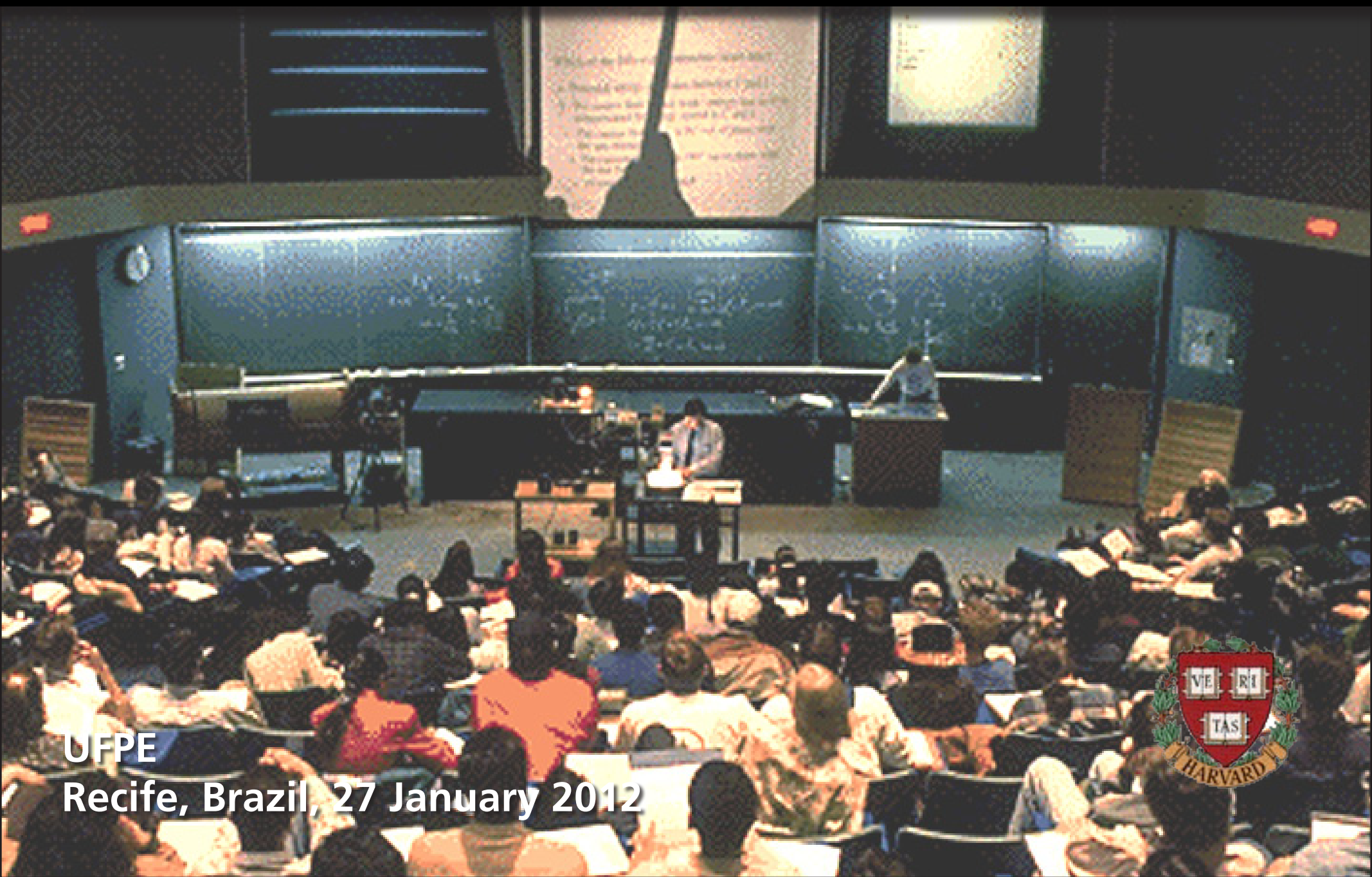
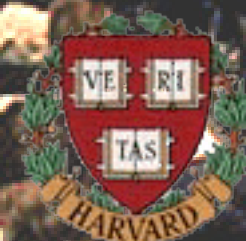


# Memorização ou compreensão: estamos ensinando o certo?



UFPE  
Recife, Brazil, 27 January 2012



# Get your clickers ready!



- no ON/OFF button
- only last “click” counts
- display shows recorded answer

# Get your clickers ready!



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# Get your clickers ready!



**unique ID on back of clicker**

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# How do we learn?

**Think of something you are good at — something that you know you do well.**

# How do we learn?

Think of something you are good at — something that you know you do well.

*How* did you become good at this?



# How do we learn?

Became good at it by:

1. trial and error
2. lectures
3. practicing
4. apprenticeship
5. other



# How we teach...





# Learning spaces





# Learning spaces





# Learning spaces

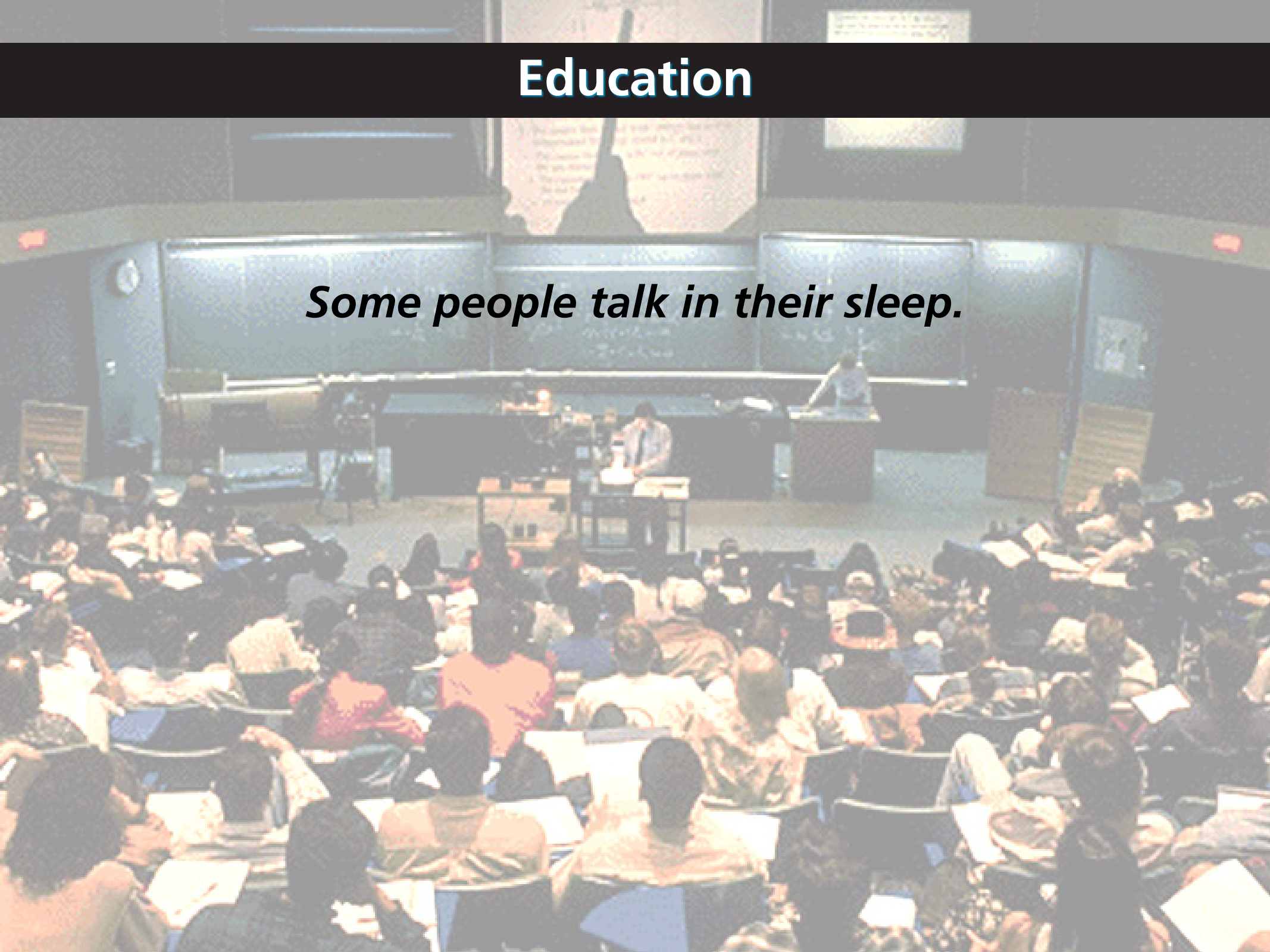


# Education



# Education

*Some people talk in their sleep.*

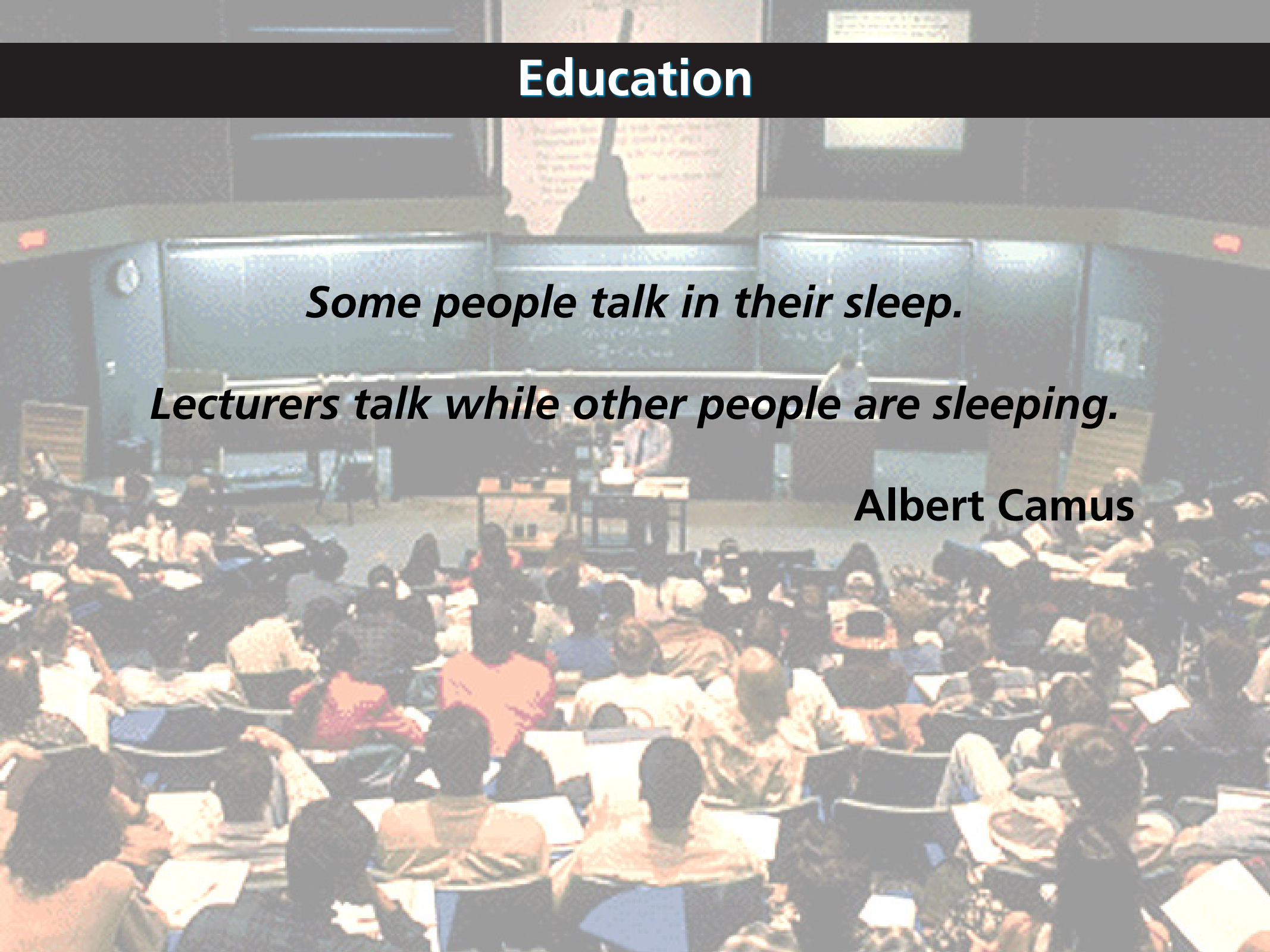


# Education

*Some people talk in their sleep.*

*Lecturers talk while other people are sleeping.*

**Albert Camus**



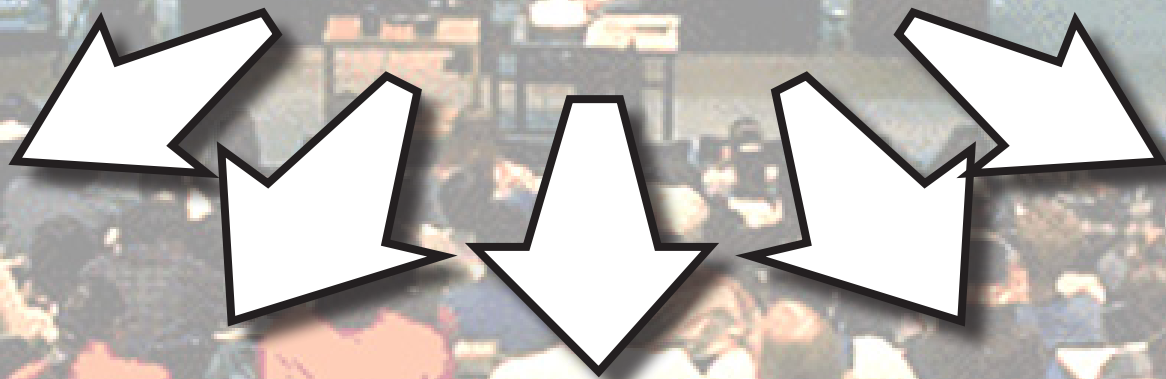


# Education



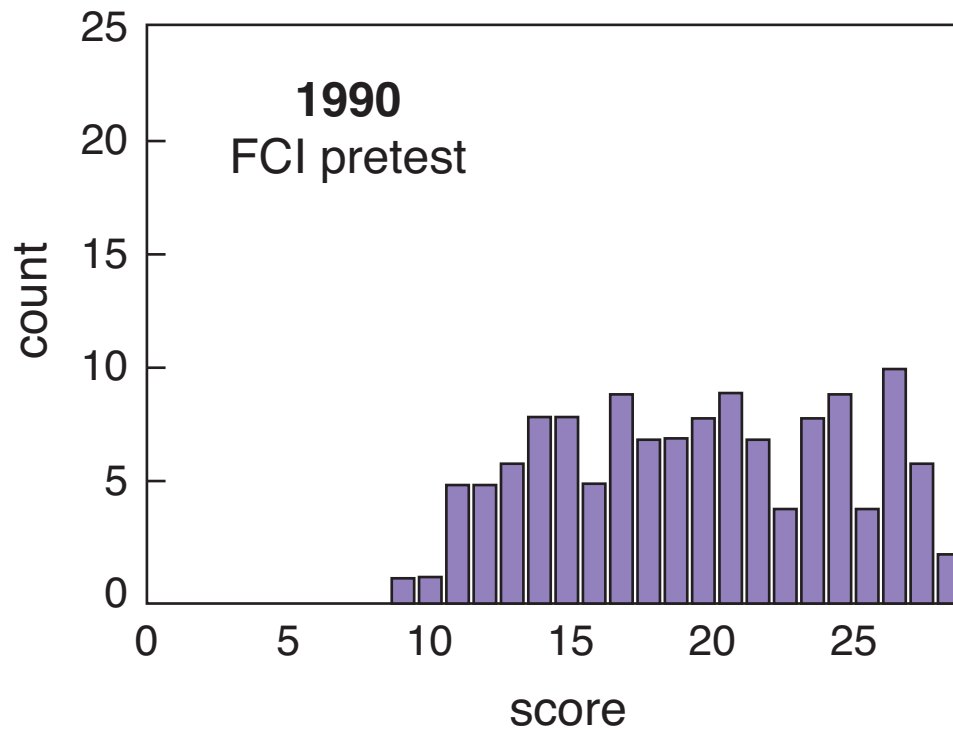
# Education

lectures focus on information transfer...



