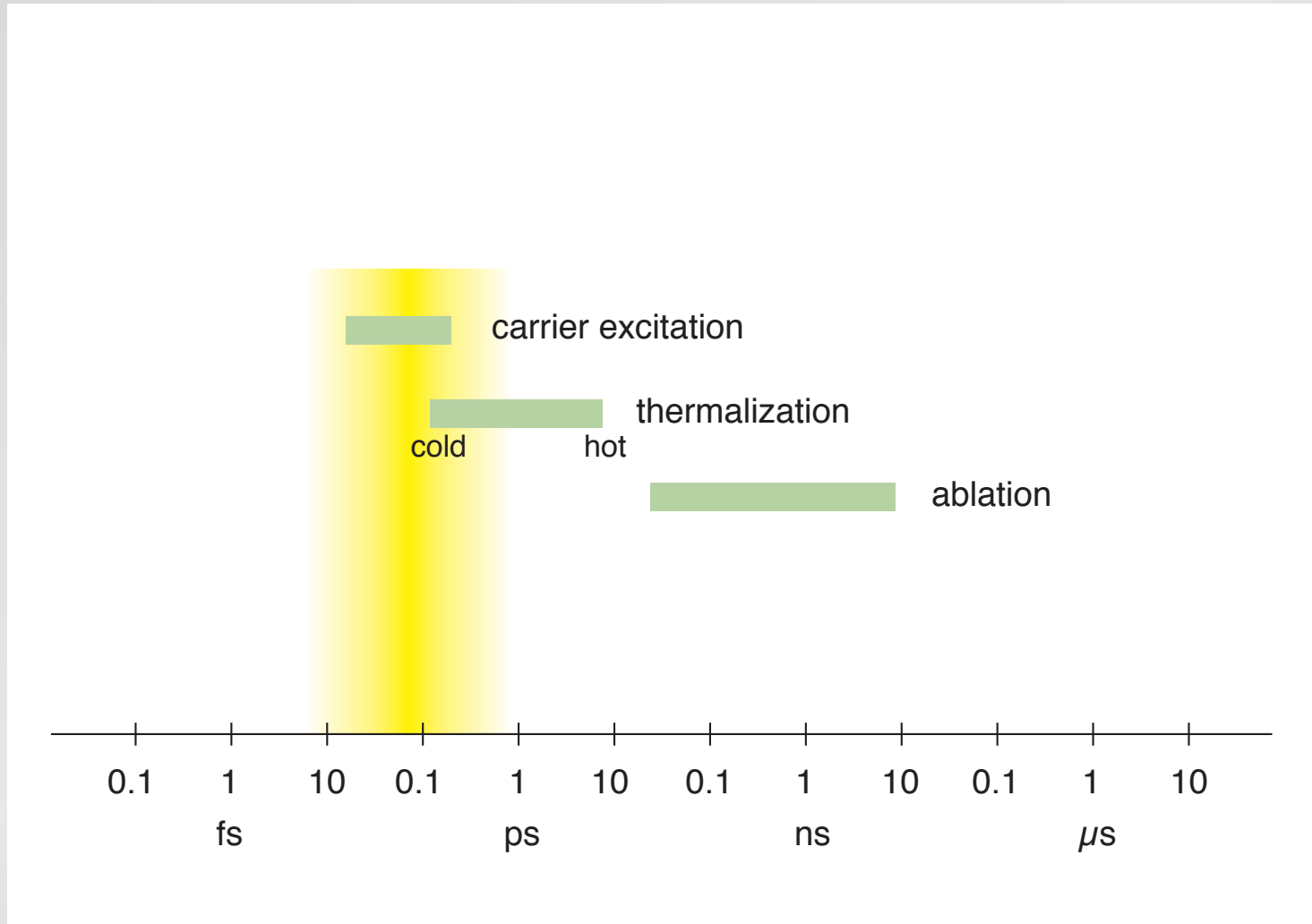
# Introduction

## relevant time scales



# Introduction

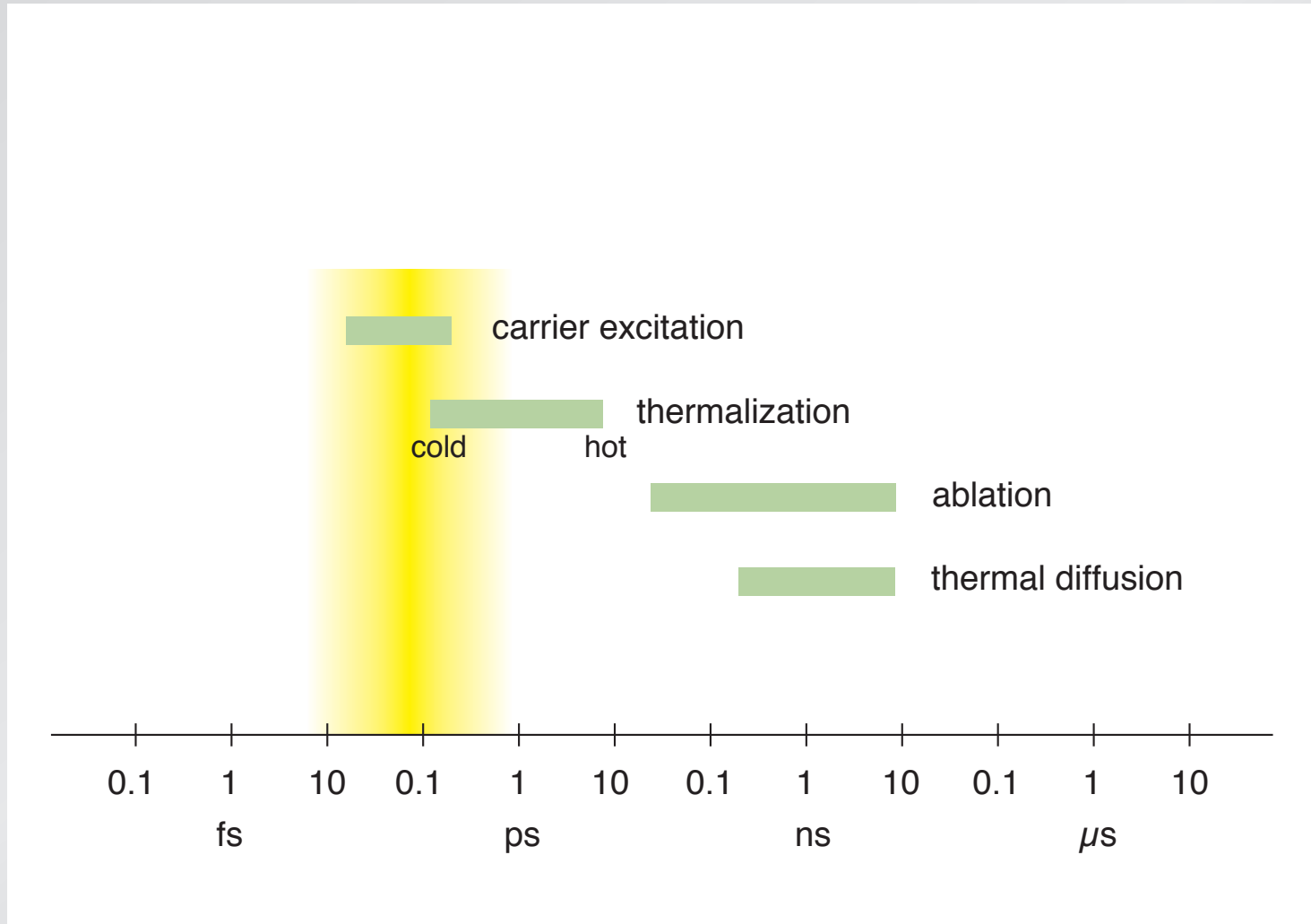
## relevant time scales





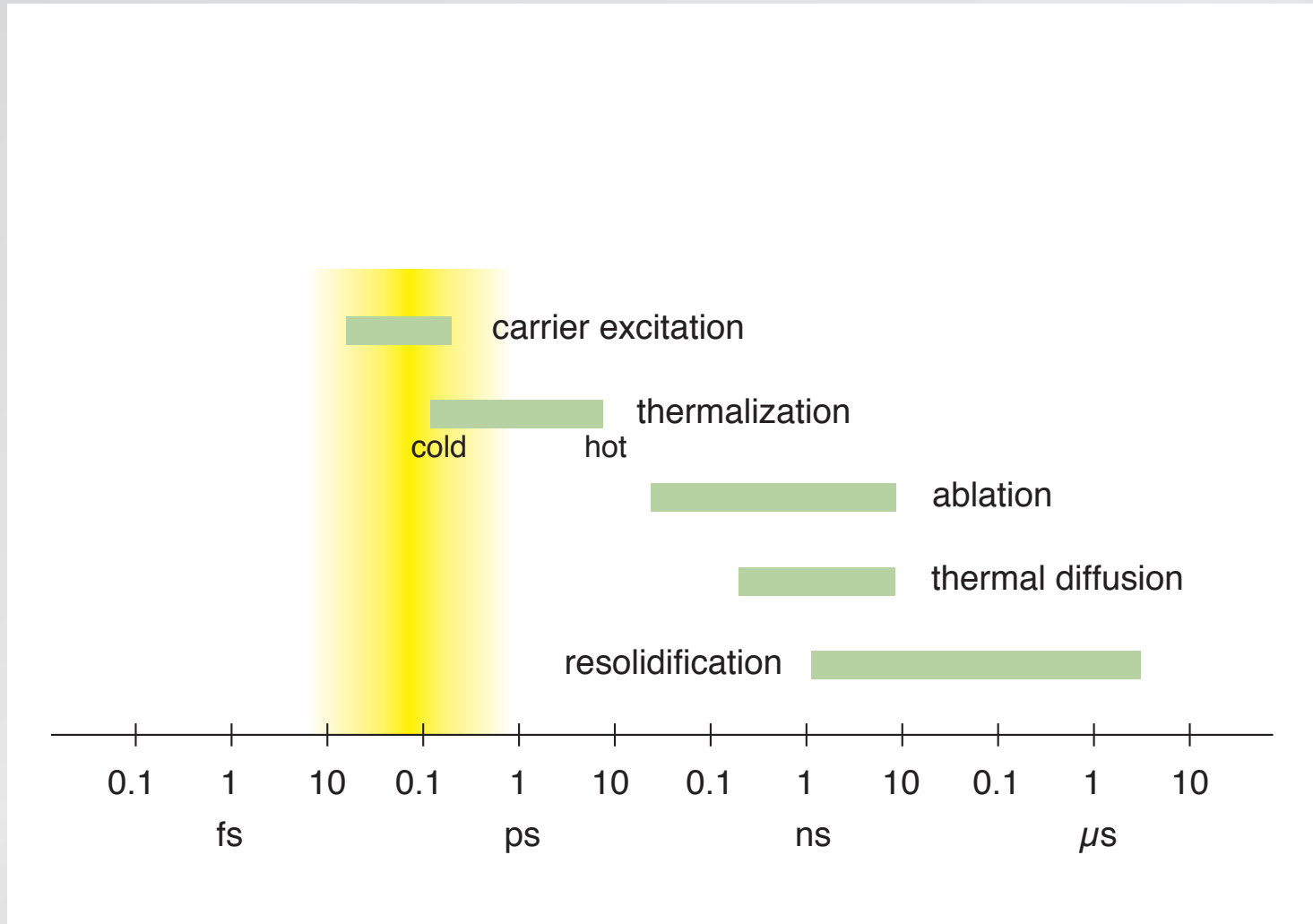
# Introduction

## relevant time scales



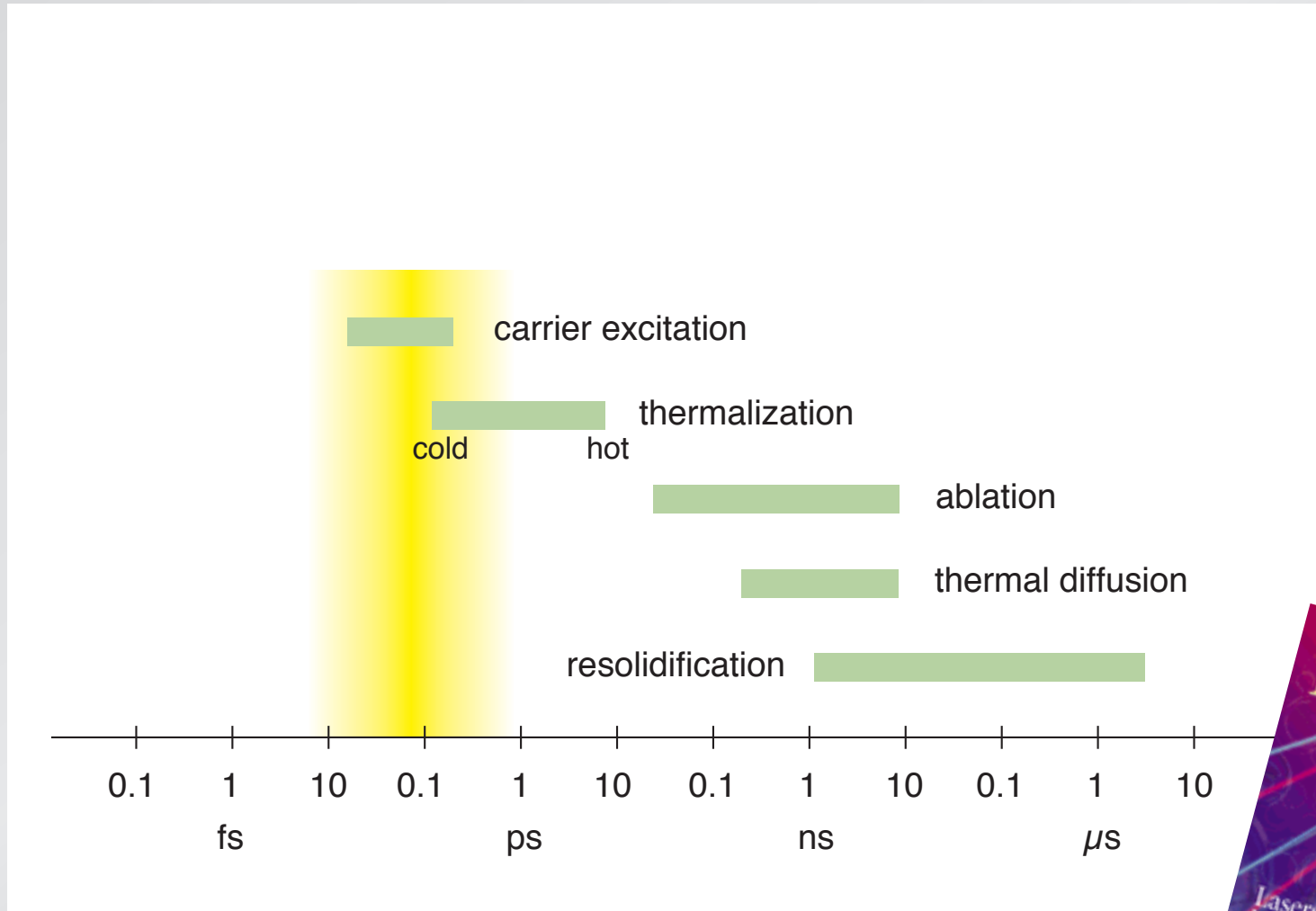
# Introduction

## relevant time scales

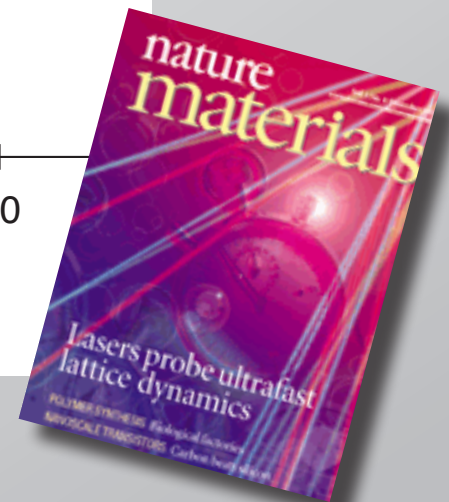


# Introduction

## relevant time scales

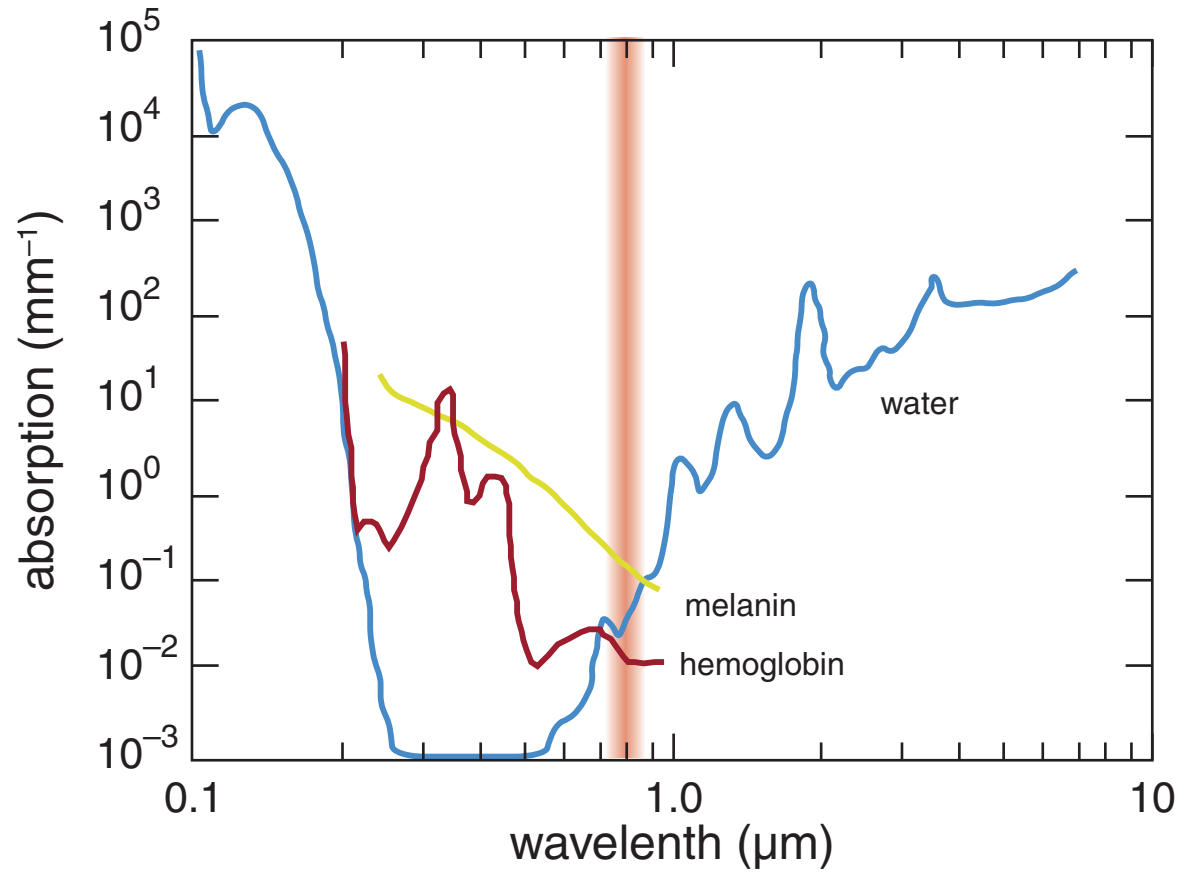


*Nature Materials* 1, 217 (2002)

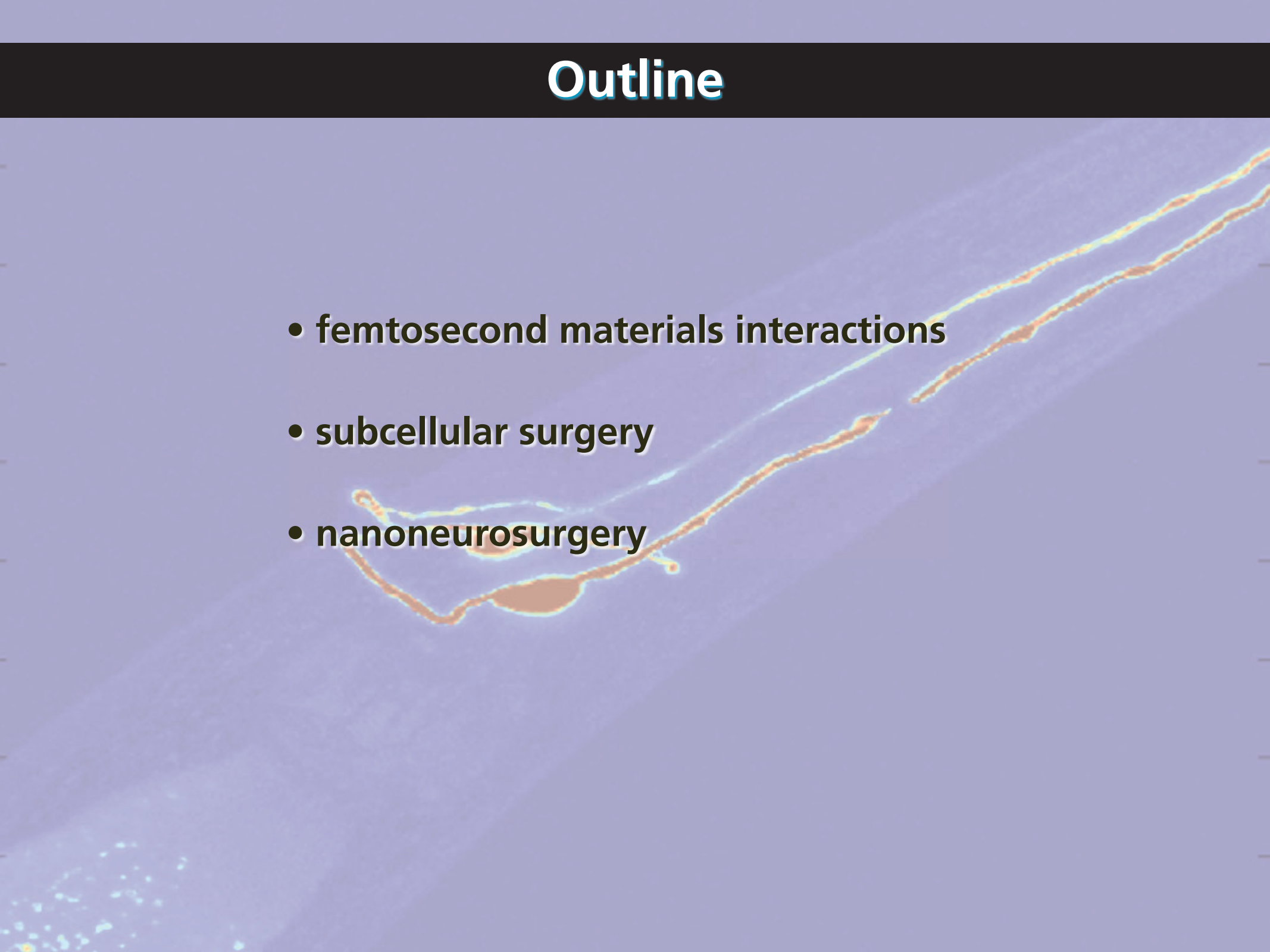


# Introduction

tissue is nearly transparent at 800 nm

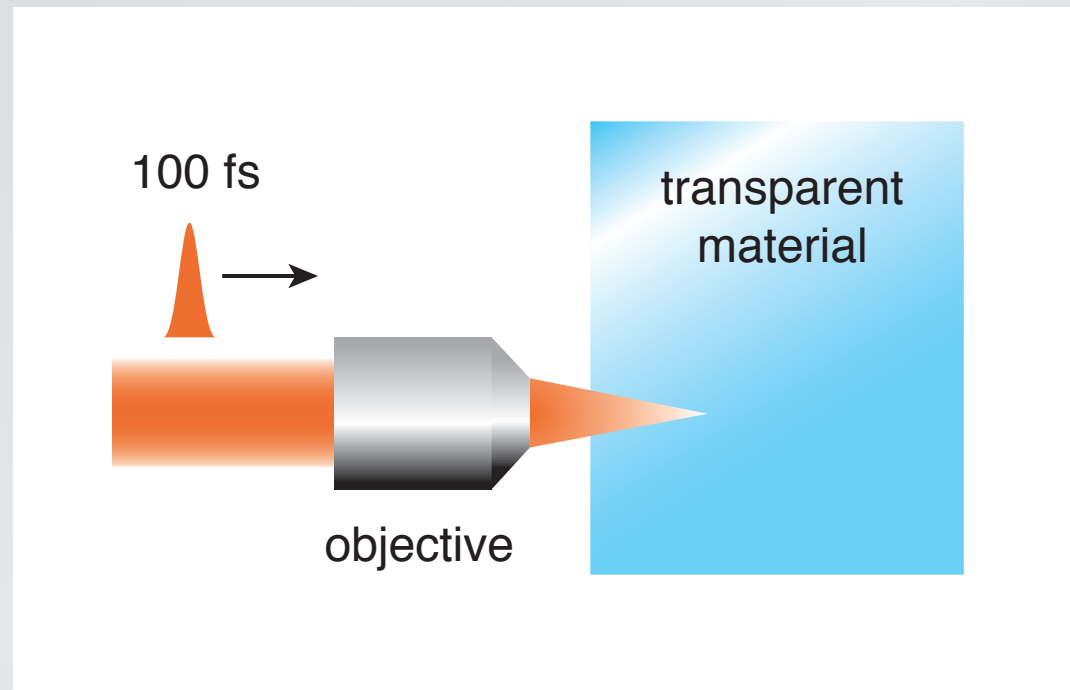


# Outline

- femtosecond materials interactions
  - subcellular surgery
  - nanoneurosurgery
- 
- A microscopic image of a biological structure, possibly a cell or tissue, with several regions highlighted in orange and yellow. The structure is elongated and has a complex, branching appearance. The background is a light blue color. The highlighted regions are concentrated in the middle and right portions of the structure, with some smaller spots in the lower-left area.

