### **Peer Instruction Workshop**



Ready-to-Use Resources E.C. STRUCTION. Response Na. Turning Technologies Nile : Egypt :: Ganges I ResponseCard® R 5/E 2012 Teaching & Learning Symposium A User's Mail 310 21B 1A 6IF AD SIE Carleton University EBIC MAZUA 814 Ottawa, Canada, 13 June 2012 71G 017 ingTechnologies.com Ch

### lectures focus on information transfer...

### lectures focus on information transfer...

### but education is much more!

# **1. information transfer**

### **1. information transfer**

## 2. assimilation of information

### 1. information transfer (easy)

### 2. assimilation of information (hard and left to student)



#### Solution: move information transfer out of classroom!



#### How to move information transfer out of classroom?

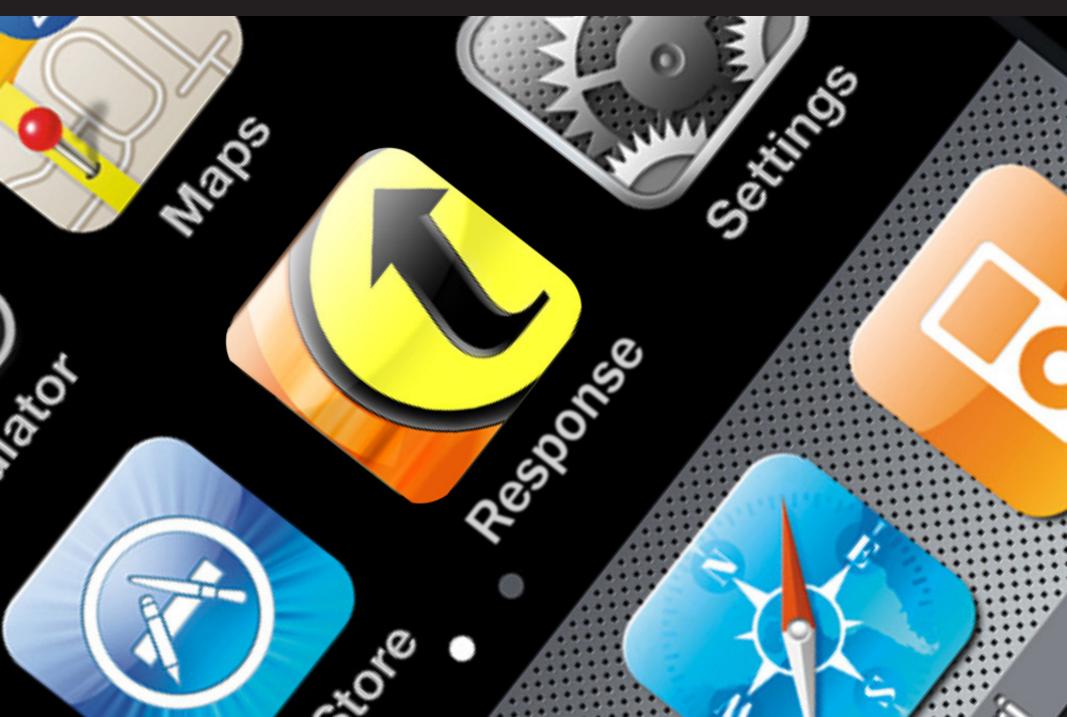


#### How to move information transfer out of classroom?

Use JiTT (before class) and PI (in class)!

# Outline

20



### Outline

# PI & JiTT Overview

# Implementing PI & JiTT

ConcepTests

#### "How can I be sure that my students will prepare for class?"

Students do not come to class prepared, because...

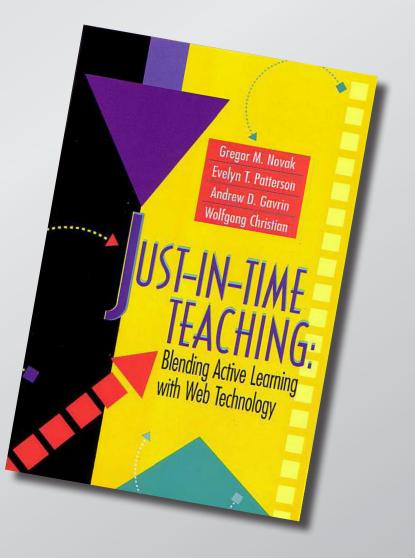
- 1. they don't have time.
- 2. they are not motivated to learn.
- 3. their instructors take away the incentive.
- 4. they do not have the requisite skills.
- 5. of some other reason.
- 6. They do come prepared in my class!

(select what you consider to be the main reason)



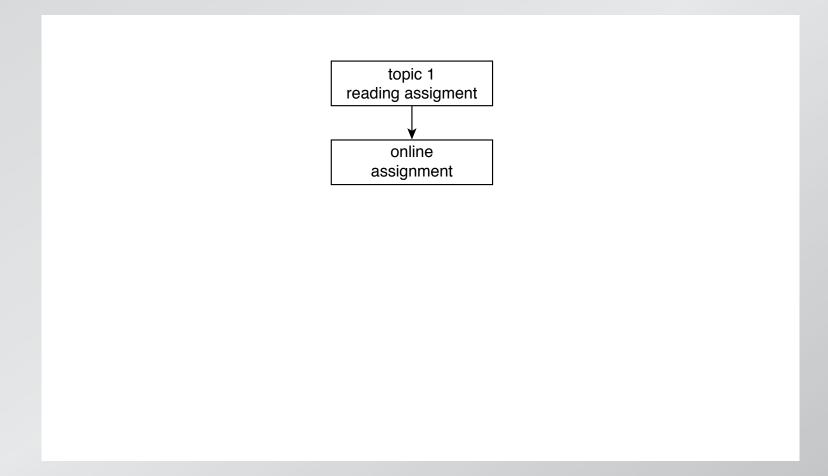
#### Just-in-time-Teaching (JiTT)

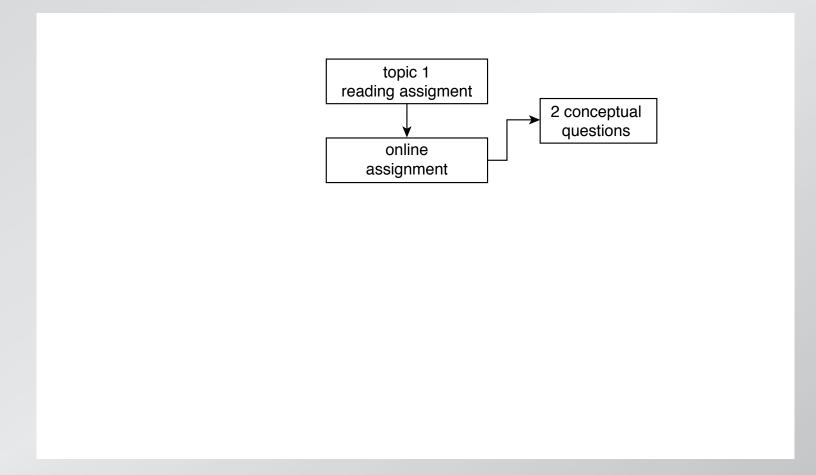
www.jitt.org

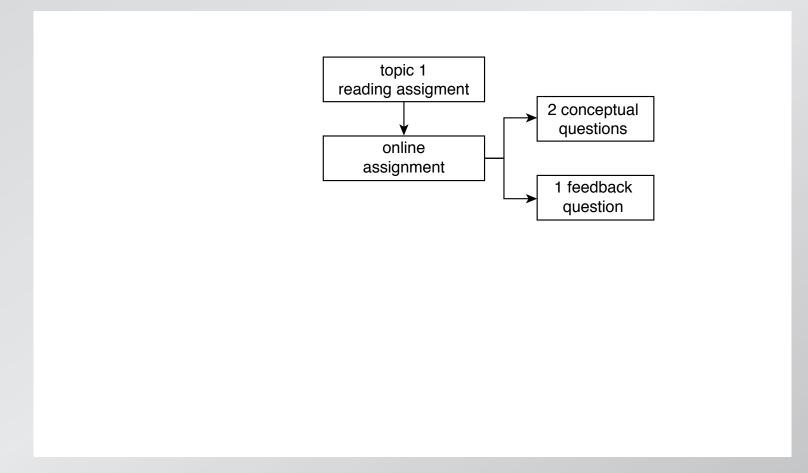


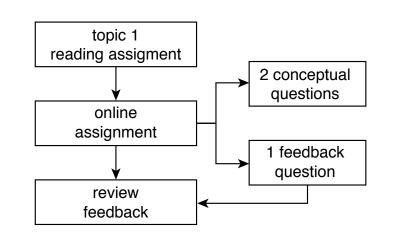
#### JiTT workflow

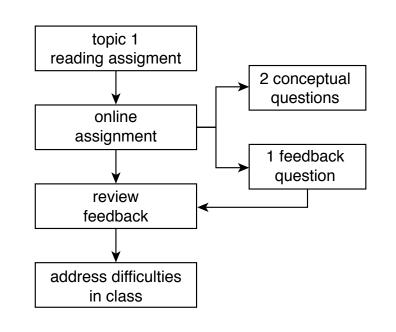
topic 1 reading assigment

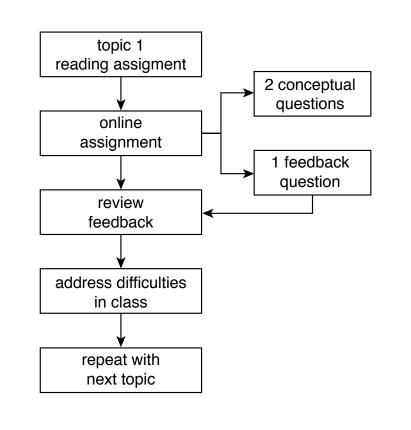








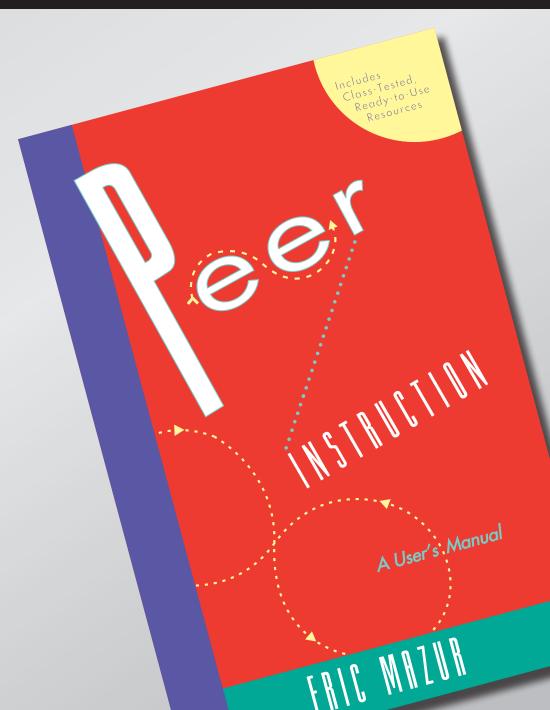




#### JiTT:

- prepares you for class
- prepares students for class
- helps you address student difficulties