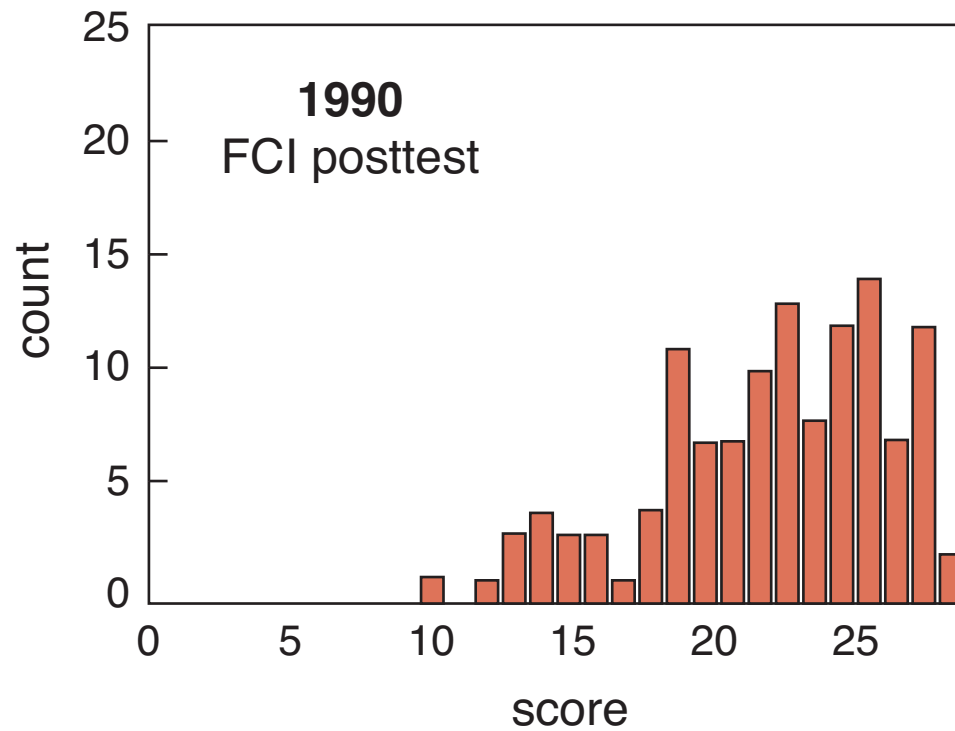
# Education

education is not just information transfer



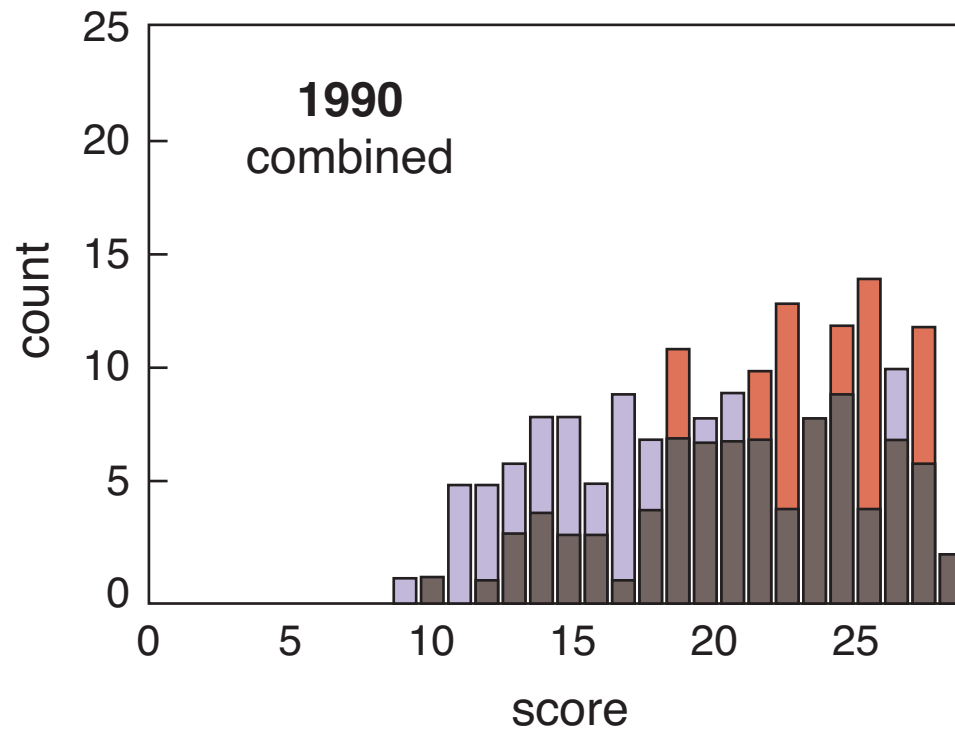
# Education

education is not just information transfer



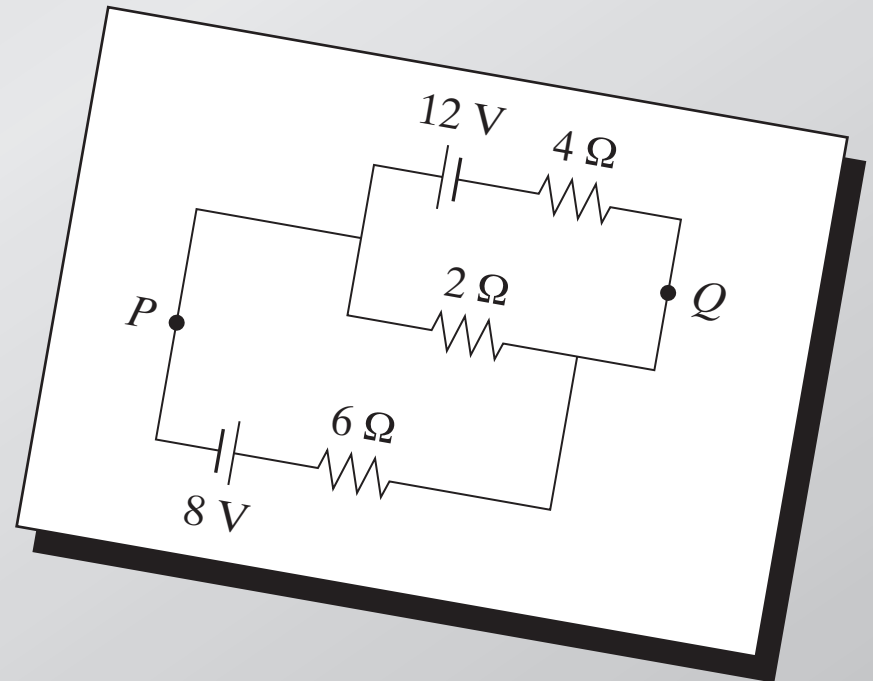
# Education

education is not just information transfer



# Education

conventional problems misleading





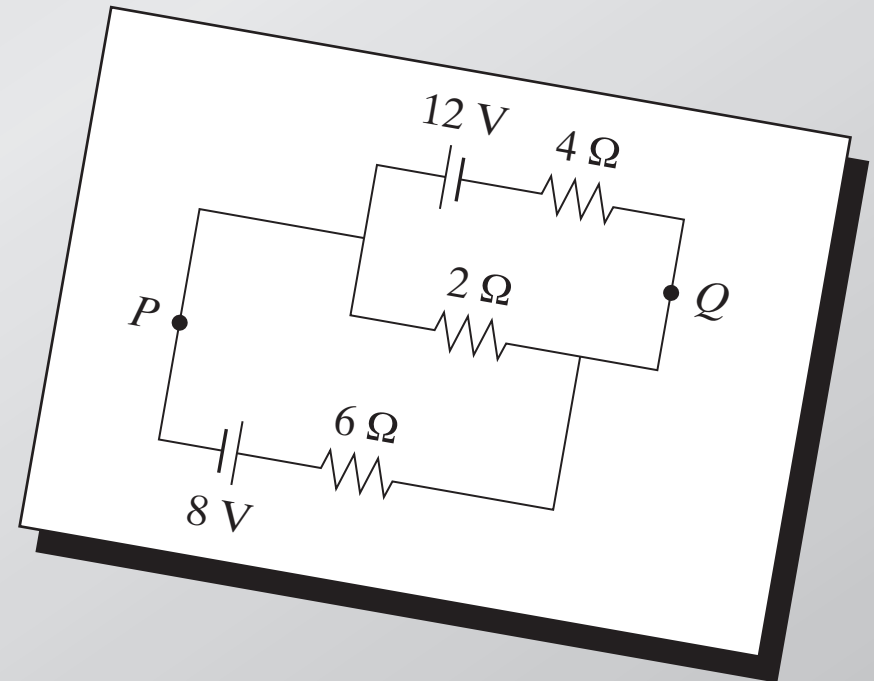
# Education

conventional problems misleading

Calculate:

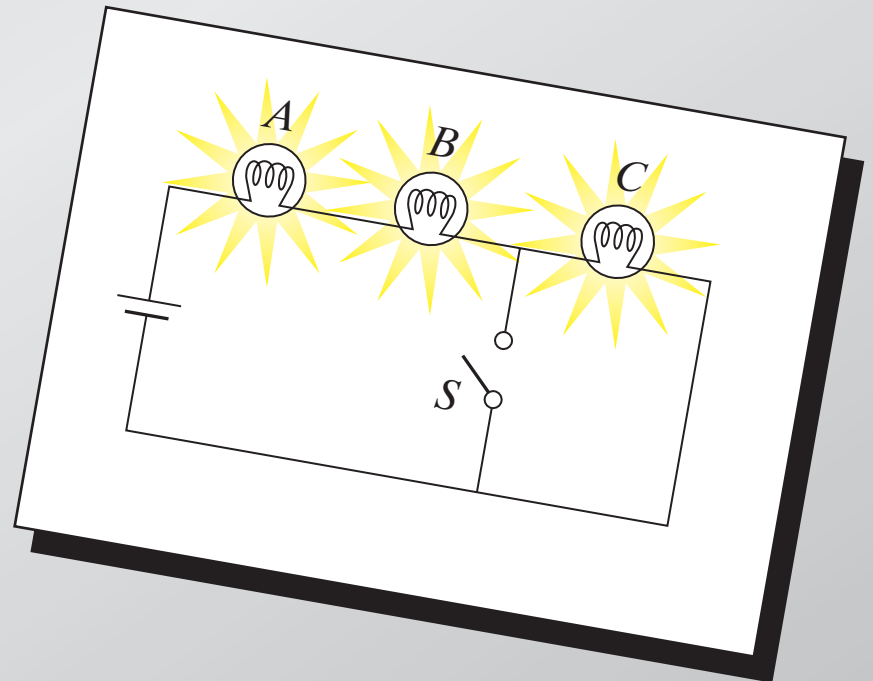
(a) current in  $2\text{-}\Omega$  resistor

(b) potential difference  
between  $P$  and  $Q$



# Education

are the basic principles understood?

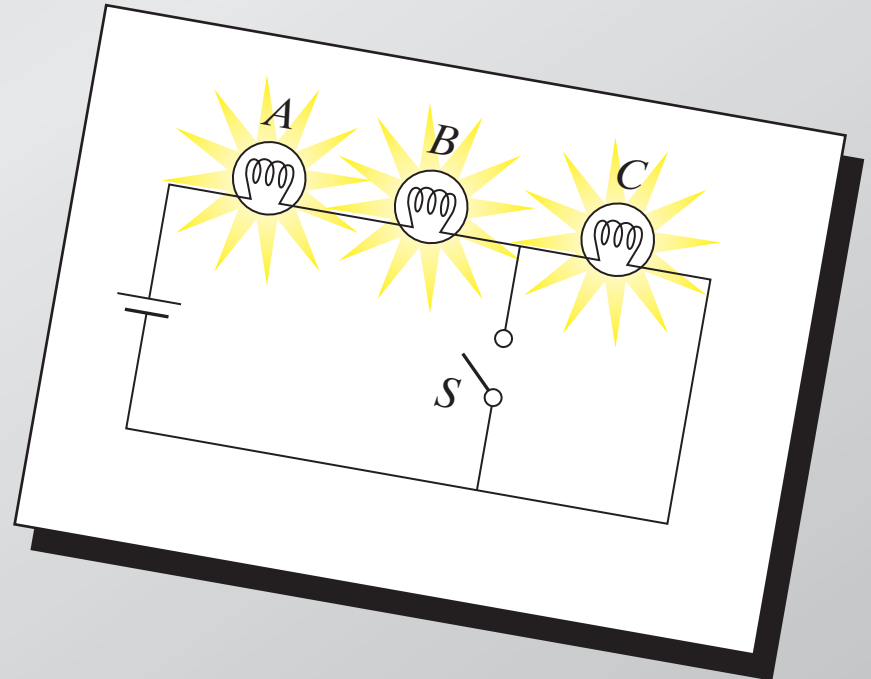


# Education

are the basic principles understood?

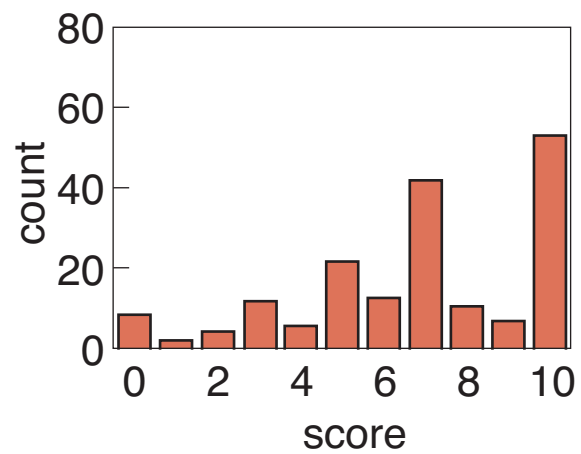
When  $S$  is closed, what happens to:

- (a) intensities of  $A$  and  $B$ ?
- (b) intensity of  $C$ ?
- (c) current through battery?
- (d) potential difference across  
 $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ ?
- (e) the total power dissipated?