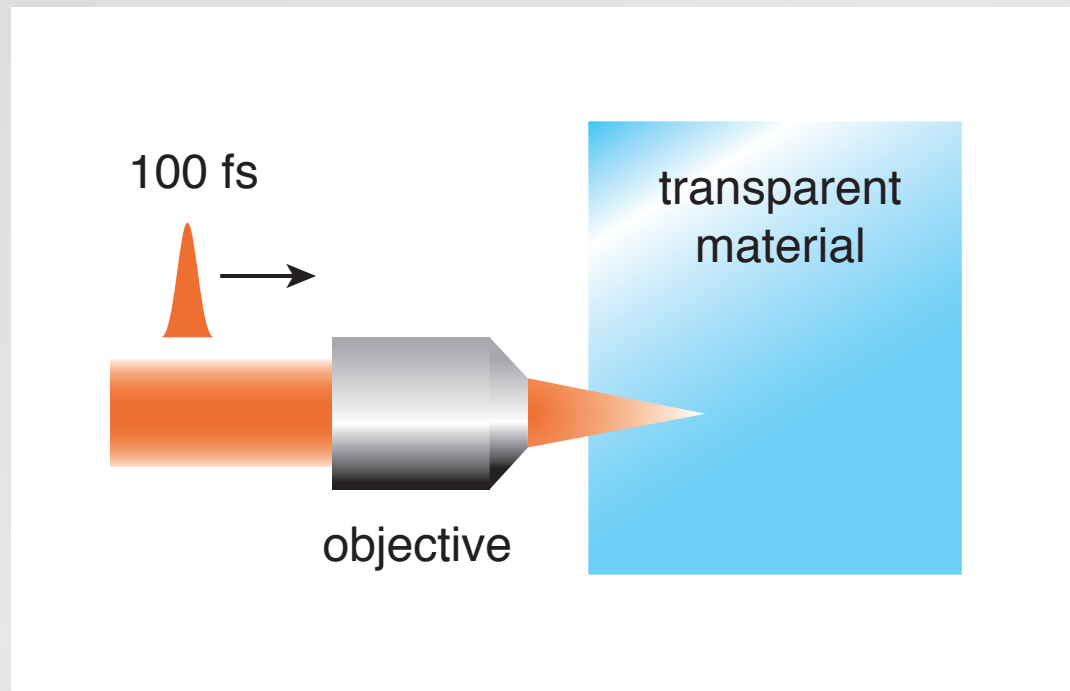
# Femtosecond materials interactions

focus laser beam inside material



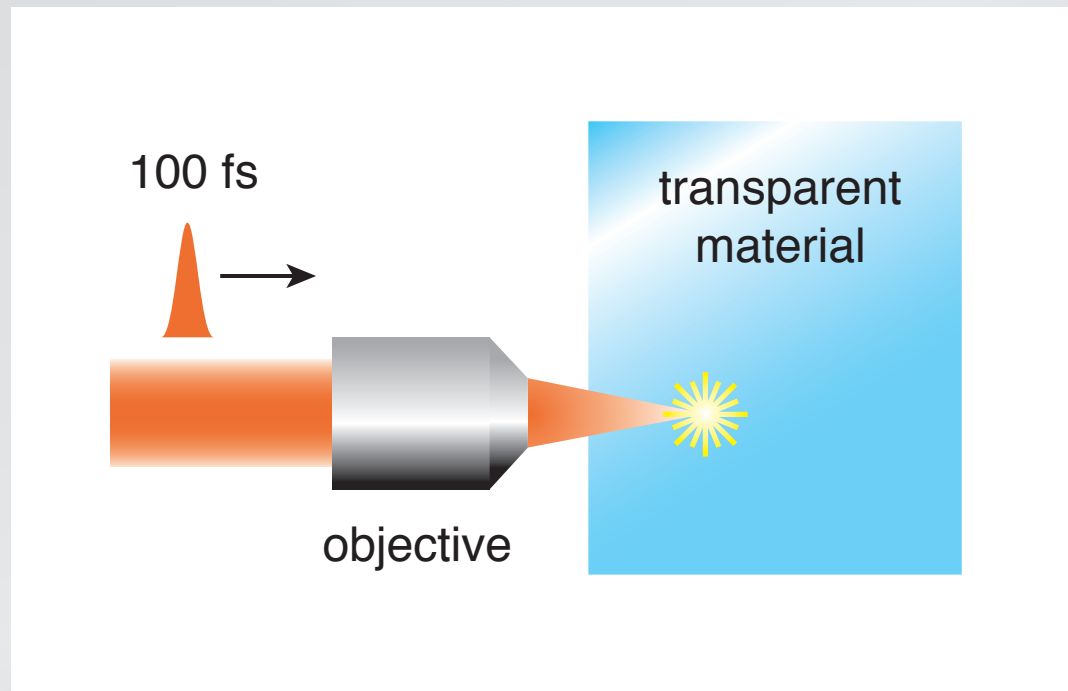
# Femtosecond materials interactions

high intensity at focus...



# Femtosecond materials interactions

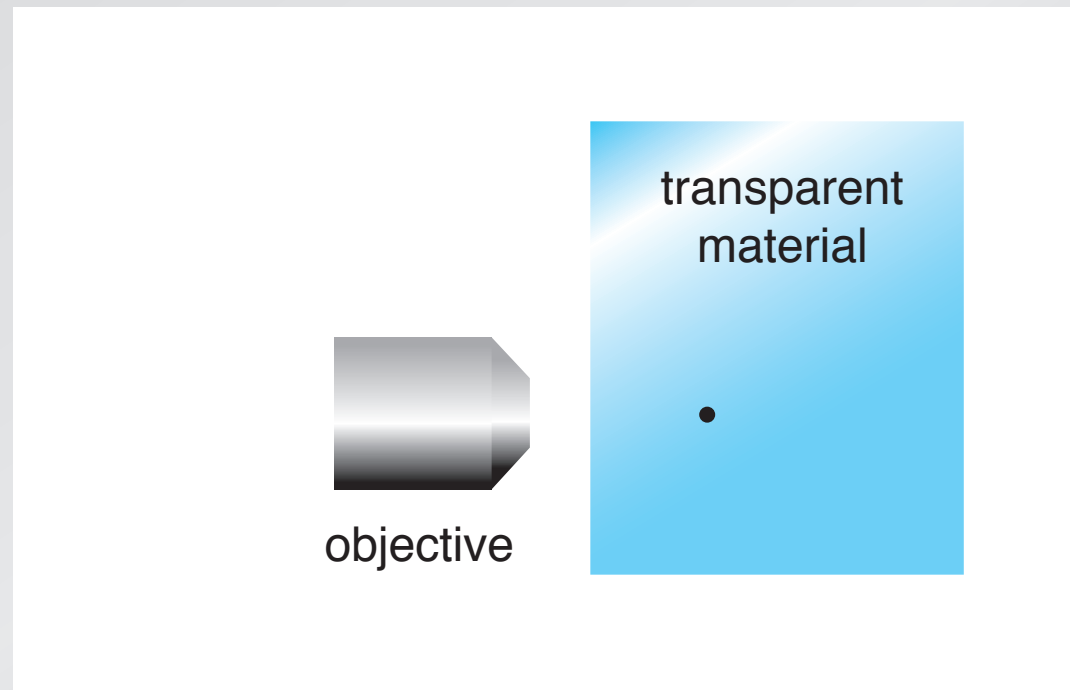
...causes nonlinear ionization...



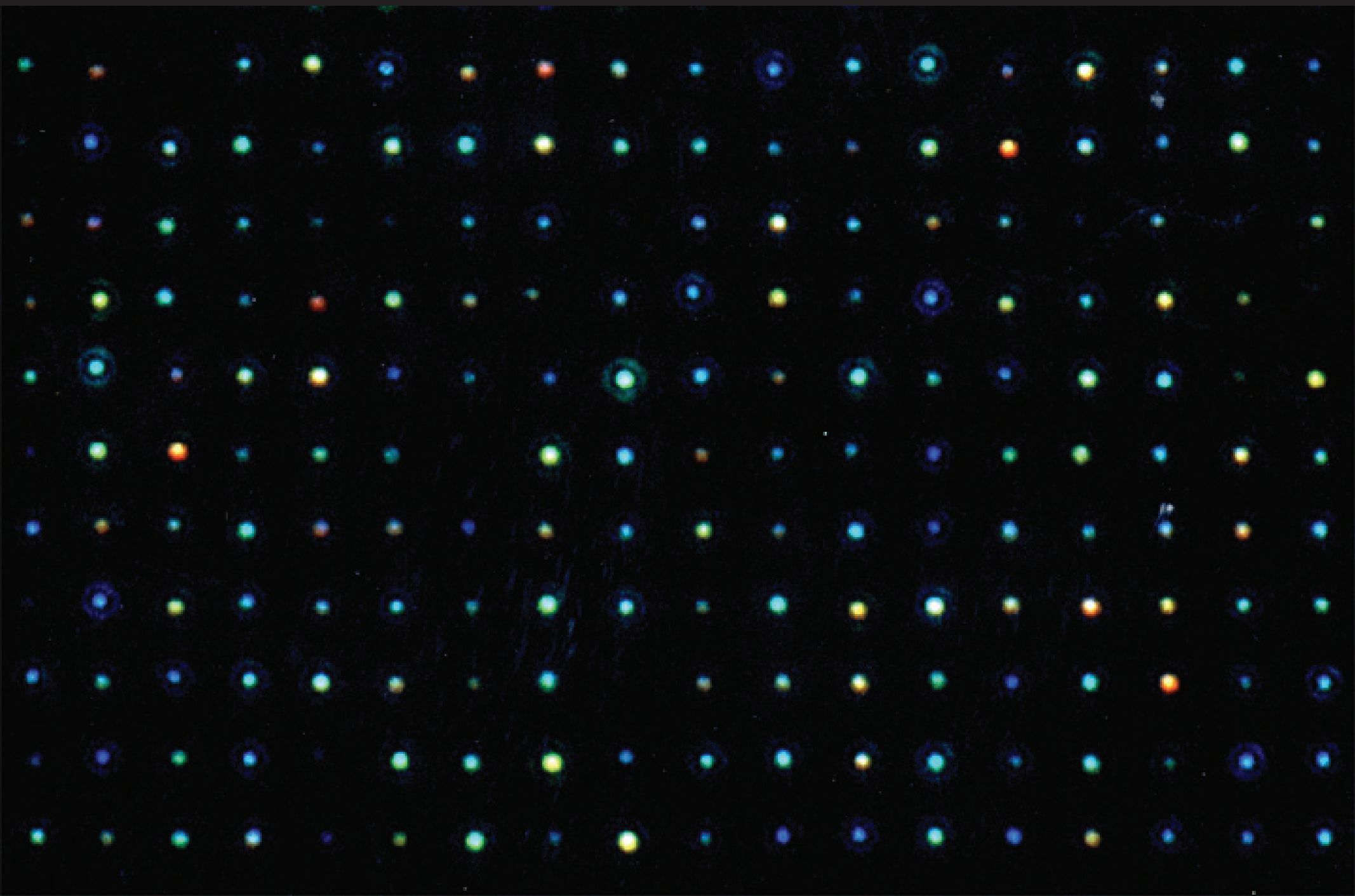


# Femtosecond materials interactions

and 'microexplosion' causes microscopic damage...