#### **Peer Instruction (PI)**



Includes Class-Tested, Ready-to-Use Resources

NSTRUCTION NOT AND NOT

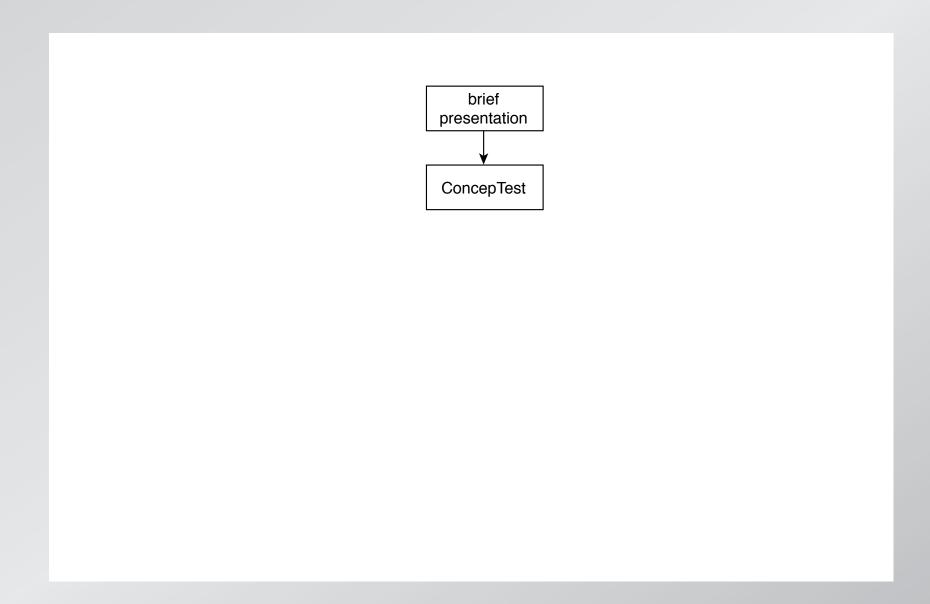
FRIC MALUA

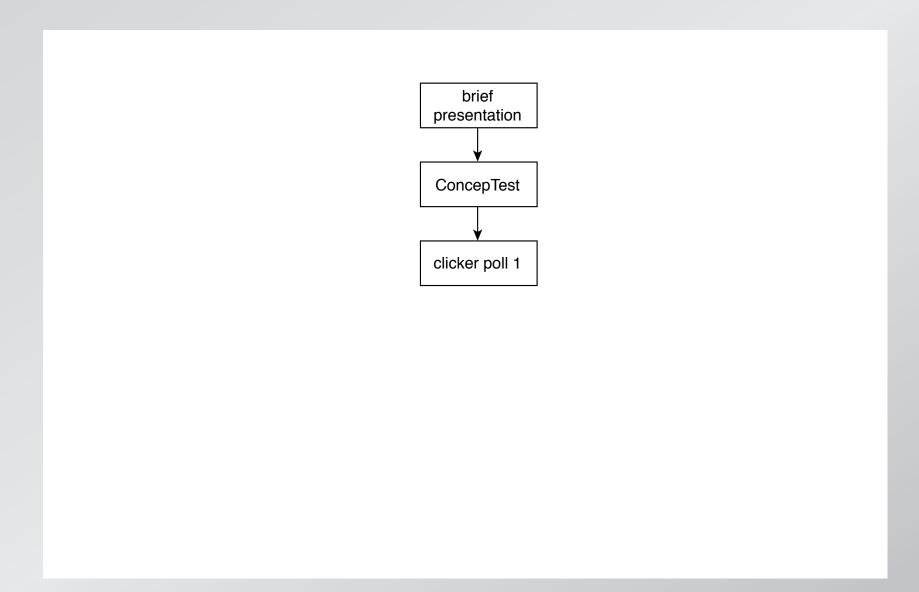
A User's Manual

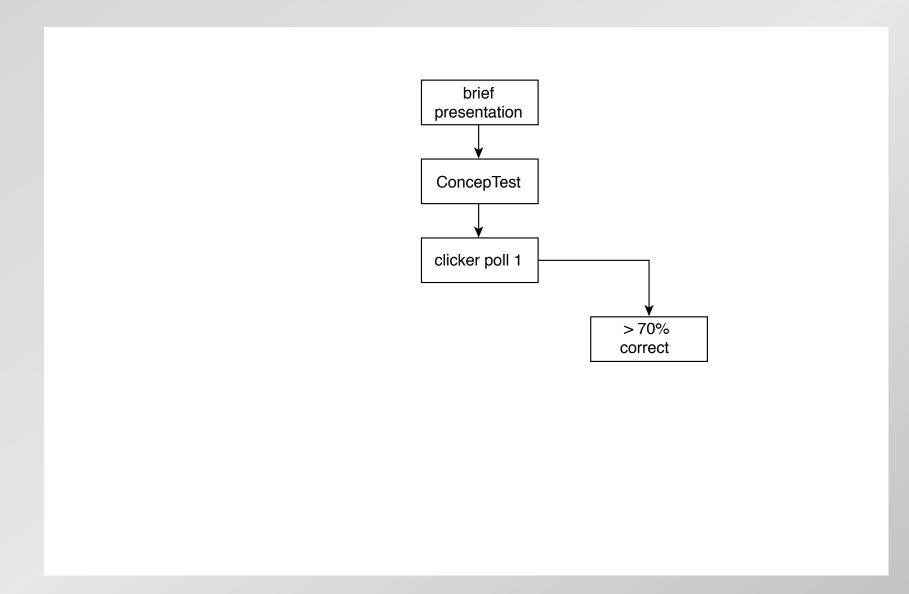
#### Main features:

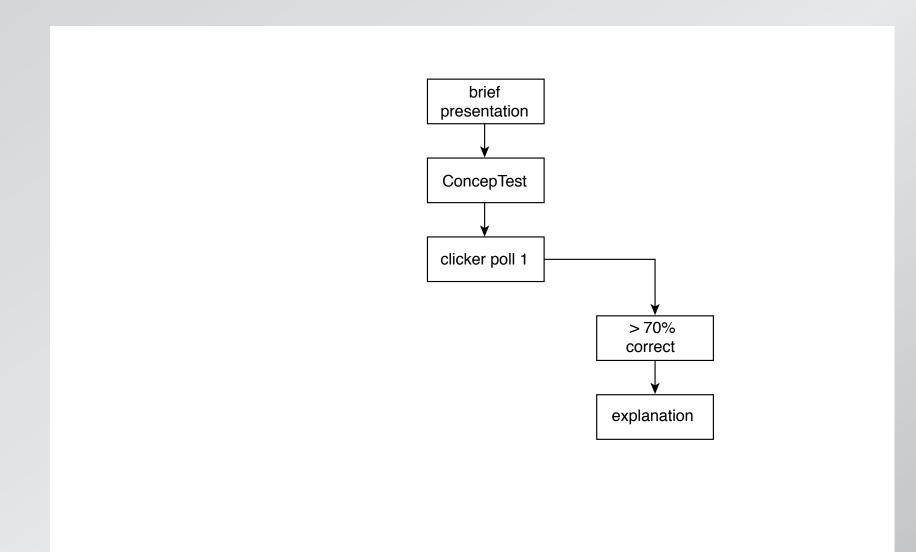
- pre-class assignment
- in-class: depth, not 'coverage'
- ConcepTests

