#### **Peer Instruction**

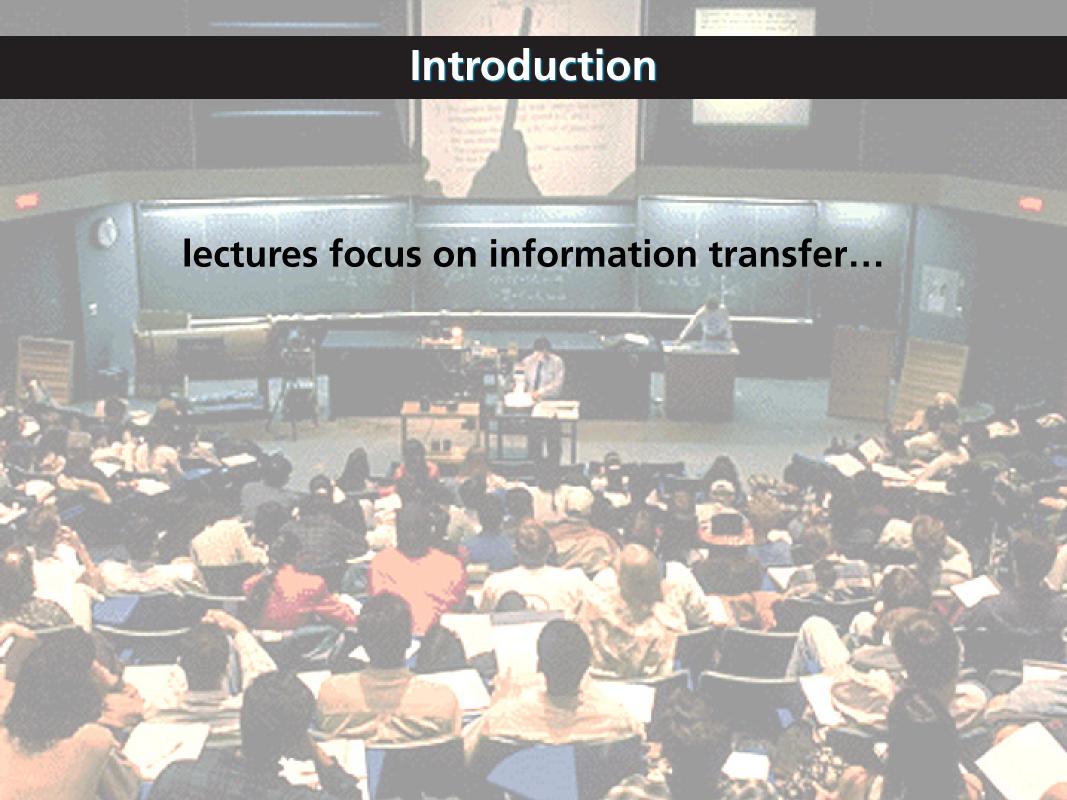


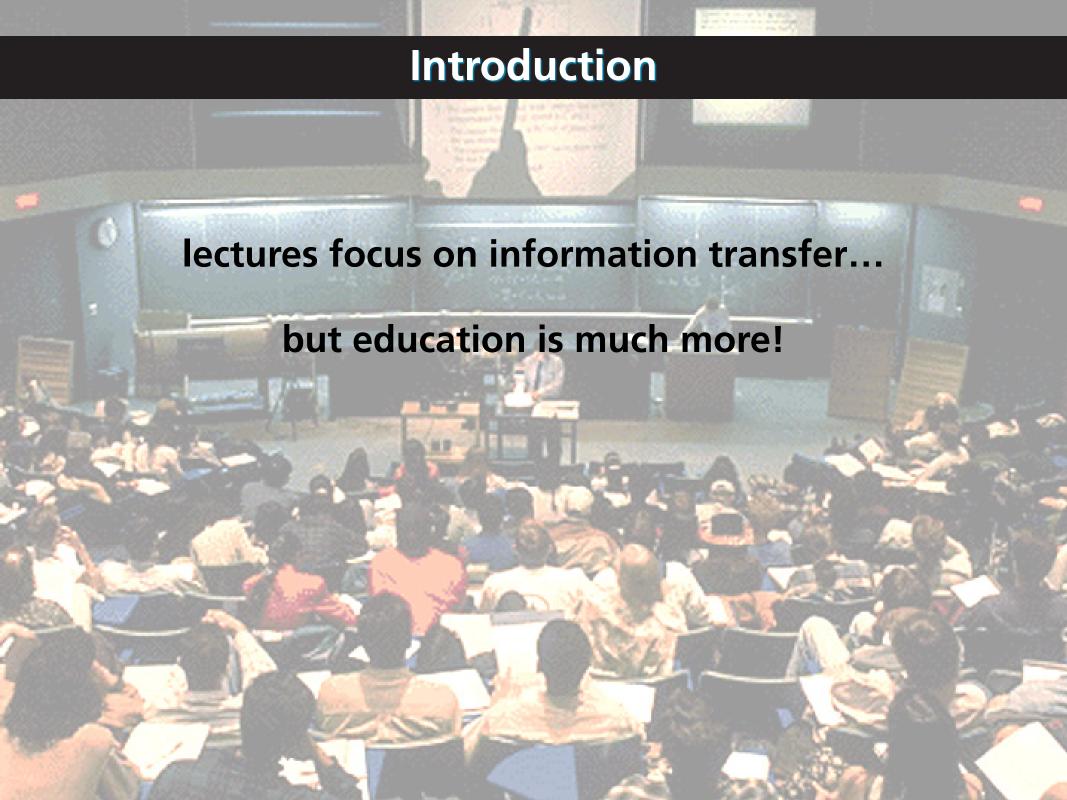


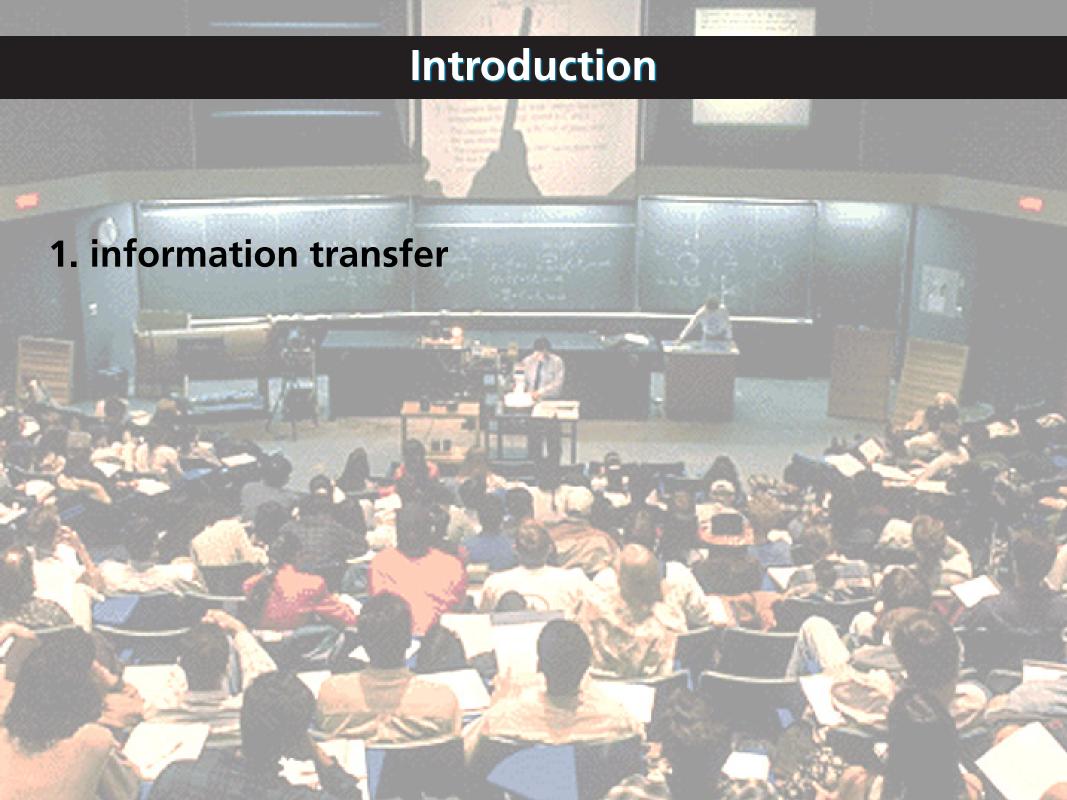
#### **Peer Instruction**

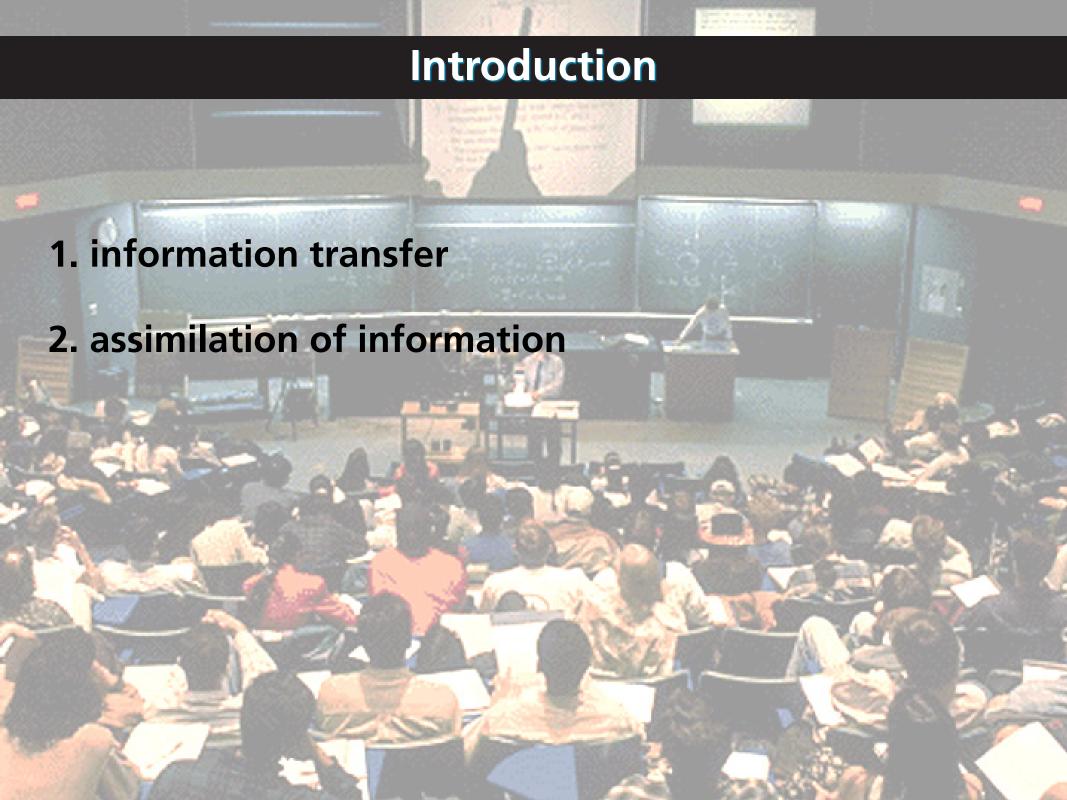


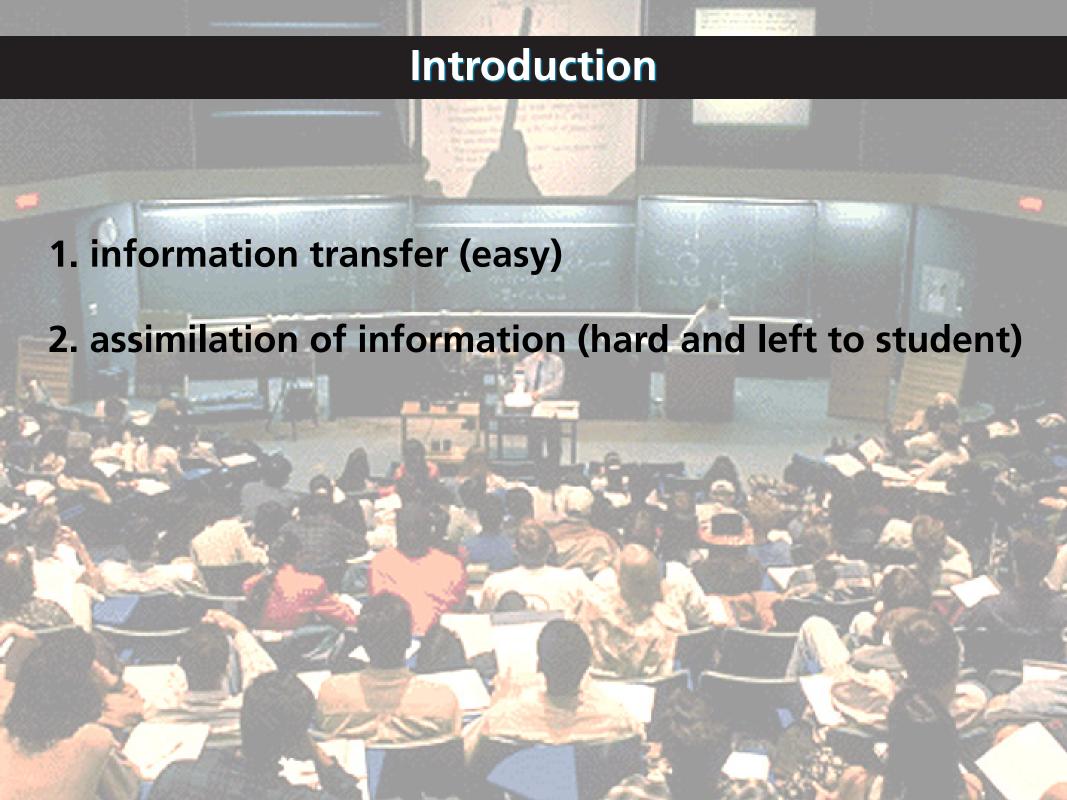












### Introduction

Solution: move information transfer out of classroom!

### Introduction

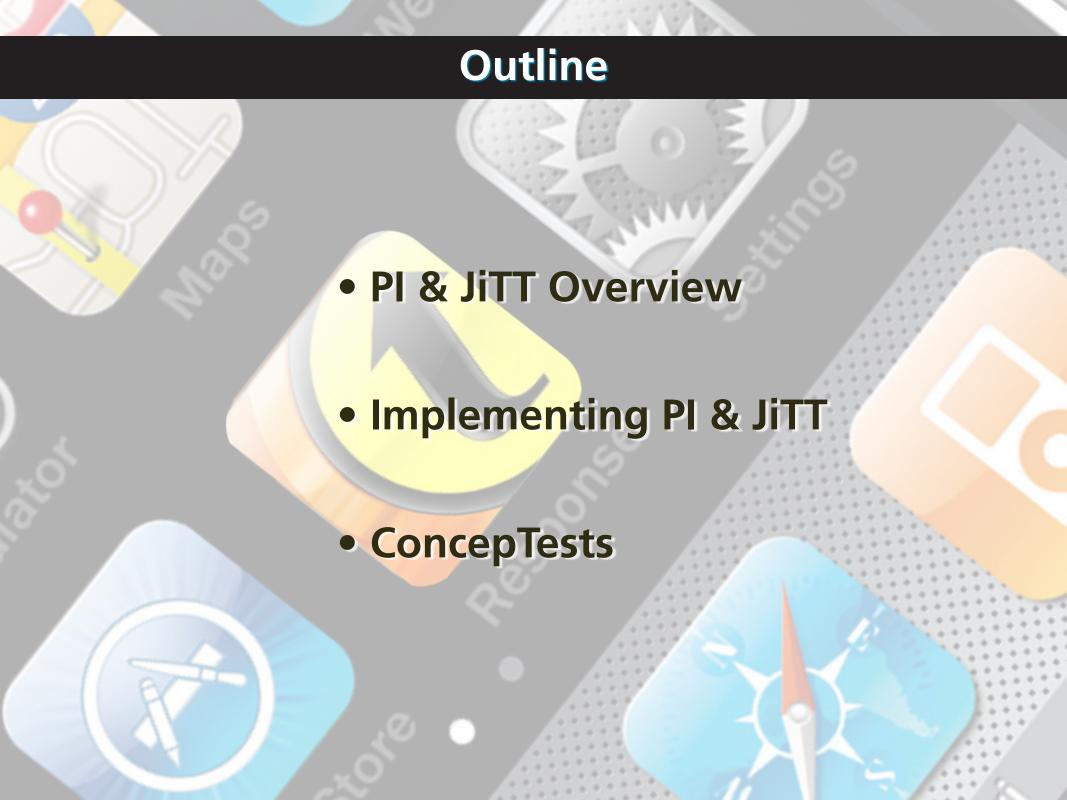
How to move information transfer out of classroom?