# Femtosecond materials interactions

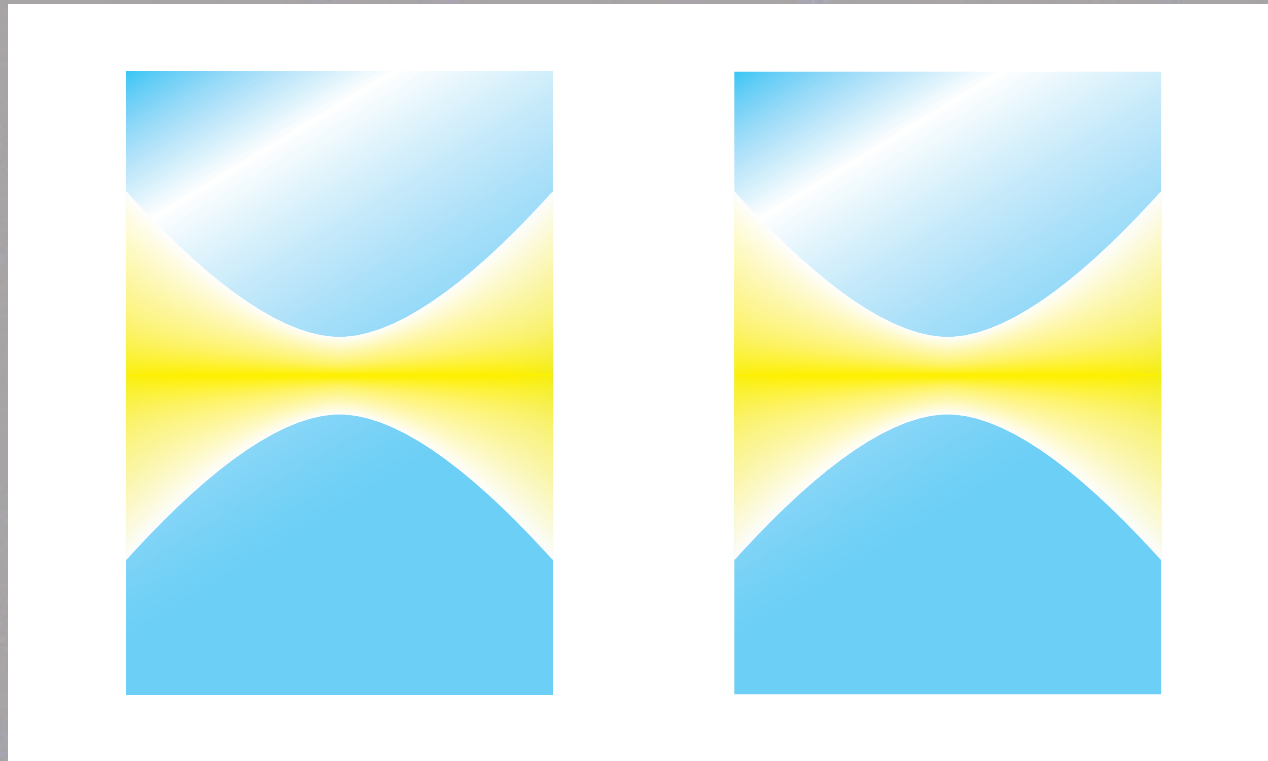


# Femtosecond materials interactions

photon energy  $<$  bandgap  $\longrightarrow$  nonlinear interaction

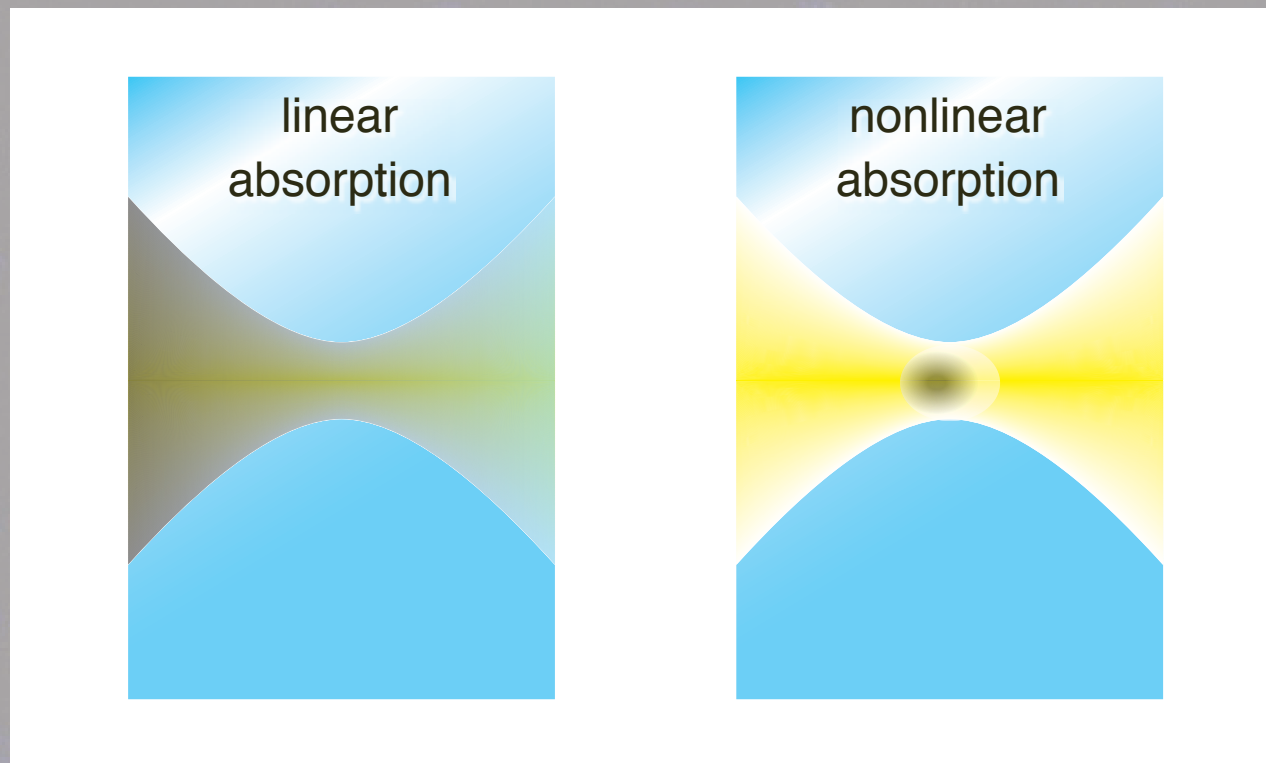
# Femtosecond materials interactions

nonlinear interaction provides bulk confinement

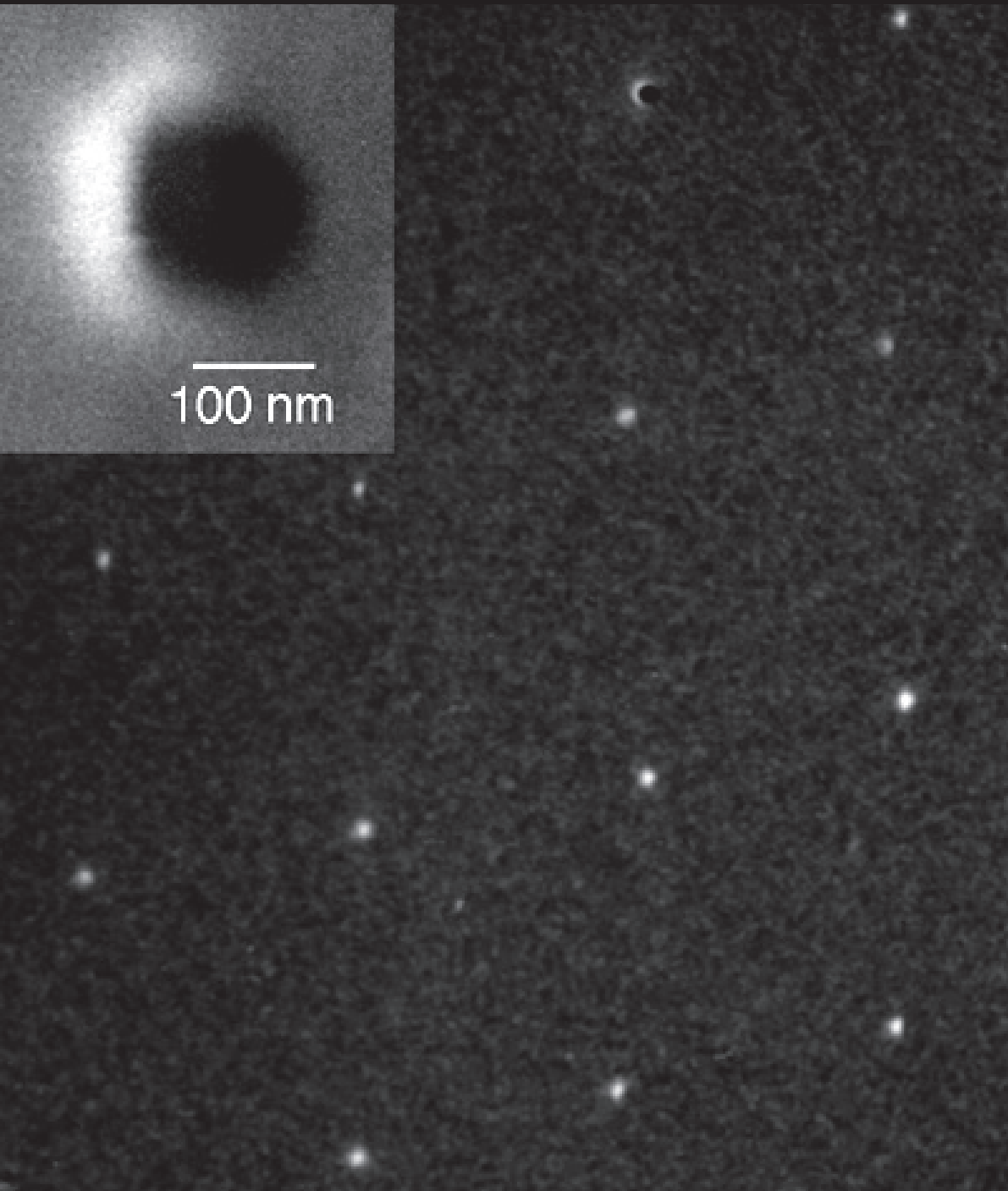


# Femtosecond materials interactions

nonlinear interaction provides bulk confinement



# Femtosecond materials interactions

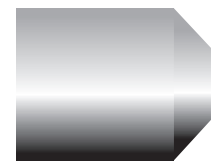


## SEM & AFM:

- 100-nm cavities
- little colateral damage

# Femtosecond materials interactions

## Dark-field scattering



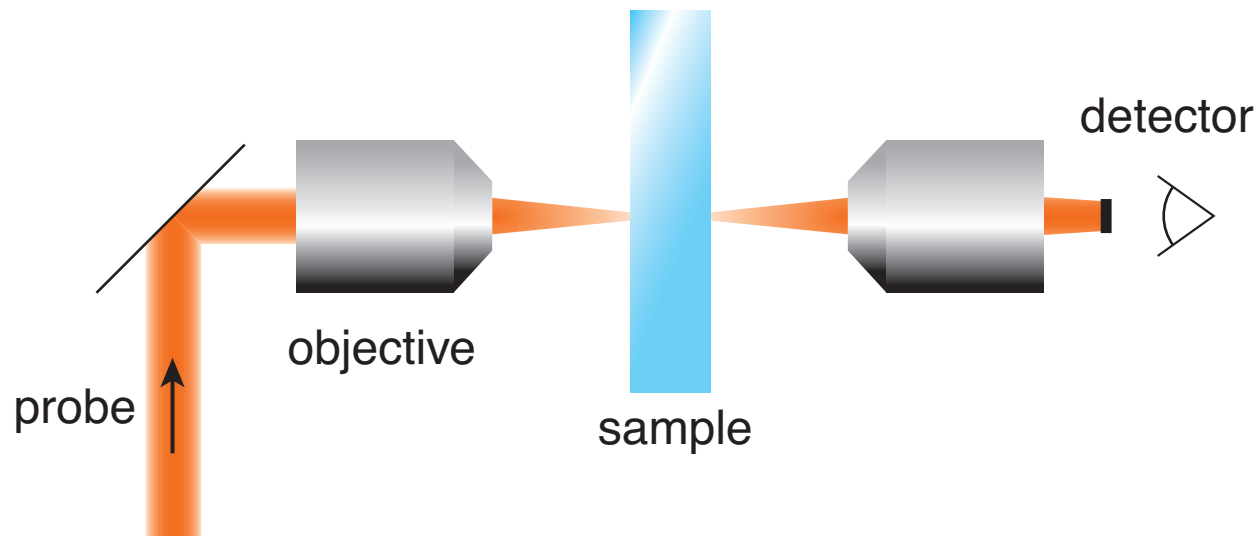
objective



sample

# Femtosecond materials interactions

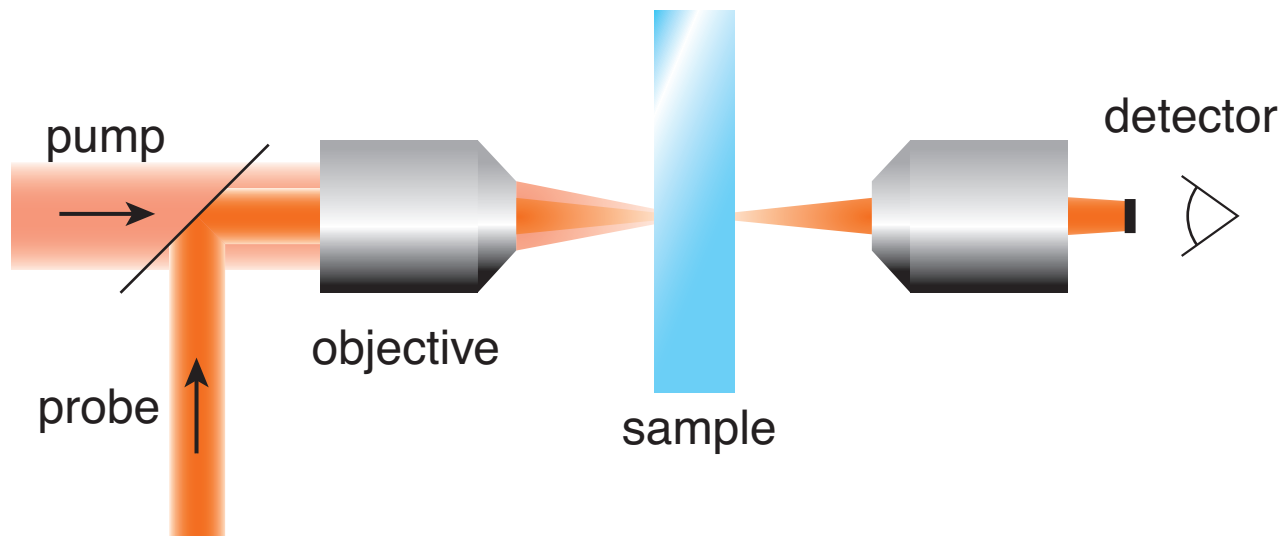
block probe beam...





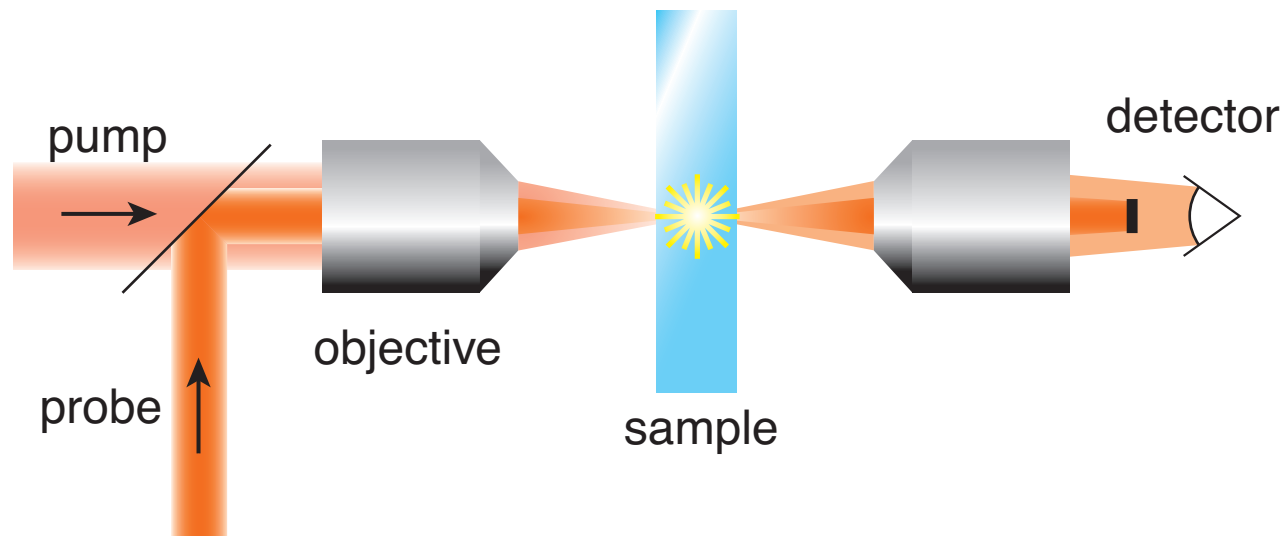
# Femtosecond materials interactions

... bring in pump beam...