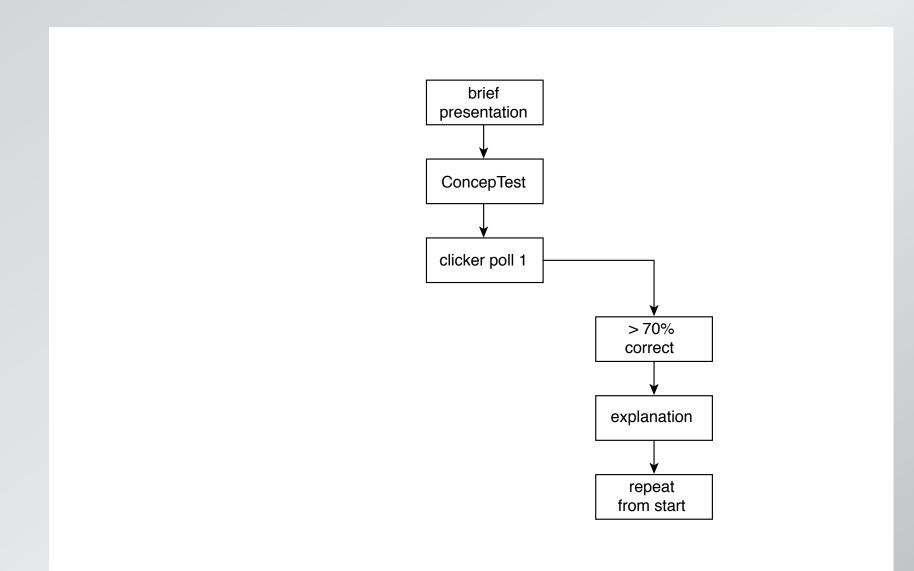
brief presentation

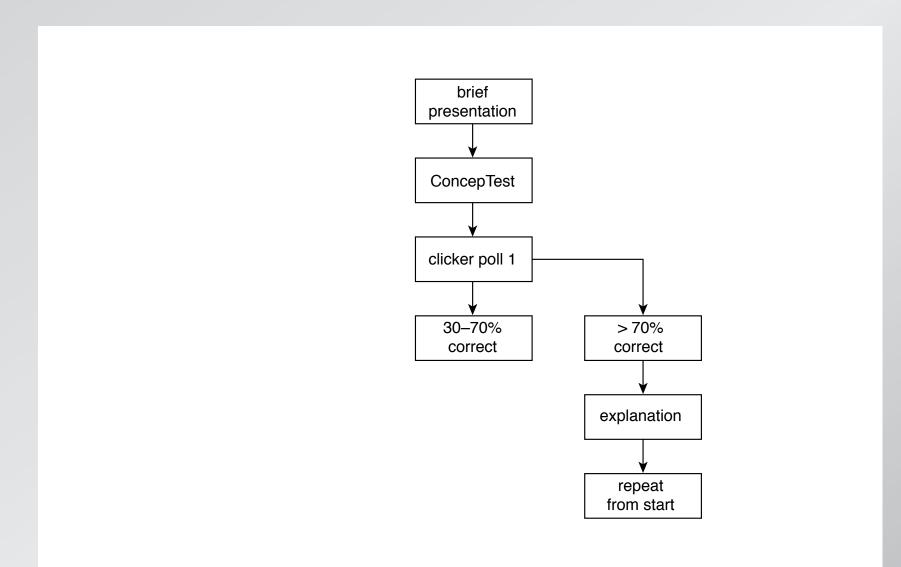


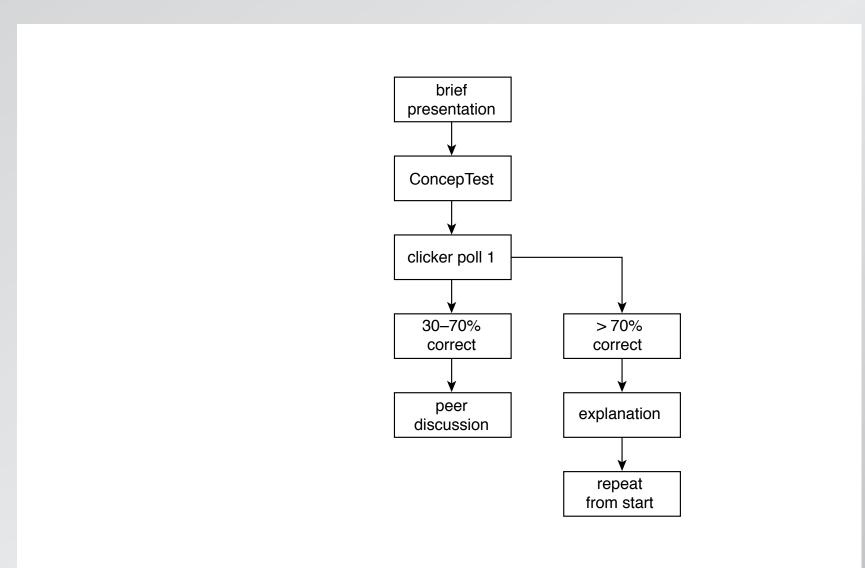


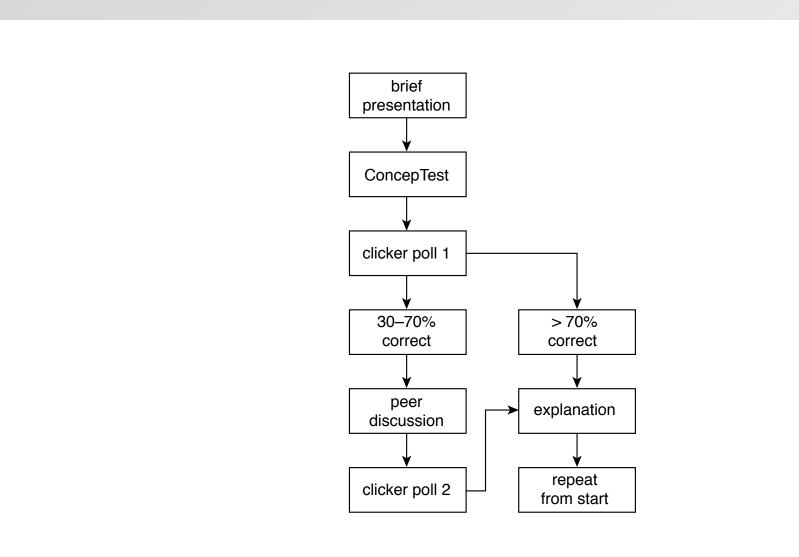


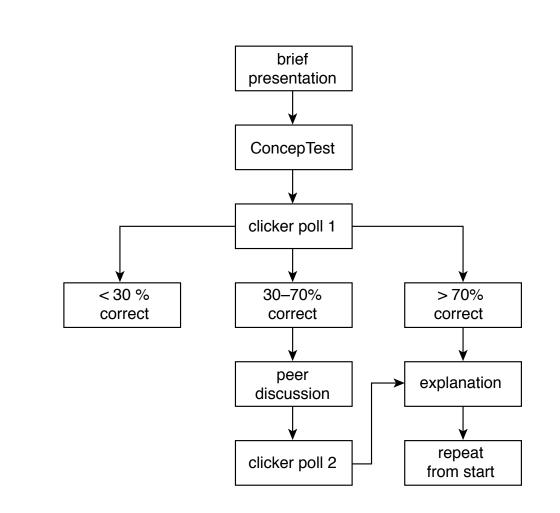


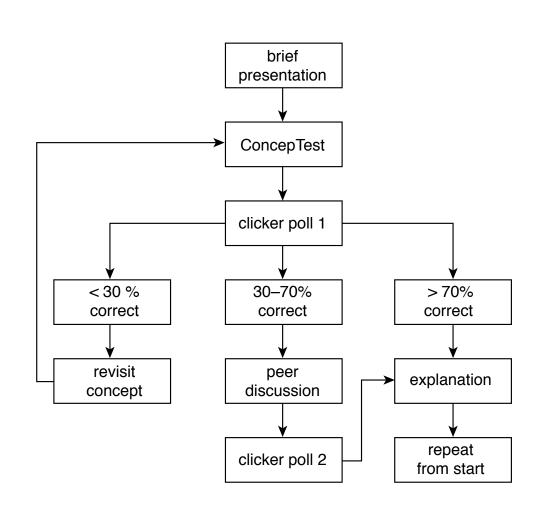


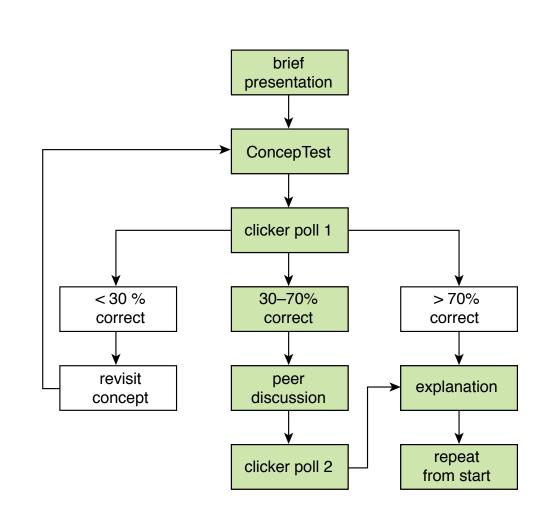












#### PI:

- helps students overcome difficulties
- encourages deep learning
- provides depth, not "coverage"
- helps you become aware of misconceptions

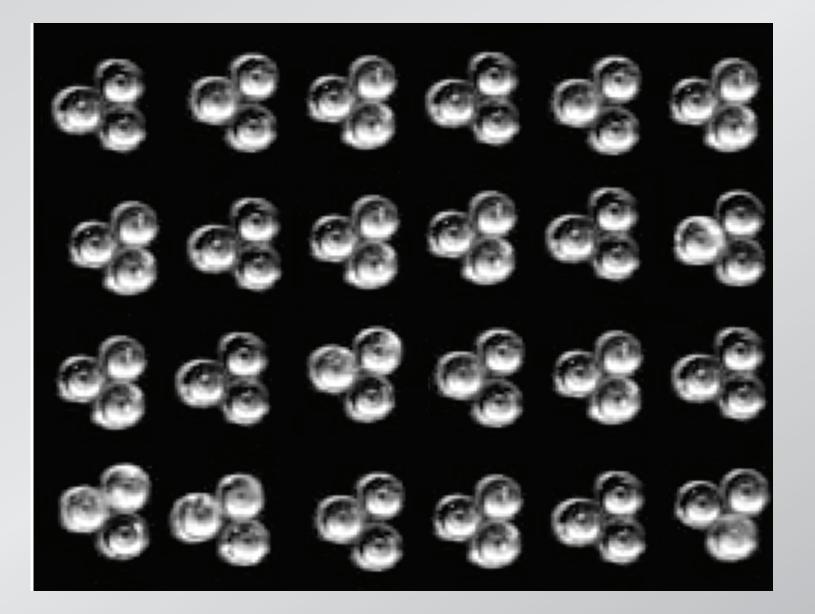
#### "How do I promote fruitful discussion?"

#### Find someone with a *different* answer

#### "Can this method be used in my class,

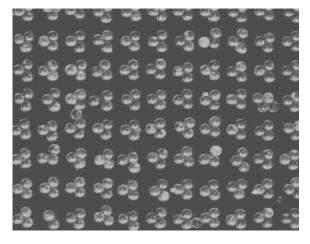
where questions don't necessarily have right answers?"