#### Introduction

How to move information transfer out of classroom?

Use JiTT (before class) and PI (in class)!





"How can I be sure that my students will prepare for class?"

Students do not come to class prepared, because...

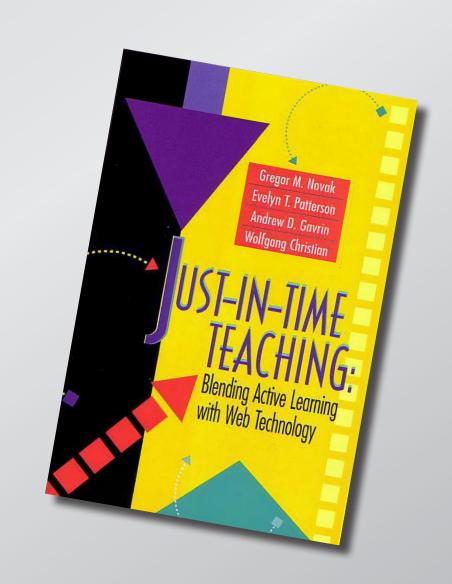
- 1. they don't have time.
- 2. they are not motivated to learn.
- 3. their instructors take away the incentive.
- 4. they do not have the requisite skills.
- 5. of some other reason.
- 6. They do come prepared in my class!

(select what you consider to be the main reason)



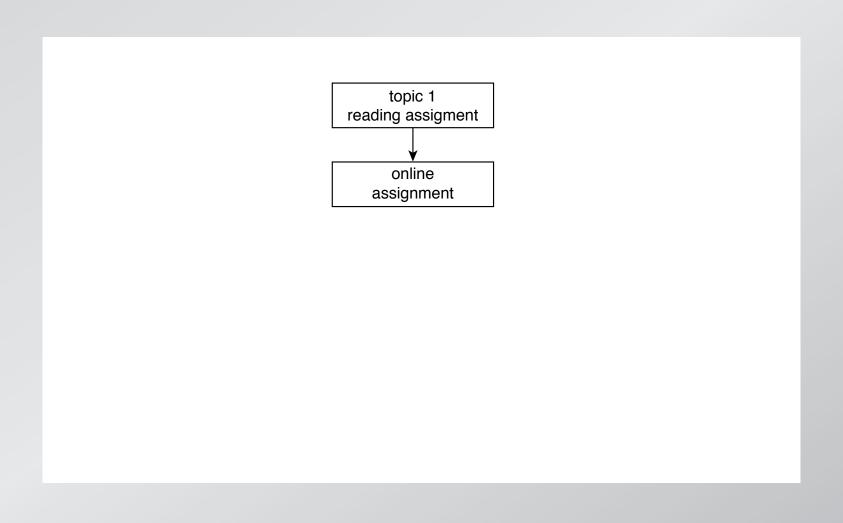
Just-in-time-Teaching (JiTT)

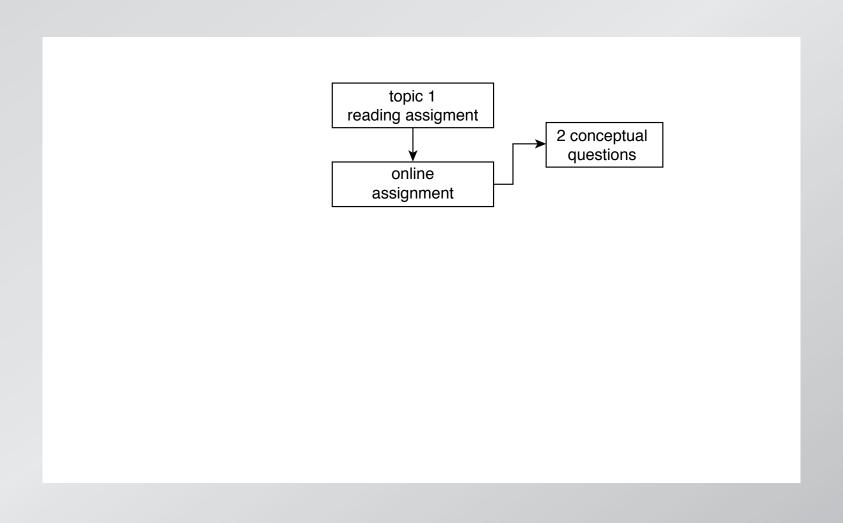
www.jitt.org

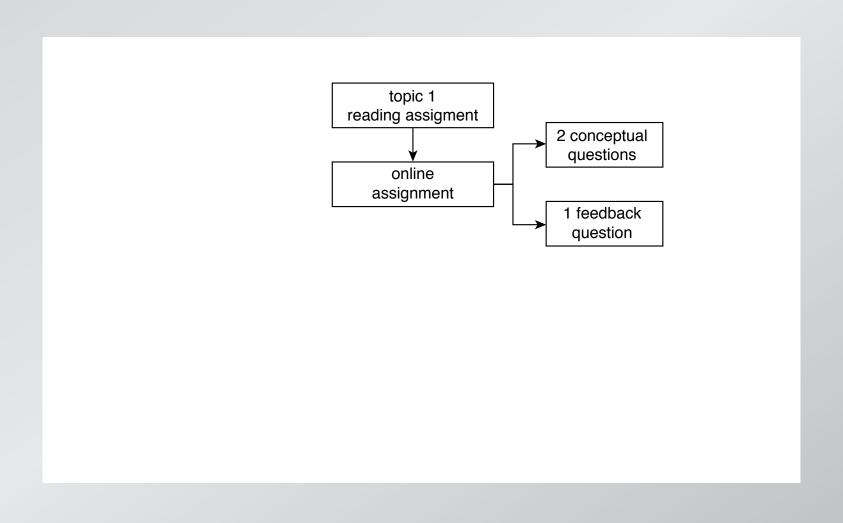


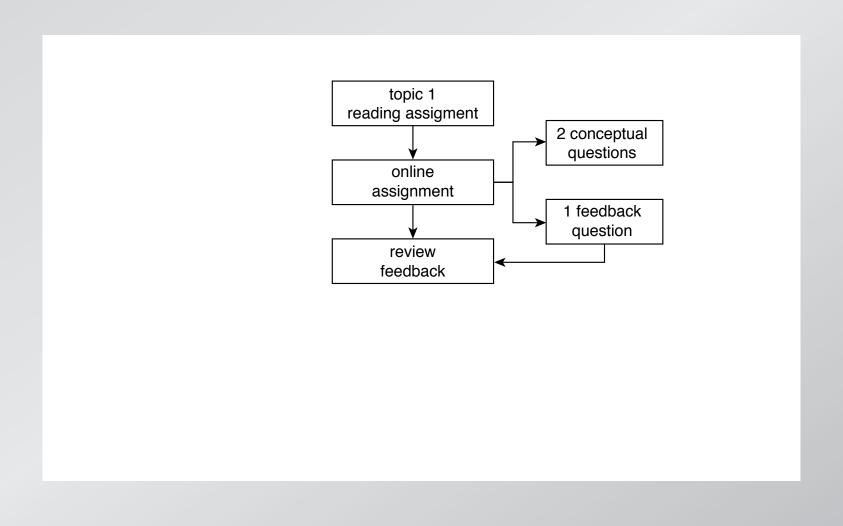
#### JiTT workflow

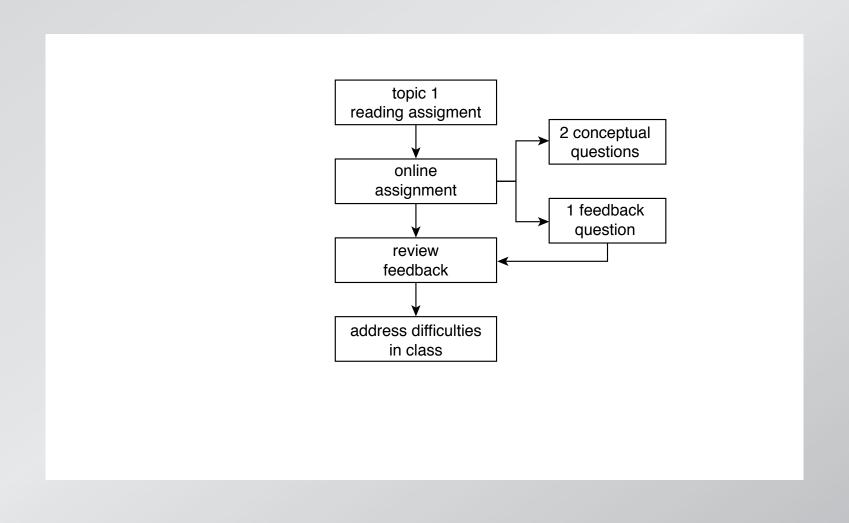
topic 1 reading assigment

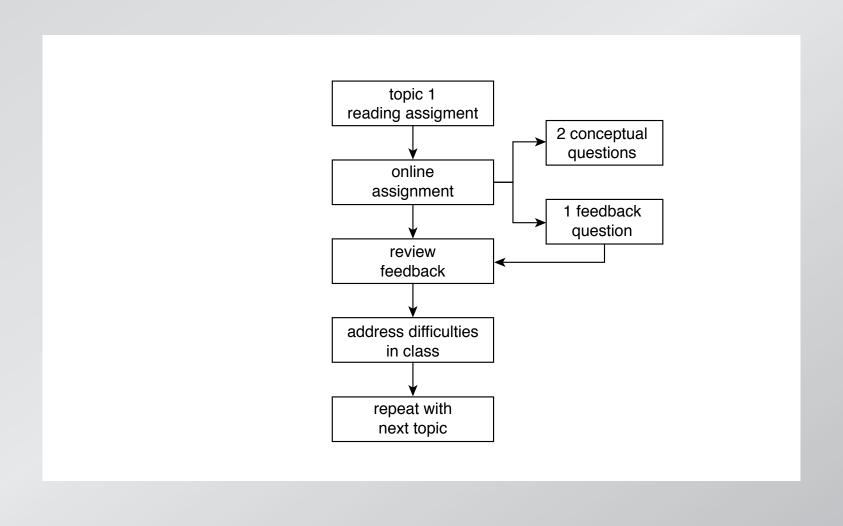








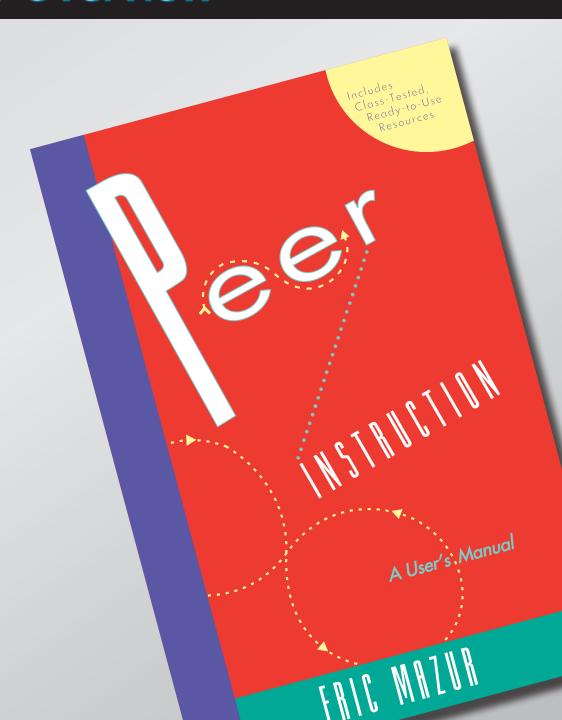




#### JiTT:

- prepares you for class
- prepares students for class
- helps you address student difficulties

Peer Instruction (PI)

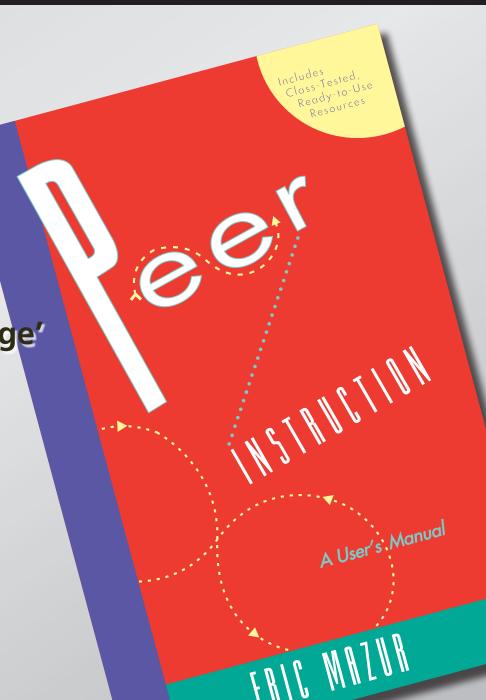


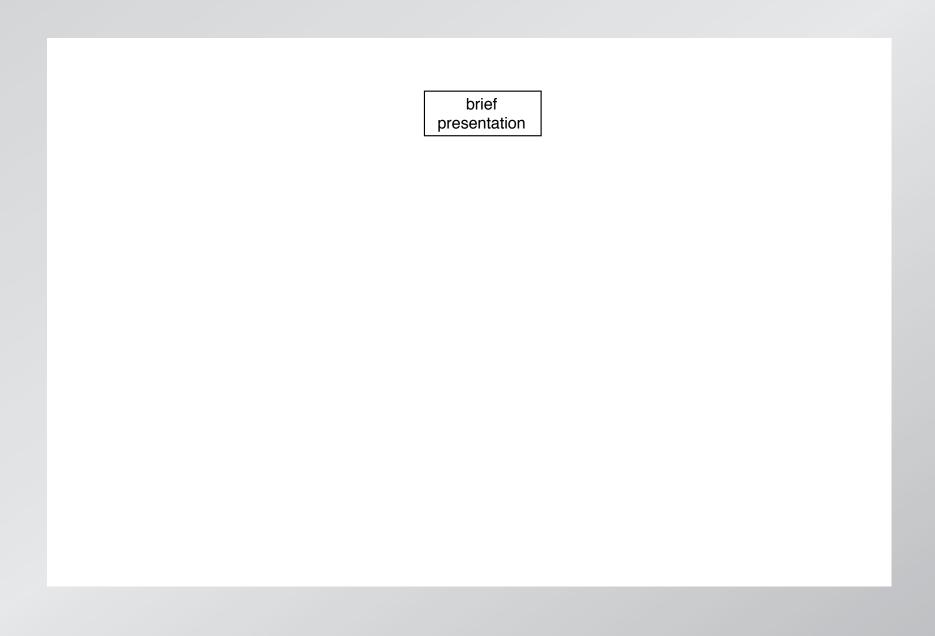
#### Main features:

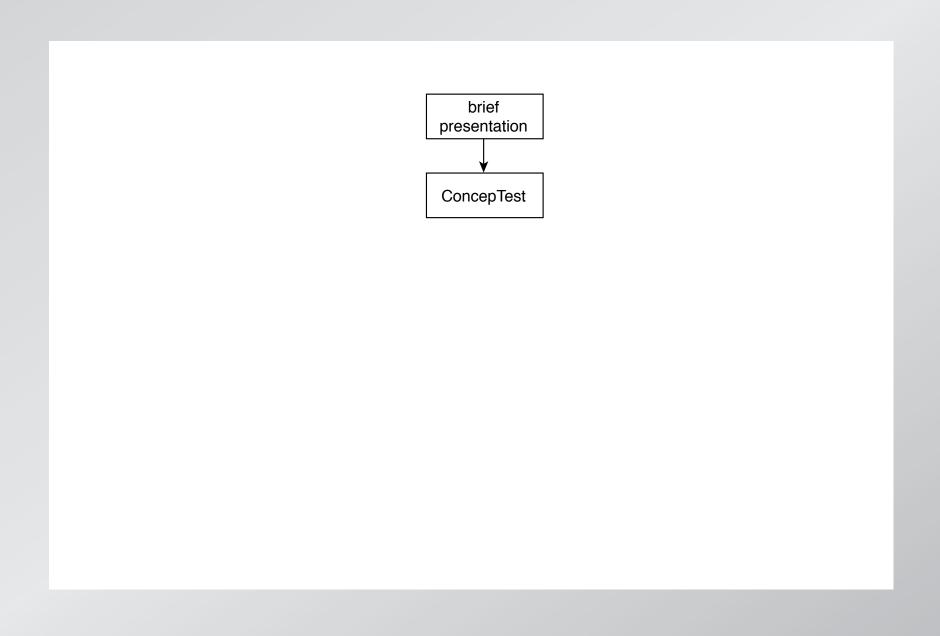
• pre-class assignment

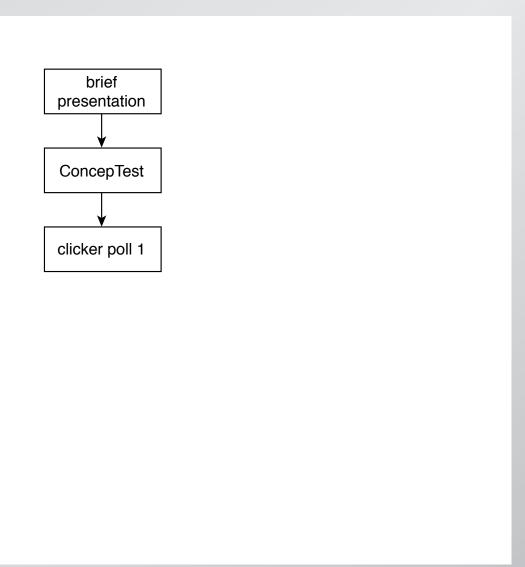
in-class: depth, not 'coverage'