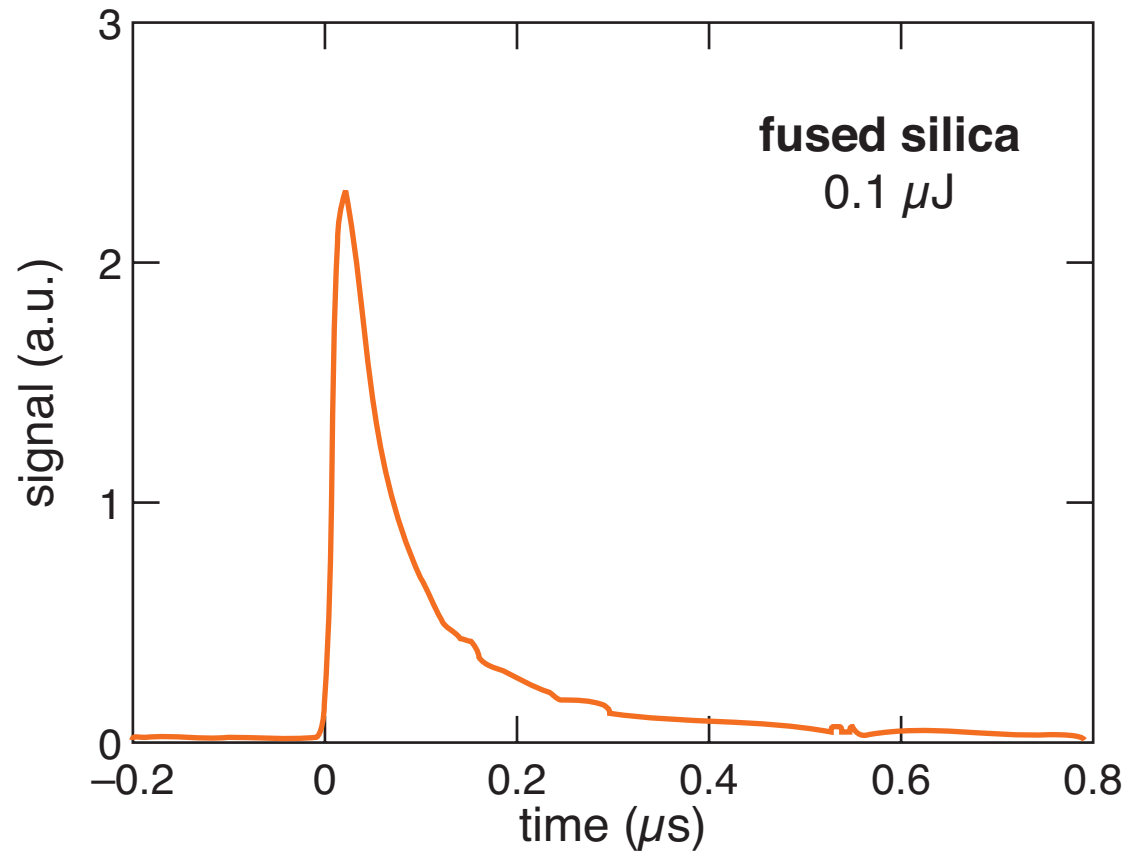
# Femtosecond materials interactions

... damage scatters probe beam



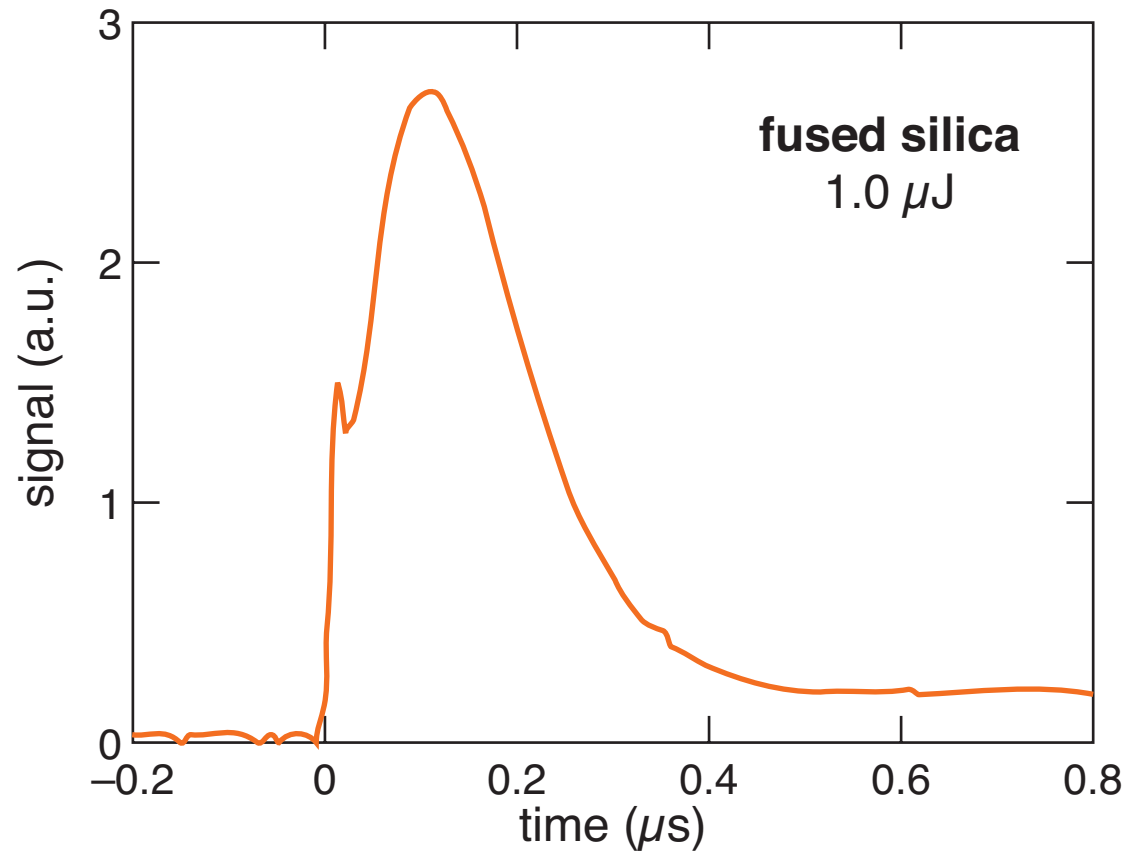
# Femtosecond materials interactions

scattered signal



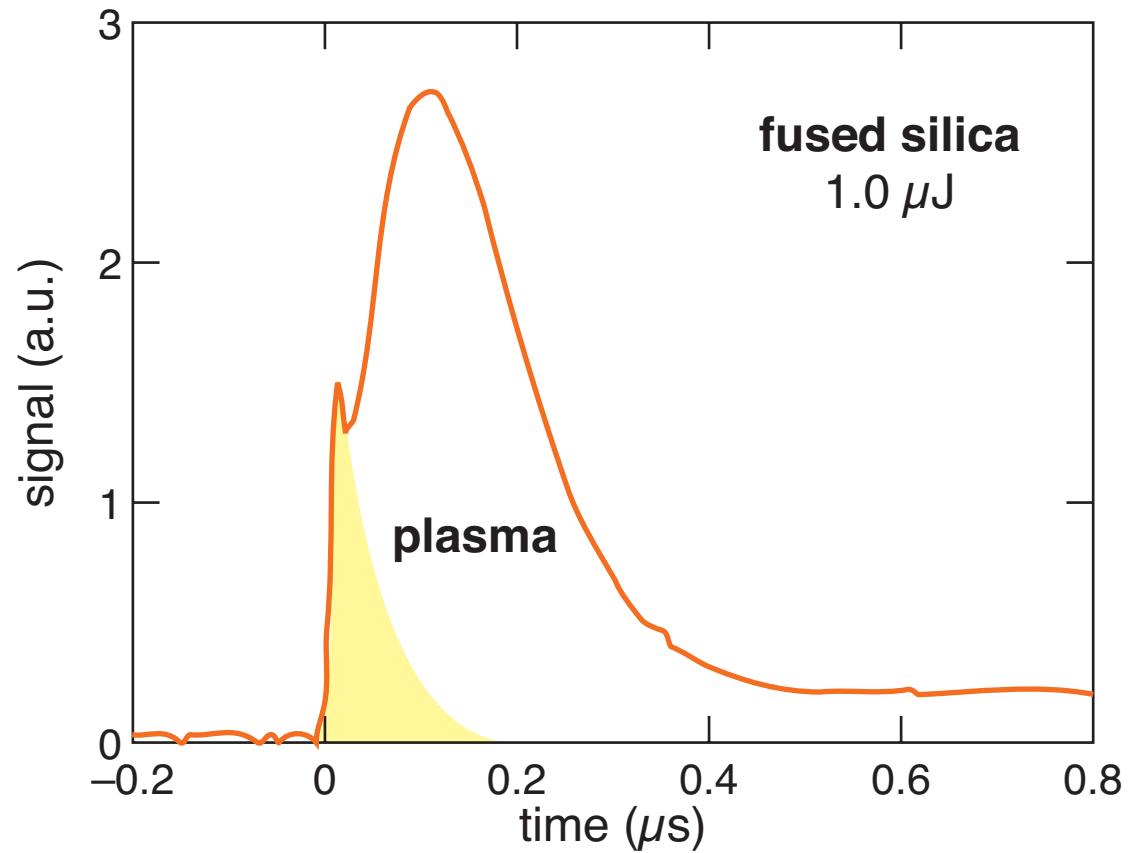
# Femtosecond materials interactions

scattered signal



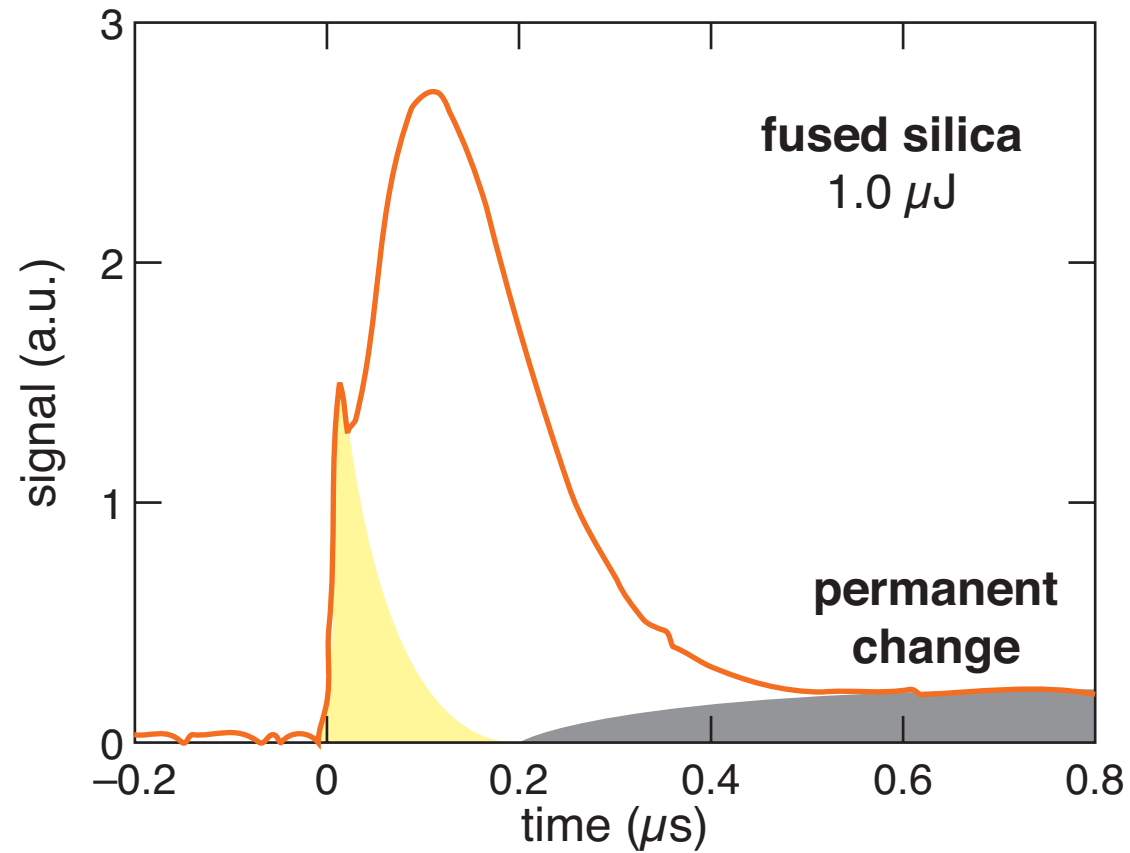
# Femtosecond materials interactions

scattered signal



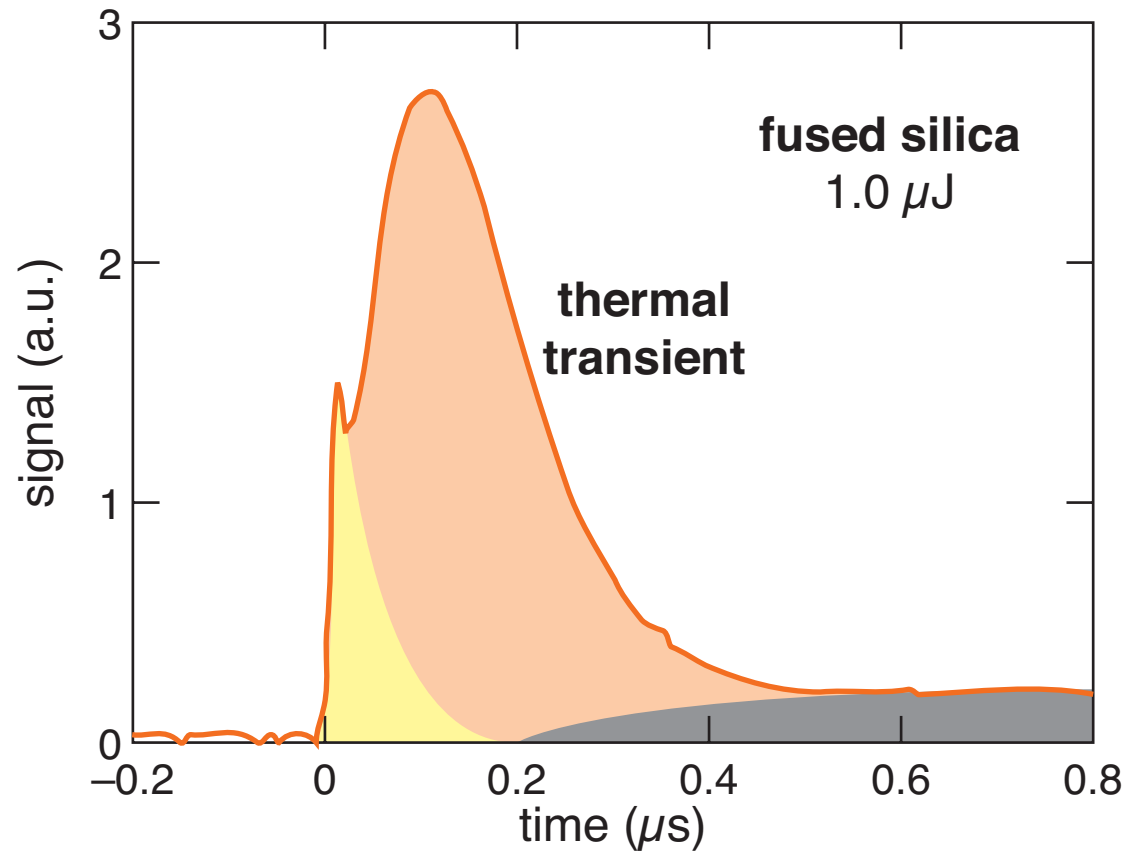
# Femtosecond materials interactions

scattered signal



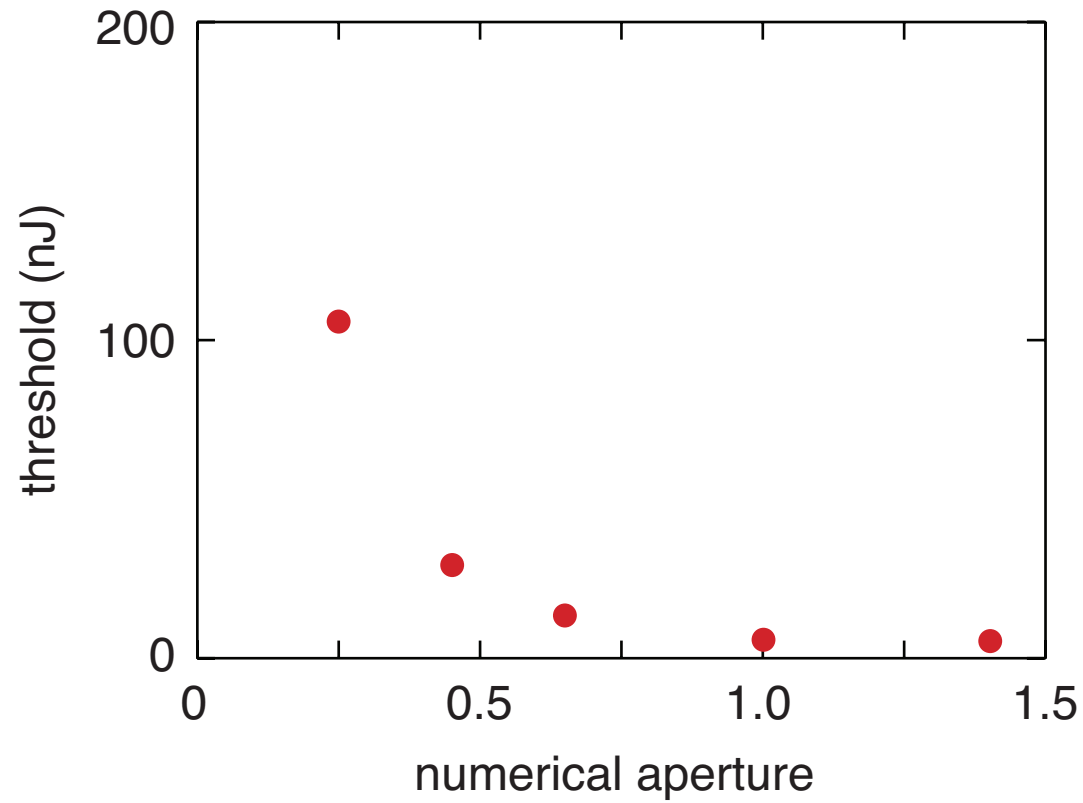
# Femtosecond materials interactions

scattered signal



# Femtosecond materials interactions

vary numerical aperture





# Femtosecond materials interactions

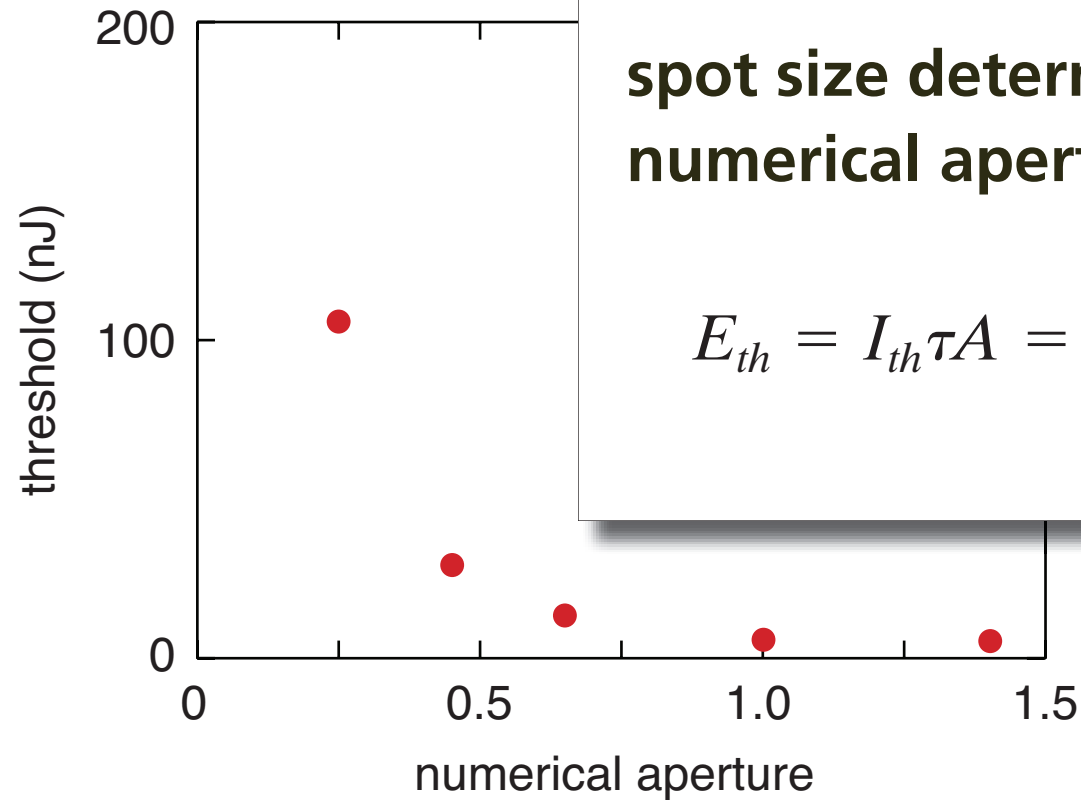
vary numerical

intensity threshold:

$$E_{th} = I_{th}\tau A$$

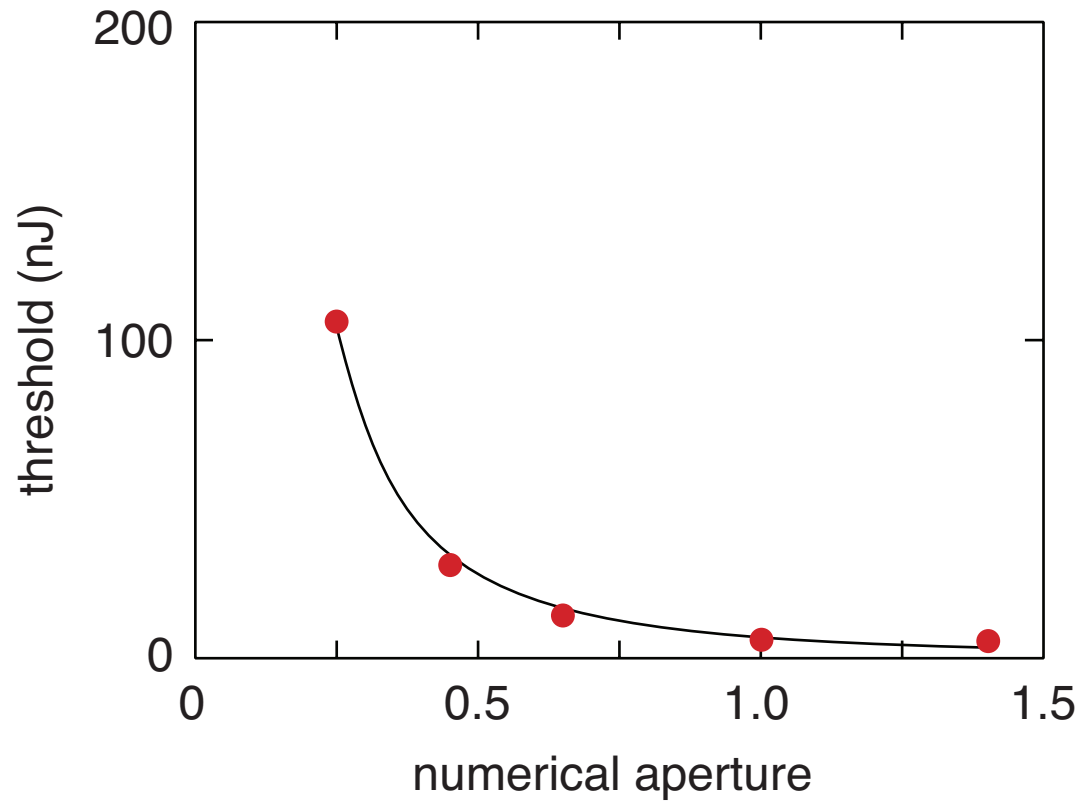
spot size determined by  
numerical aperture:

$$E_{th} = I_{th}\tau A = \frac{I_{th}\tau\lambda^2}{\pi(\text{NA})^2}$$



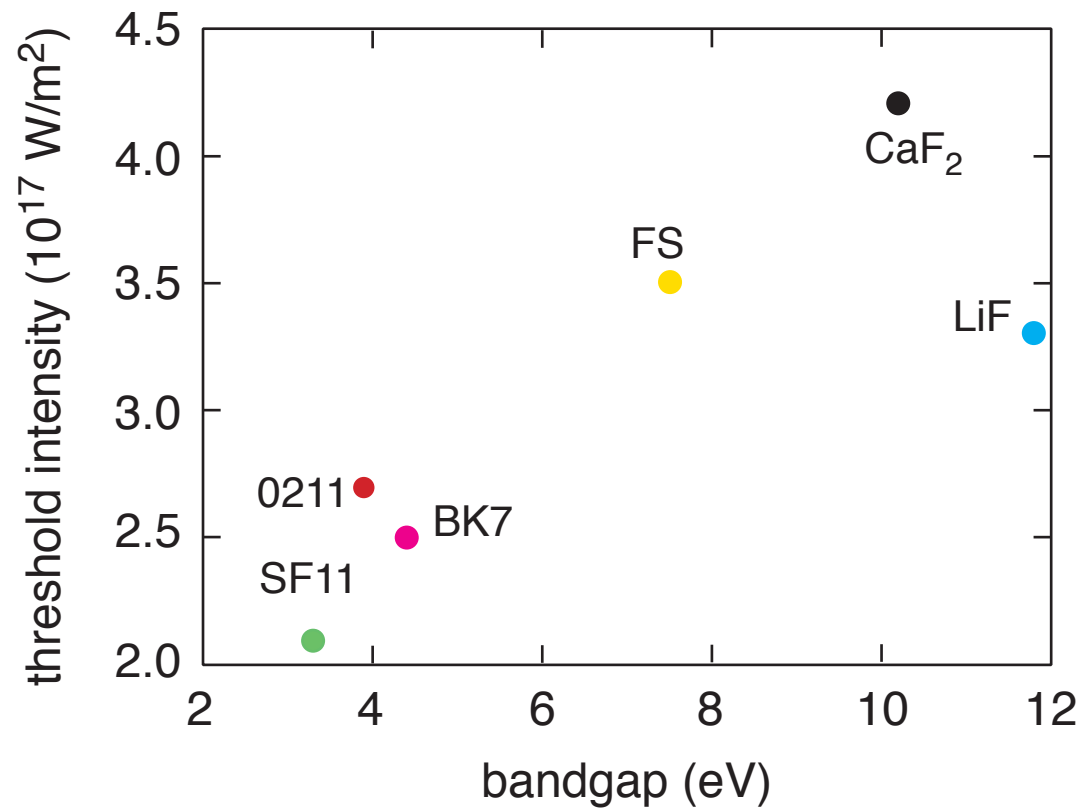
# Femtosecond materials interactions

fit gives threshold intensity:  $I_{th} = 2.5 \times 10^{17} \text{ W/m}^2$



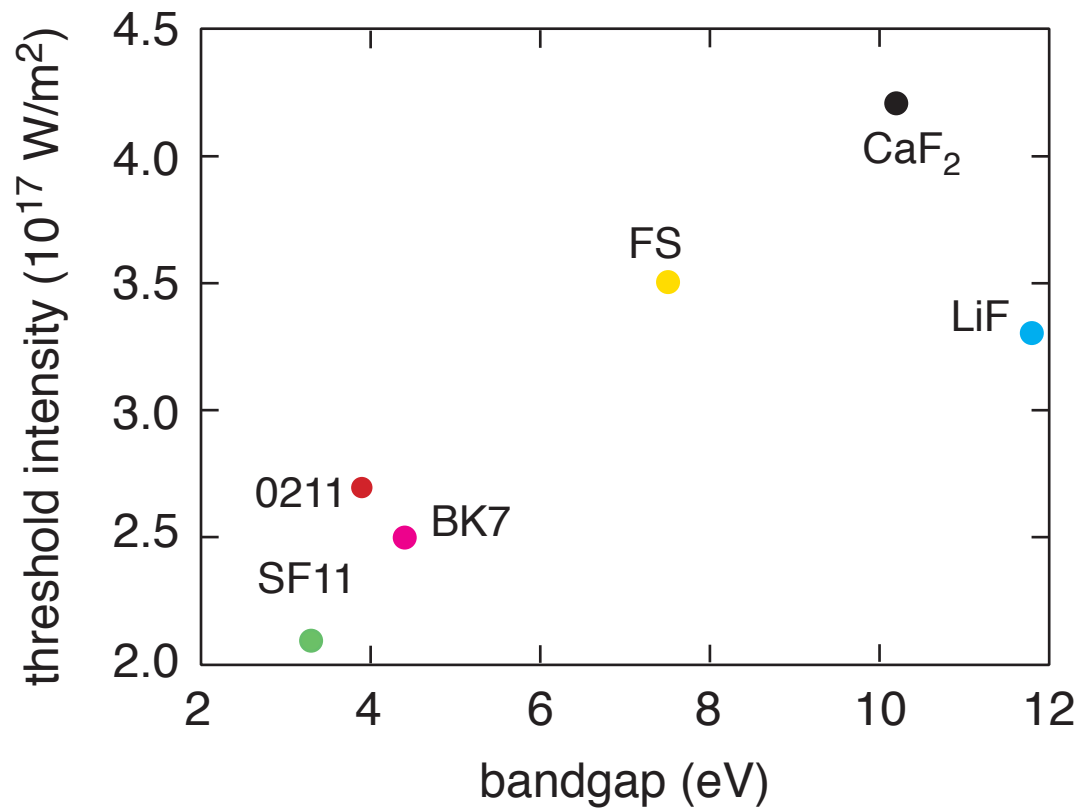
# Femtosecond materials interactions

vary material...



# Femtosecond materials interactions

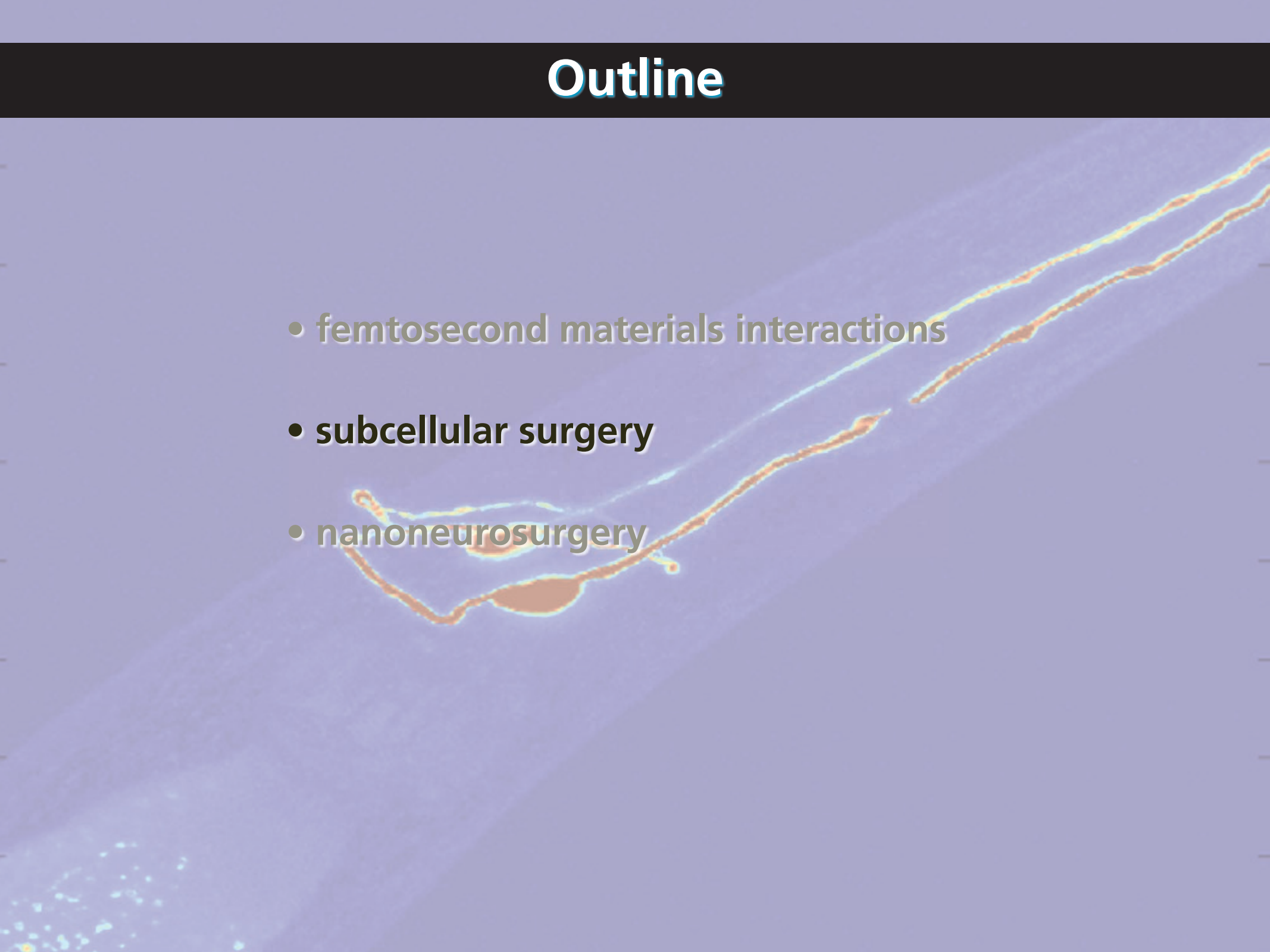
...threshold varies with band gap (but not much!)



# Femtosecond materials interactions

- **nonlinear interaction**
- **disrupt matter inside bulk**
- **ablation at very low energy**

# Outline

- femtosecond materials interactions
  - **subcellular surgery**
  - nanoneurosurgery
- 