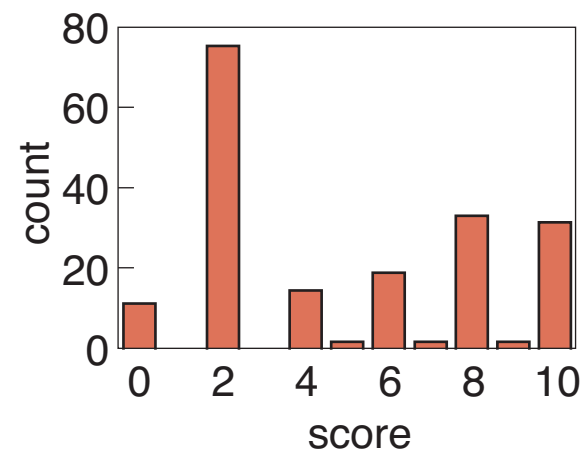


# Education

**conventional**

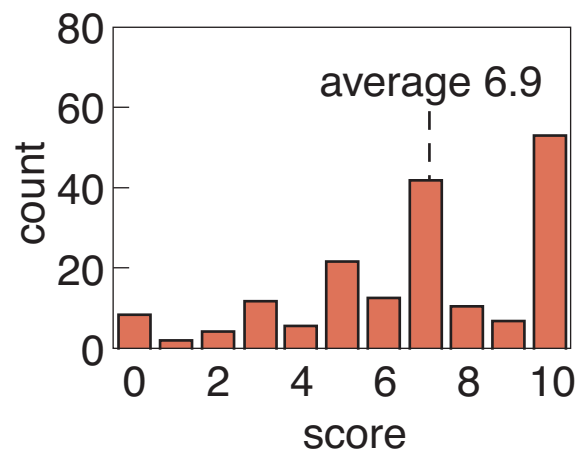


**conceptual**

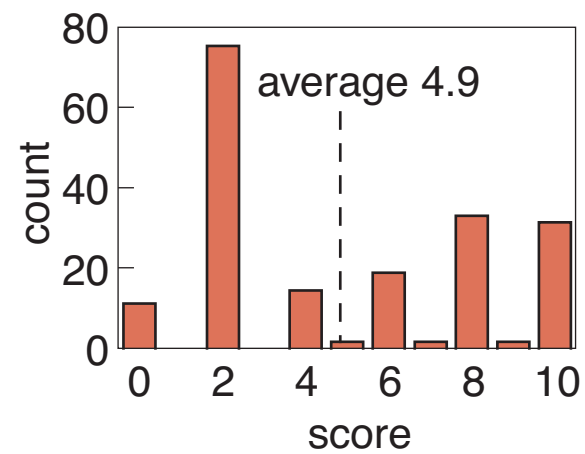


# Education

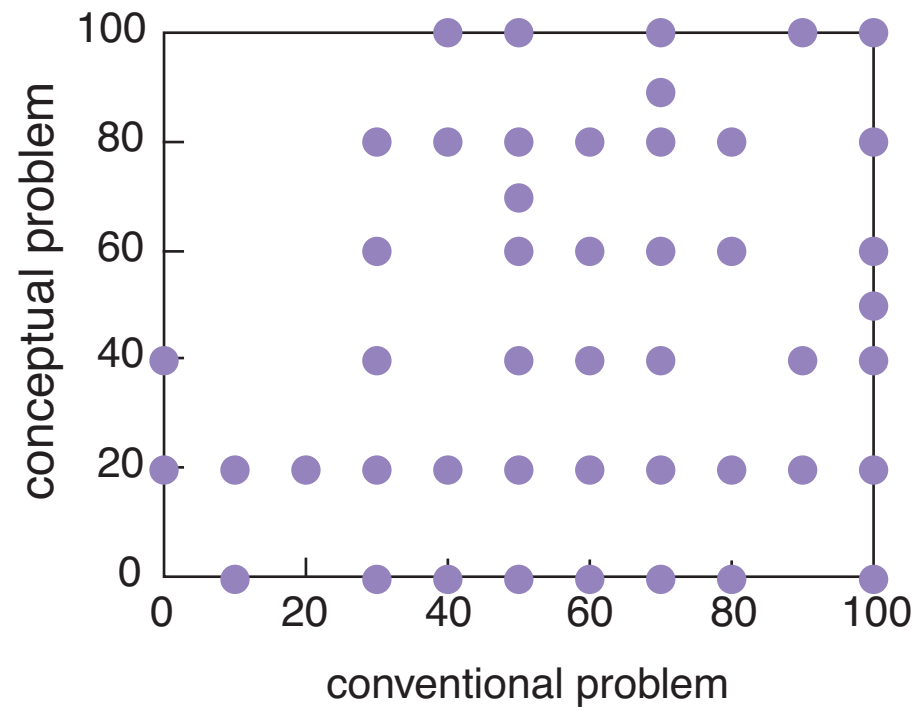
**conventional**



**conceptual**

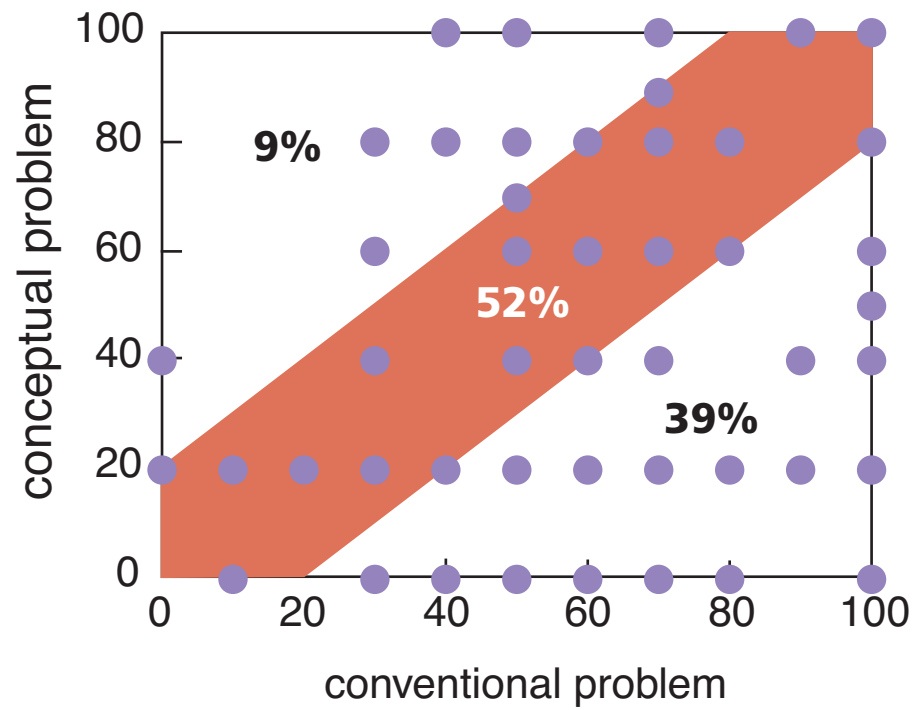


# Education





# Education



So what should we do?