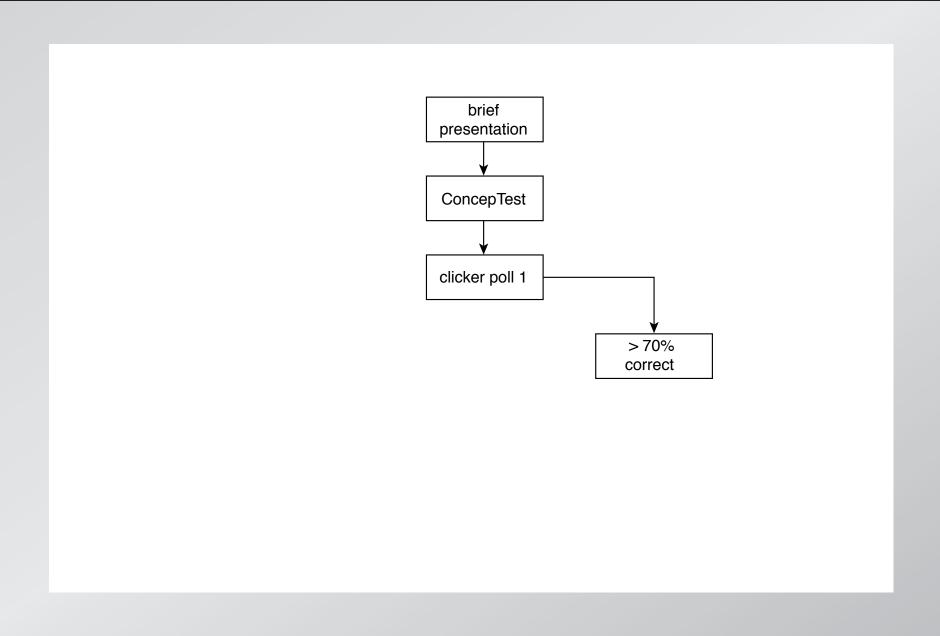
ConcepTests

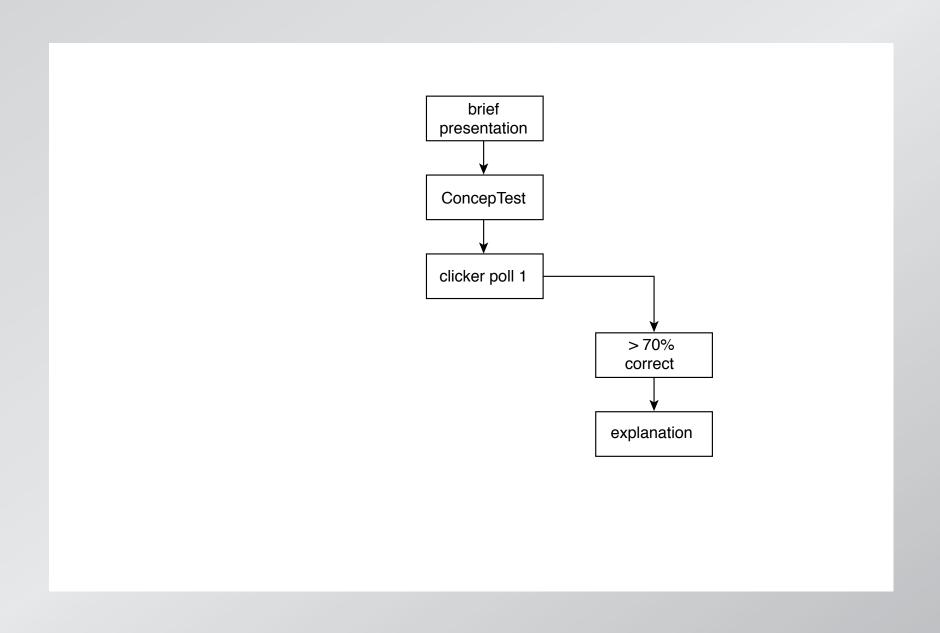


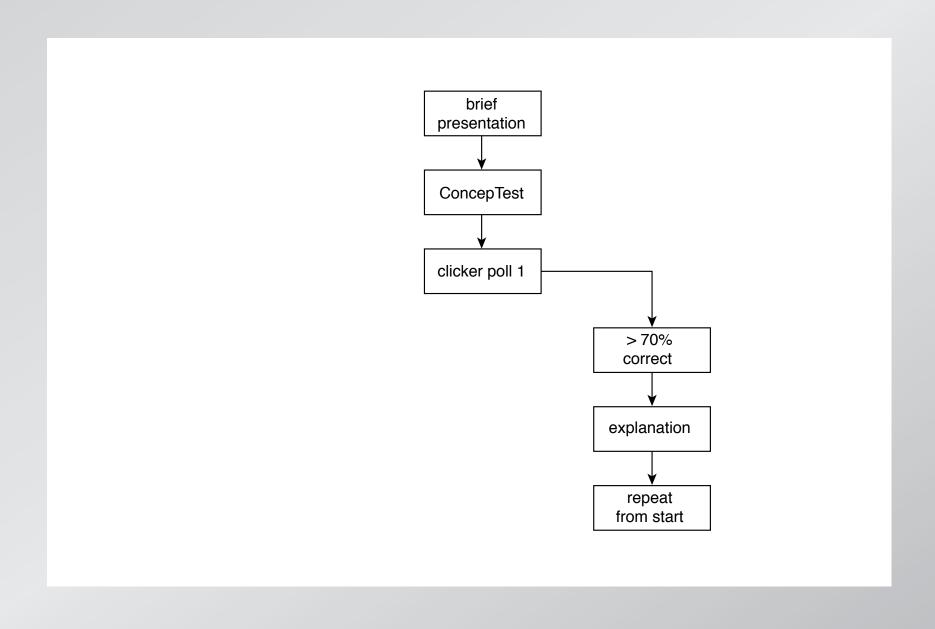


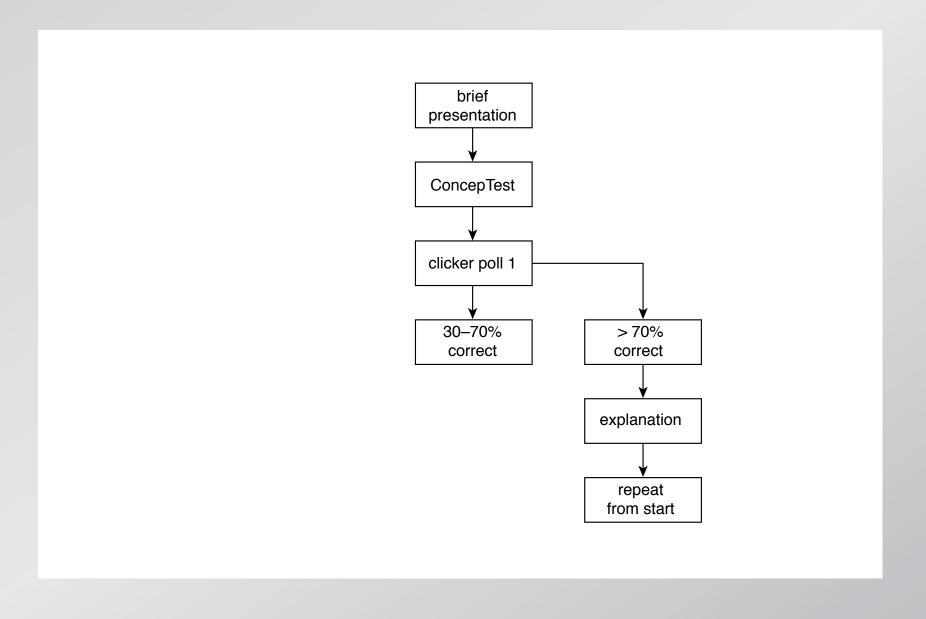


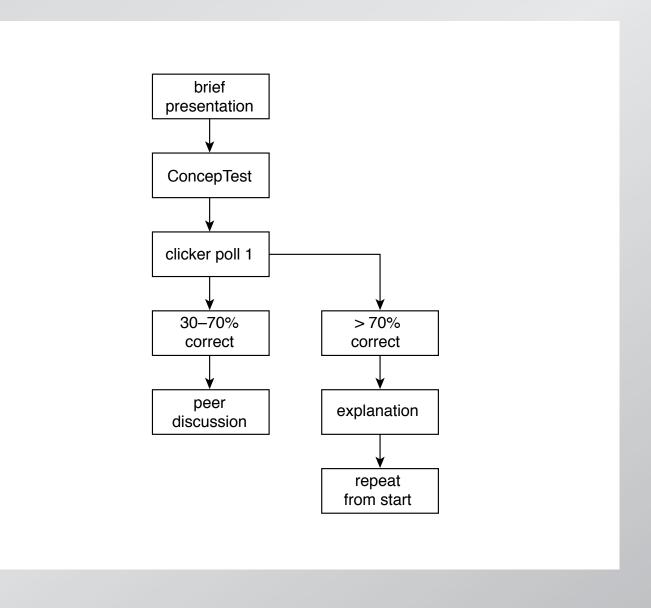


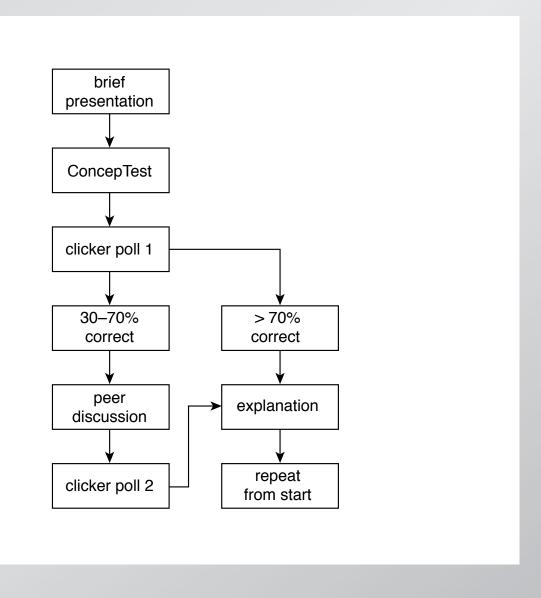


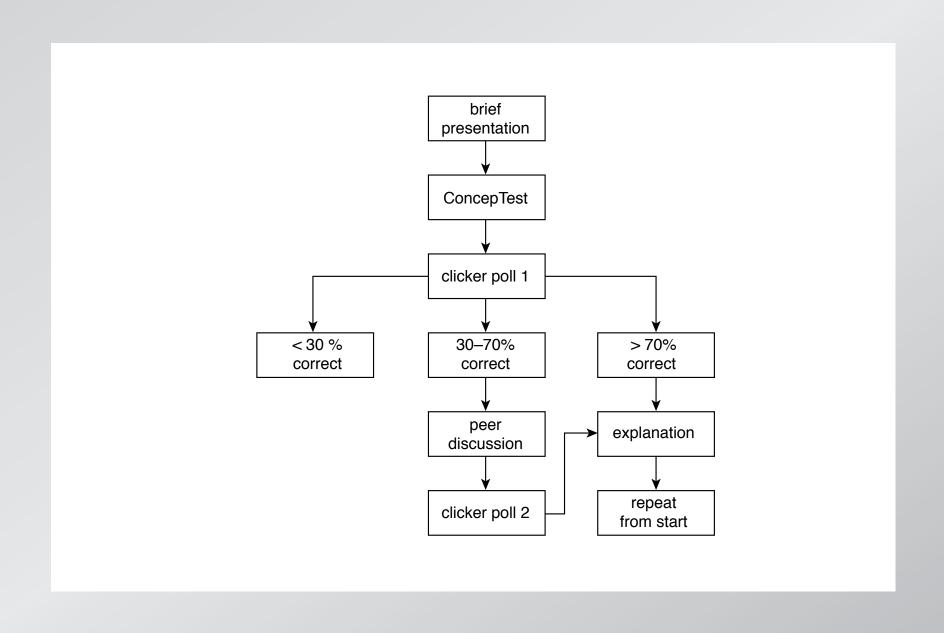


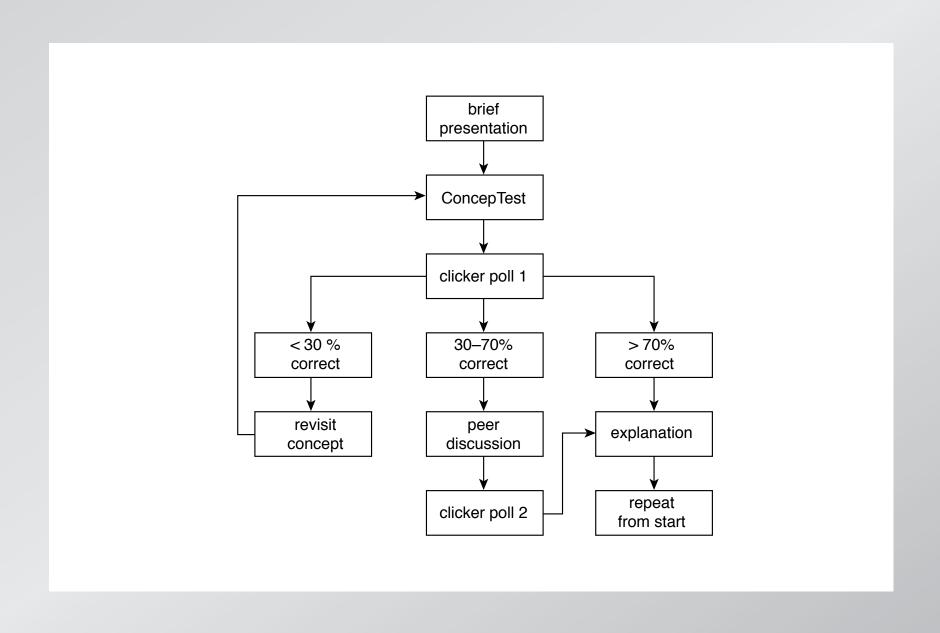


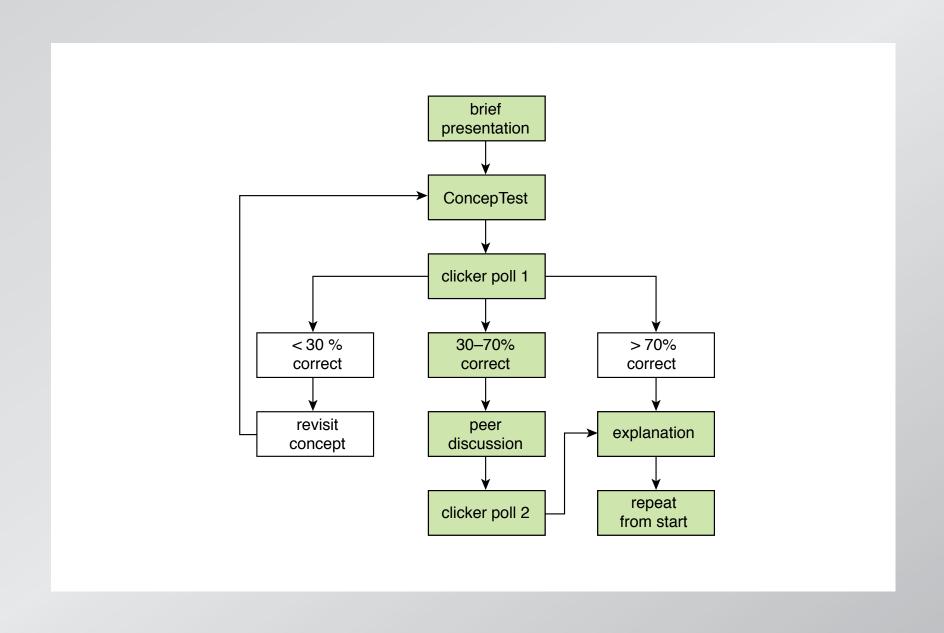








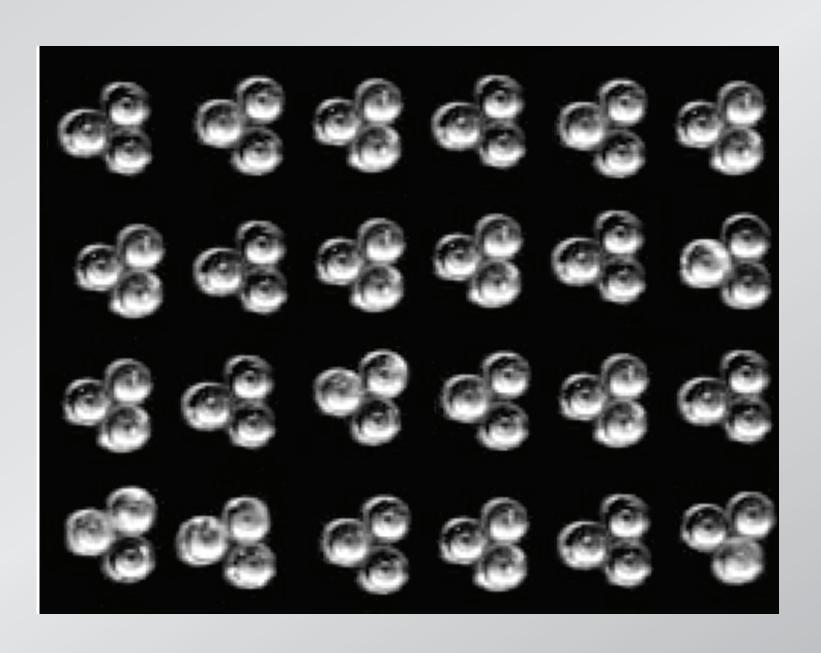




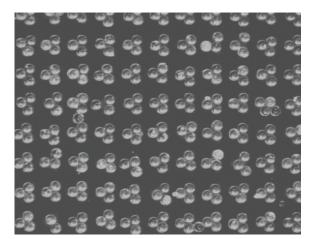
#### PI:

- helps students overcome difficulties
- encourages deep learning
- provides depth, not "coverage"
- helps you become aware of misconceptions

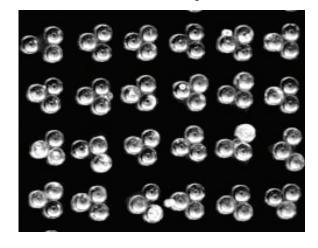
"Can this method be used in my class, where questions don't necessarily have right answers?"



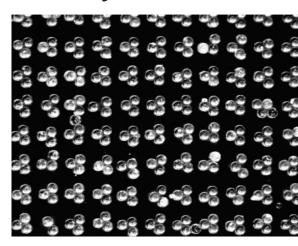




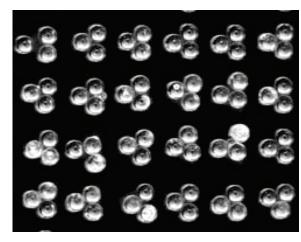
3. crop



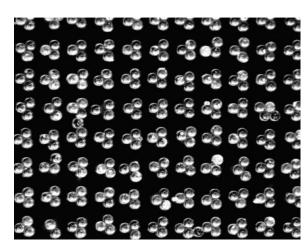
1. adjust contrast



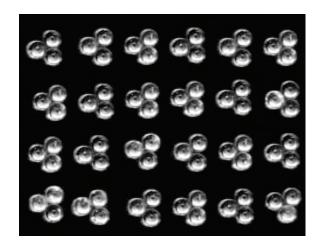
4. remove outliers



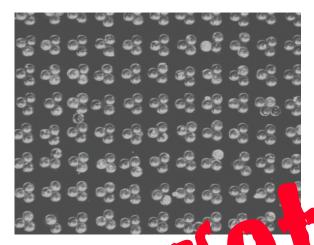
2. remove blemishes



5. reconstruct



#### original



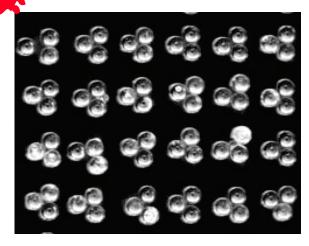
3 00



1. adjust contrast



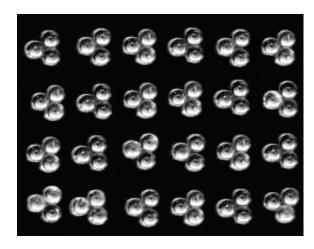
4. remove outliers



2. remove blemishes



5. reconstruct



You are triaging patients in a pediatric urgent care clinic and the following patients are waiting.



You are triaging patients in a pediatric urgent care clinic and the following patients are waiting.

1. 3-yr old F with a FUO and T = 40 °C who is riding a tricycle in the waiting room



You are triaging patients in a pediatric urgent care clinic and the following patients are waiting.

- 1. 3-yr old F with a FUO and T = 40 °C who is riding a tricycle in the waiting room
- 2. 6-wk old term M, cc: fussy breast, T = 38.6 °C



You are triaging patients in a pediatric urgent care clinic and the following patients are waiting.

- 1. 3-yr old F with a FUO and T = 40 °C who is riding a tricycle in the waiting room
- 2. 6-wk old term M, cc: fussy breast, T = 38.6 °C
- 3. 14-yr old M with hx of epilepsy who had a seizure at home lasting 5 minutes about half hour ago

You are triaging patients in a pediatric urgent care clinic and the following patients are waiting.

- 1. 3-yr old F with a FUO and T = 40 °C who is riding a tricycle in the waiting room
- 2. 6-wk old term M, cc: fussy breast, T = 38.6 °C
- 3. 14-yr old M with hx of epilepsy who had a seizure at home lasting 5 minutes about half hour ago

Whom would you triage first?

You are triaging patients in a pediatric urgent care clinic and the following patients are waiting.

1. 3-yr old F with a FUO and T = 40 °C who is riding a travel in the waiting room

2. 6-wk old tam V c: full breast, T = 38.6 °C

lasting 5 minutes about half hour ago

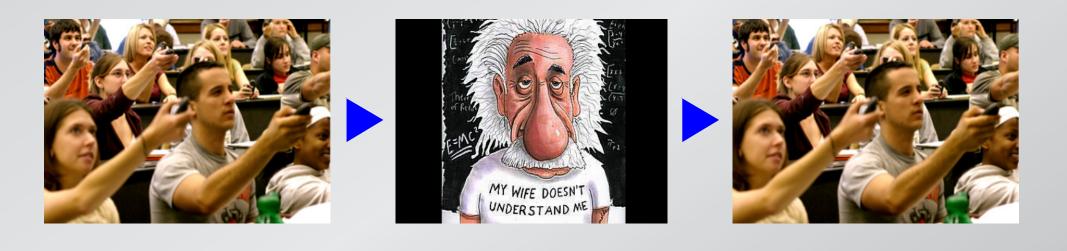
Whom would you triage first?

Don't need a correct answer!

"Why does it work?"

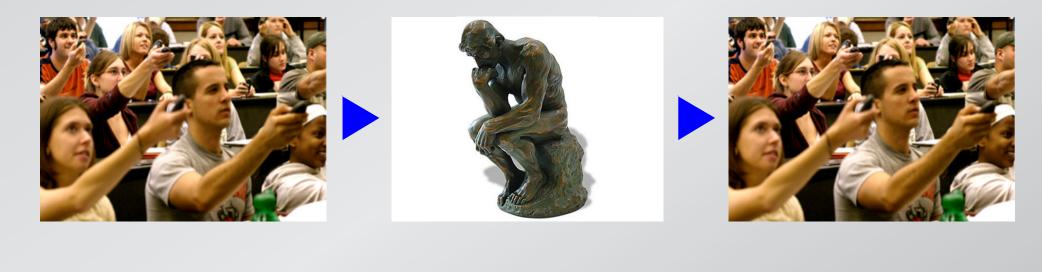
discussion or more time to think?