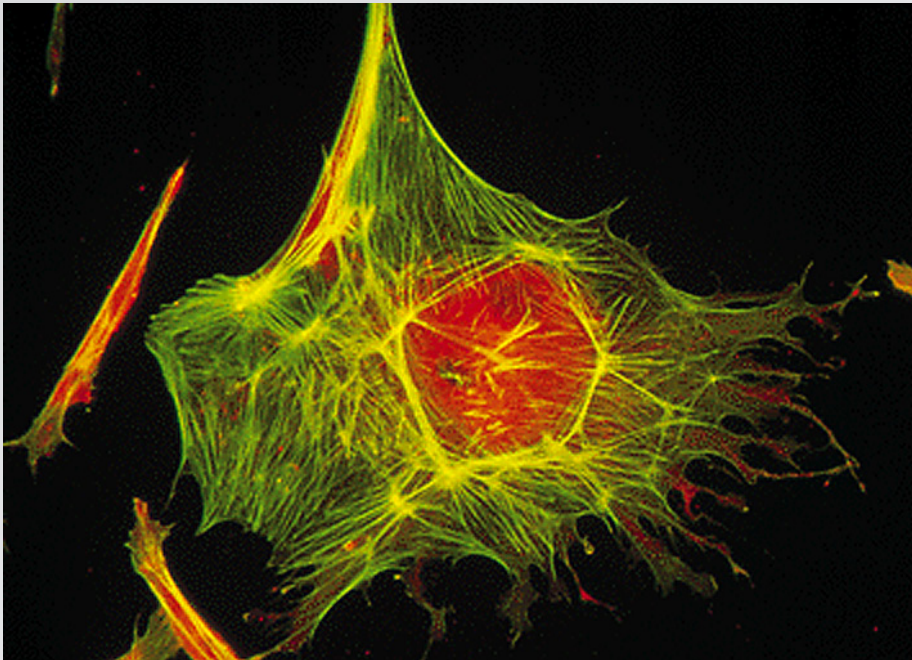
# Subcellular surgery

**Q: can we ablate material on the subcellular scale?**

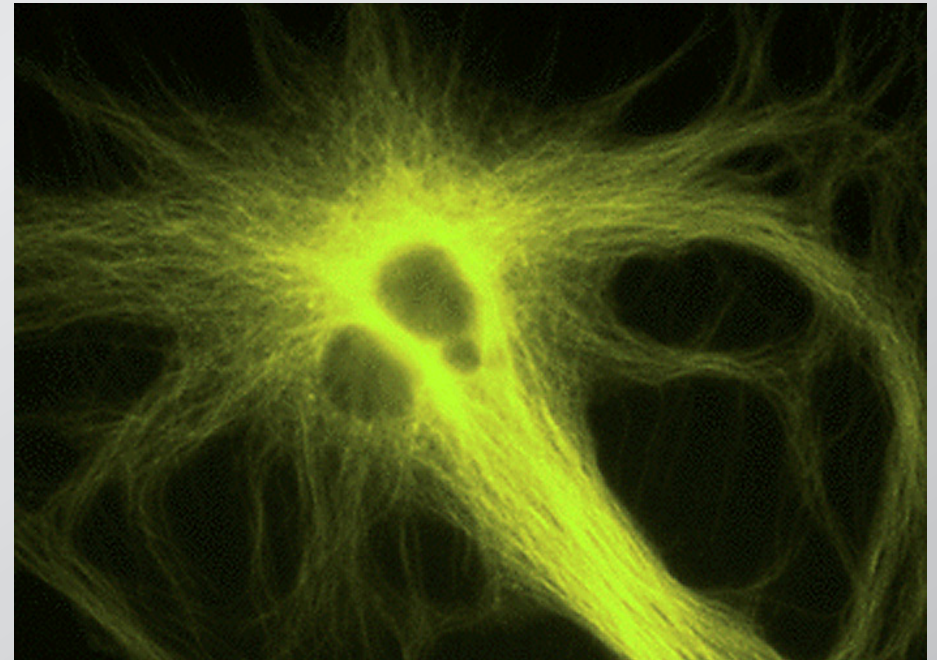
# Subcellular surgery

two components

actin fibers



microtubules





# Subcellular surgery

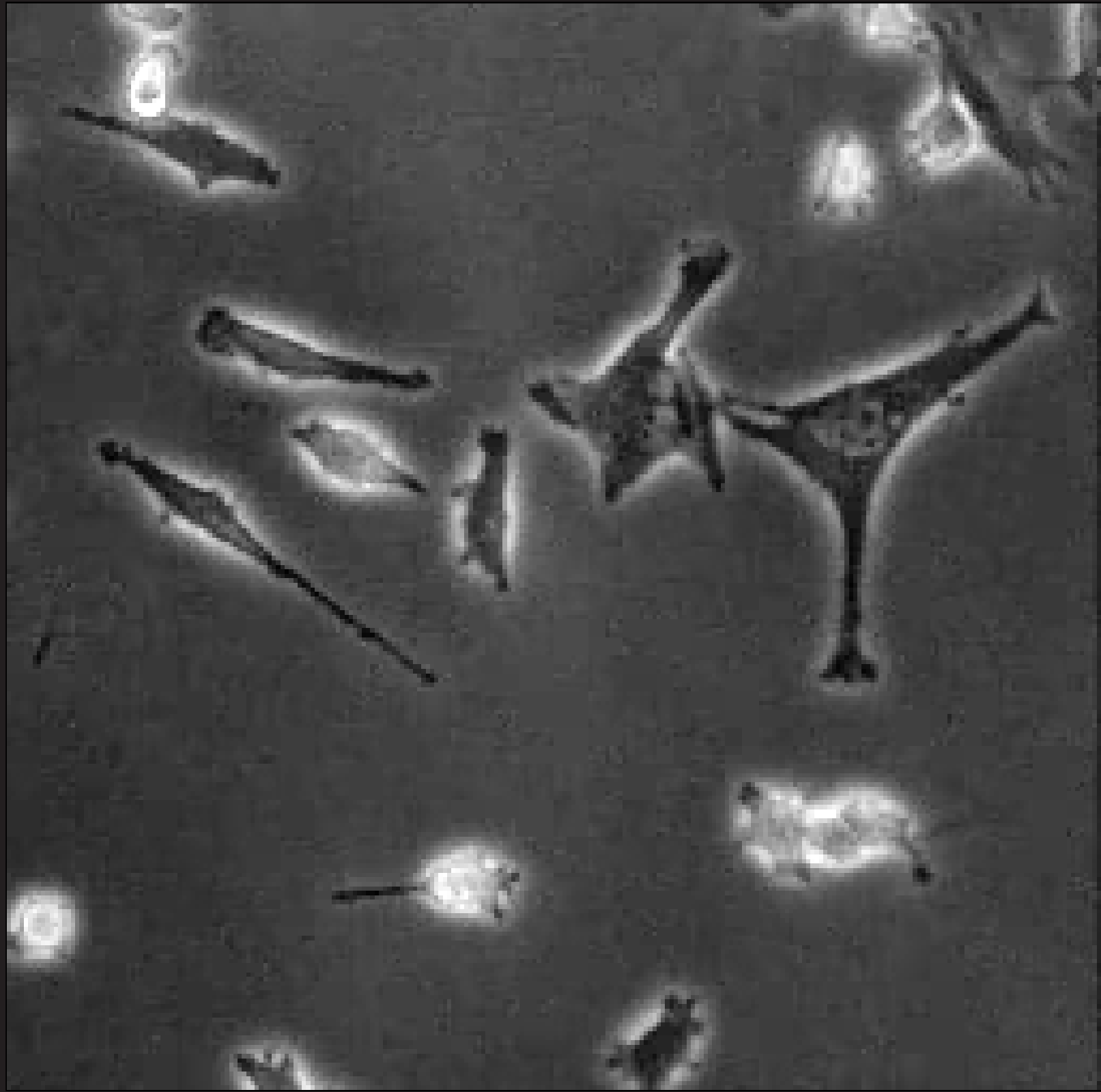
## Requirements:

- submicrometer precision (in bulk)
- no damage to neighboring structures
- independent of structure/organelle type

# Subcellular surgery

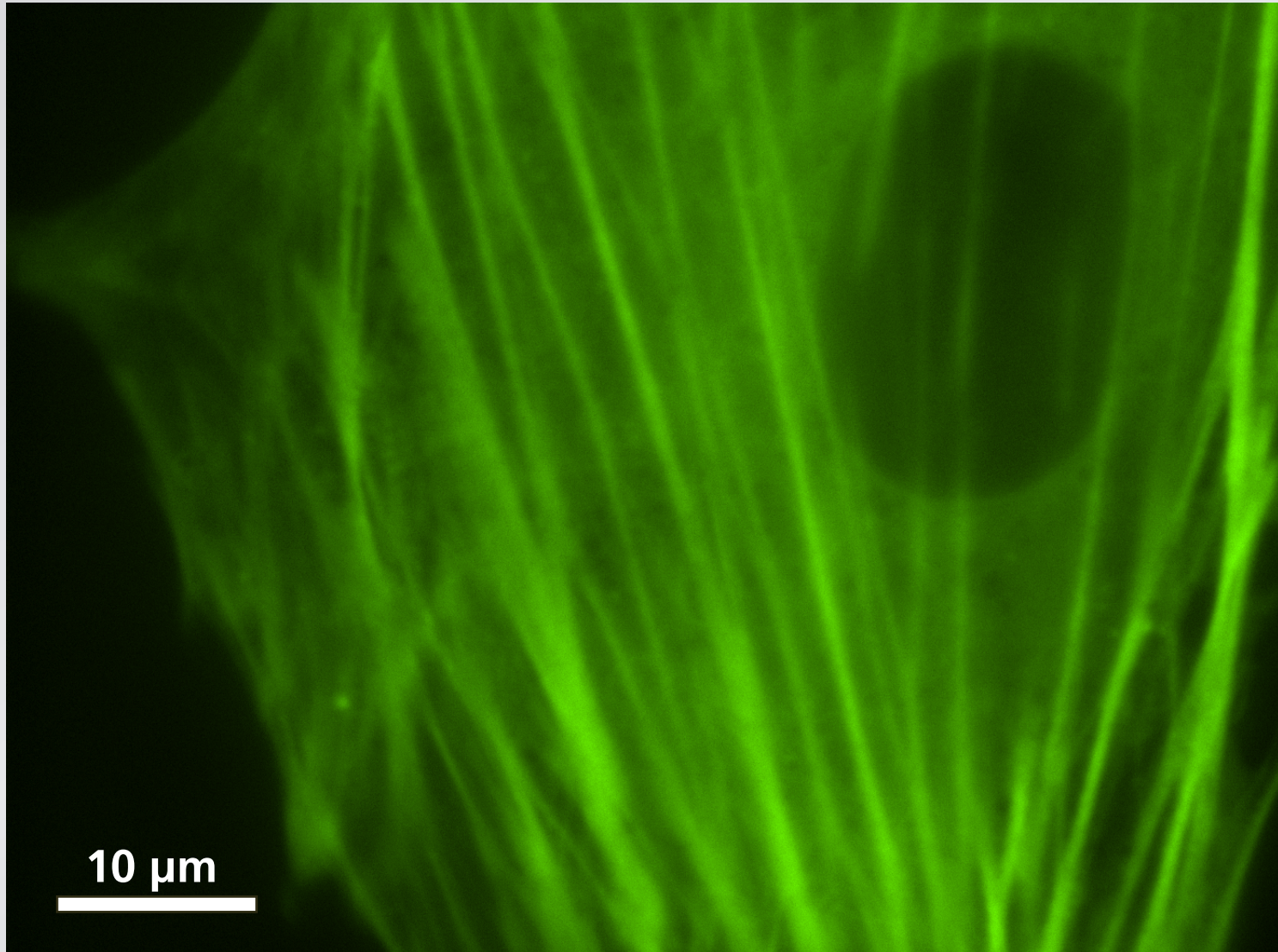
## Cytoskeleton

- gives a cell its shape
- provides a scaffold for organelles
- responsible cell motion and attachment
- facilitates intracellular transport and signaling
- required for cell division