# Let's try it!

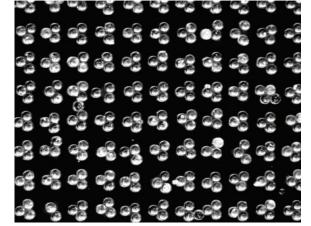


### Let's try it!

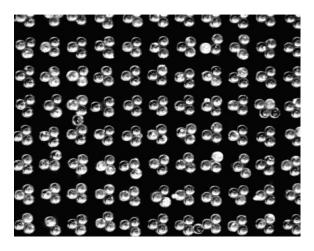
#### original



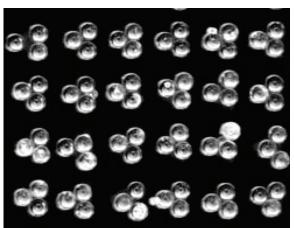
1. adjust contrast



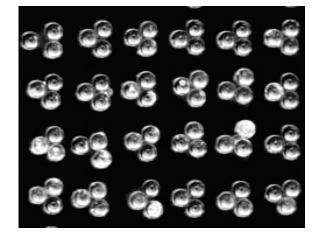
2. remove blemishes

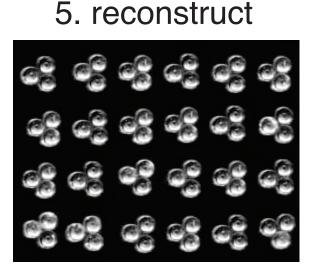


3. crop

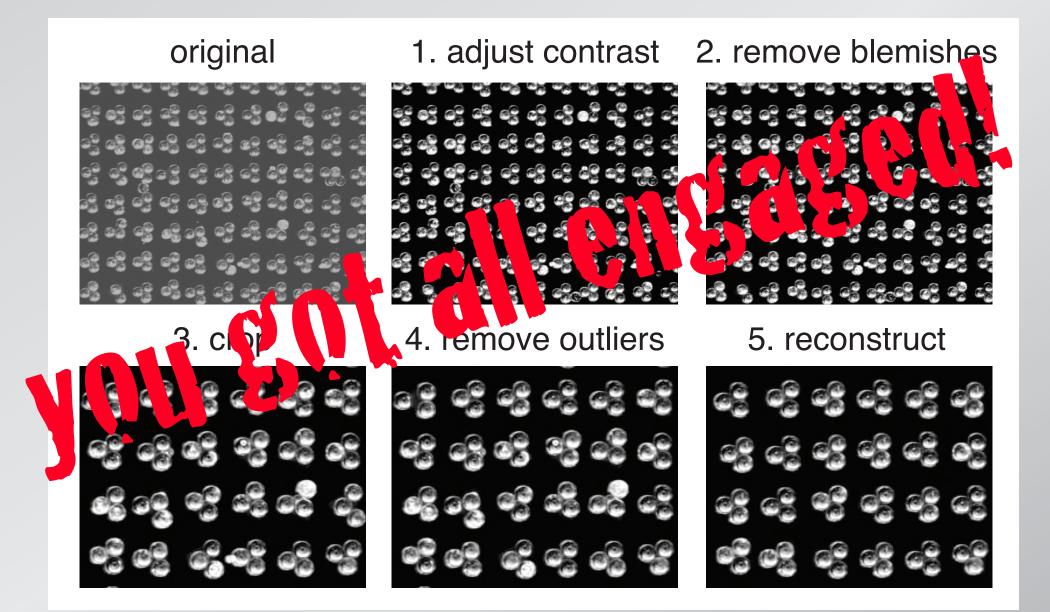


4. remove outliers





### Let's try it!



#### Don't need a correct answer!



## Implementing PI & JiTT

ConcepTests

#### "Will it work at my institution?"

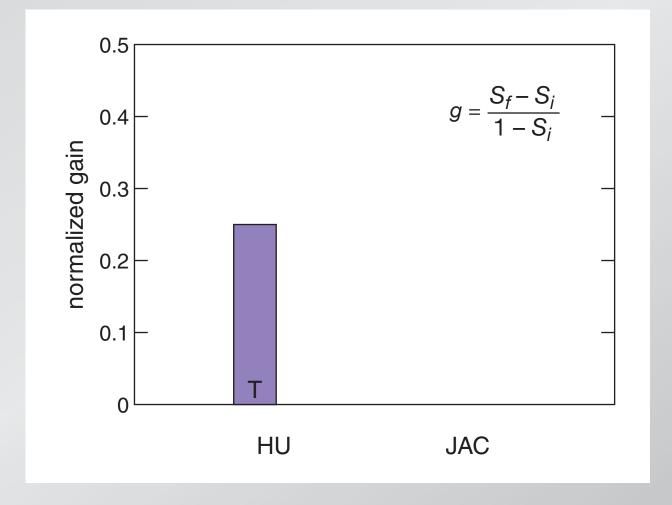
# It works here...

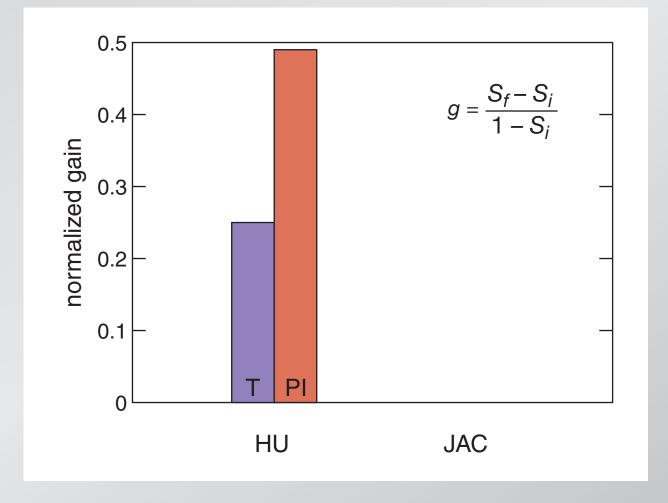


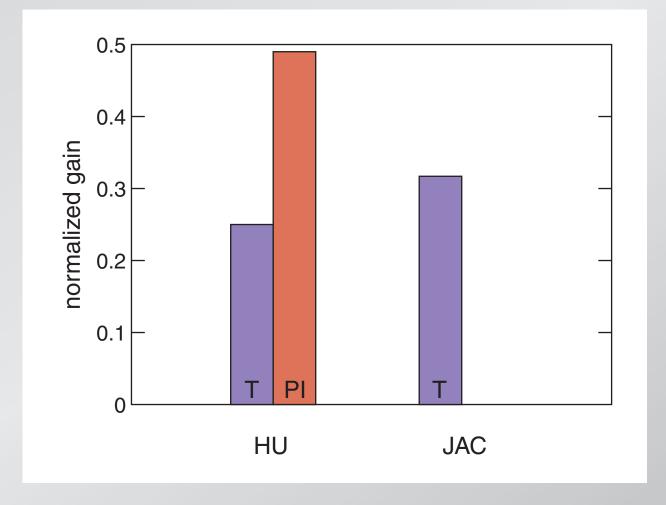
# ...but will it work here?