# Peer Instruction

**Give students more responsibility for gathering information...**

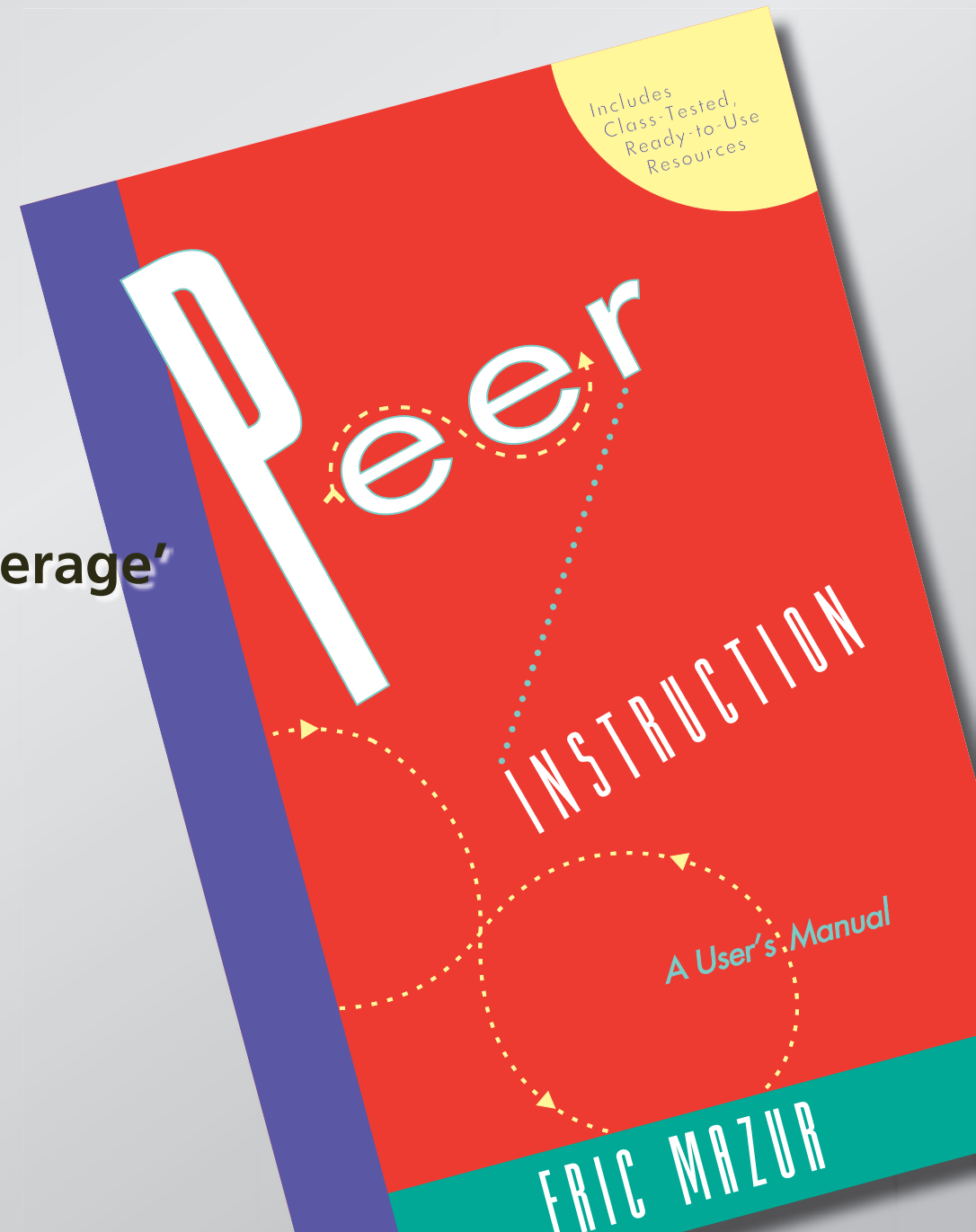
# Peer Instruction

**Give students more responsibility for gathering information...  
so we can better help them assimilate it.**

# Peer Instruction

## Main features:

- pre-class reading
- in-class: depth, not 'coverage'
- ConcepTests



# Peer Instruction

**ConcepTest:**

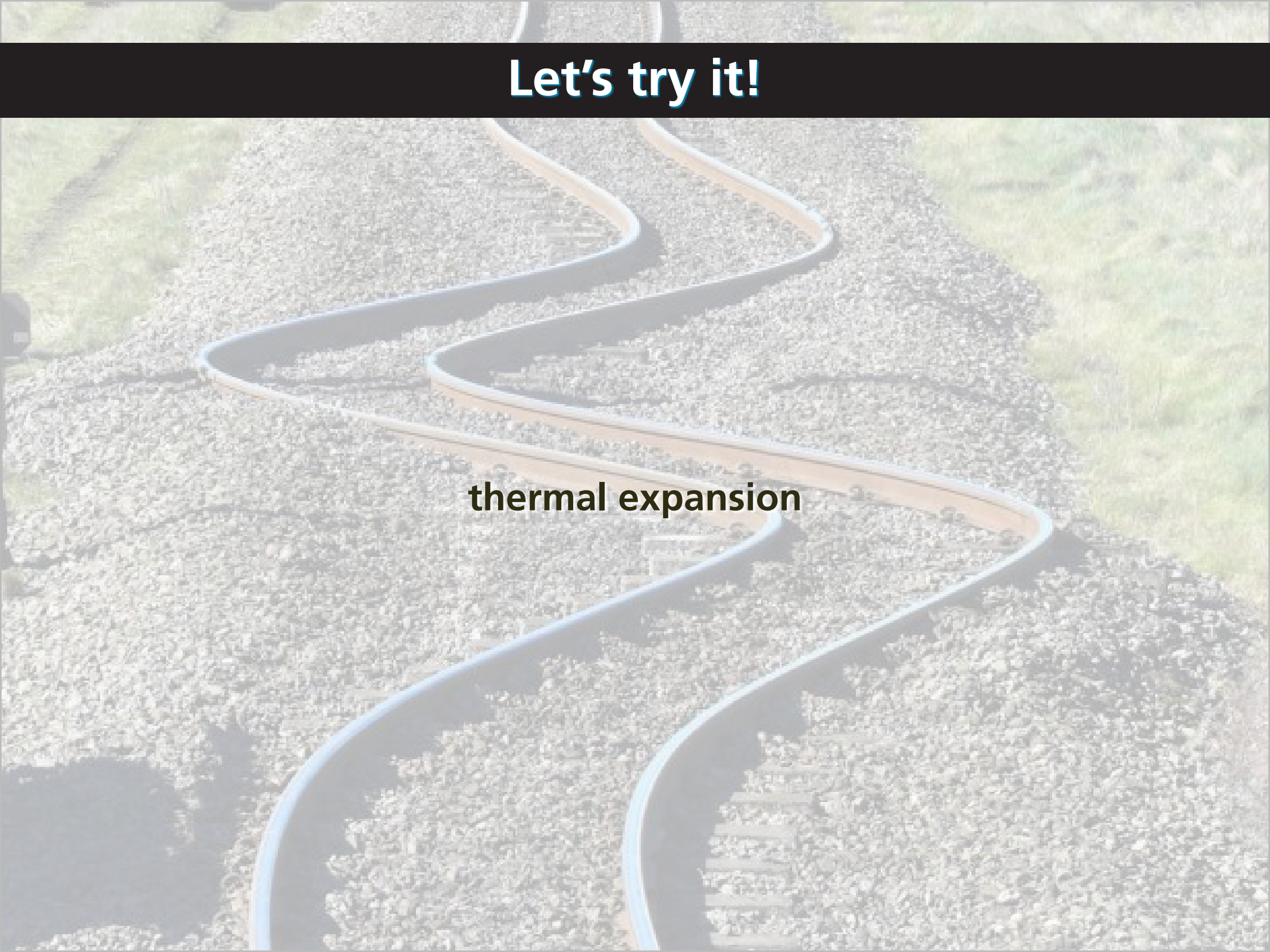
- 1. Question**
- 2. Thinking**
- 3. Individual answer**
- 4. Peer discussion**
- 5. Revised/Group answer**
- 6. Explanation**





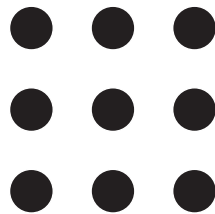
**Let's try it!**

**thermal expansion**



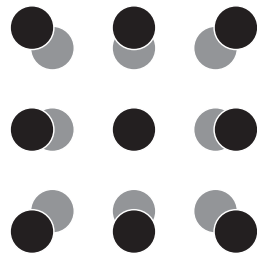
# Let's try it!

**When metals heat up, they expand because all atoms get farther away from each other.**



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# Let's try it!

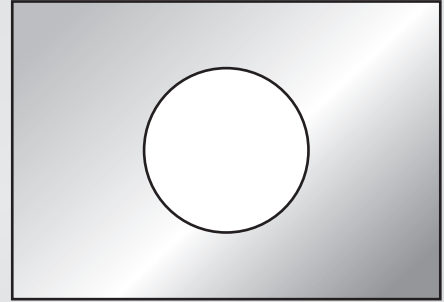
When metals heat up, they expand because all atoms get farther away from each other.

all of them

A 3x3 grid of black dots on a white square background, representing atoms. The dots are arranged in three rows and three columns, with a small gap between the middle and bottom rows in the center column.

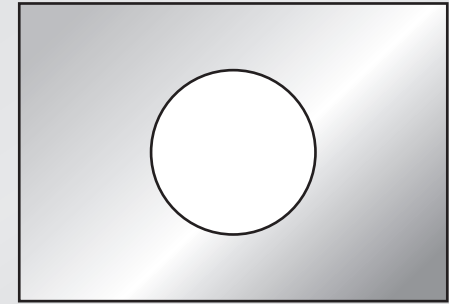
# Let's try it!

Consider a rectangular metal plate with a circular hole in it.



# Let's try it!

Consider a rectangular metal plate with a circular hole in it.



When the plate is uniformly heated, the diameter of the hole

1. increases.
2. stays the same.
3. decreases.



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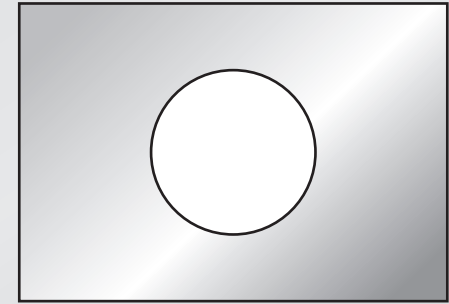
**you got all fired up!**





# Let's try it!

Consider a rectangular metal plate with a circular hole in it.



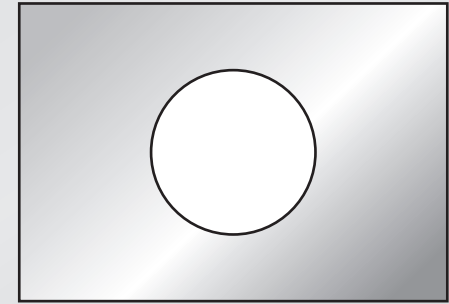
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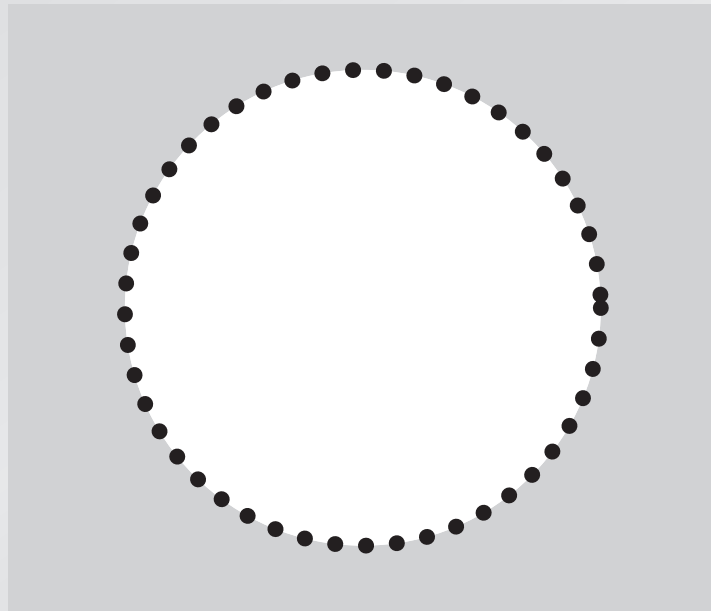
When the plate is uniformly heated, the diameter of the hole

- 1. increases. ✓
- 2. stays the same.
- 3. decreases.



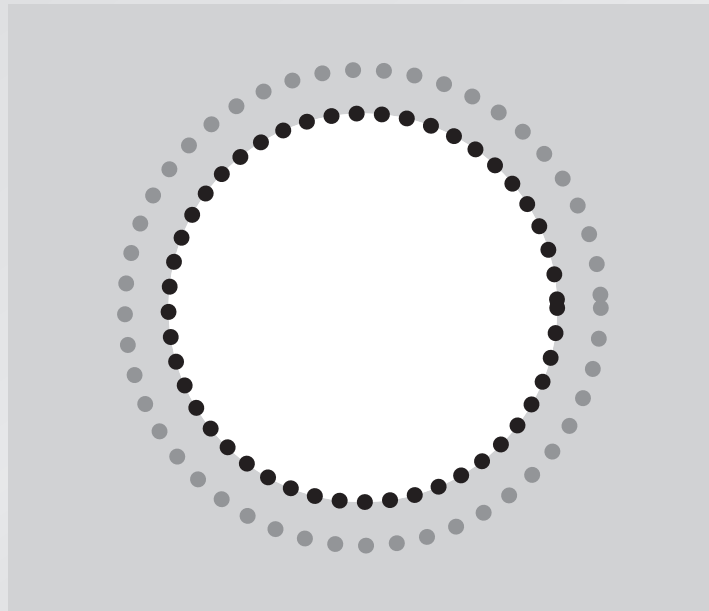
# Let's try it!