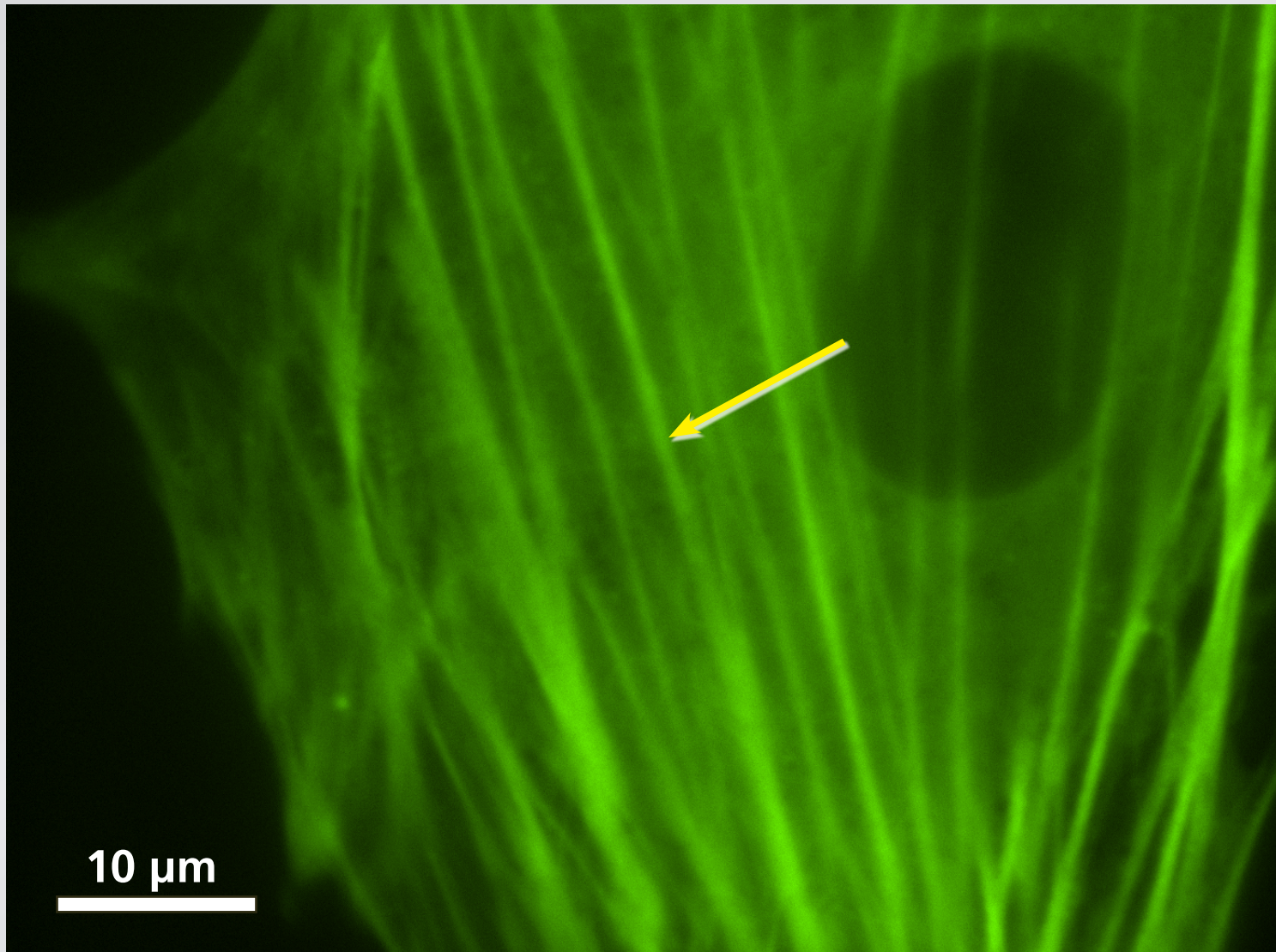
# Subcellular surgery

YFP-labeled actin fiber network of a live cell



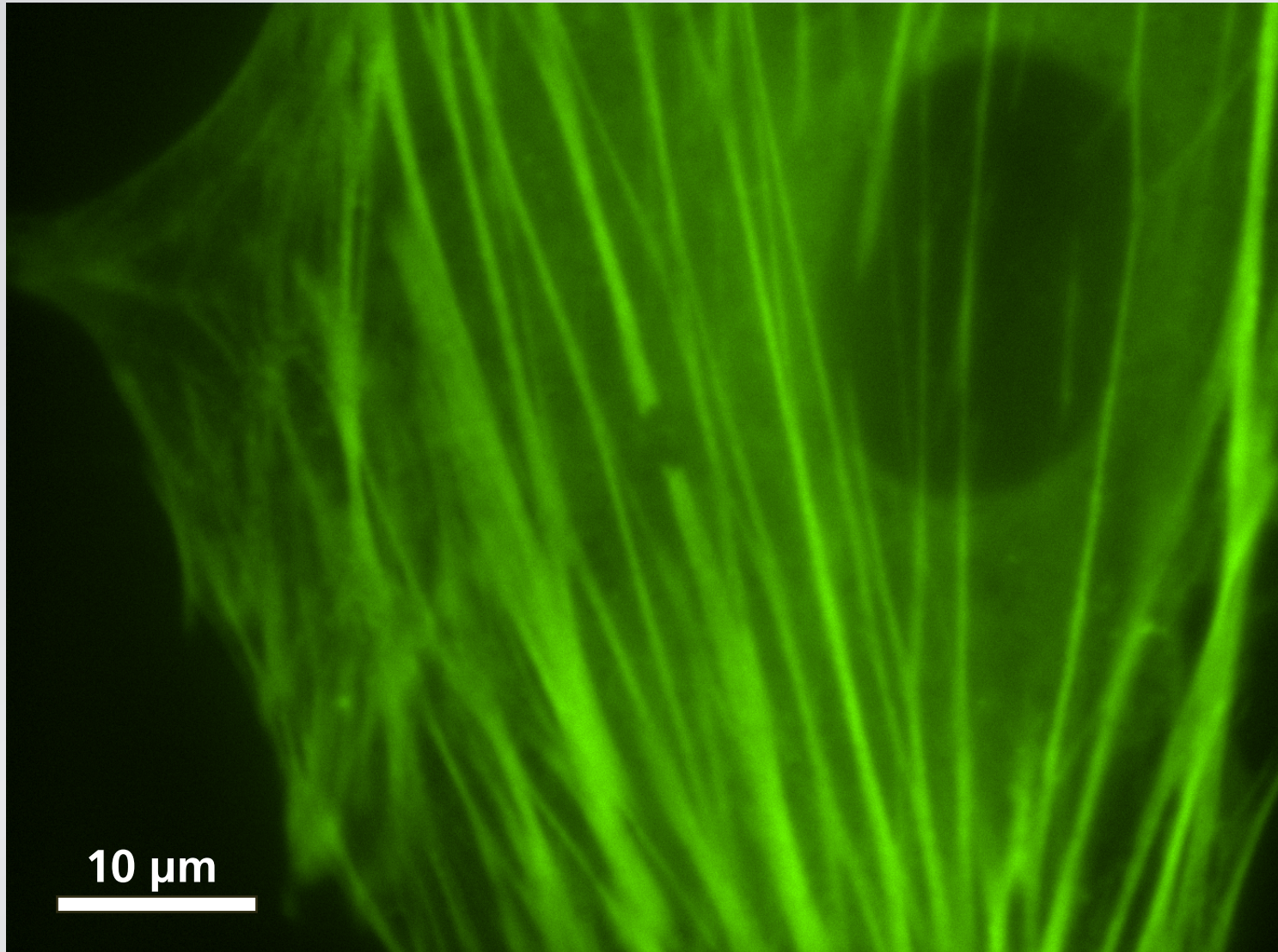
# Subcellular surgery

cut a single fiber bundle



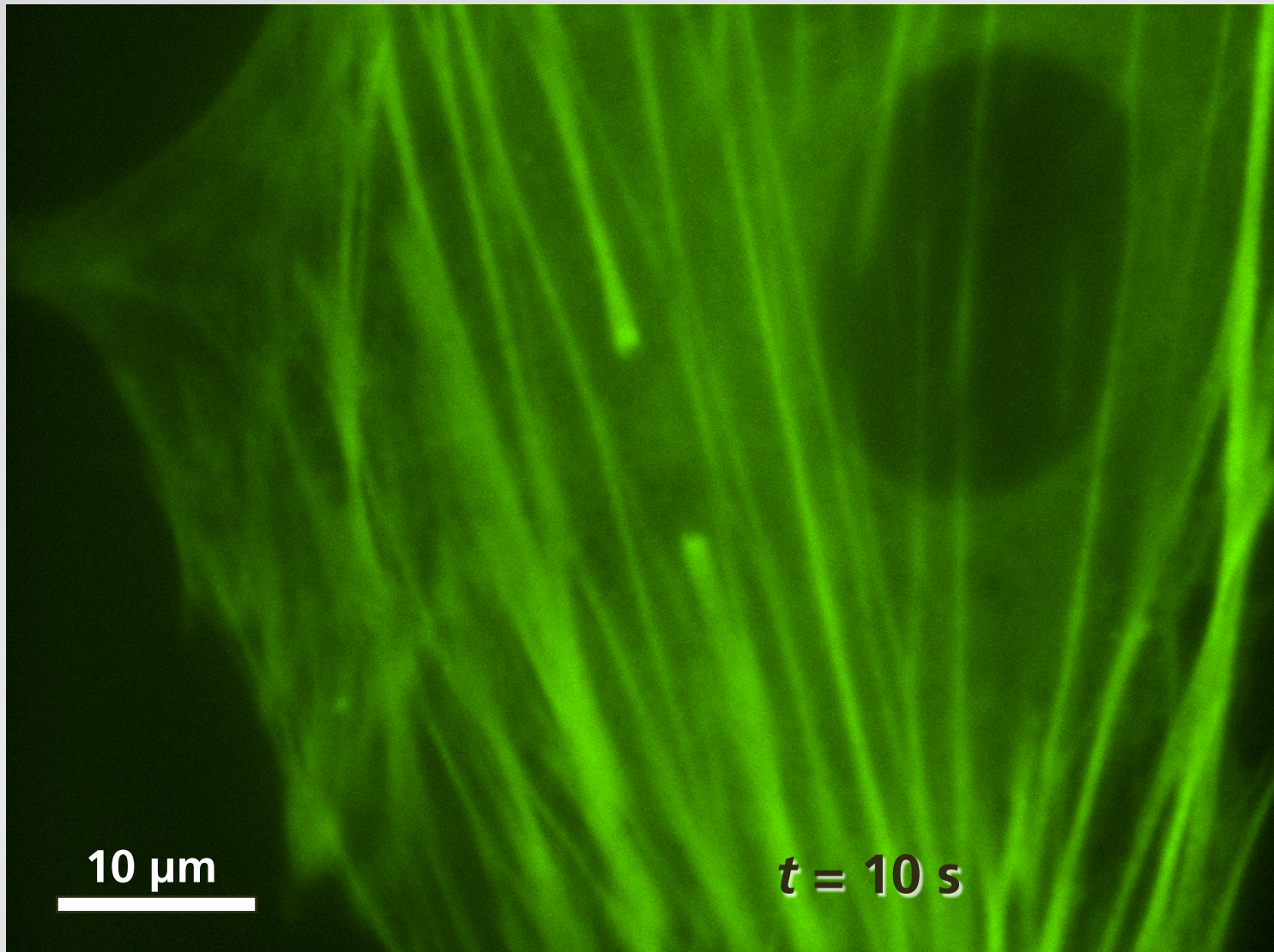
# Subcellular surgery

cut a single fiber bundle



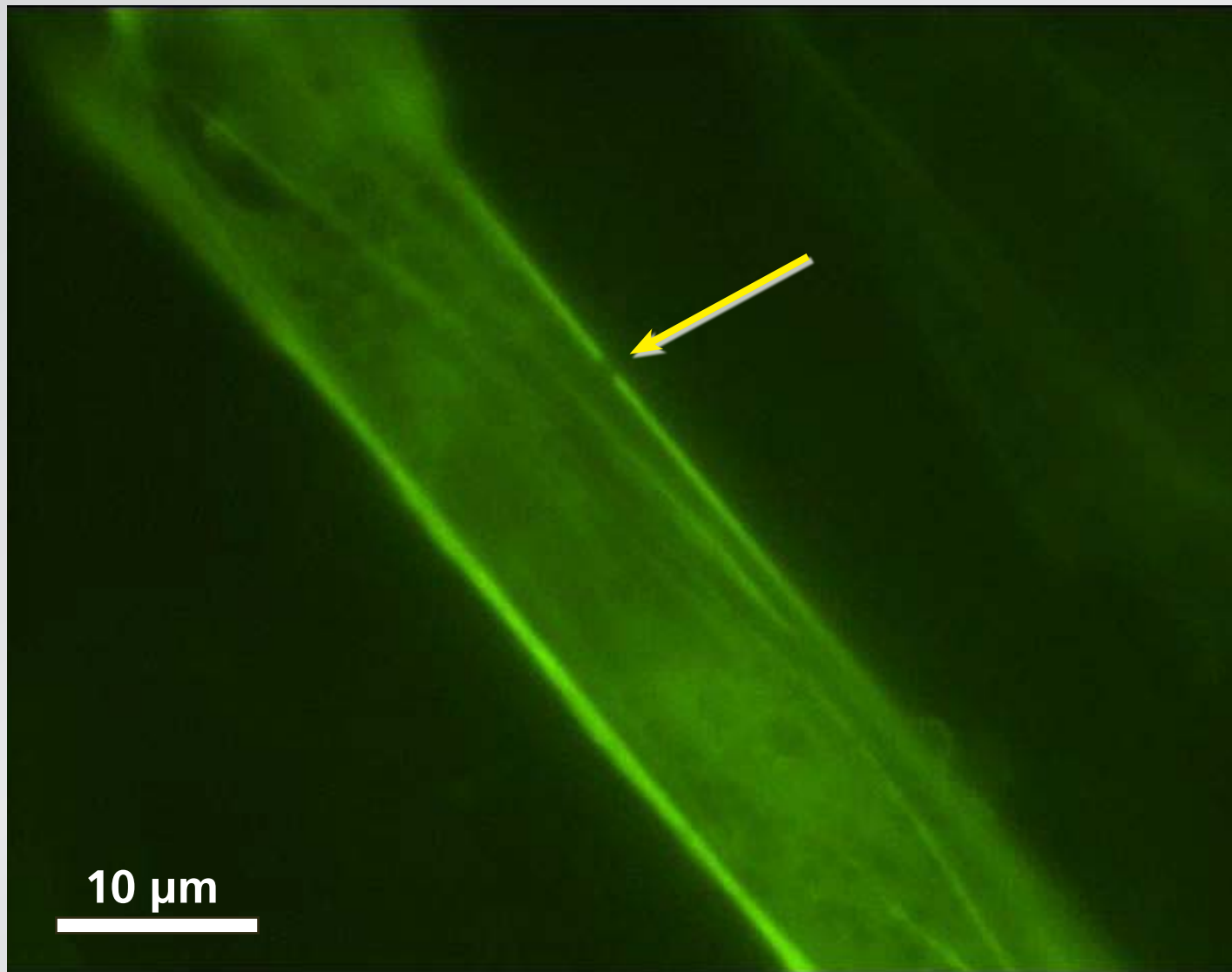
# Subcellular surgery

gap widens with time



# Subcellular surgery

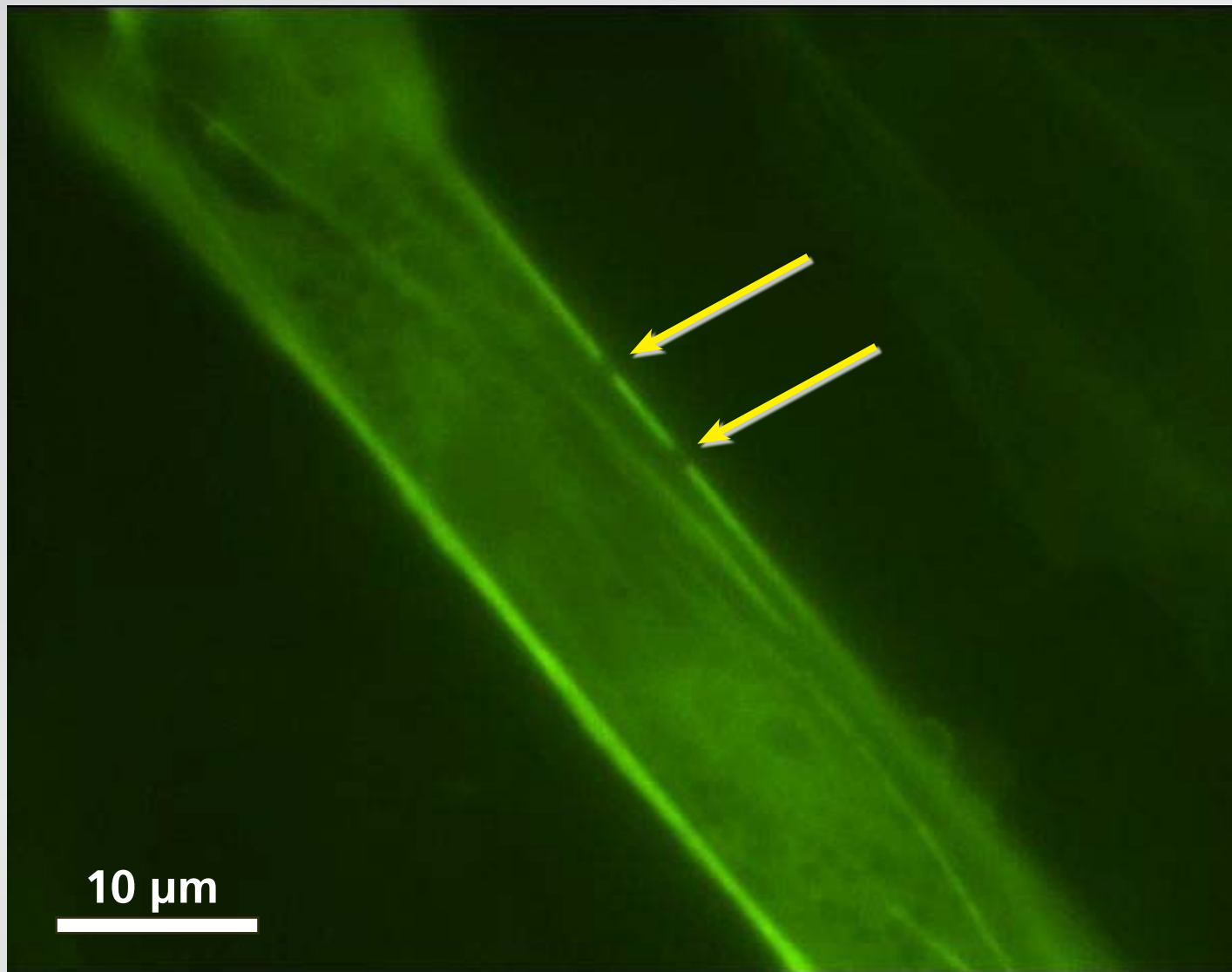
retraction or depolymerization?





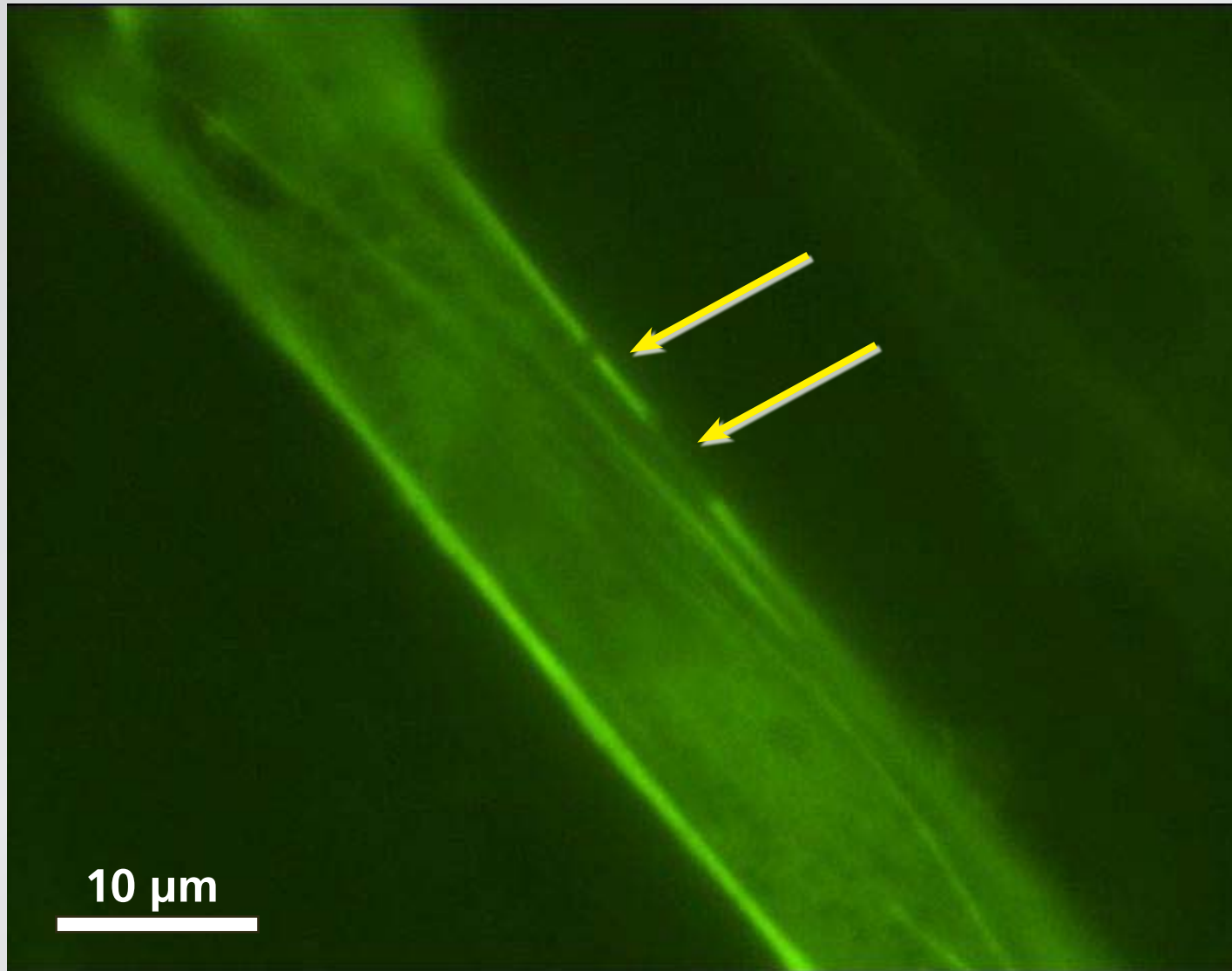
# Subcellular surgery

retraction or depolymerization?



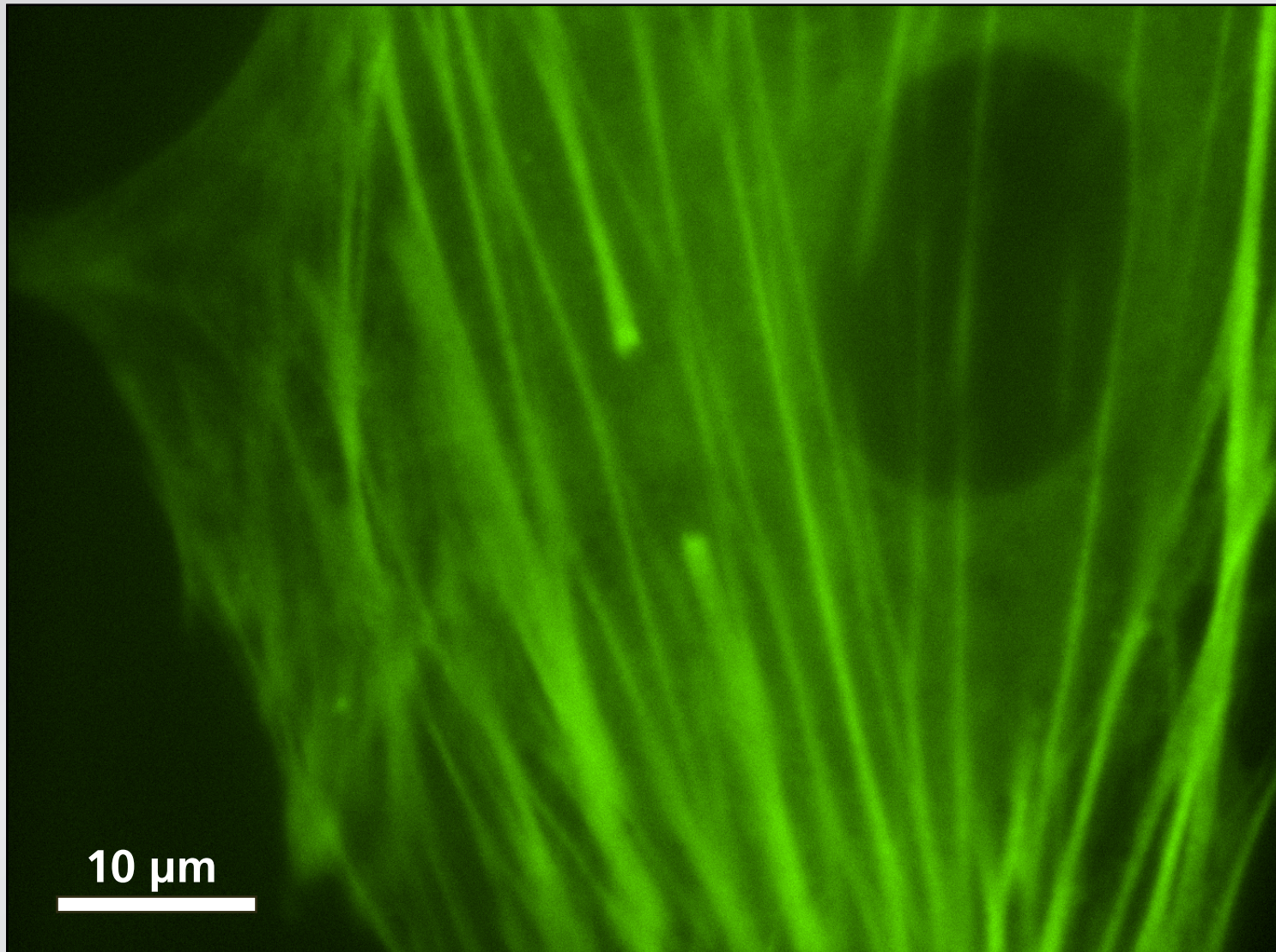
# Subcellular surgery

retraction!