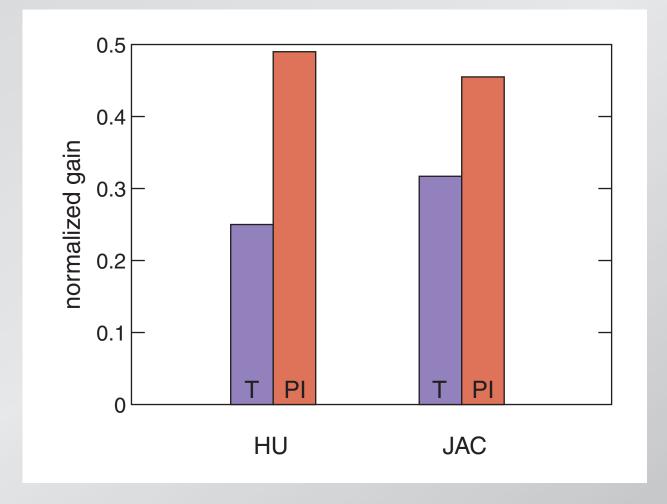
. 50%



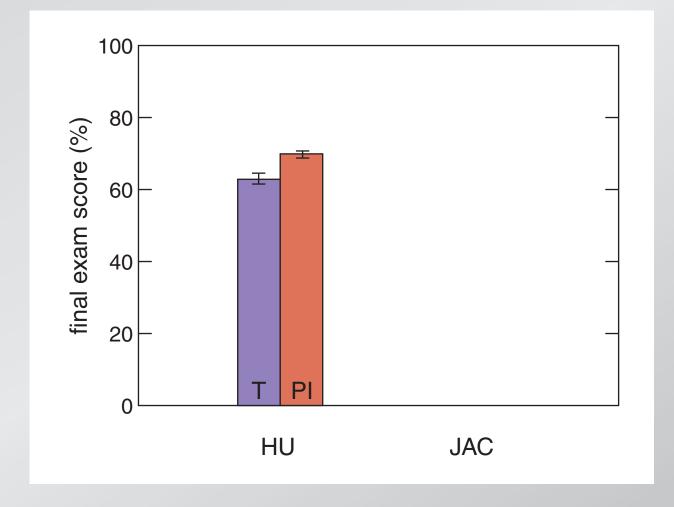




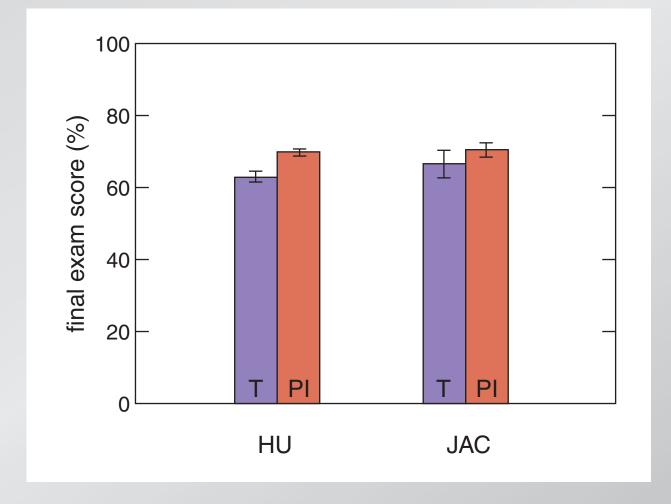




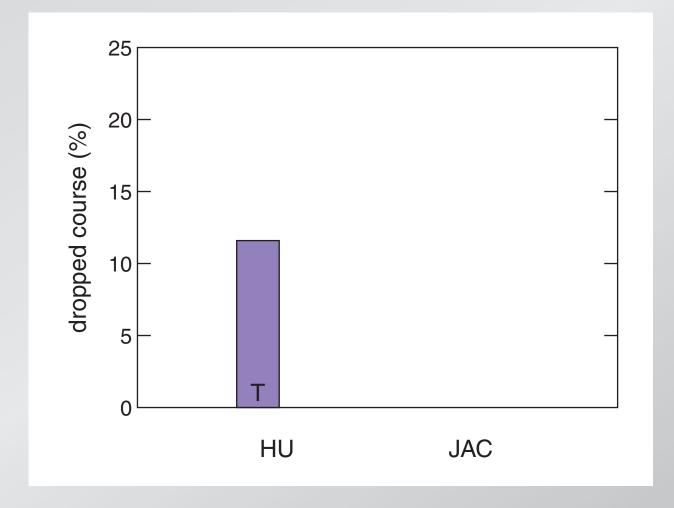
#### exam performance



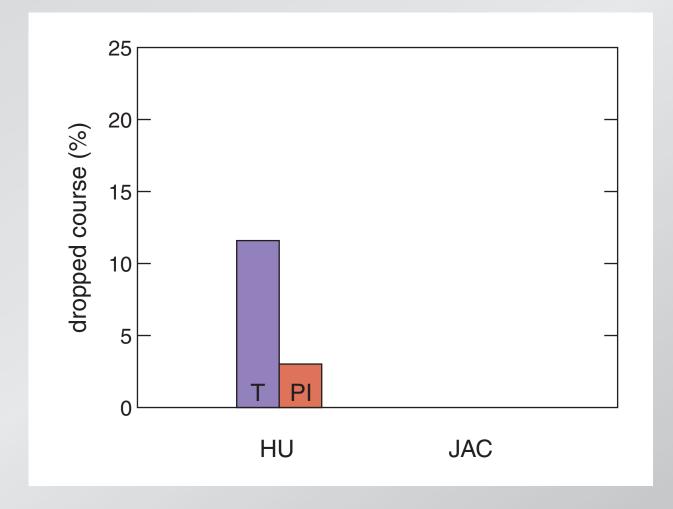
#### exam performance



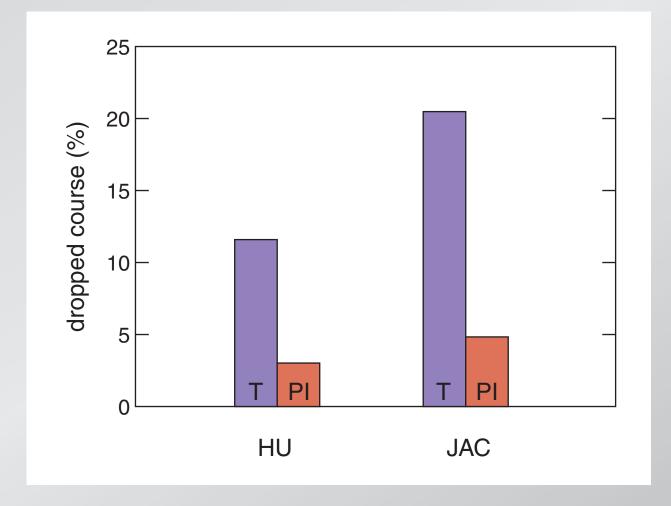
#### student retention



#### student retention



#### student retention



#### similar learning gains in different environments

#### "How do I cover everything using this method?"

	traditional	PI
in-class coverage	complete	partial

	traditional	PI
in-class coverage	complete	partial
out-of-class coverage	?	complete

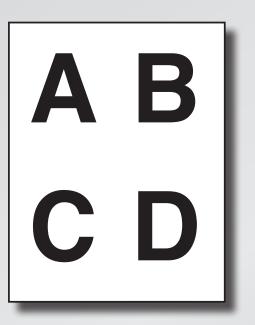
	traditional	PI
in-class coverage	complete	partial
out-of-class coverage	?	complete
material learned	little	substantial

	traditional	PI
in-class coverage	complete	partial
out-of-class coverage	?	complete
material learned	little	substantial

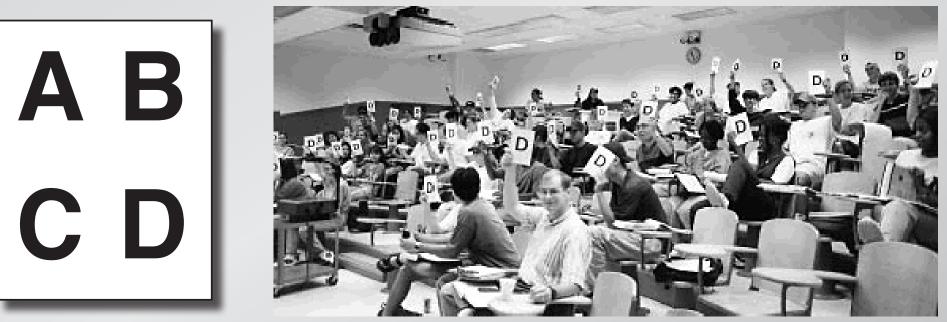
what good is coverage if little is retained?

"Do I need clickers?"

**Flashcards: simple and effective** 



#### **Flashcards: simple and effective**

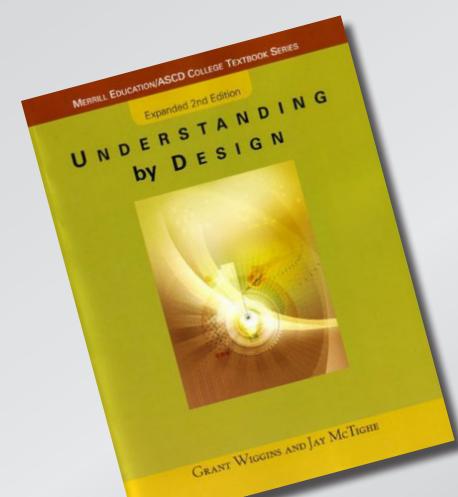


Meltzer and Mannivanan, South Eastern Louisiana University

#### "How should I assess my students

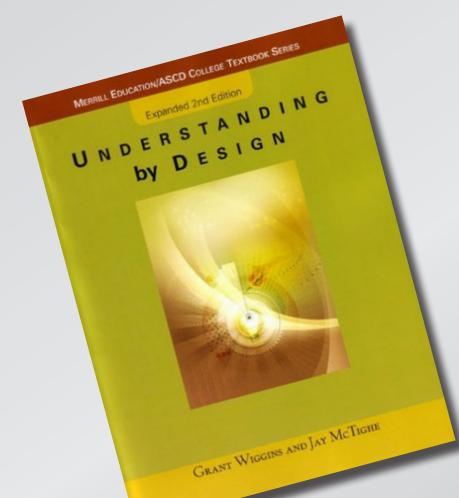
#### when using this approach?"

#### **Begin by setting learning goals**



Grant Wiggins and Jay McTighe, Understanding by Design (Prentice Hall, 2001)

#### **Begin by setting learning goals**



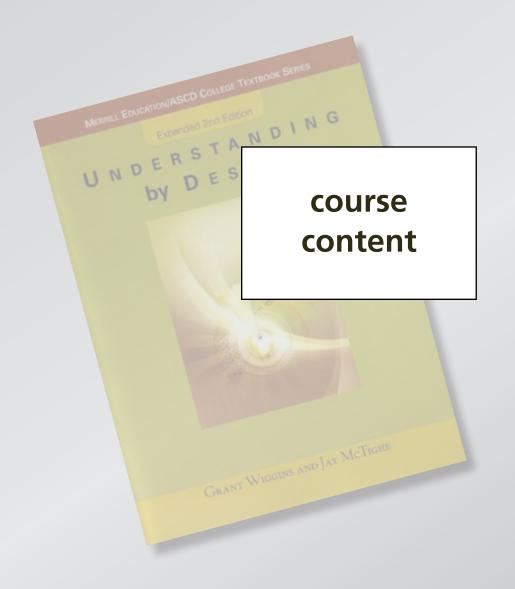
approach, not content

• focus on understanding

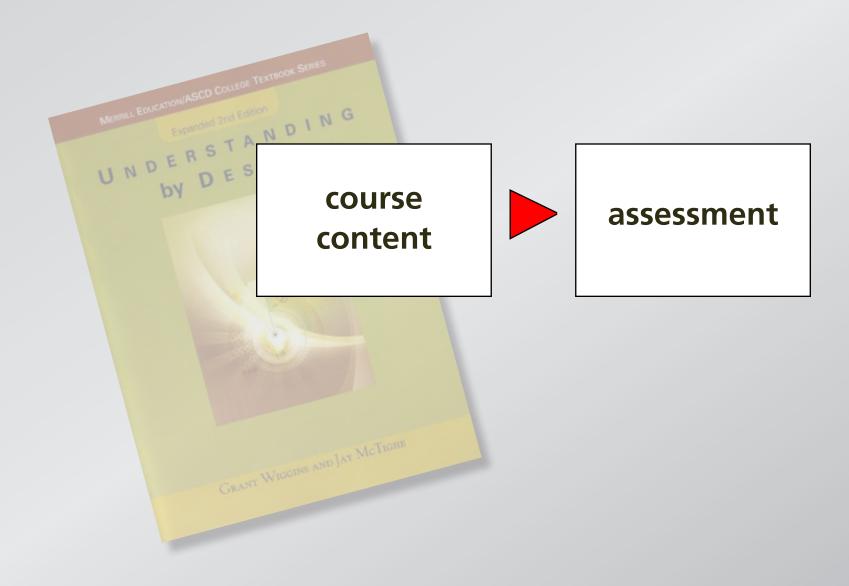
backward design

Grant Wiggins and Jay McTighe, Understanding by Design (Prentice Hall, 2001)