consider the atoms at the rim of the hole



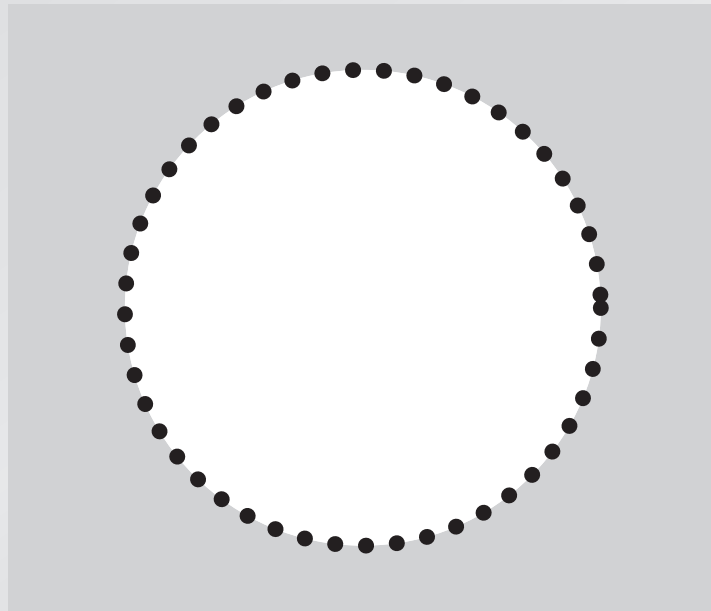
# Let's try it!

consider the atoms at the rim of the hole



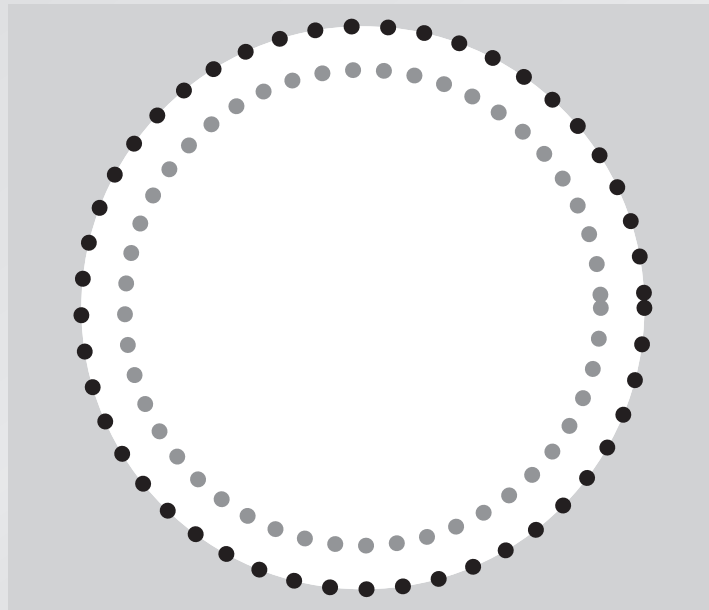
# Let's try it!

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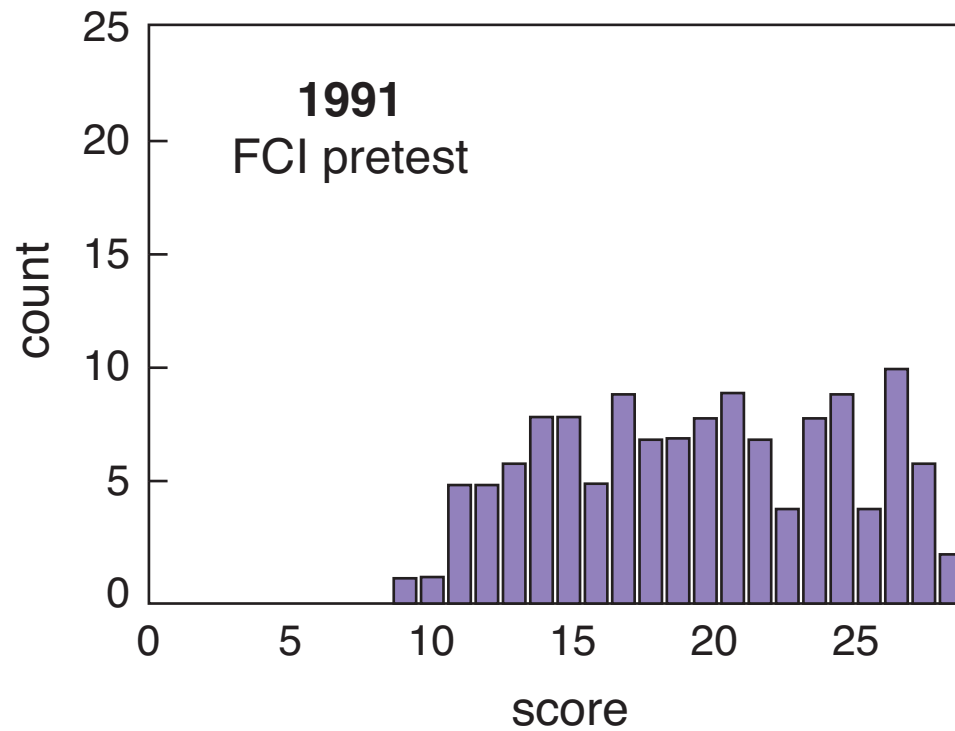
# Results