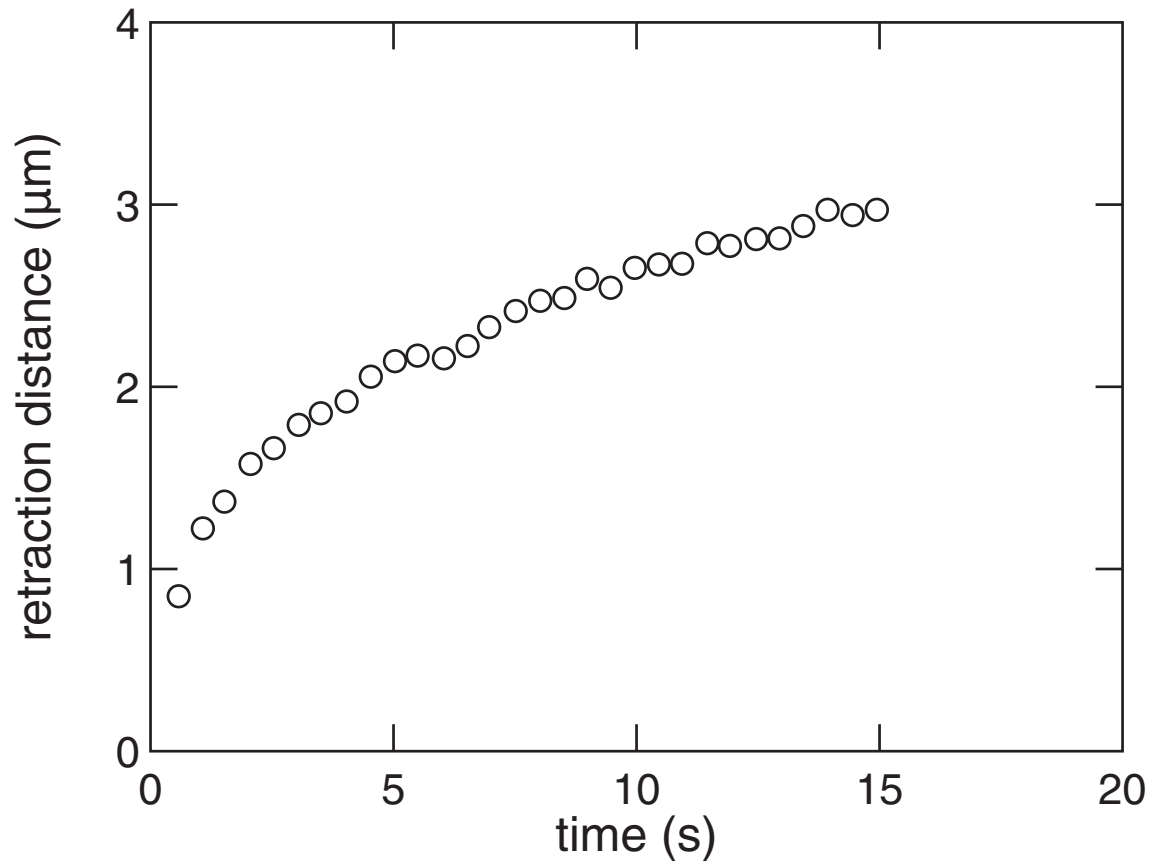


# Subcellular surgery

dynamics provides information on *in vivo* mechanics

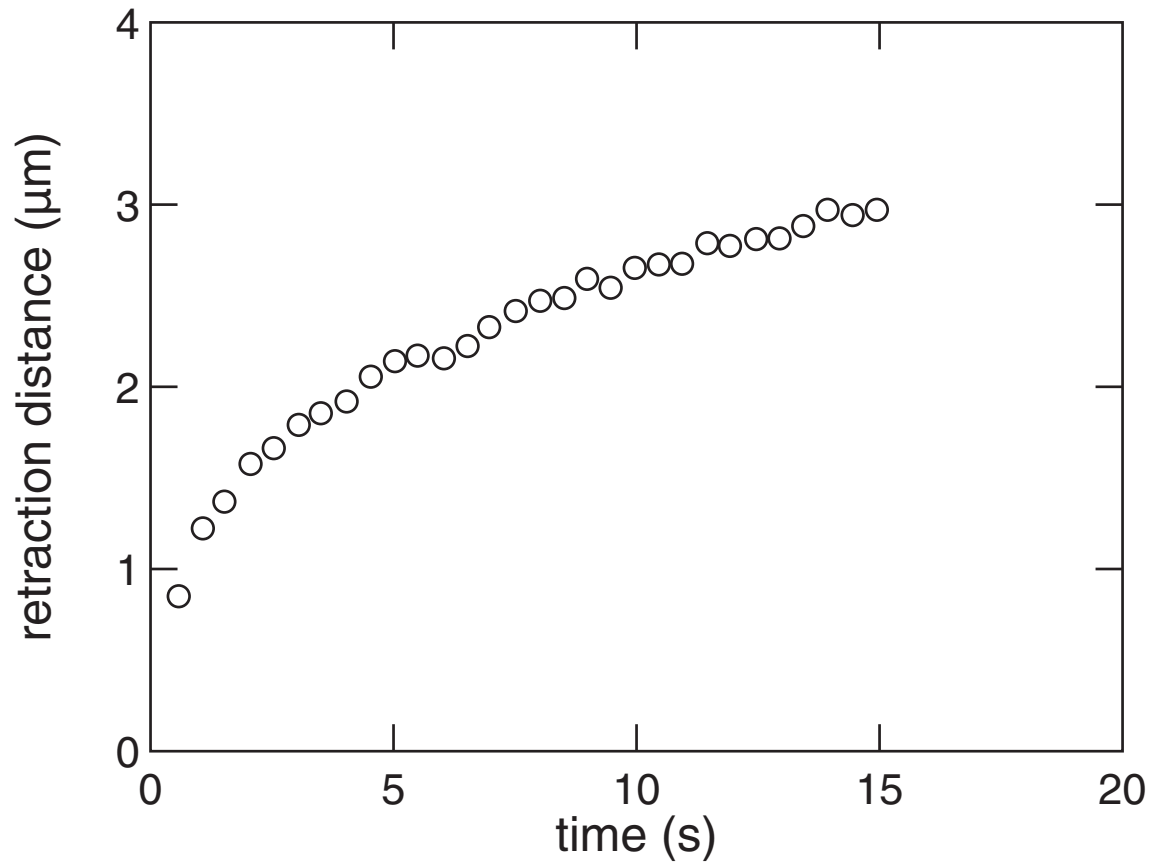


# Subcellular surgery



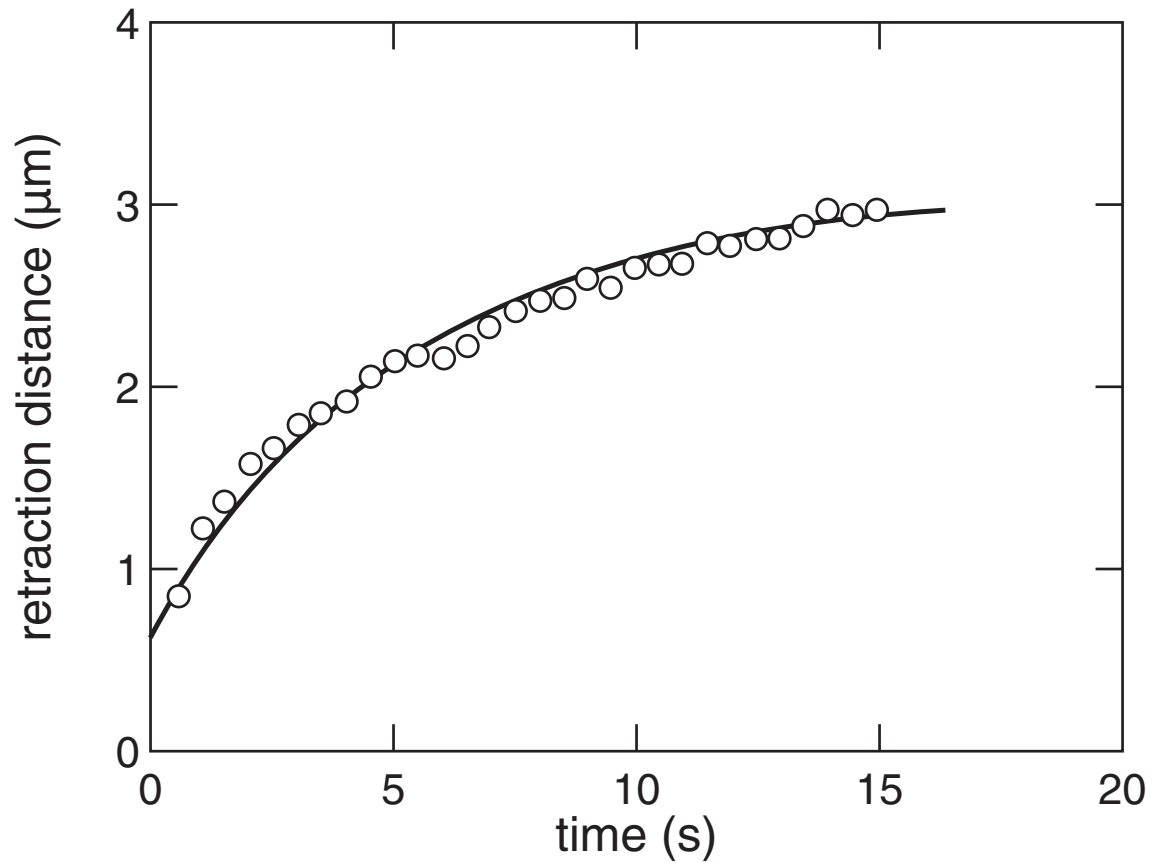
# Subcellular surgery

overdamped spring:  $\Delta L = L_{\infty}(1 - e^{-t/\tau}) + L_0$



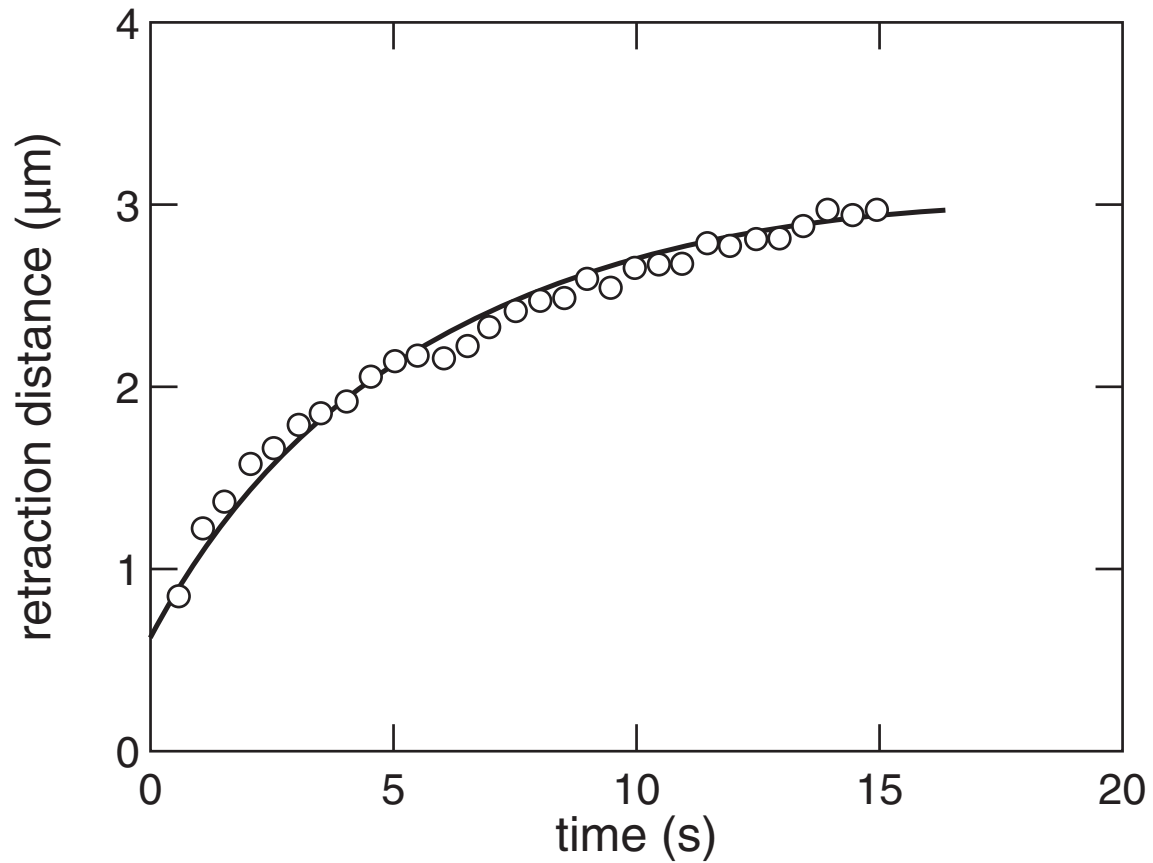
# Subcellular surgery

overdamped spring:  $\Delta L = L_{\infty}(1 - e^{-t/\tau}) + L_0$



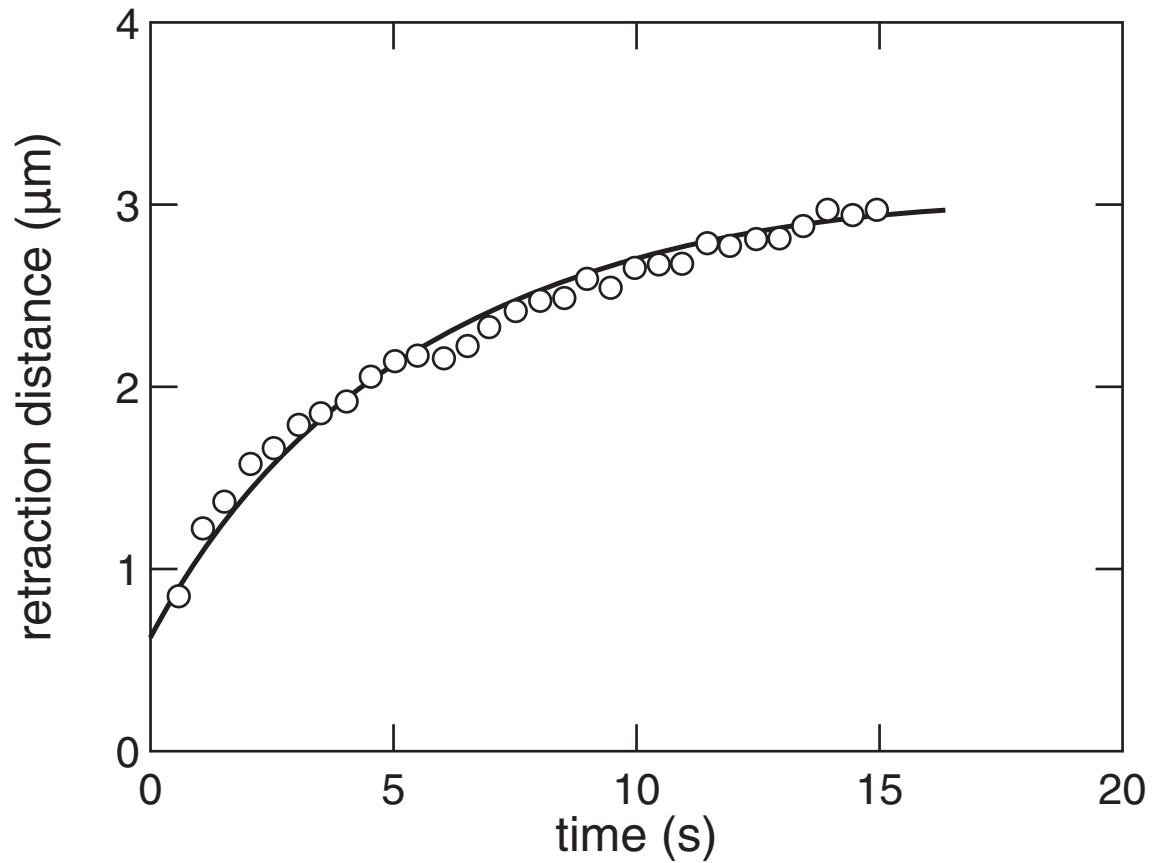
# Subcellular surgery

$L_0$  and  $\tau$  independent of fiber width!



# Subcellular surgery

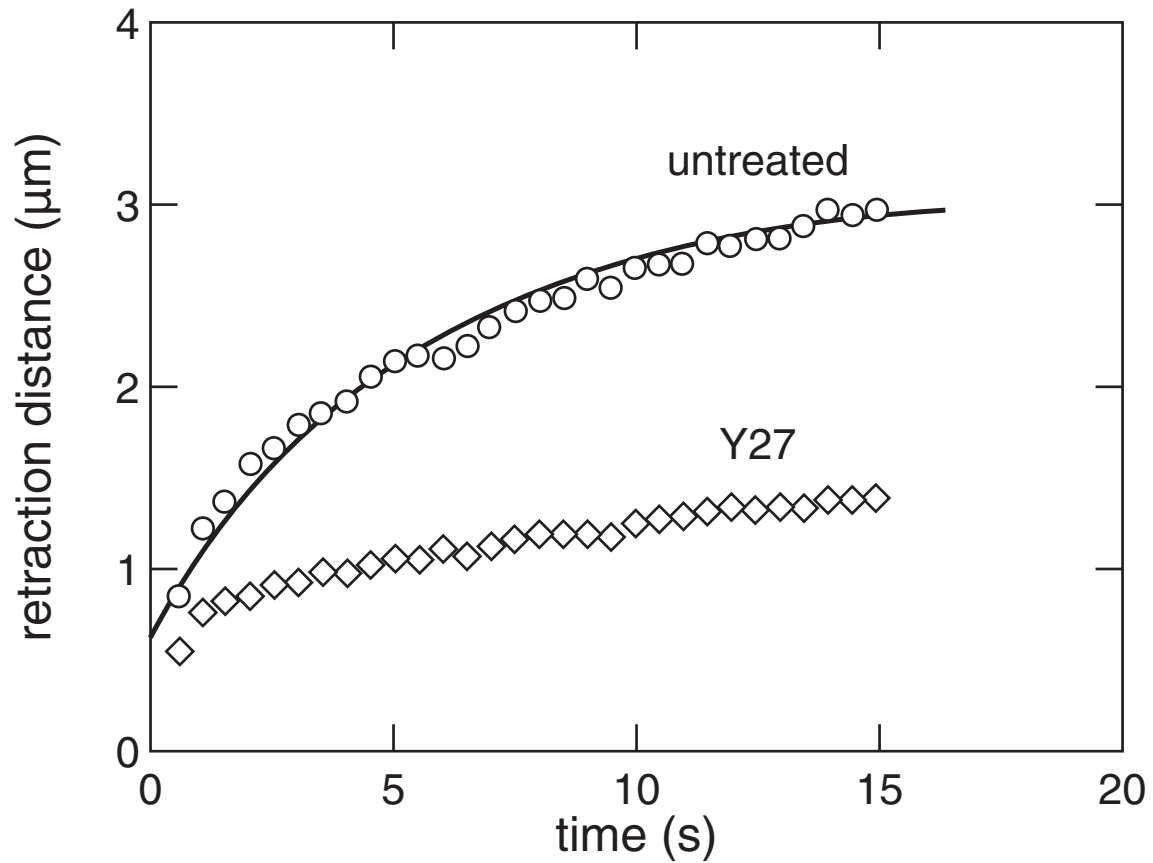
tension in actin filaments is generated by myosin motors





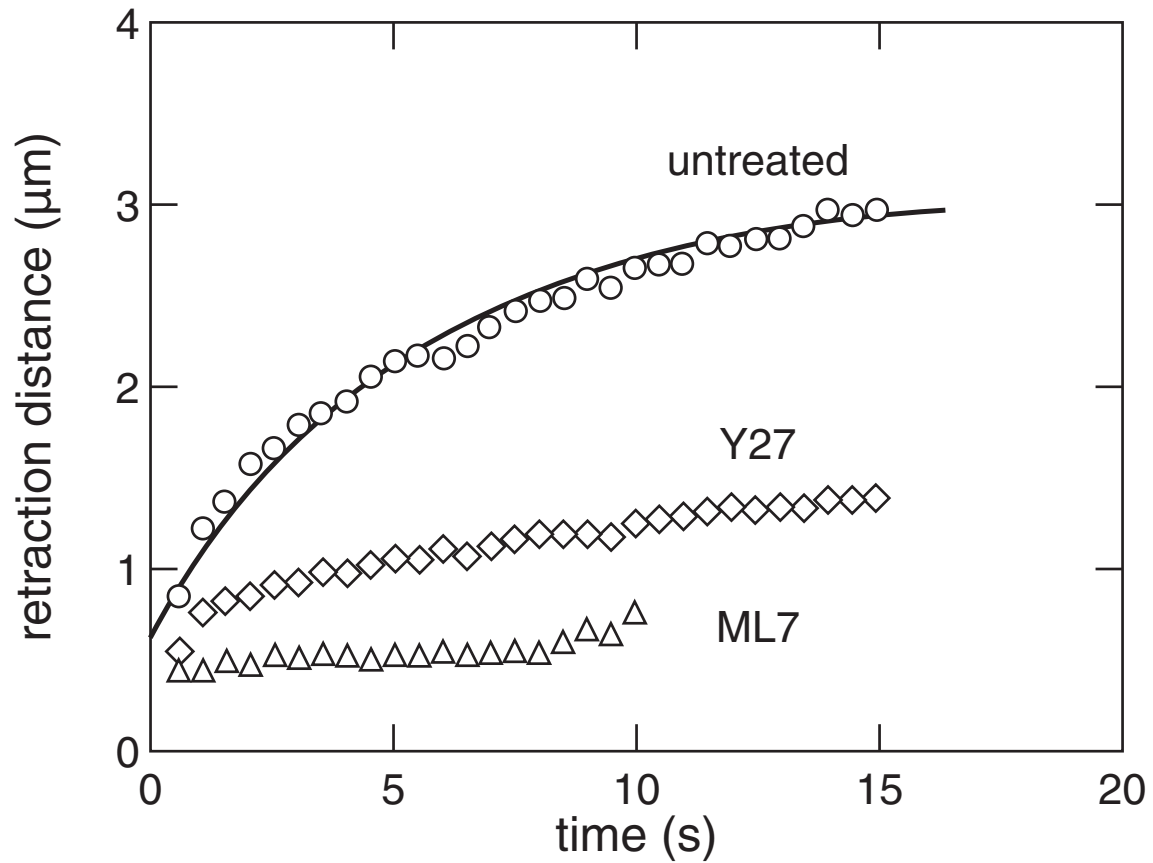
# Subcellular surgery

Y27: inhibits some myosin activity



# Subcellular surgery

**ML7: direct inhibitor of myosin activity**



# Outline

- femtosecond materials interactions
  - subcellular surgery
  - **nanoneurosurgery**
- 
- A microscopic image of a biological structure, possibly a neuron, with several regions highlighted in orange and yellow. The structure is elongated and has a complex, branching morphology. The highlighted regions are concentrated in the central and lower-left portions of the structure. The background is a light blue color with some faint, scattered blue and yellow spots in the bottom-left corner.

# Nanoneurosurgery

**Q: can we probe the neurological origins of behavior?**



# Nanoneurosurgery

*Caenorhabditis elegans*



Juergen Berger & Ralph Sommer  
Max-Planck Institute for Developmental Biology

# Nanoneurosurgery

## *Caenorhabditis elegans*

- simple model organism
- similarities to higher organisms
- genome fully sequenced
- easy to handle

# Nanoneurosurgery

## *Caenorhabditis elegans*

- 80  $\mu\text{m}$  x 1 mm
- about 1000 cells
- 302 neurons
- invariant wiring diagram
- neuronal system completely encodes behavior

# Nanoneurosurgery

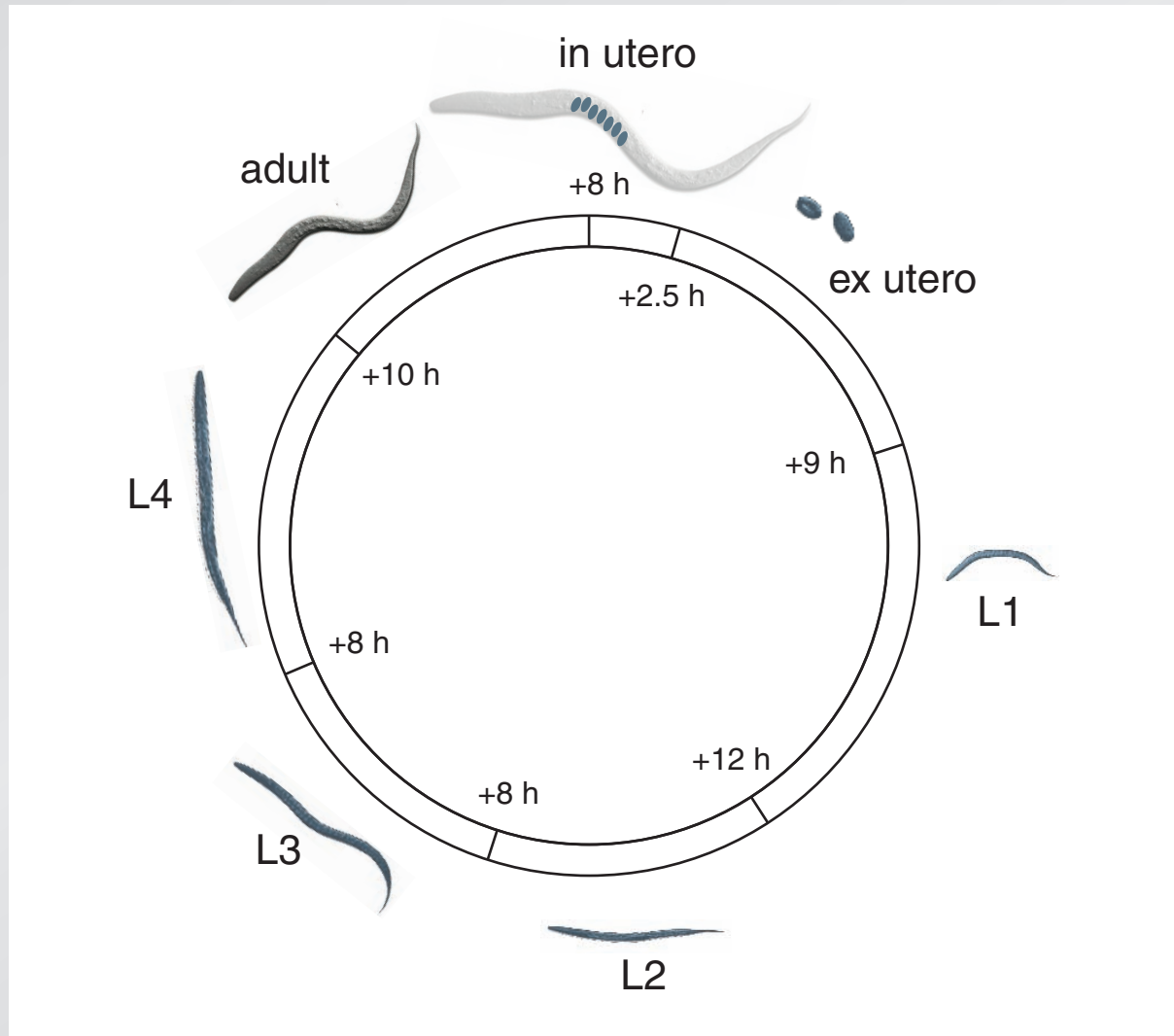
*Caenorhabditis elegans*





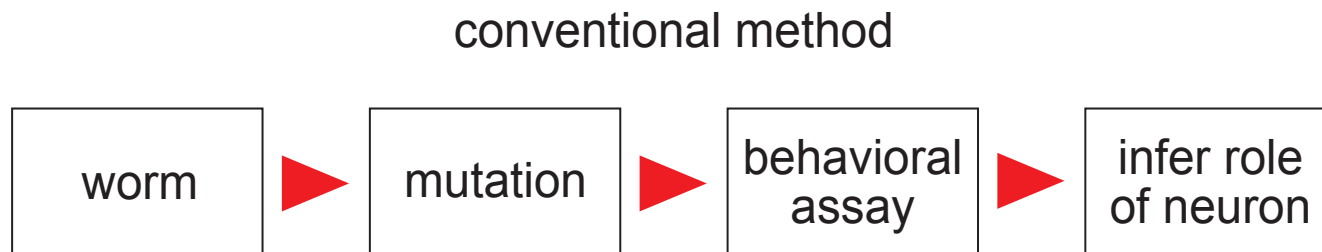
# Nanoneurosurgery

## *C. elegans* life cycle



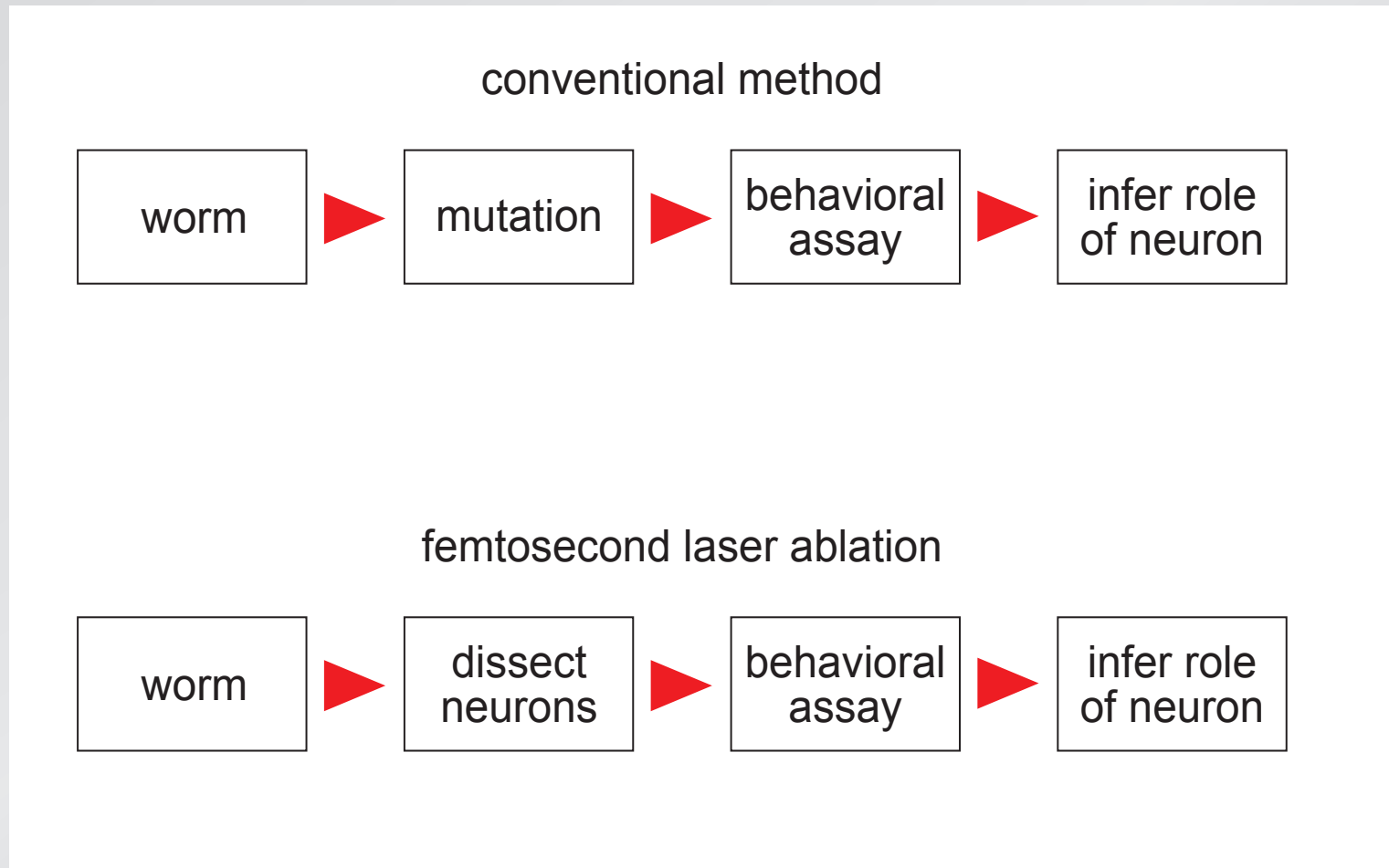
# Nanoneurosurgery

## Mapping behavior to neurons



# Nanoneurosurgery

## Mapping behavior to neurons



# Nanoneurosurgery

## ASH neurons

- responsible for chemical sensing
- ciliary projections extend through skin
- one on each side