#### compare three activities



question distract question

#### compare three activities

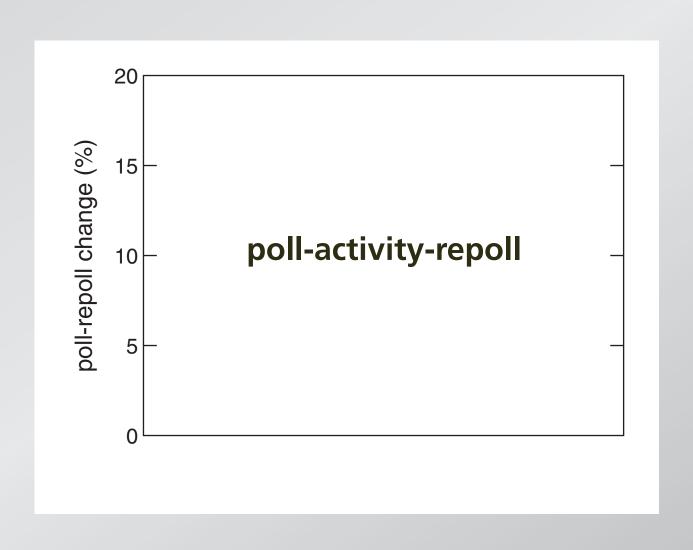


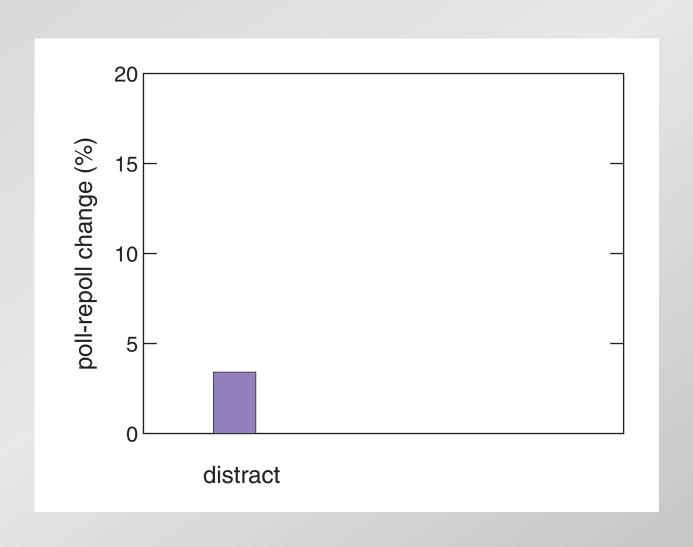
question reflect question

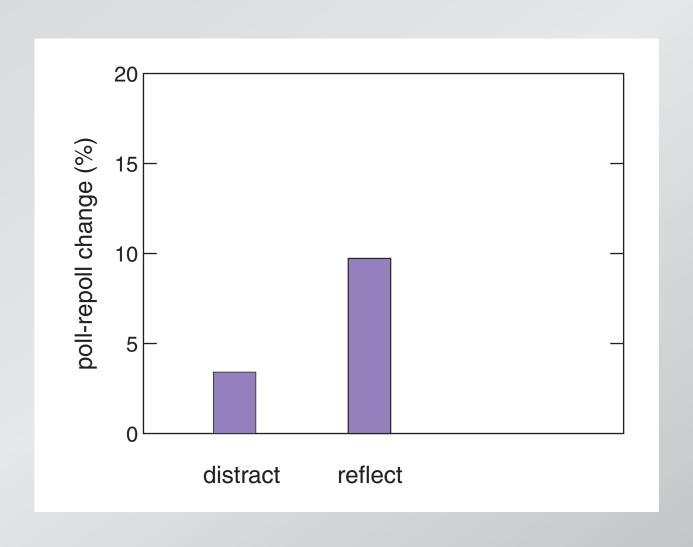
#### compare three activities

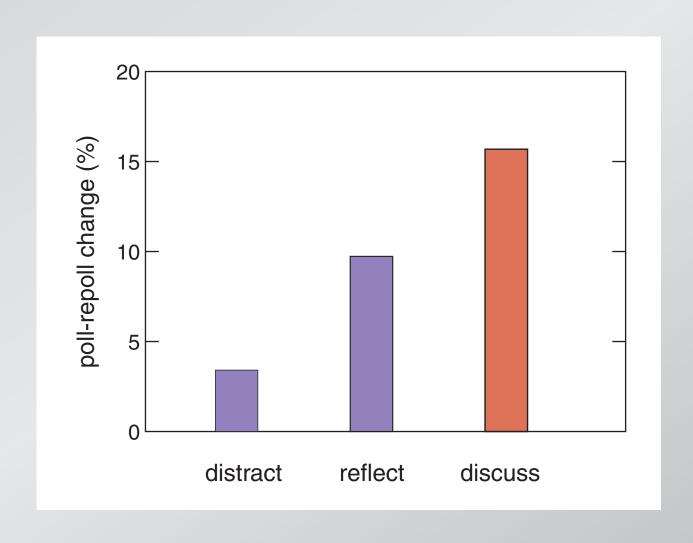


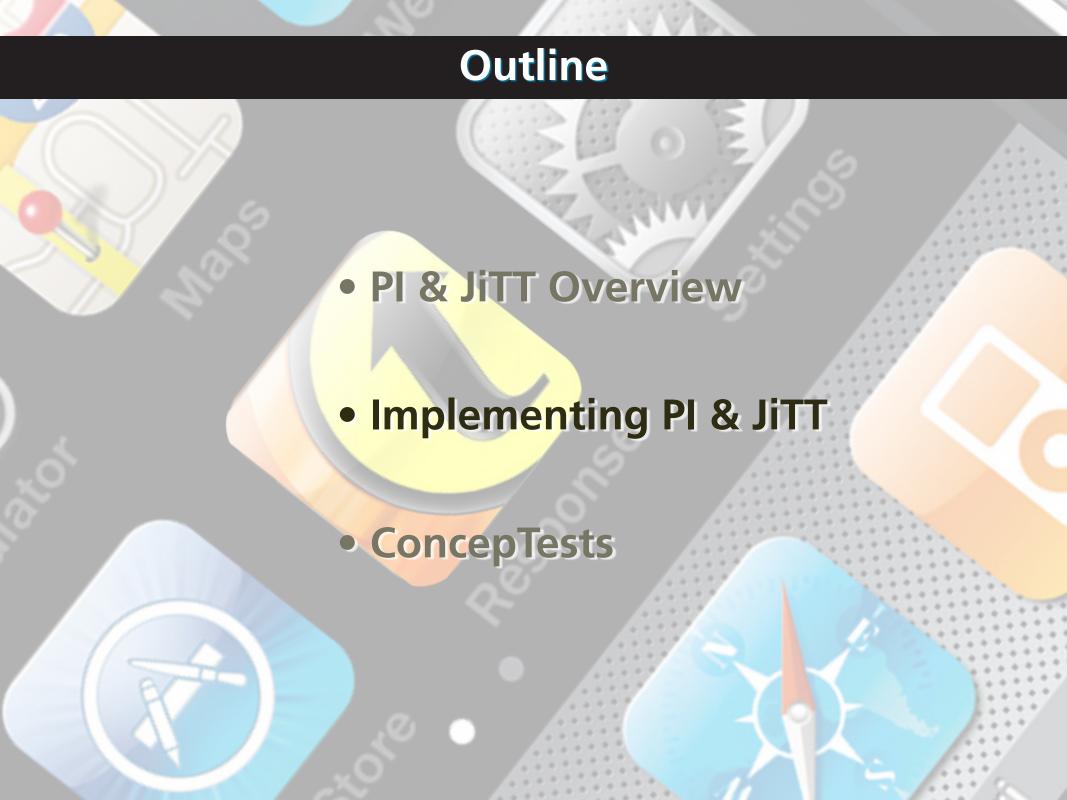
question discuss question









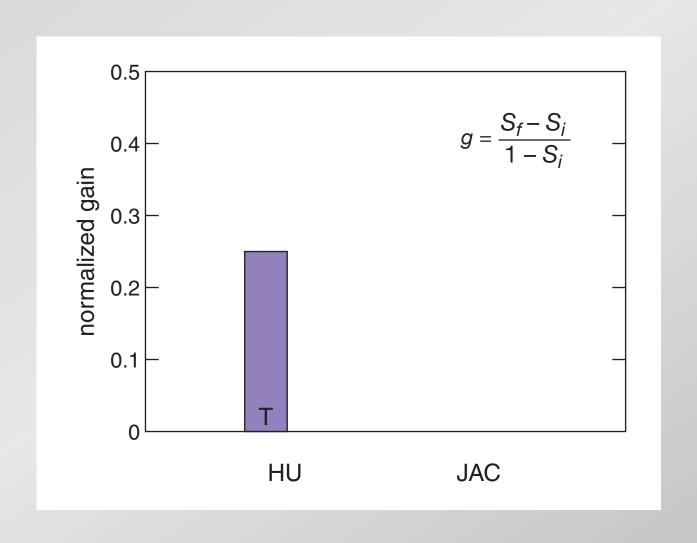


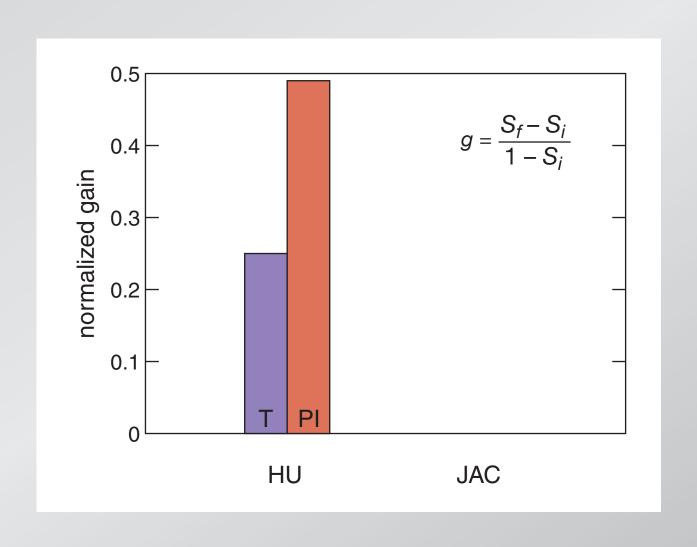
"Will it work at my institution?"

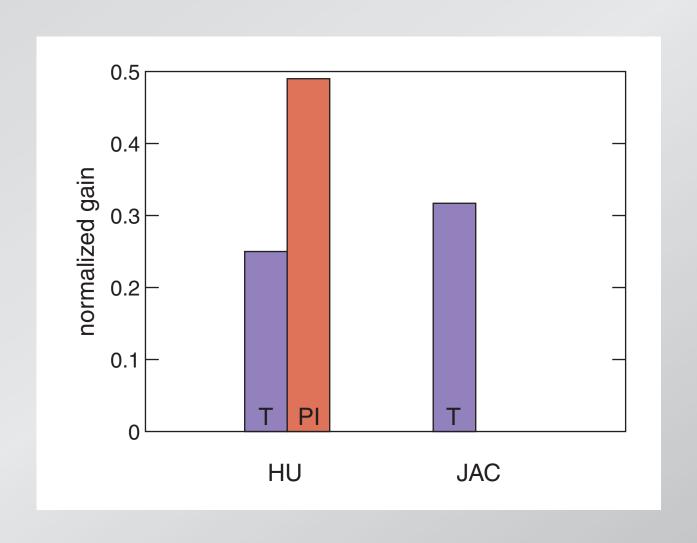
# It works here...

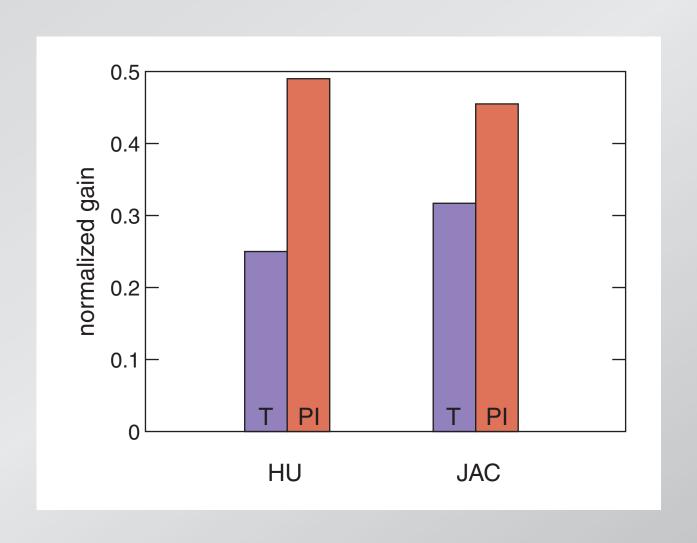
# ...but will it work here?



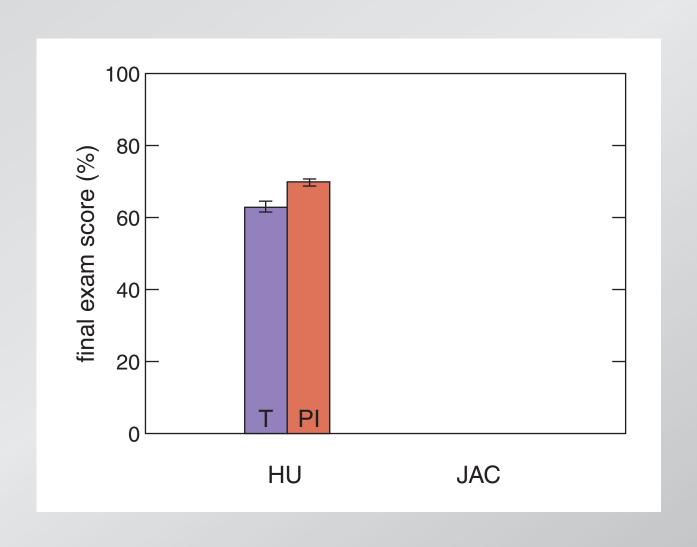




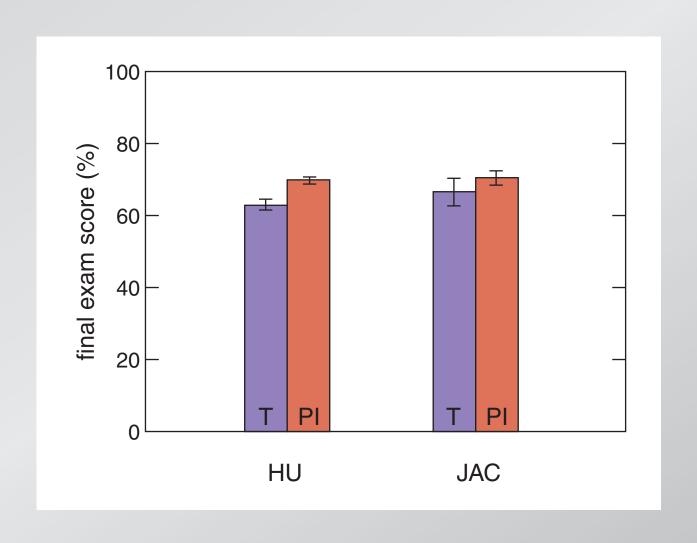




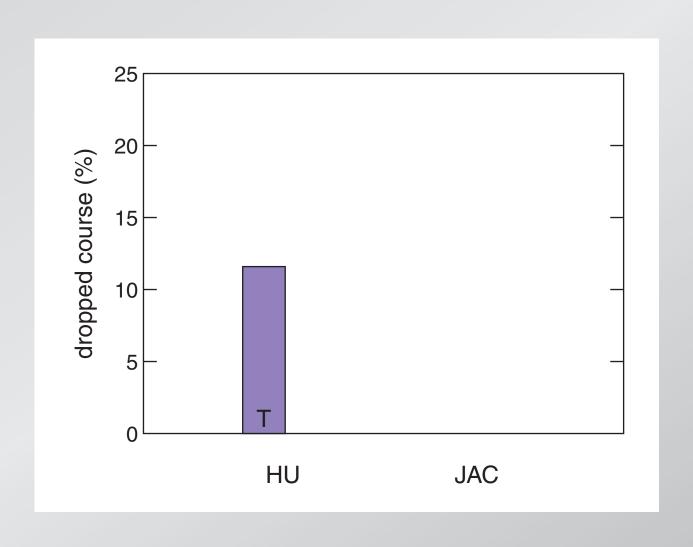
#### exam performance



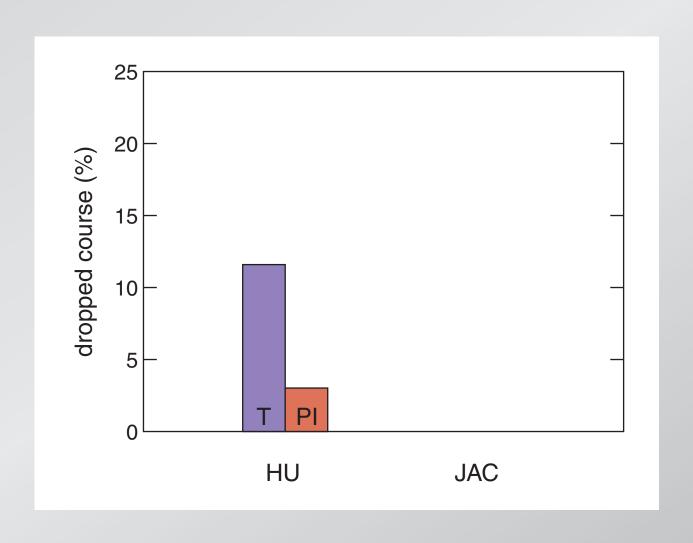
#### exam performance



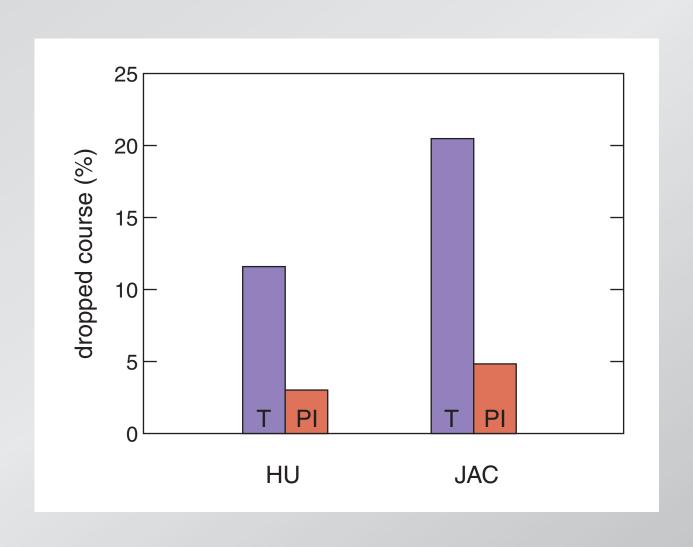
#### student retention



#### student retention



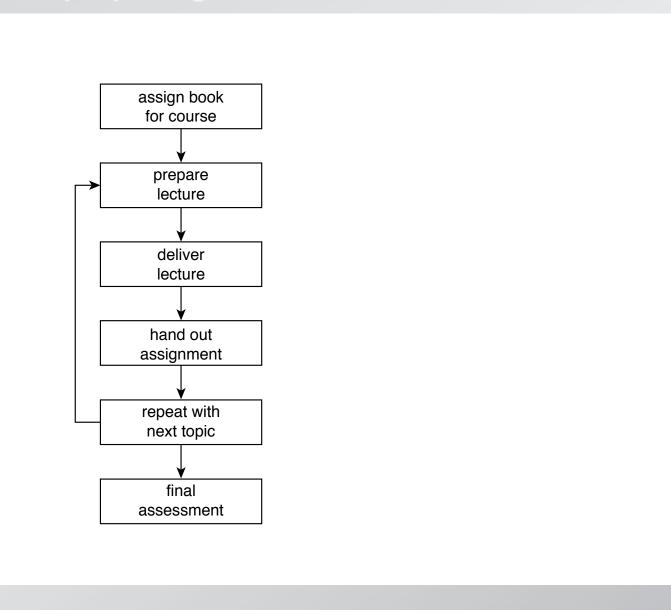
#### student retention



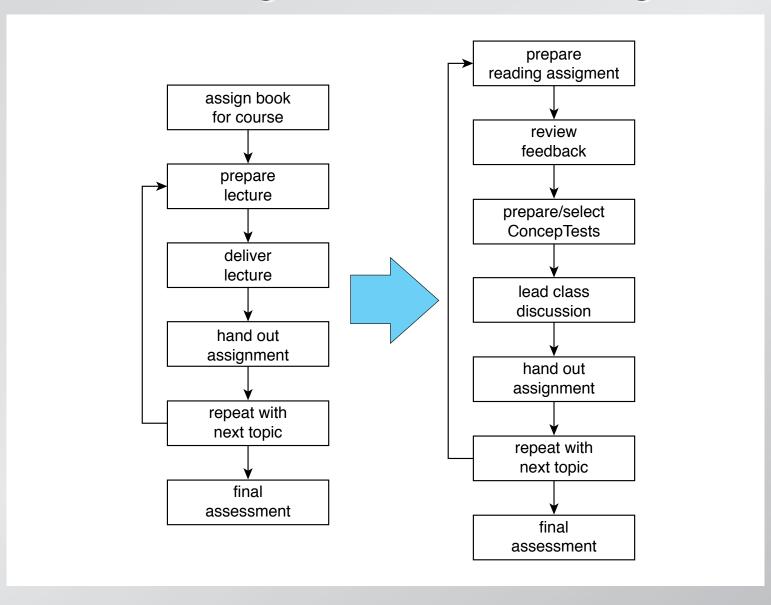
similar learning gains in different environments

"How is preparing a PI class different from preparing a lecture-based class?"