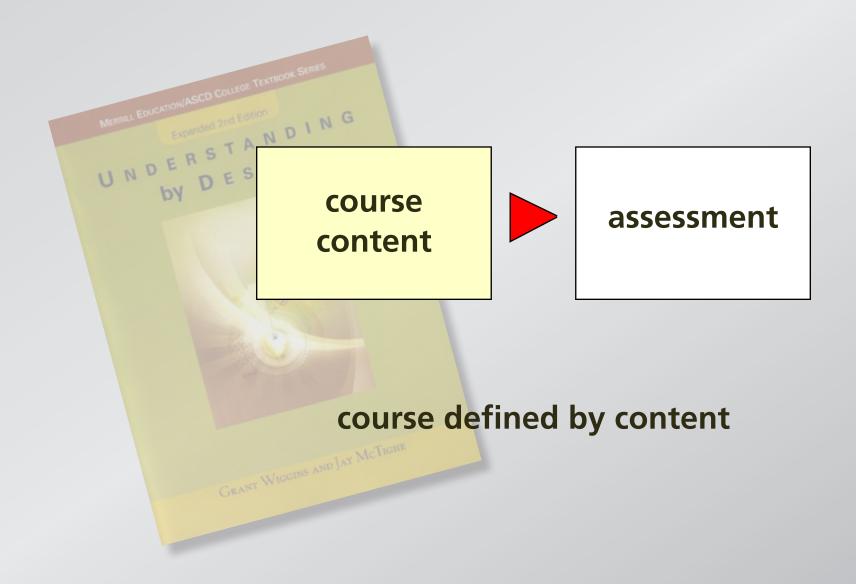
#### Traditional approach to course planning

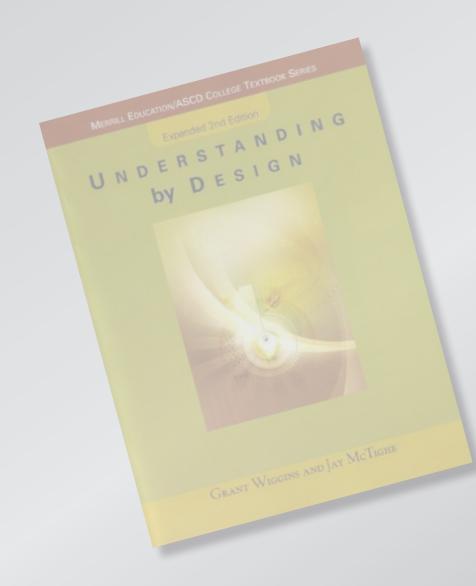


#### Traditional approach to course planning

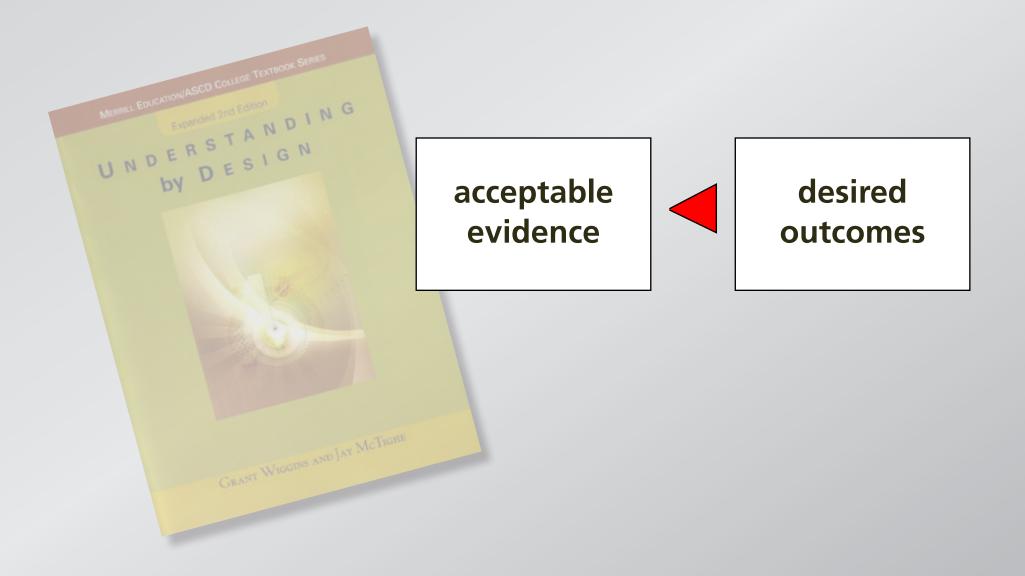


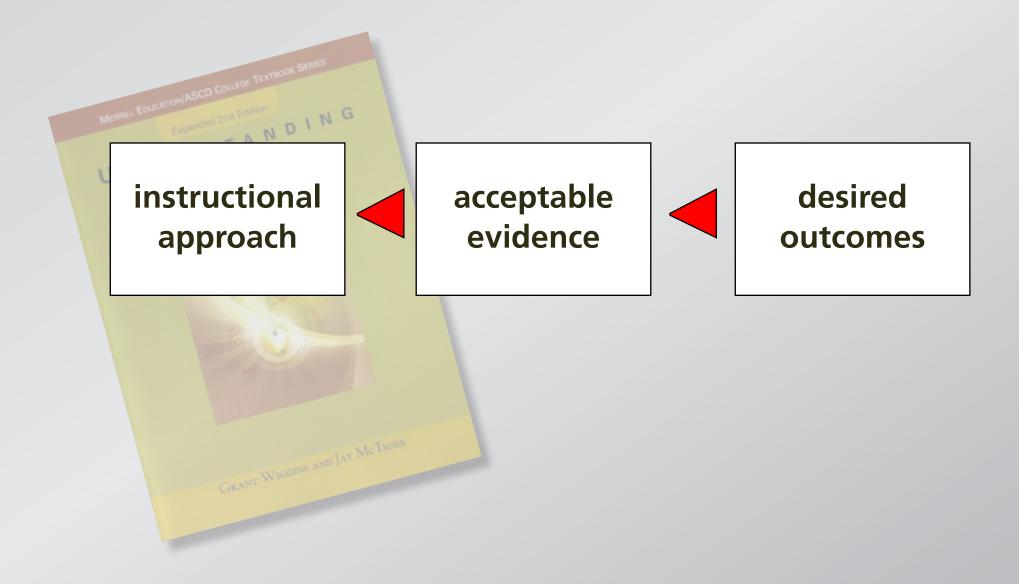
#### Traditional approach to course planning

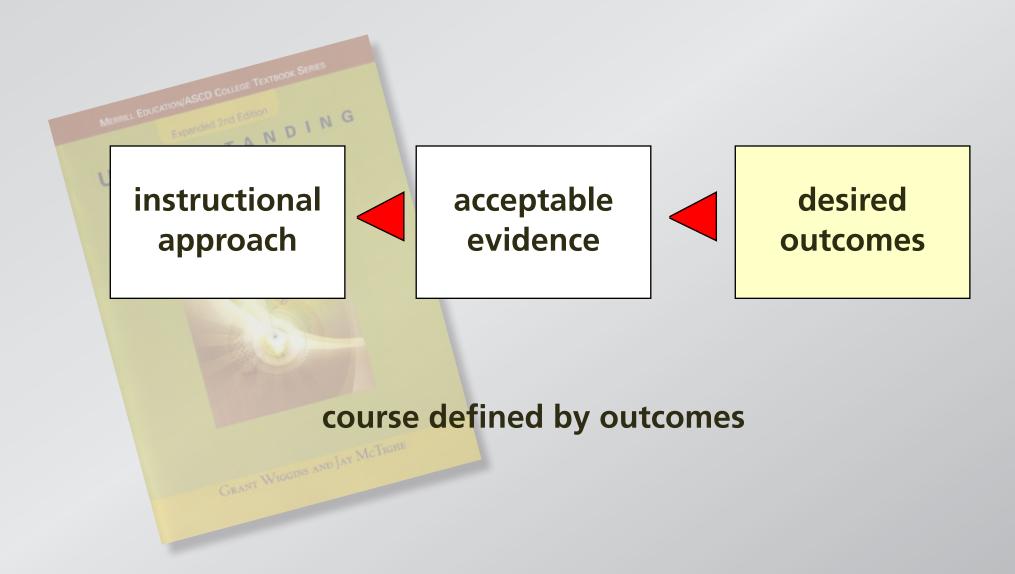














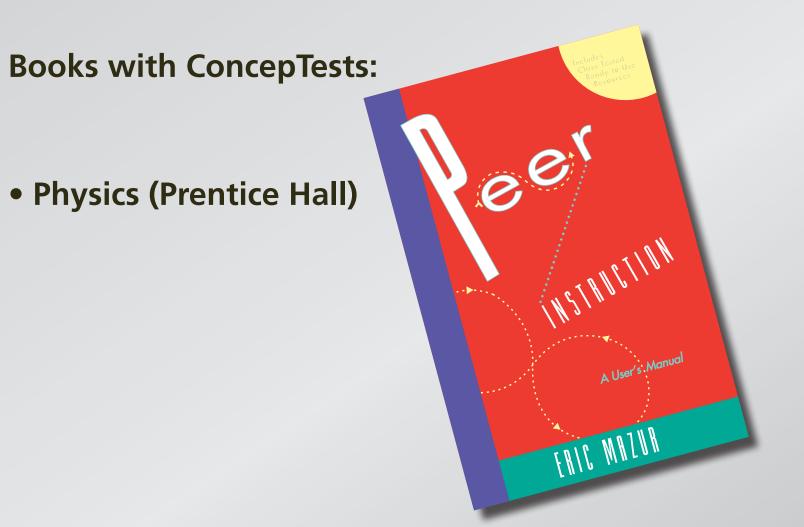
# • PI & JiTT Overview

# Implementing PI & JiTT



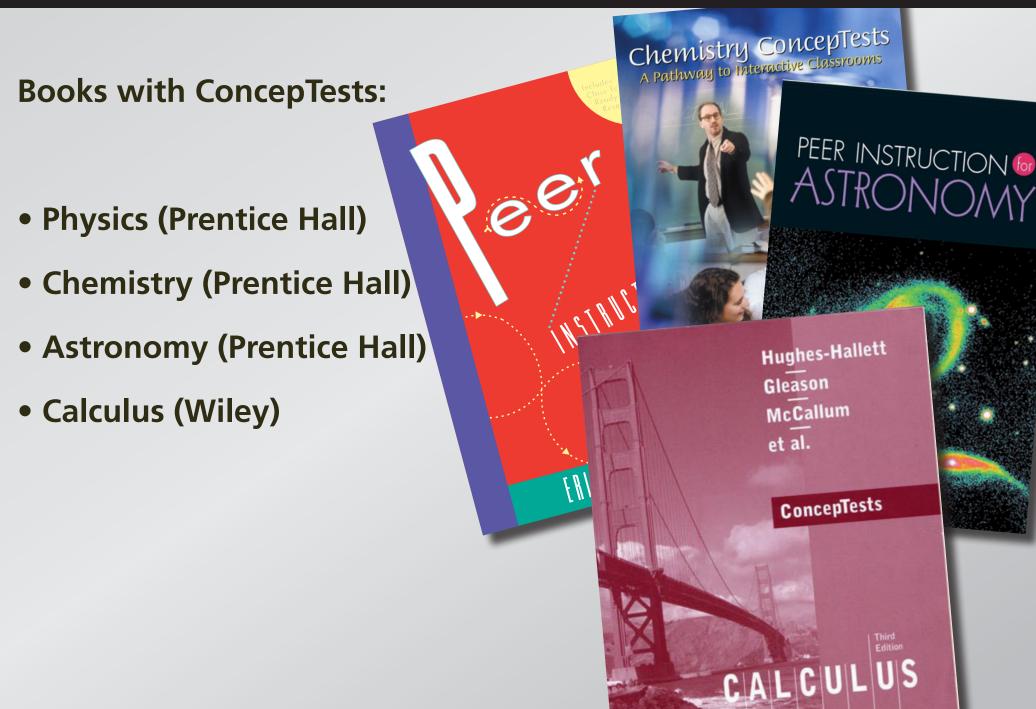
### "Where can I get examples of good questions?"