# Nanoneurosurgery

ASH neurons



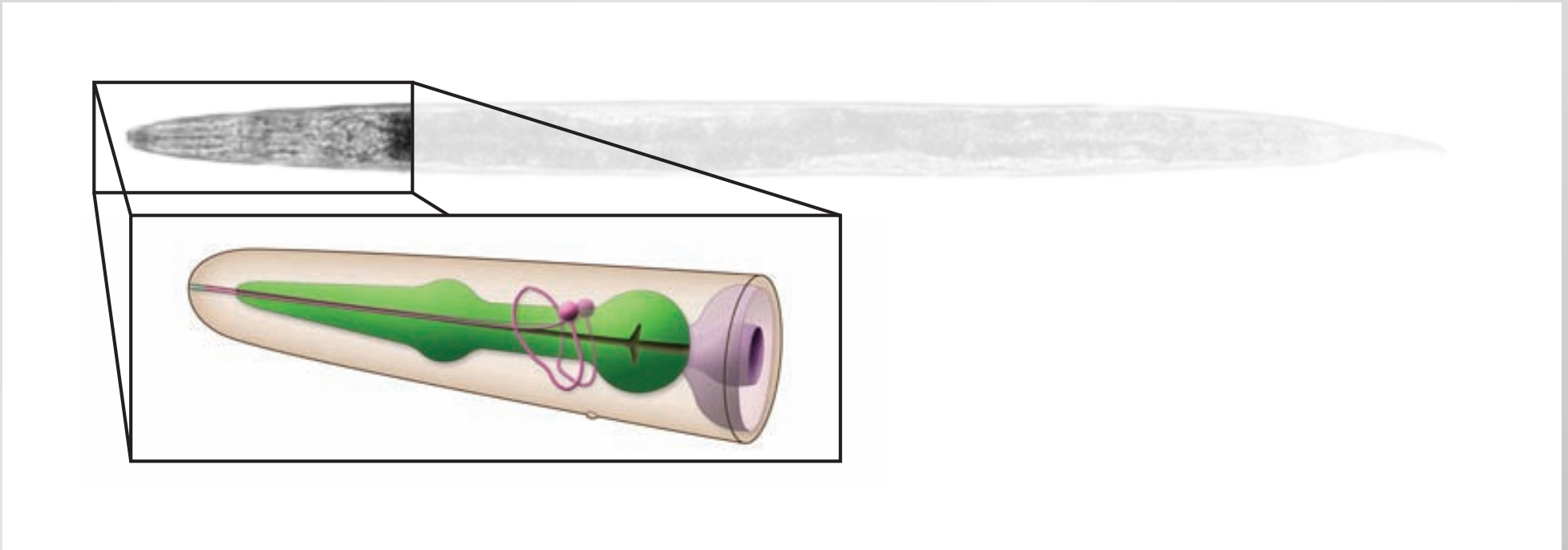
# Nanoneurosurgery

ASH neurons



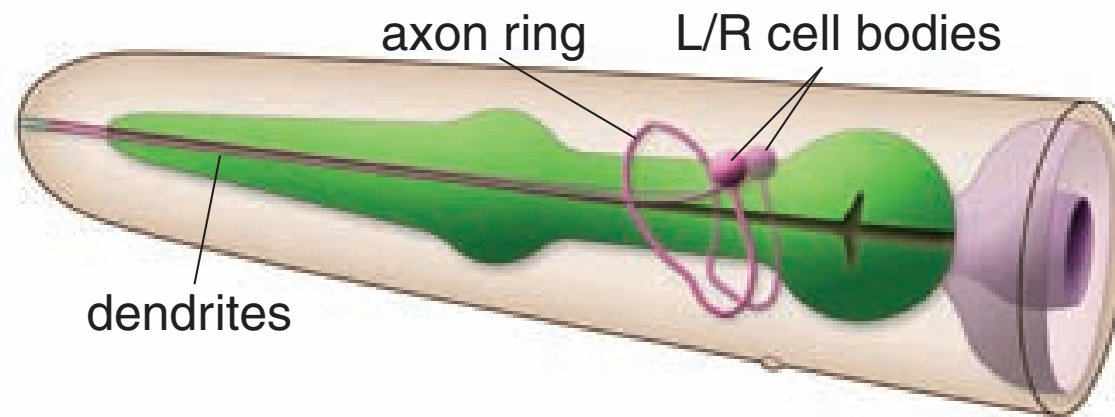
# Nanoneurosurgery

## ASH neurons



# Nanoneurosurgery

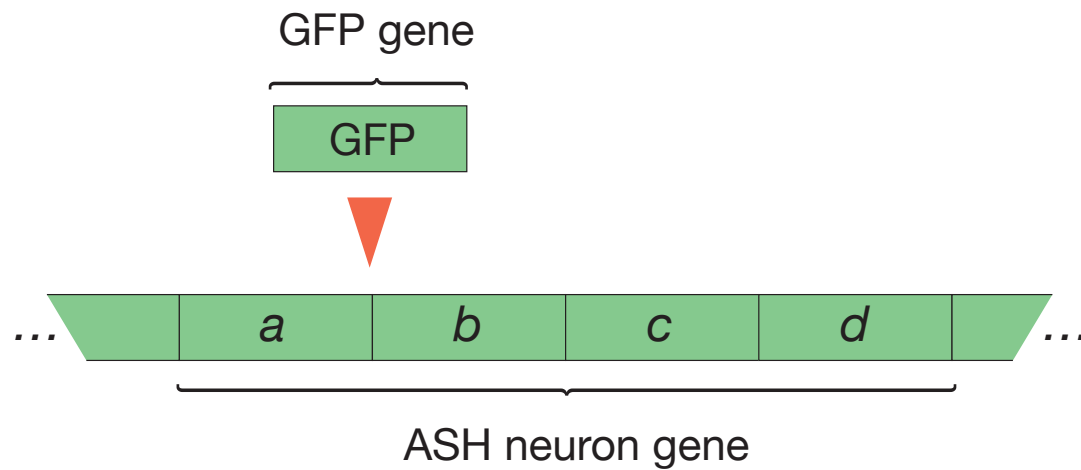
## ASH neurons





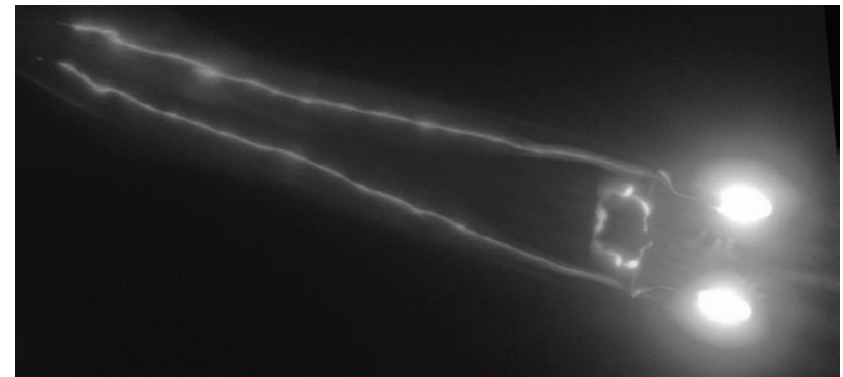
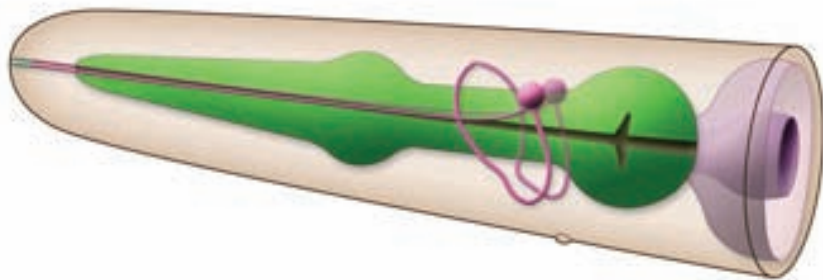
# Nanoneurosurgery

make ASH neurons express GFP



# Nanoneurosurgery

make ASH neurons express GFP



# Nanoneurosurgery

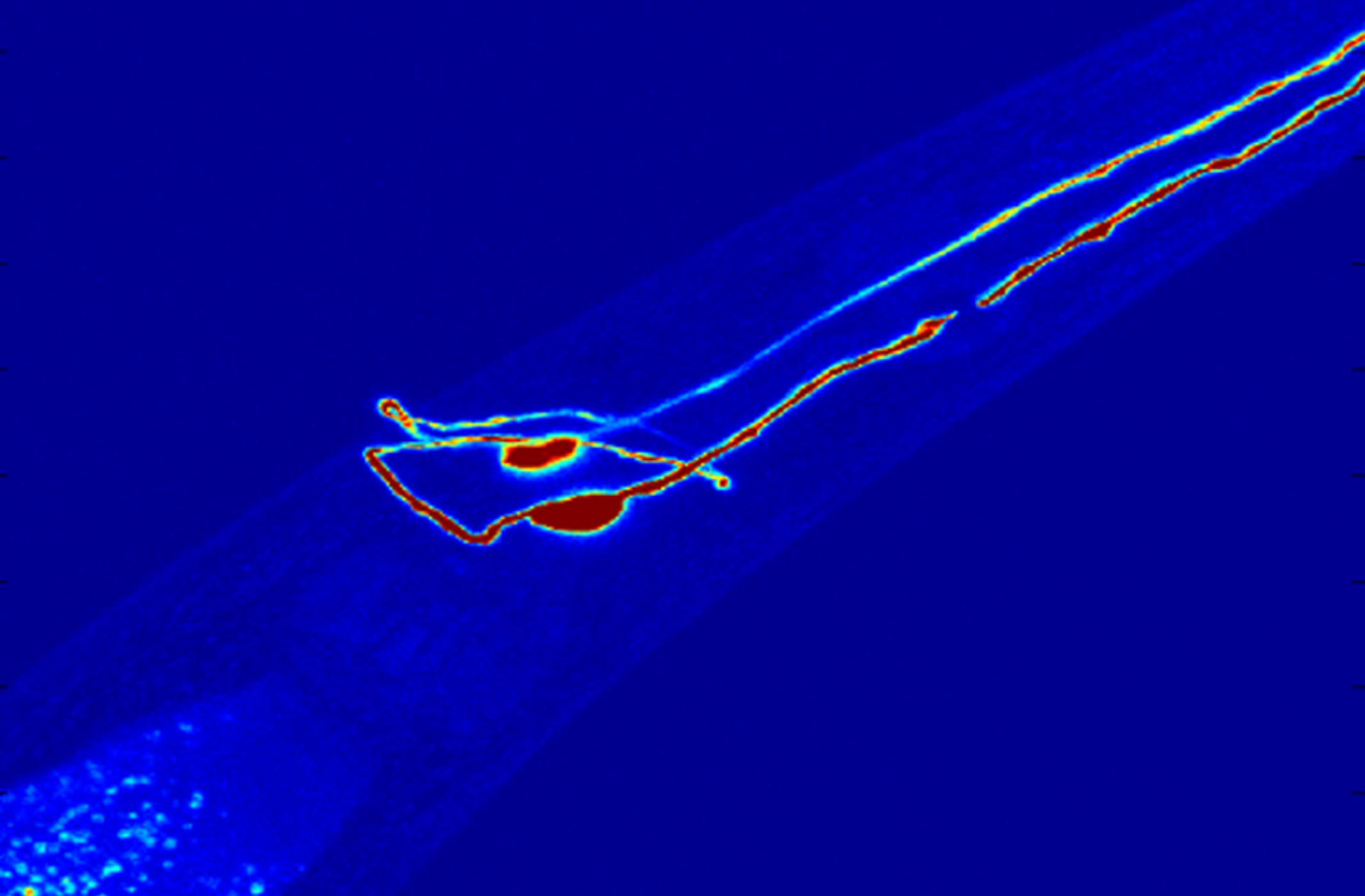
GFP: absorbs UV, emits green



# Nanoneurosurgery

revive worm, reimage 1 day later

# Nanoneurosurgery



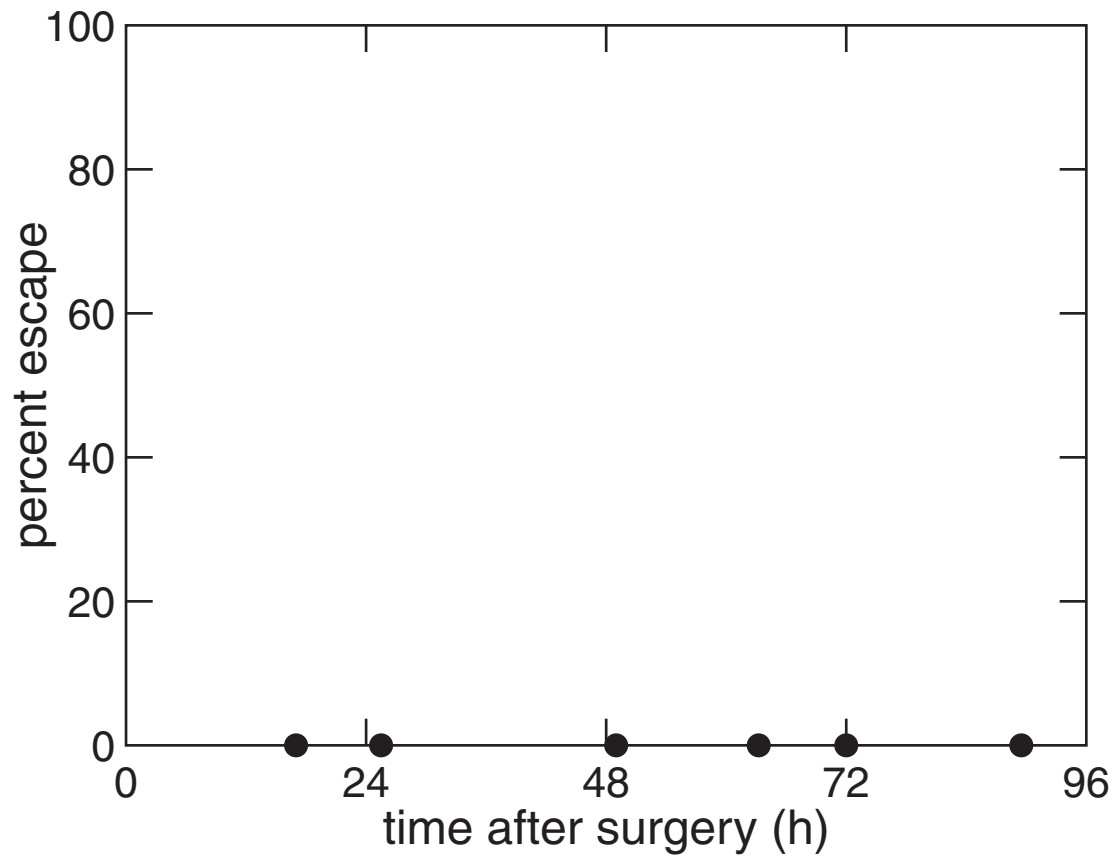
# Nanoneurosurgery

## osmolarity assay



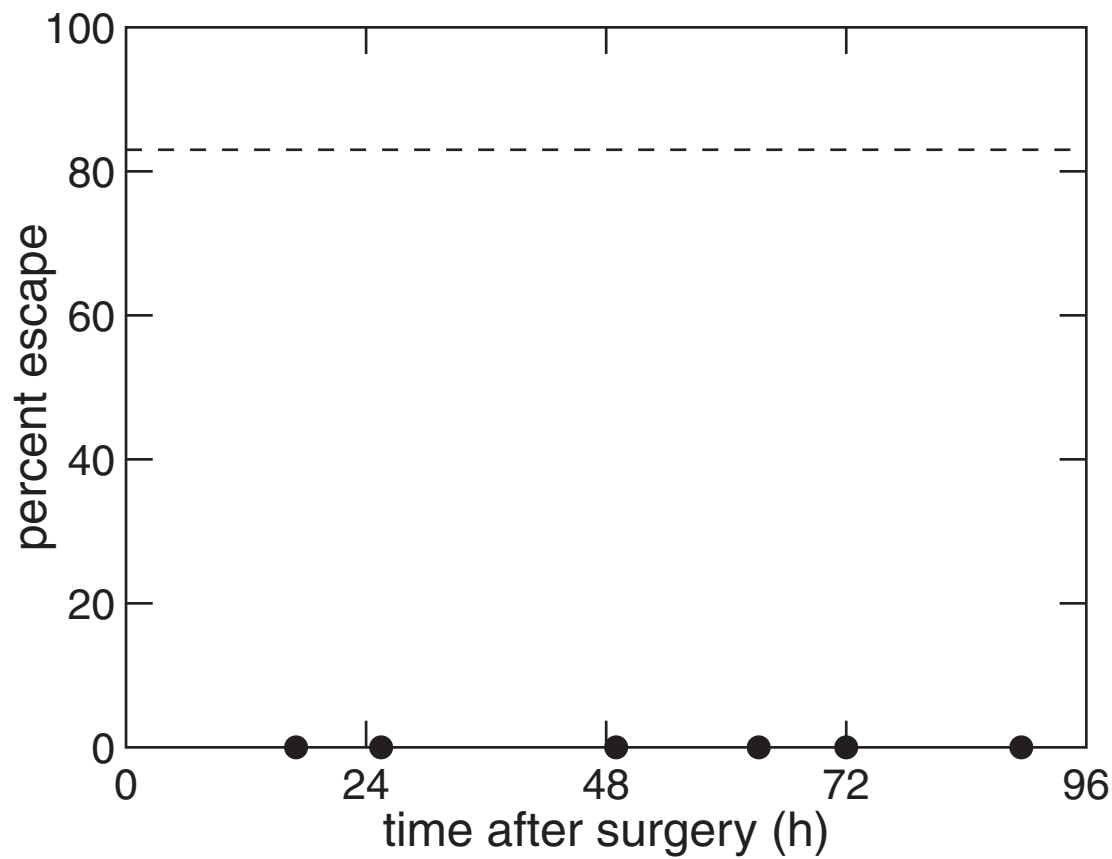
# Nanoneurosurgery

escape rate after 'mock' surgery



# Nanoneurosurgery

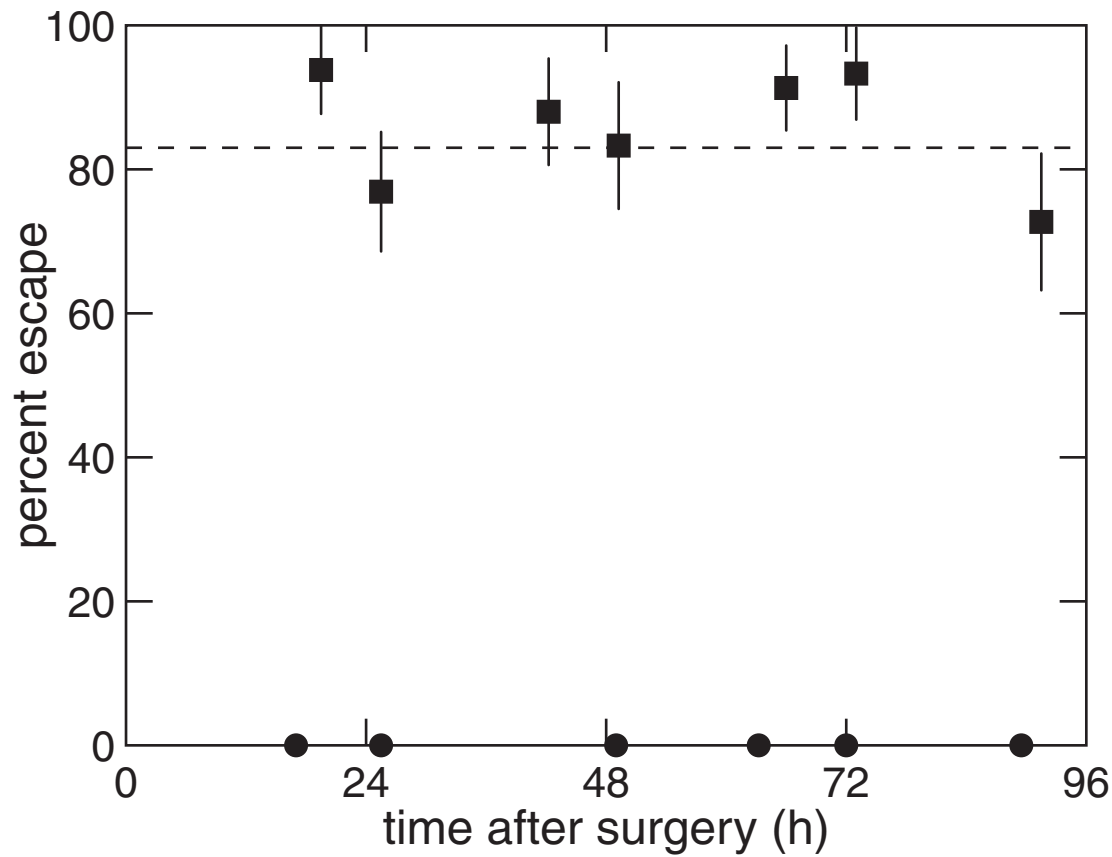
escape rate of ASH-lacking mutant





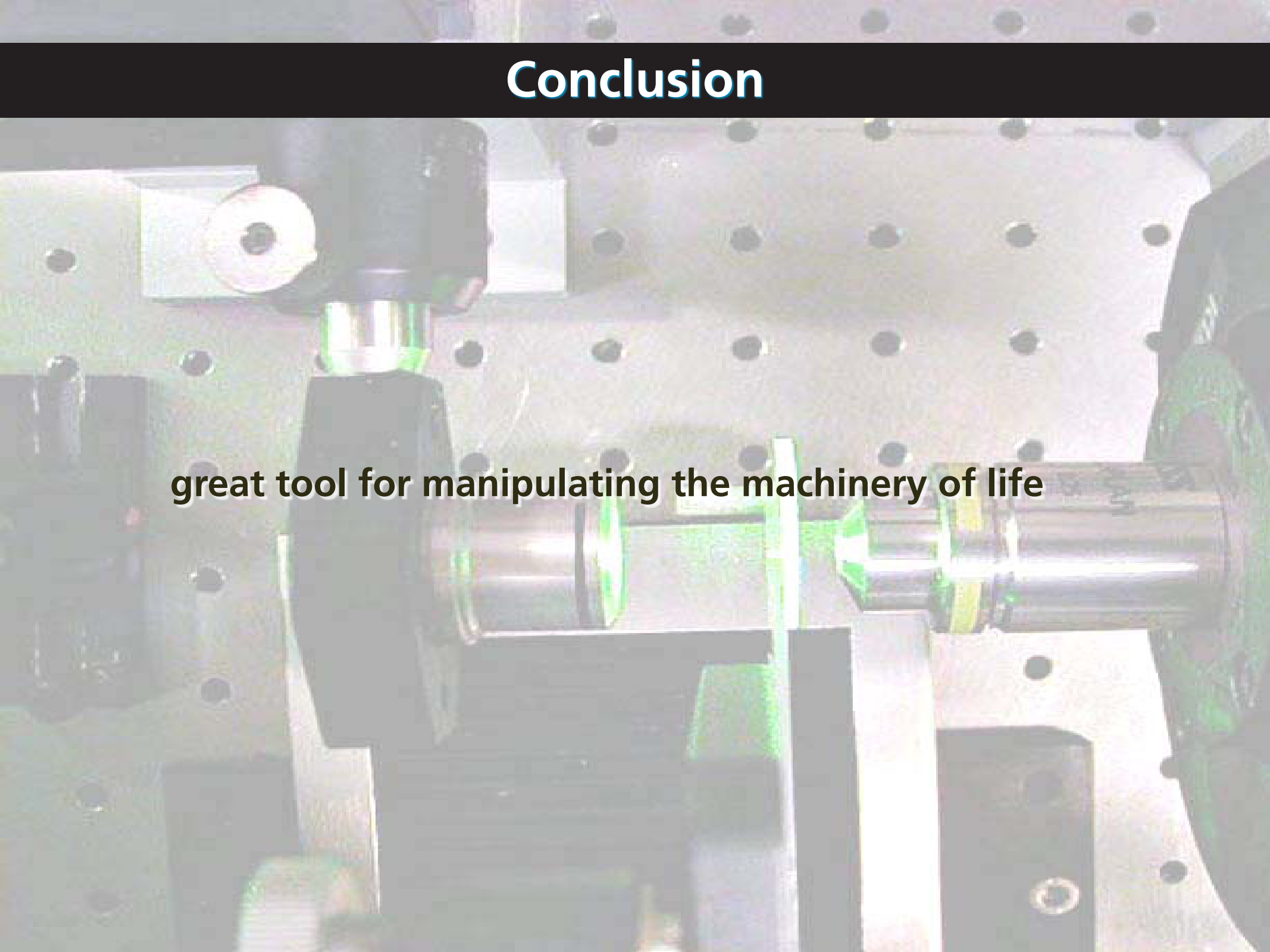
# Nanoneurosurgery

escape rate after ASH-ablation surgery



# Conclusion

great tool for manipulating the machinery of life







**Funding:**

**National Science Foundation**

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