**is it any good?**



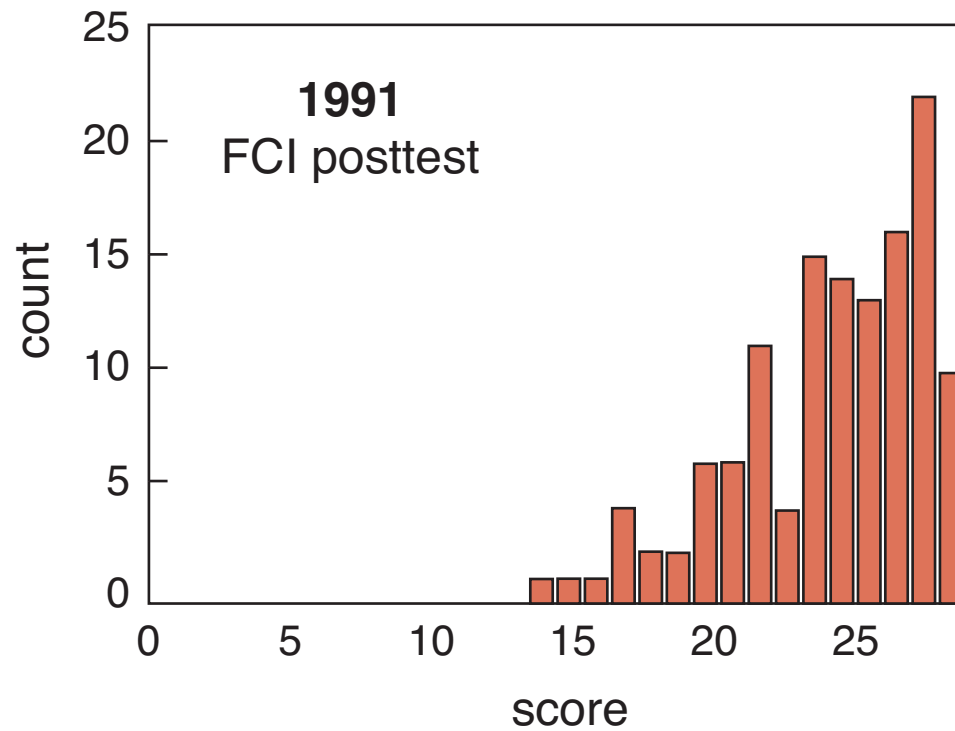
# Results

first year of implementing PI



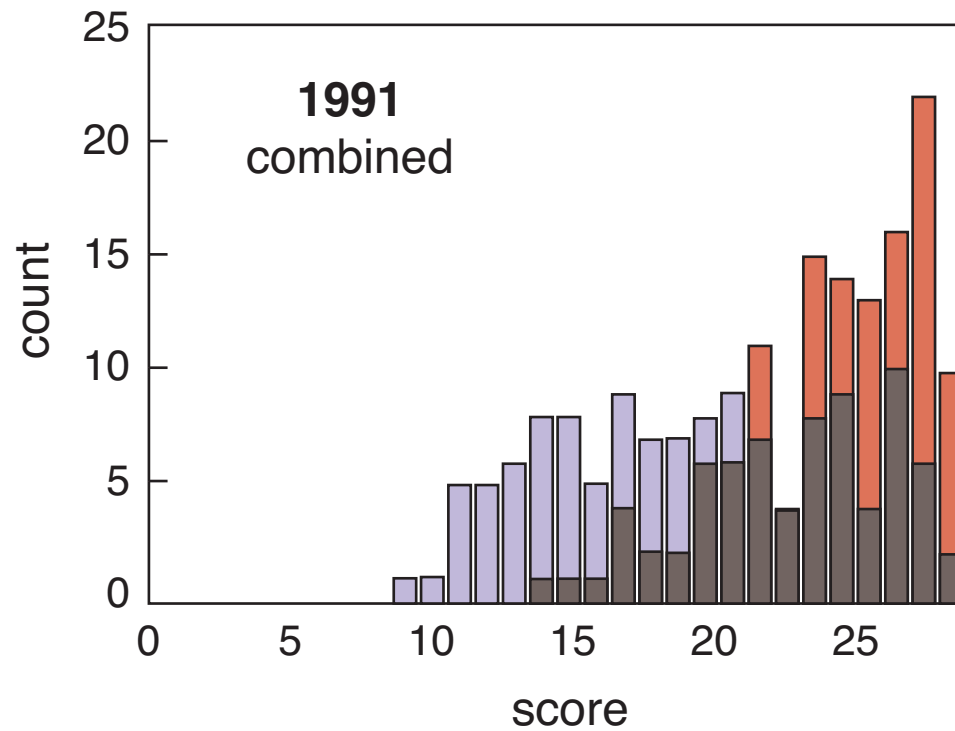
# Results

## first year of implementing PI



# Results

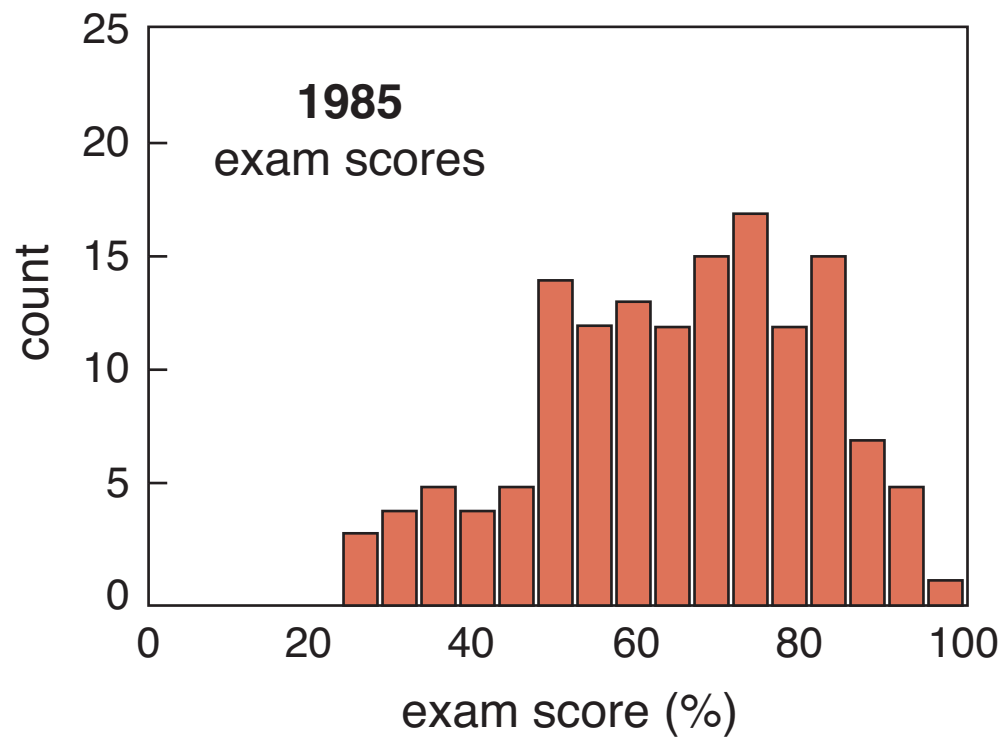
first year of implementing PI



# Results

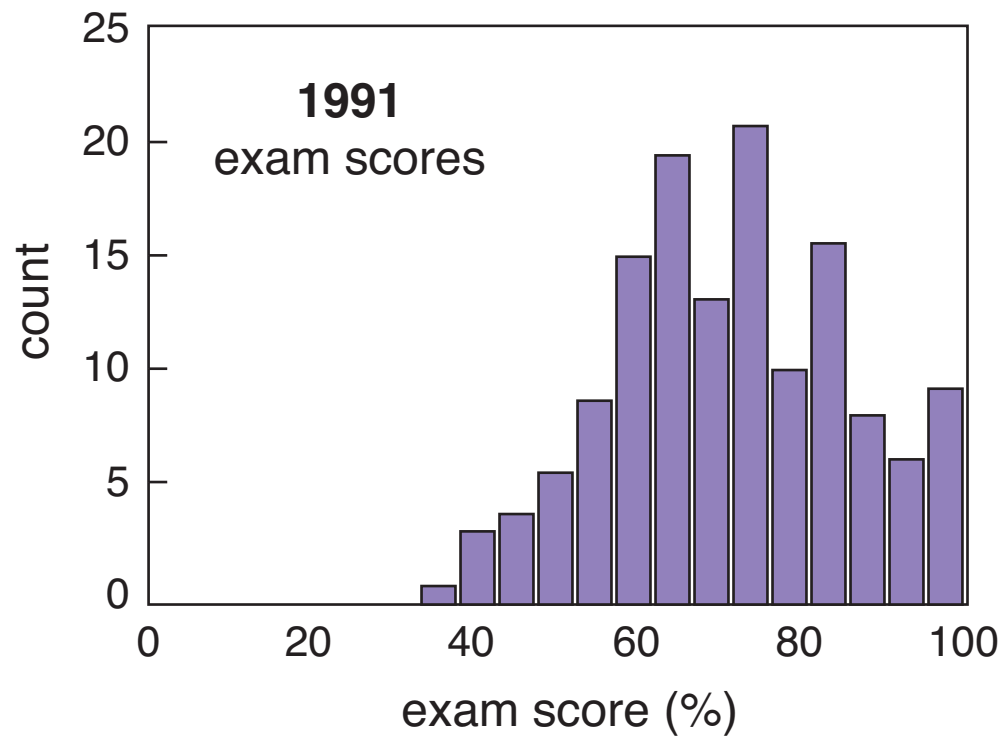
**what about problem solving?**

# Results

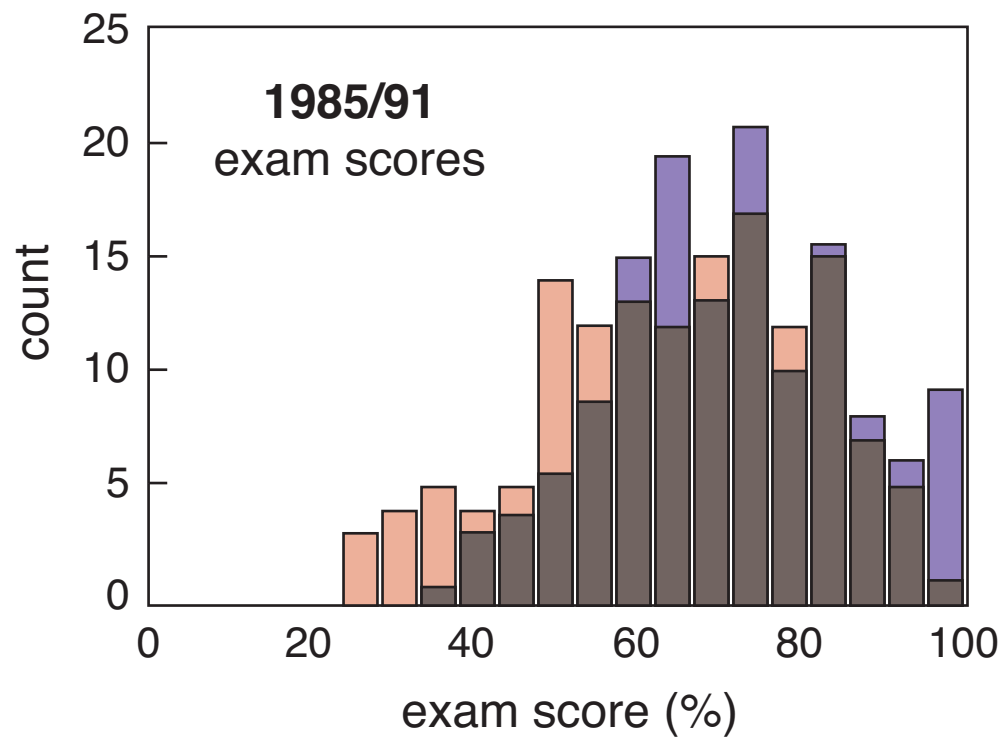




# Results



# Results



# Conclusion

**So better understanding leads to better  
problem solving!**

# Conclusion

**So better understanding leads to better problem solving!**

**(but “good” problem solving doesn’t always indicate understanding!)**

**Funding:**

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