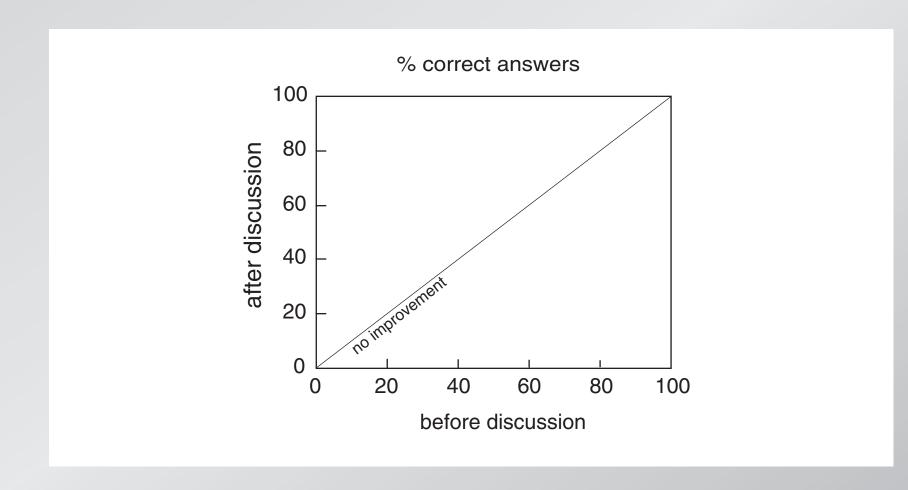


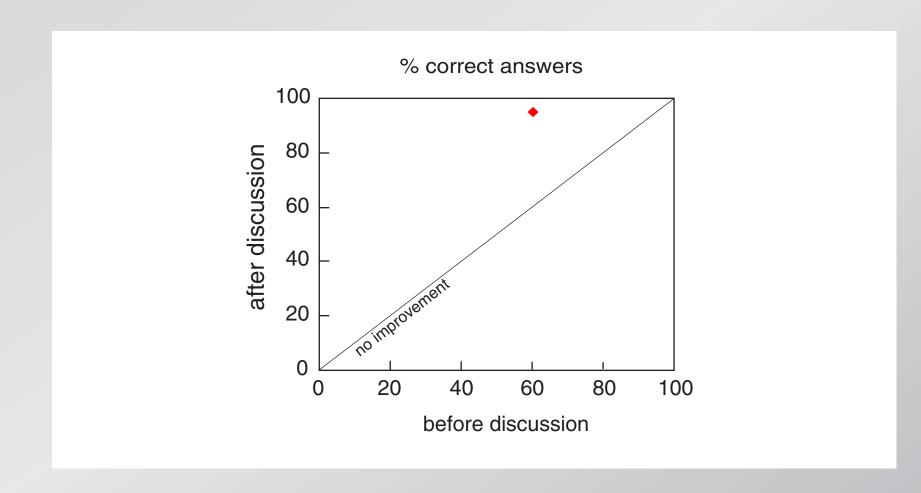
### ... or try searching Google:

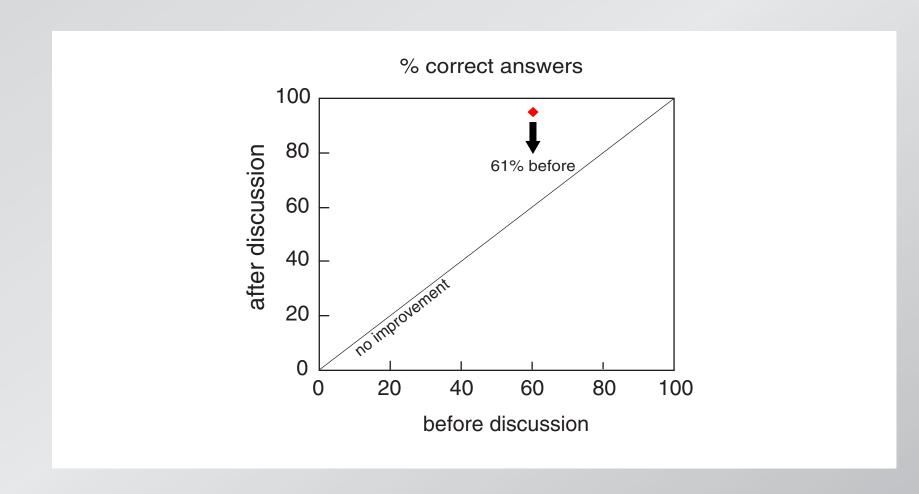
<subject> "Peer Instruction" <subject> ConcepTest <subject> "Concept Test" <subject> clickers

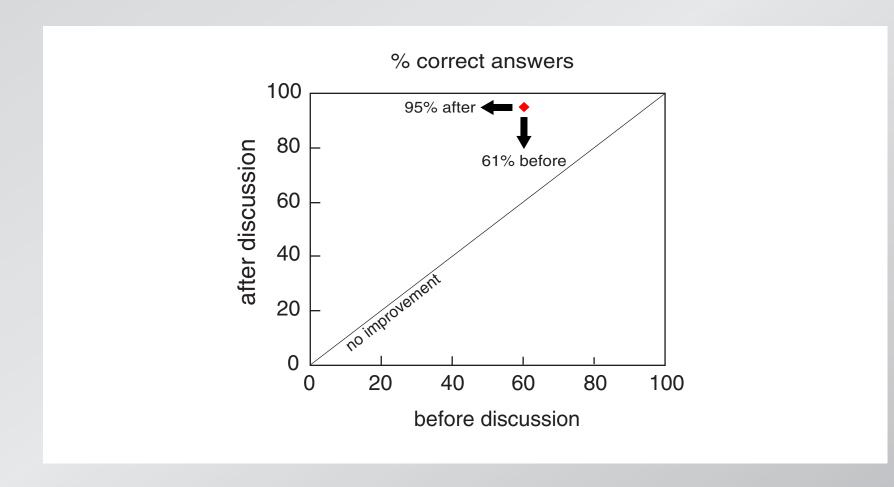


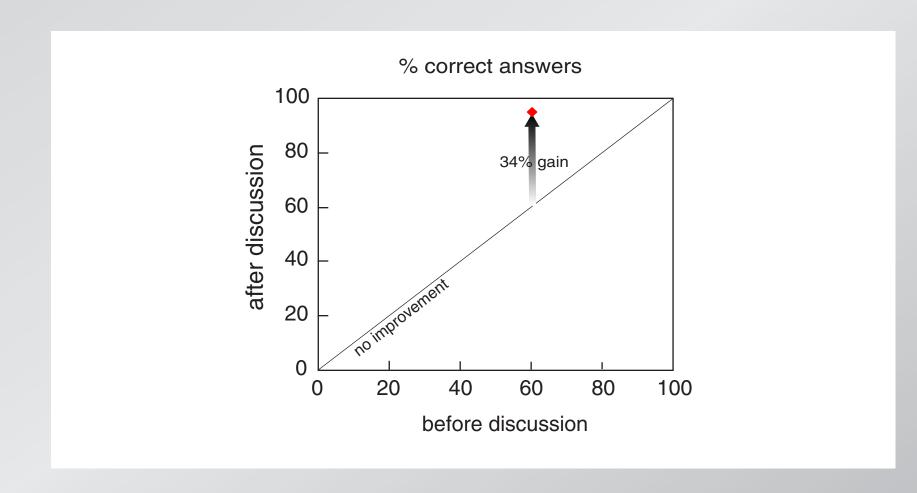
### "How can I promote active/fruitful discussions?"