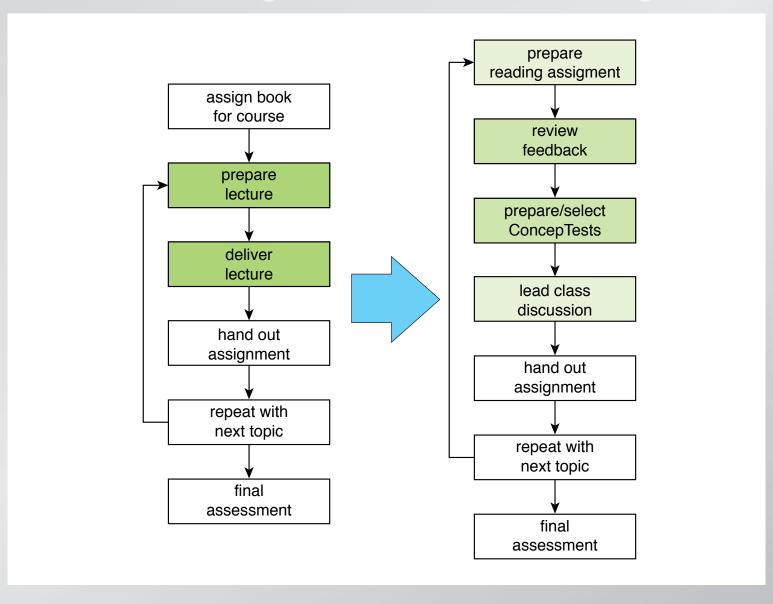
#### preparing for a lecture-based class



#### transitioning: where does the effort go?



#### transitioning: where does the effort go?



**New activities:** 

- 1. Reading assignment
- 2. ConcepTests

"How do I cover everything using this method?"

	traditional	PI
in-class coverage	complete	partial

	traditional	PI
in-class coverage	complete	partial
out-of-class coverage	?	complete

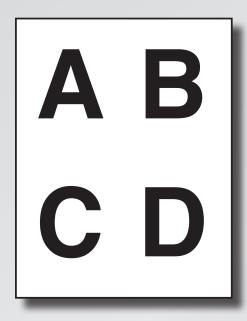
	traditional	PI
in-class coverage	complete	partial
out-of-class coverage	?	complete
material learned	little	substantial

	traditional	PI
in-class coverage	complete	partial
out-of-class coverage	?	complete
material learned	little	substantial

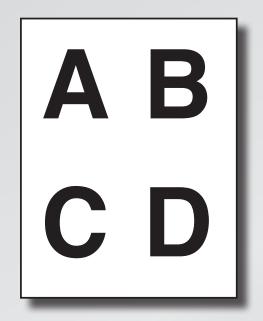
what good is coverage if little is retained?

"Do I need clickers?"

Flashcards: simple and effective



#### Flashcards: simple and effective





Meltzer and Mannivanan, South Eastern Louisiana University

circumference

circumference

of a circle of radius  $\,R\,$  is  $\,2\pi R\,$ 

Imagine a rope that fits snugly along the equator.



Imagine a rope that fits snugly along the equator.

Suppose the rope is cut and 1 m of rope is inserted between the cut ends. If the rope were to maintain a circular shape, how far off the surface of the Earth would it float?





Imagine a rope that fits snugly along the equator.

Suppose the rope is cut and 1 m of rope is inserted between the cut ends. If the rope were to maintain a circular shape, how far off the surface of the Earth would it float?



- 1. the width of a few atoms
- 2. the width of a few hairs
- 3. about 0.15 m
- 4. exactly 1 m
- 5. more than 1 m



Imagine a rope that fits snugly along the equator.

Suppose the rope is cut and 1 mof reneist inserted between the cut ends. In the tops were to maintain a croular shap, how far off the surface of the Easth would it float?



- 1. the width of a few atoms
- 2. the width of a few hairs
- 3. about 0.15 m
- 4. exactly 1 m
- 5. more than 1 m



Imagine a rope that fits snugly along the equator.

Suppose the rope is cut and 1 minf reneils inserted between the cut erds. In the tops were to maintain a croular of the surface of the Easth would it float?



- 1. The width of a few atoms
- 2. the width of a few hairs
- 3. about 0.15 m
- 4. exactly 1
- 5. more than



Imagine a rope that fits snugly along the equator.

Suppose the rope is cut and 1 m of rope is inserted between the cut ends. If the rope were to maintain a circular shape, how far off the surface of the Earth would it float?



- 1. the width of a few atoms
- 2. the width of a few hairs
- 3. about 0.15 m
- 4. exactly 1 m
- 5. more than 1 m



Imagine a rope that fits snugly along the equator.

Suppose the rope is cut and 1 m of rope is inserted between the cut ends. If the rope were to maintain a circular shape, how far off the surface of the Earth would it float?



- 1. the width of a few atoms
- 2. the width of a few hairs
- 3. about 0.15 m
- 4. exactly 1 m
- 5. more than 1 m



#### circumference at the equator:

$$2\pi R_{\rm E}$$

#### circumference at the equator:

$$2\pi R_{\rm E}$$

#### new circumference:

$$2\pi R_{\rm E} + 1 \,\mathrm{m}$$

#### circumference at the equator:

$$2\pi R_{\rm E}$$

#### new circumference:

$$2\pi R_{\rm E} + 1 \,\mathrm{m}$$

#### radius of circle with new circumference:

$$2\pi R = 2\pi R_{\rm E} + 1 \,\text{m}$$
, and so  $R = R_{\rm E} + \frac{1 \,\text{m}}{2\pi}$ .

Research: same learning gains with and without clickers!

Clickers or Flashcards: Is There Really a Difference? N. Lasry, *The Physics Teacher* 46 (2008) 242

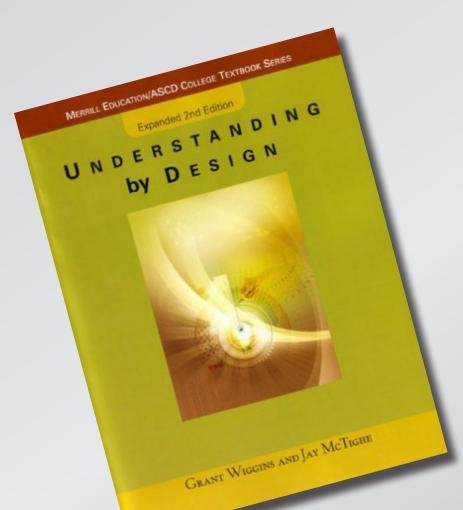
It's not the technology, but the pedagogy!

It's not the technology, but the pedagogy!

(but clickers do offer advantages)

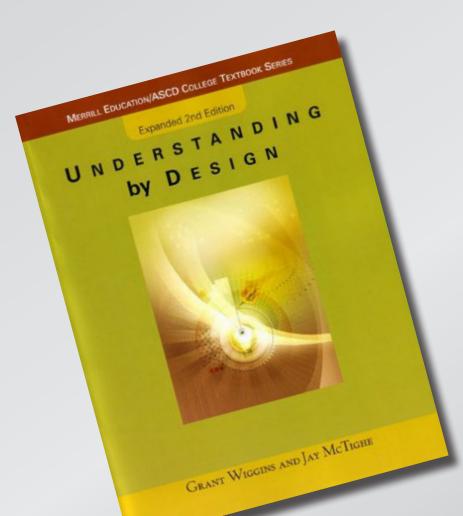
"How should I assess my students when using this approach?"

Begin by setting learning goals



Grant Wiggins and Jay McTighe, *Understanding by Design* (Prentice Hall, 2001)

#### Begin by setting learning goals



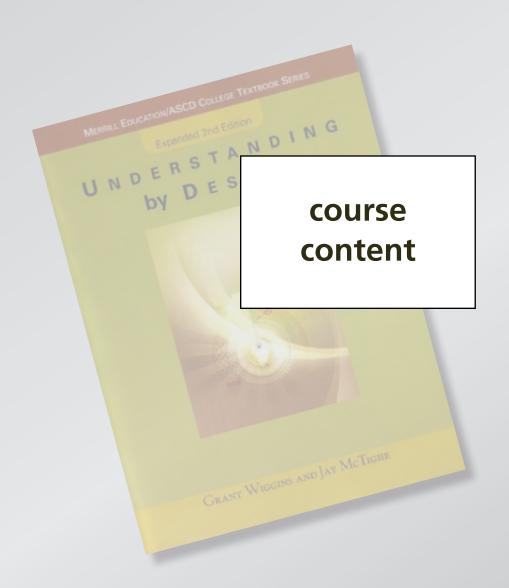
approach, not content

focus on understanding

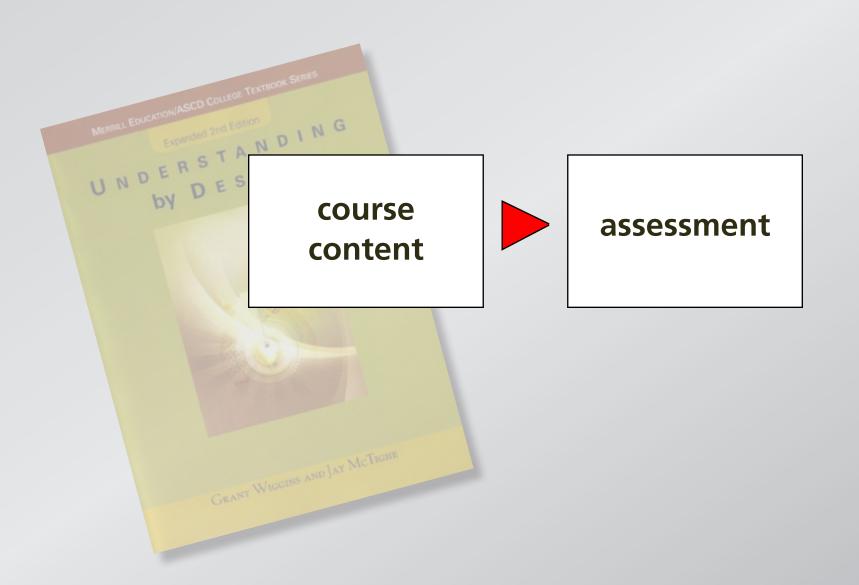
backward design

Grant Wiggins and Jay McTighe, *Understanding by Design* (Prentice Hall, 2001)

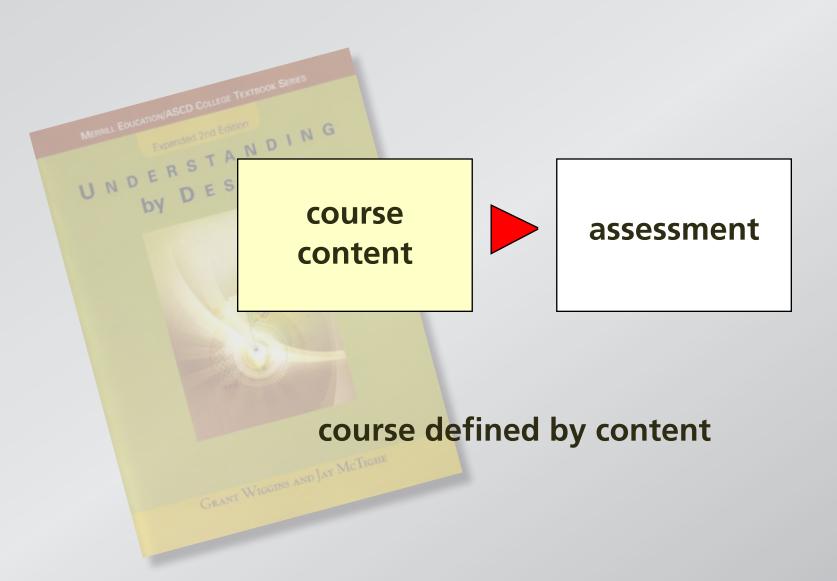
Traditional approach to course planning



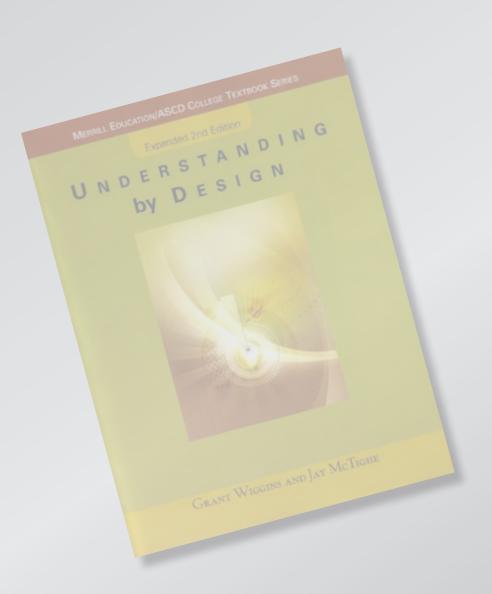
Traditional approach to course planning



Traditional approach to course planning

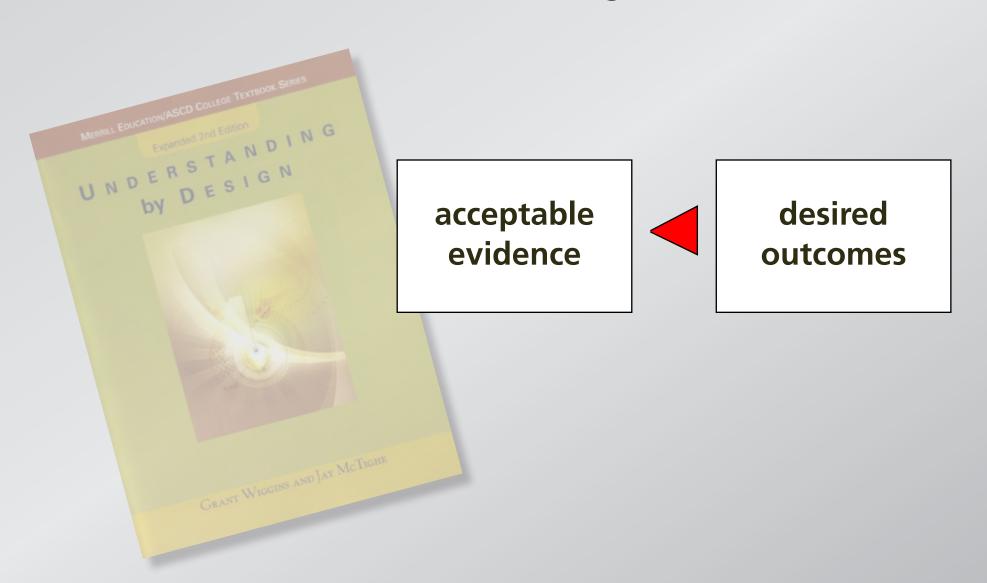


#### **Backward design**

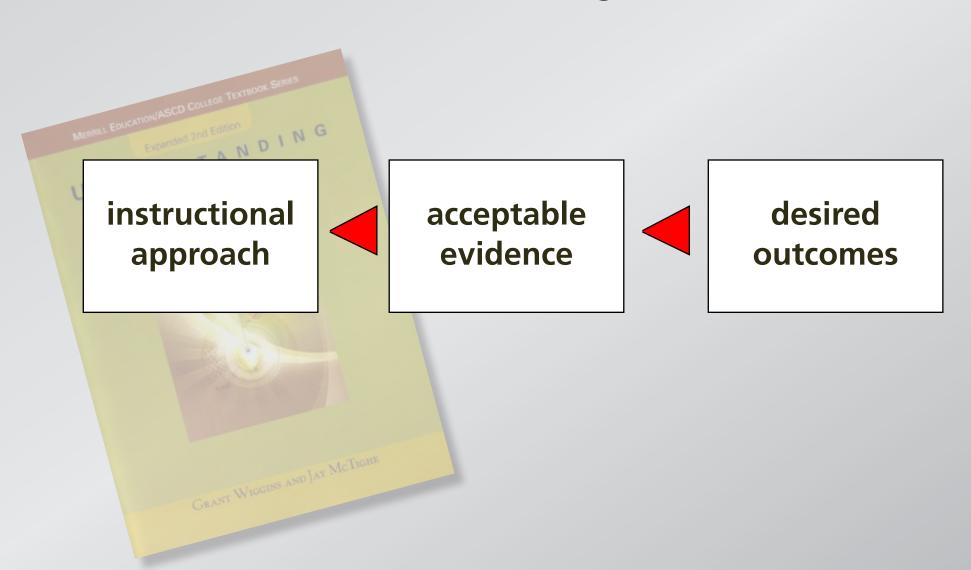


desired outcomes

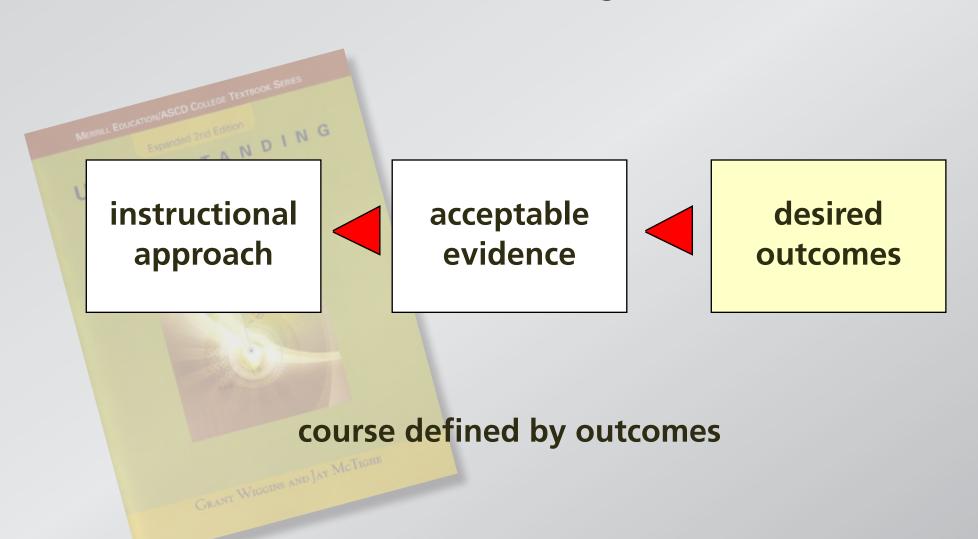
#### **Backward design**



#### **Backward design**



#### **Backward design**



Evaluate assessment by comparing student performance on various kinds of problems

"What constitutes a good problem?"

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

**Requires:** 

Assumptions
Developing a model
Applying that model

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces. On average people shop for 2 hours.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces. On average people shop for 2 hours.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

**Requires:** 

Developing a model Applying that model

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces. On average people shop for 2 hours.

Assuming people leave at regularly-spaced intervals, how long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces. On average people shop for 2 hours.

Assuming people leave at regularly-spaced intervals, how long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

**Requires:** 

Applying a (new) model

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area, where people are known to shop, on average, for 2 hours. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area, where people are known to shop, on average, for 2 hours. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

$$t_{wait} = \frac{T_{shop}}{N_{spaces}}$$

On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area, where people are known to shop, on average, for 2 hours. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

**Requires:** 

**Using a calculator** 

$$t_{wait} = \frac{T_{shop}}{N_{spaces}}$$

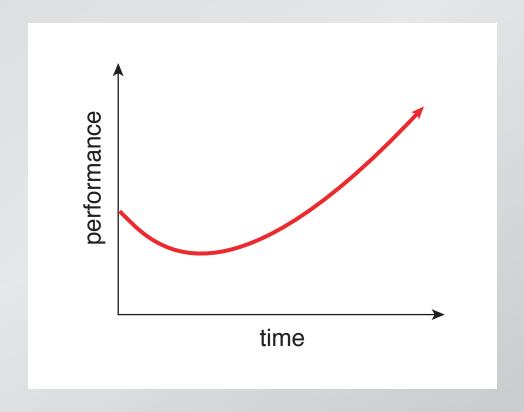
Need to test meaningful skills!

Some additional ideas:

- Open book/computer exam
- Collaborative exam
- Multidimensional testing

"How do I deal with students who resist this new approach to studying?"

After changing, things might get worse before they get better!

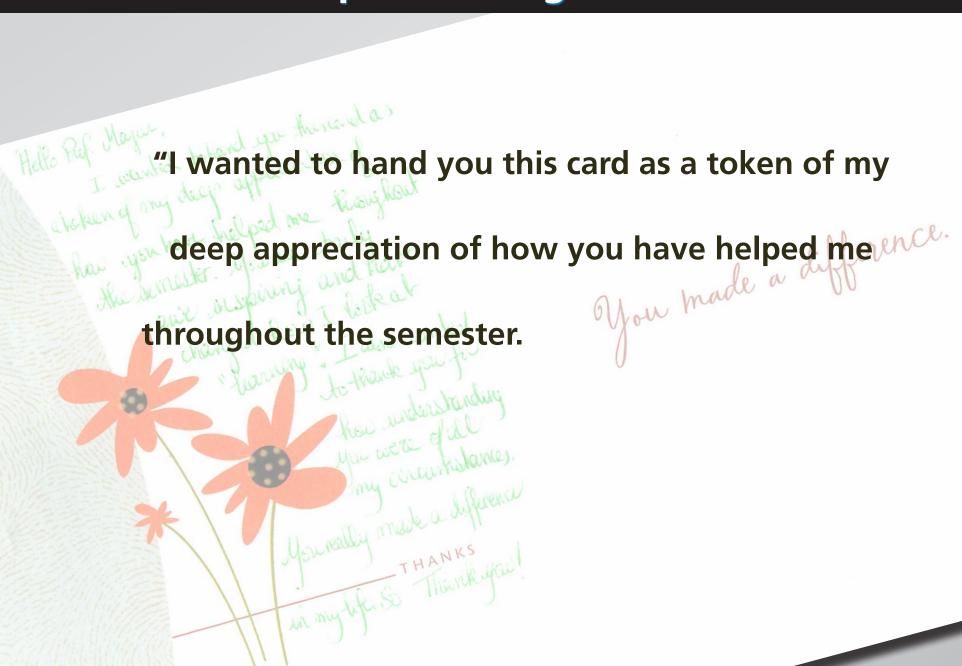


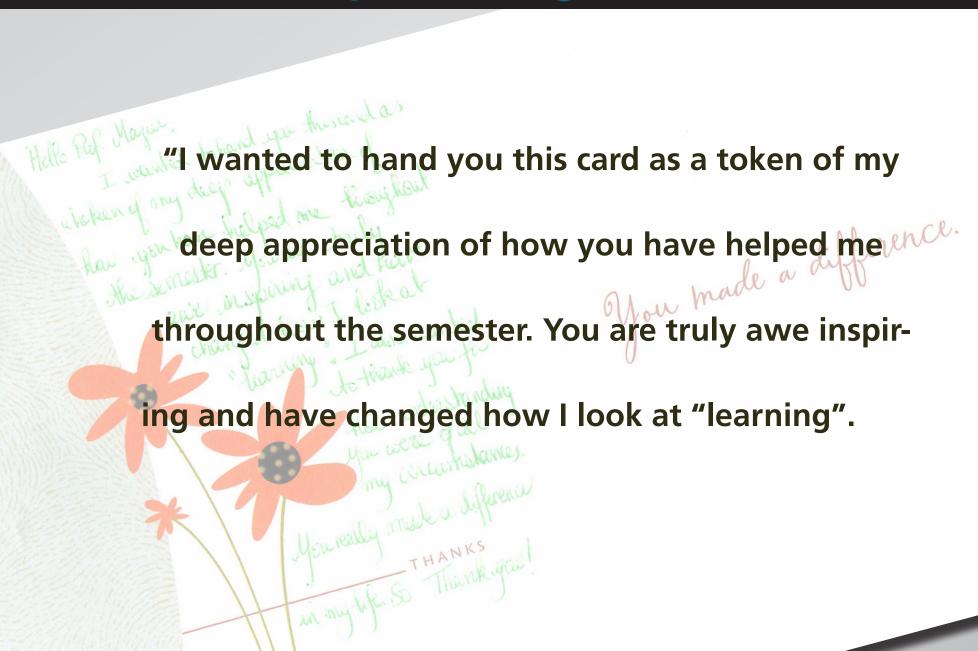
```
Written on Wednesday Feb 16, two weeks into the course:
                                        Here are a few concerns. I speak for many of my classmates.
                                               1) You are giving us WAY to much work. After spending multiple hours on the nrohlem set and not being able to figure out many of the
                           Subject: concerns
                                                   the problem set, and not being able to figure out many name the problem I now see that we have an additional 6 or 7 names
                                  Professor Mazur,
                                                       The problem set, and not being able to figure out many of the open of the lab and that we have an additional 6 of 7 pages of that we have an additional 6 of 7 pages of that we have an additional 6 of 7 pages of the lab and the lab and the problem of the lab and the problem in the workhook times are the problem in the workhook times and the problem in the workhook times are the problem in the workhook times and the problem in the workhook times are the problem in the problem in the workhook times are the problem in the pro
                                                         questions, I now see that we have an additional of pages of and I am not on the lab, and I am not on the workbook. I just spent 4 hours on the work than I homework in the workbook. I just spent a this is more work than I confident on almost half of the directions.
                                                              confident on almost mair or the questions. This is more work have had all semester in all of my other classes combined.
                                                                            2) If you are going to give us this much work, I would suggest the reading were difficult to the reading were difficult to
                                                                                 re-structuring the lectures. I find the readings very difficult to hot a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics most understand.)
                                                                              2) If you are going to give us this much work, I would suggest to re-structuring the lectures. I find the readings very difficult to re-structuring the lectures had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in not a had etudent (I not a colid A in 
                                                                                     understand. I am not a bad student (I got a solid A in physics 7a), but it is very difficult to internalize the readings. You should spend most it is very difficult to internalize the readings. The readings in their of the lecture noing over noing the readings.
                                                                                          of the lecture going over, point by point, the readings haln me entirety while the DRC clickers are fun they do not help entirety.
                                                                                              or the lecture going over, point by point, they do not help me entirety. While the PRS clickers are fun, they do not help me understand the complex material
                                                                                                         I am extremely flustered by the incredibly large amount of work, and my inahility to understand it and I am etropolic considering dropping to understand it.
                                                                                                             I am extremely flustered by the incredibly large amount of work, and lam extremely flustered by the incredibly considering dropping the inability to understand it, and I am strongly considering dropping the
                                                                                                   understand the complex material.
                                                                                                                        course.
```

Written on Monday May 23, just after the final exam: First of all I want to thank you for a great semester. You are an about each excellent professor and it is clear that you truly care about First of all I want to mank you for a great semester. You are an about each and excellent professor, and it is clear that you truly care about each and excellent professor. Subject: Thanks! The exam went well today. I'm not sure to what extent you will curve the final grades (if at all) but it looks like I may be right around Professor Mazur, The exam went well today. I'm not sure to what extent you will (
the final grades (if at all), but it looks like I may be right are to the final grades (if at all), and an A-I etudied as hard as the cutoff noint between an A and an A-I etudied. the final grades (if at all), but it looks like I may be right around so I could the cutoff point between an A and an A-. I studied as hard and the A hut no matter what and I'm keening my fingers crossed about the A hut no matter and I'm keening my fingers. The CUTOTT point between an A and an A-. I studied as nard as I could the A, but no matter what and I'm keeping my fingers crossed about the A, but no matter hannens with my grade you should know that you are one of the hannens with my grade you should know that you are one of the hannens with my grade you should know that you are one of the hannens with my grade you should know that you are one of the hannens with my grade you should know that you are one of the hannens with my grade you should know that you are one of the hannens with my grade you are one of the hannens with the and I'm keeping my tingers crossed about the A, but no matter what that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with my grade you should know that you are one of the best happens with the best every student. professors that I have ever had at Harvard. Thanks again!



You made a différence.





"I wanted to hand you this card as a token of my

deep appreciation of how you have helped me

throughout the semester. You are truly awe inspir-

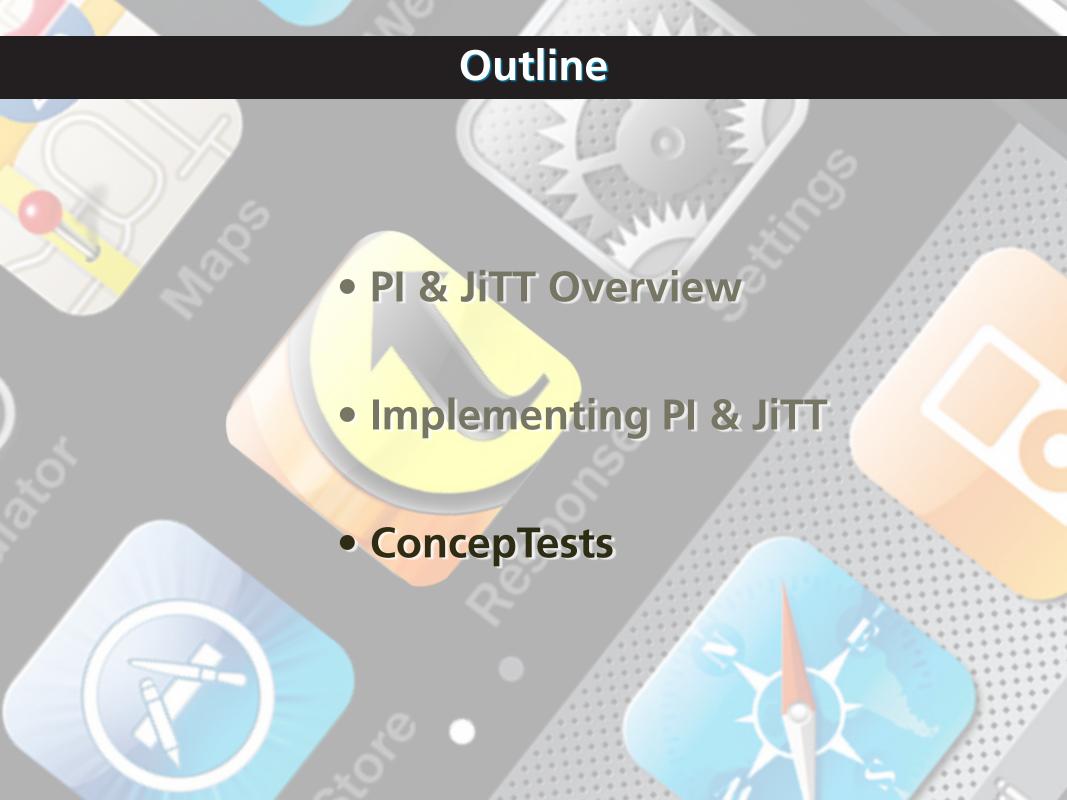
ing and have changed how I look at "learning". [....]