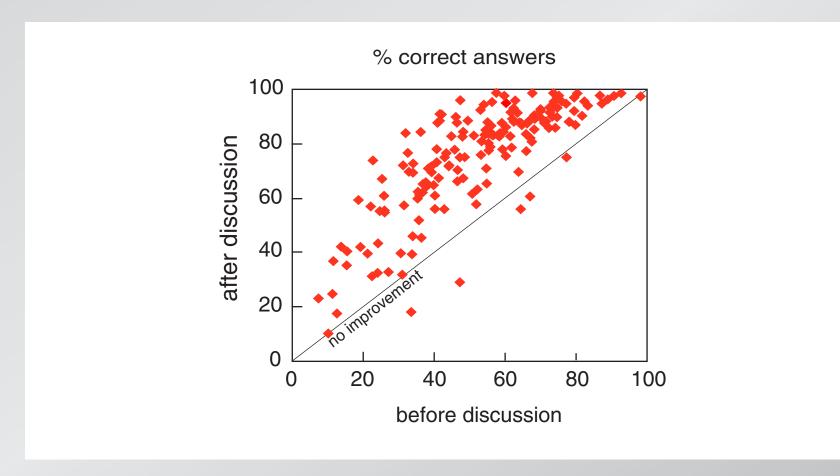


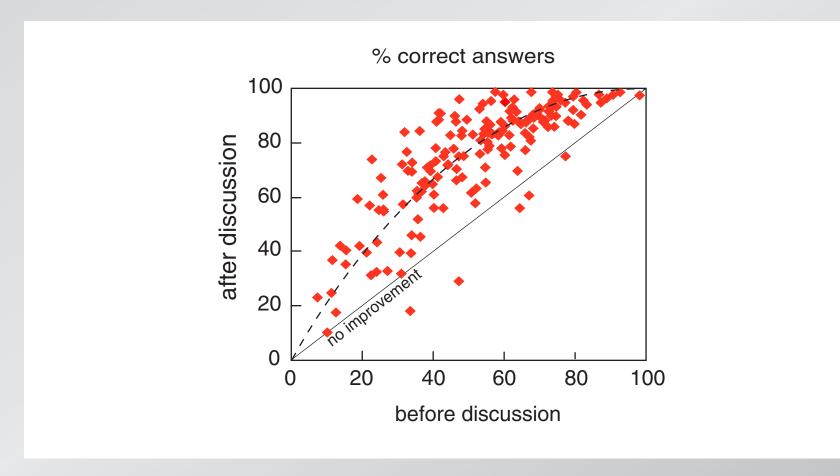


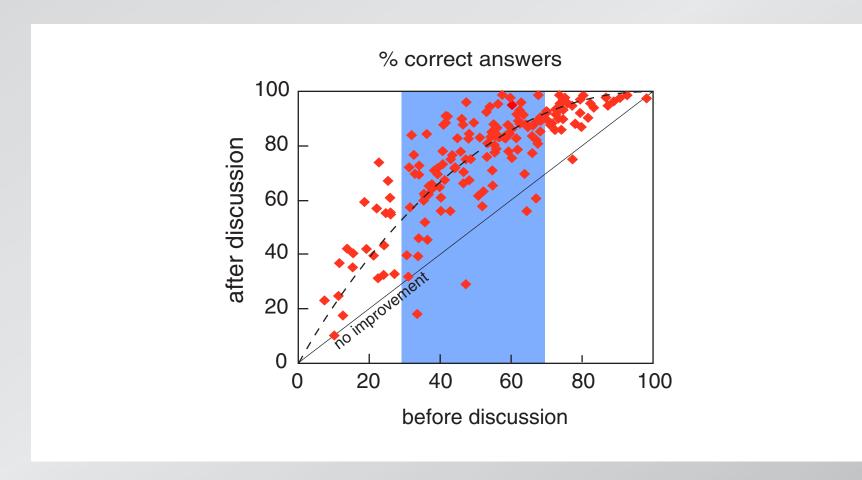


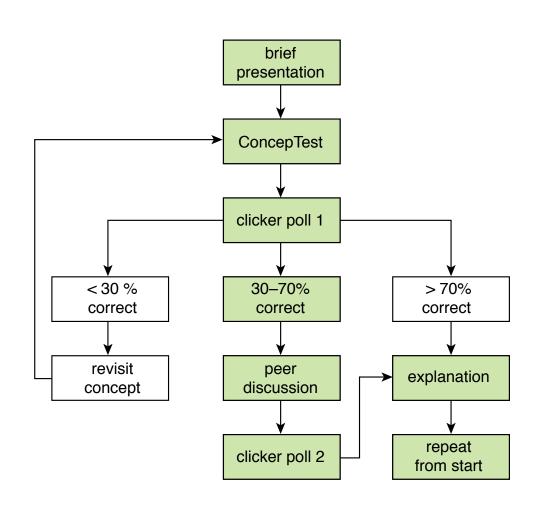














# PeerInstruction.net

#### **Evaluate assessment by comparing**

### student performance on various kinds of problems

### "What constitutes a good problem?"

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

**Requires:** 

Assumptions Developing a model Applying that model

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces. On average people shop for 2 hours.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces. On average people shop for 2 hours.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

**Requires:** 

Developing a model Applying that model

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces. On average people shop for 2 hours.

Assuming people leave at regularly-spaced intervals, how long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces. On average people shop for 2 hours.

Assuming people leave at regularly-spaced intervals, how long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

**Requires:** 

Applying a (new) model

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area, where people are known to shop, on average, for 2 hours. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area, where people are known to shop, on average, for 2 hours. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

$$t_{wait} = \frac{T_{shop}}{N_{spaces}}$$

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area, where people are known to shop, on average, for 2 hours. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

**Requires:** 

Using a calculator

 $t_{wait} = \frac{T_{shop}}{N_{space}}$ 

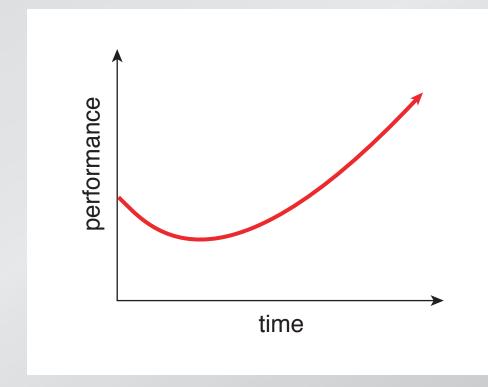
### Need to test meaningful skills!

Some additional ideas:

- Open book/computer exam
- Collaborative exam
- Multidimensional testing

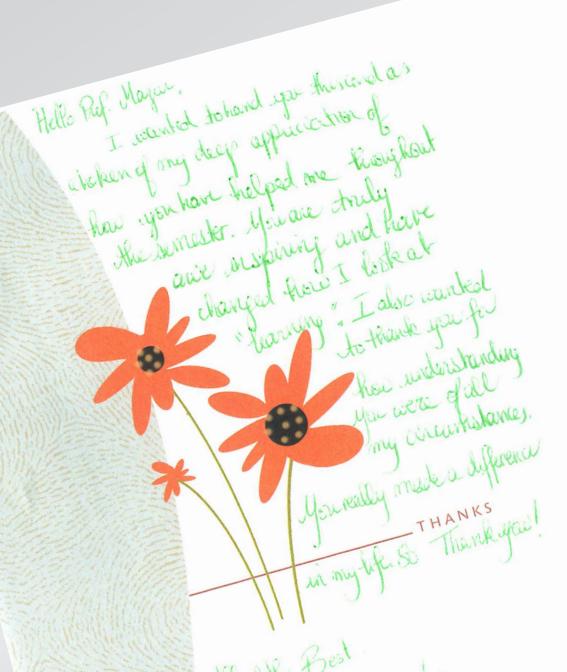
# "How do I deal with students who resist this new approach to studying?"

After changing, things might get *worse* before they get better!



Written on Wednesday Feb 16, two weeks into the course: Here are a few concerns. I speak for many of my classmates. 1) You are giving us WAY to much work. After spending multiple hours on the problem set and not being able to figure out many of the Subject: concerns I) TOU WE YIVING US WAT IO INUCLE WOLK. ALLER SPENUING INUMP the problem set, and not being able to figure out many of the questions. I now see that we have an additional 6 or 7 name Professor Mazur, IIIE PIODIEITI SEL, and not being able to tigure out many of the questions, I now see that we have an additional 6 of 7 pages and i homework in the workbook Livet enert A houre on the lab and questions, I now see that we have an additional 6 or / pages or homework in the workbook. I just spent 4 hours on the lab, and I am confident on almost half of the questions. This is more work than I nomework in the workbook. I Just spent 4 hours on the lab, and I an confident on almost half of the questions. This is more work than I have had all eemeeter in all of my other claeses combined confident on almost fian of the questions. This is more work have had all semester in all of my other classes combined. 2) If you are going to give us this much work, I would suggest re-structuring the lectures. I find the readings very difficult to understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics nost it is very difficult to internalize the readings. You should sh (2) If you are going to give us this much work, I would sugges re-structuring the lectures. I find the readings very difficult to underetend Lam not a bad etudent (Lancet a colid A in nhycine) understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics 1a), but it is very difficult to internalize the readings. You should spend most of the lecture going over point by point the readinge in their It is very unicule to internative the readings. The should specify of the lecture going over, point by point, the readings in their entirety. While the DRC clickere are function they do not be in the process. of the lecture going over, point by point, the readings in them entirety. While the PRS clickers are fun, they do not help me I am extremely flustered by the incredibly large amount of work, and my inshility to understand it and I am etronoly considering dronning the I am extremely flustered by the incredibly large amount of work, and inability to understand it, and I am strongly considering dropping the understand the complex material. course.

Written on Monday May 23, just after the final exam: First of all I want to thank you for a great semester. You are an First of all I want to thank you for a great semester. You are an excellent professor, and it is clear that you truly care about each and every etudent Subject: Thanks! The exam went well today. I'm not sure to what extent you will curve the final gradee (if at all), but it looke like I may be right around Professor Mazur, The exam went well today. I'm not sure to what extent you will ( the final grades (if at all), but it looks like I may be right around the cutoff point between an A and an A- Leturlied as bard as the final grades (if at all), but it looks like I may be right around as I could the cutoff point between an A and an A-. I studied as hard as matter what and I'm keening my fingers crossed about the A but no matter. The cutoff point between an A and an A-. I studied as nard as I could and I'm keeping my fingers crossed about the A, but no matter what hannens with my drade you should know that you are one of the and I'm keeping my tingers crossed about the A, but no matter what happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best professors that I have ever had at Harvard. every student. professors that I have ever had at Harvard. Thanks again!



you made a difference.

Lupe thisiandas "I wanted to hand you this card as a token of my

deep appreciation of how you have helped memer throughout the semester

throughout the semester.

to think

understanding

my circuitistances.

you really made a difference THANKS In my life So Thank you!

Hello Ref. Mayou

Leps these das Hello Ref. Mayor "I wanted to hand you this card as a token of my deep appreciation of how you have helped memory throughout the semester. You are truly awe inspir-1- think ing and have changed how I look at "learning". my circuitistances. youreally made a diff in my life So Thank you

Lype these das Hello Ref. Mayou "I wanted to hand you this card as a token of my deep appreciation of how you have helped memory throughout the semester. You are truly awe inspir-L-think ing and have changed how I look at "learning". [....] ancustustances. You really made a difference in my life." in my life So Thank you

and don't forget...

and don't forget...

### PI leads to better learning and retention!