You really made a difference in my life."

and don't forget...

and don't forget...

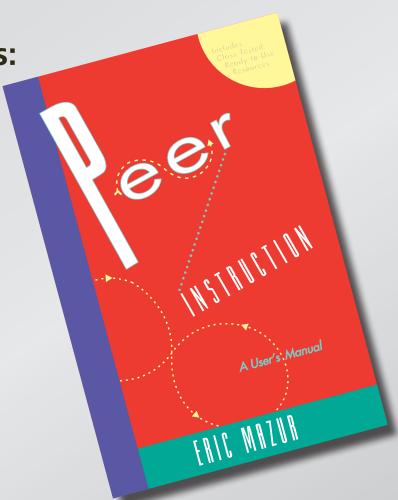
PI leads to better learning and retention!



"Where can I get examples of good questions?"

**Books with ConcepTests:** 

Physics (Prentice Hall)



**Books with ConcepTests:** 

Physics (Prentice Hall)

Chemistry (Prentice Hall)

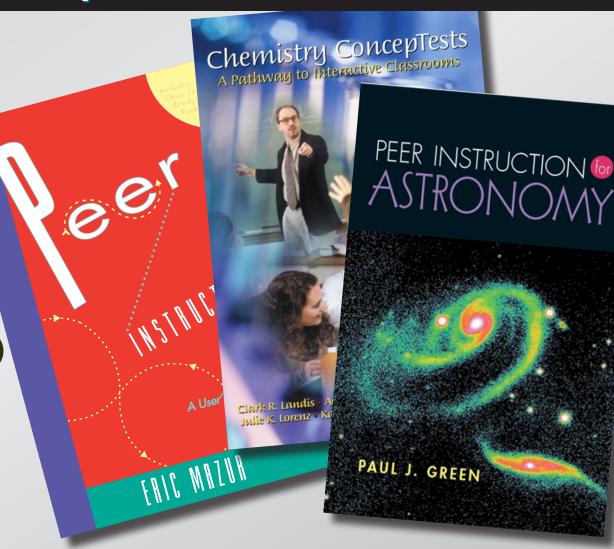


**Books with ConcepTests:** 

Physics (Prentice Hall)

Chemistry (Prentice Hall)

Astronomy (Prentice Hall)



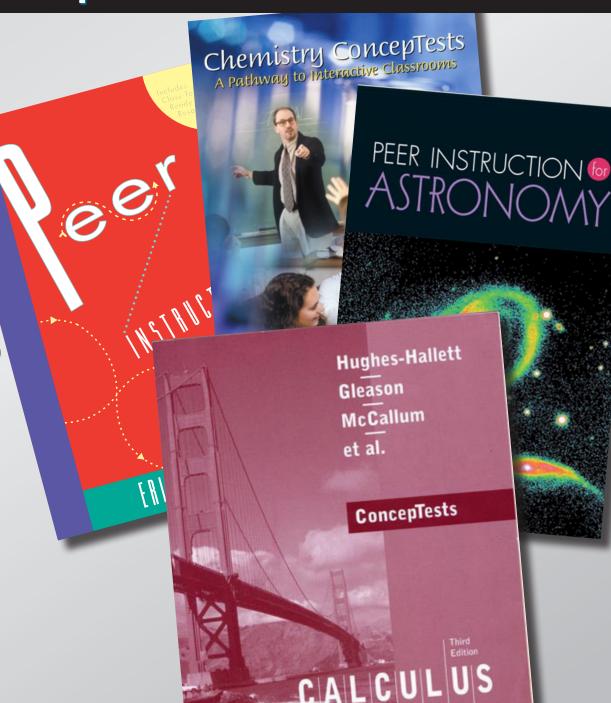
**Books with ConcepTests:** 

Physics (Prentice Hall)

Chemistry (Prentice Hall)

Astronomy (Prentice Hall)

Calculus (Wiley)



... or try searching Google:

```
<subject> "Peer Instruction"

<subject> ConcepTest

<subject> "Concept Test"

<subject> clickers
```

Join now!

# Peerlnstruction.net

**Types of questions** 

- survey
- model testing
- discussion
- select from list

hole in plate/circumference model

microscopy image discussion

airline fact

hole in plate/circumference model

microscopy image discussion

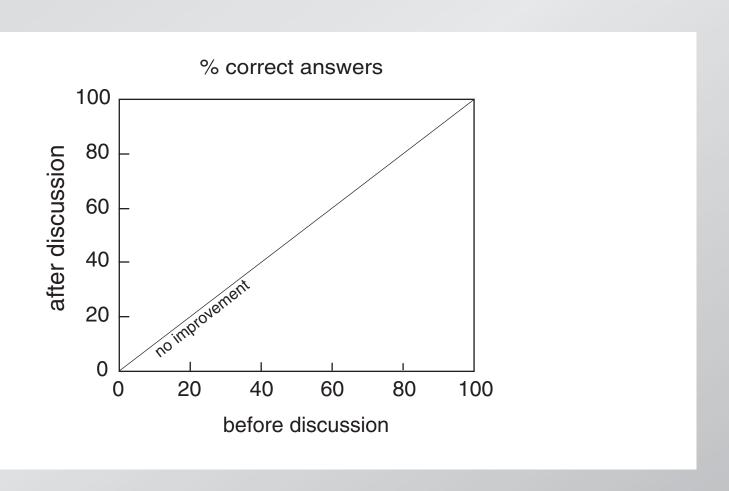
airline fact

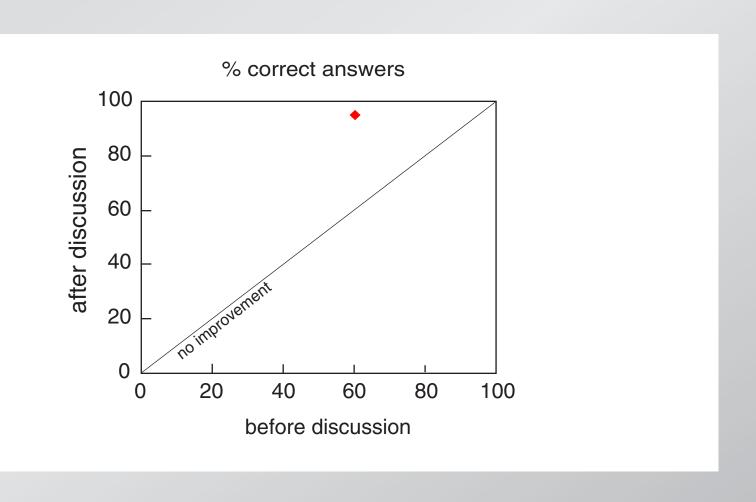
fact-recall not engaging

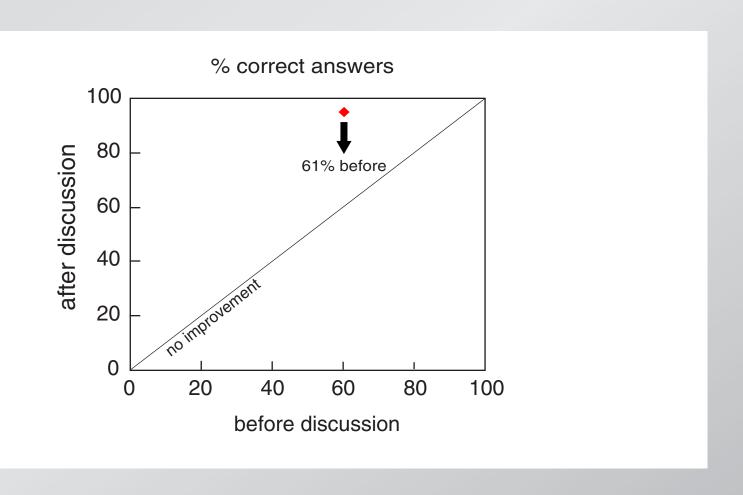
Good conceptual questions (ConcepTests):

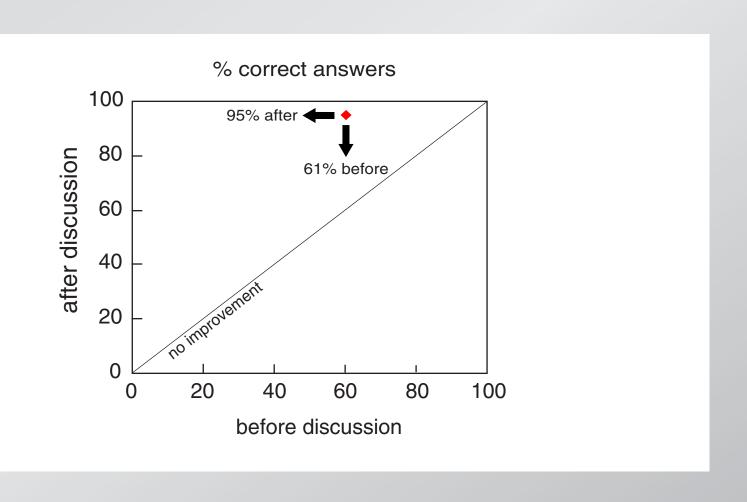
- focus on interpretation/model (not recall)
- stimulate discussion
- are not "leading questions"
- are of manageable difficulty

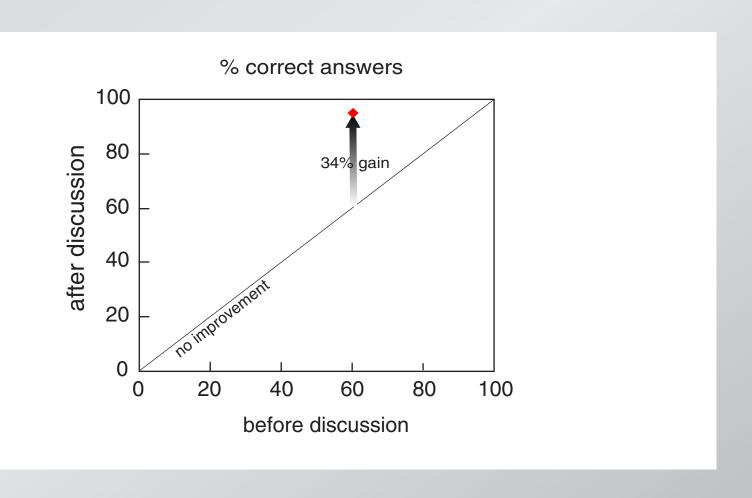
"How can I promote active/fruitful discussions?"

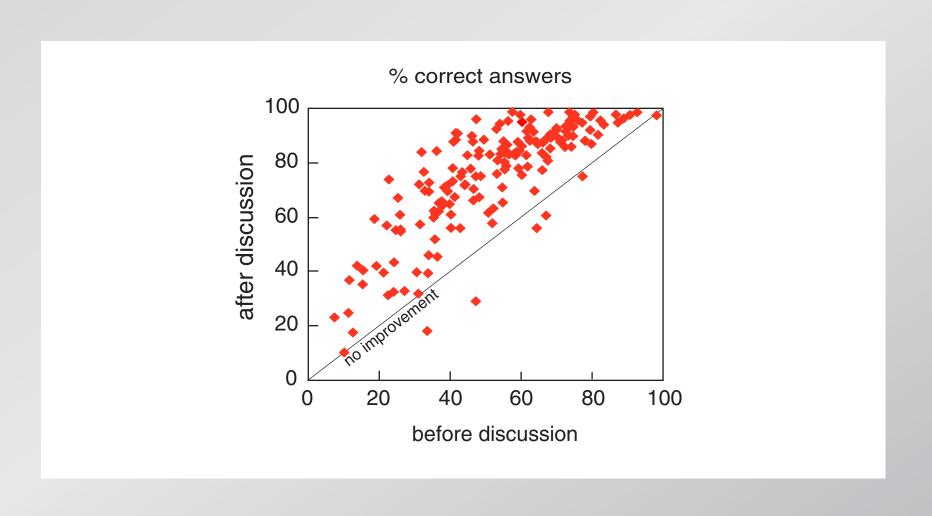


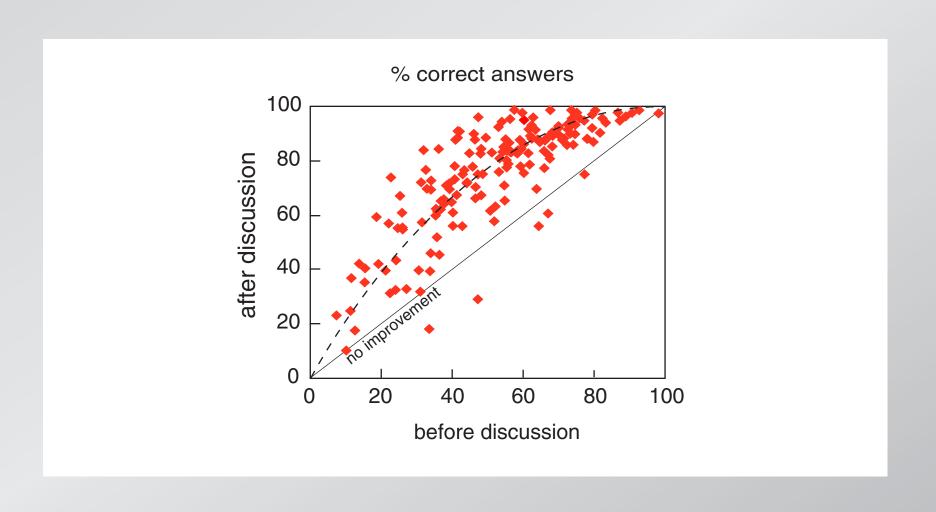


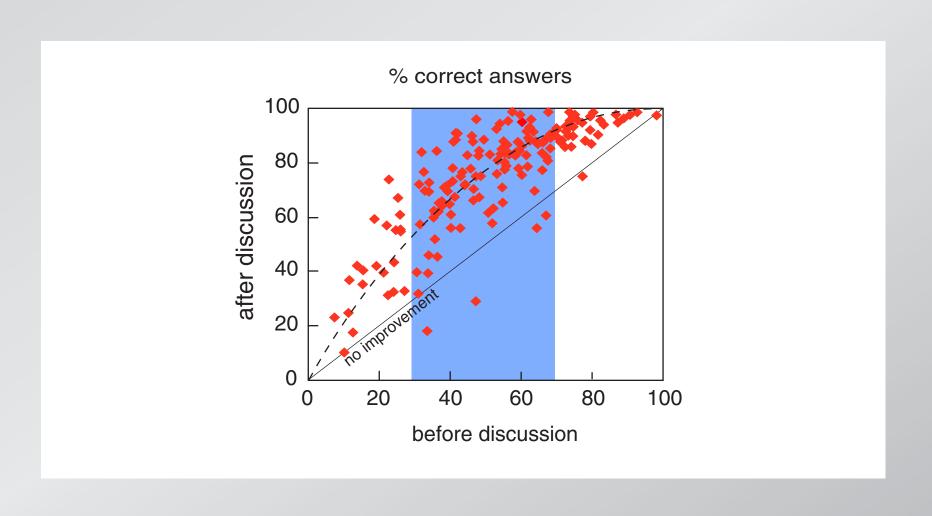


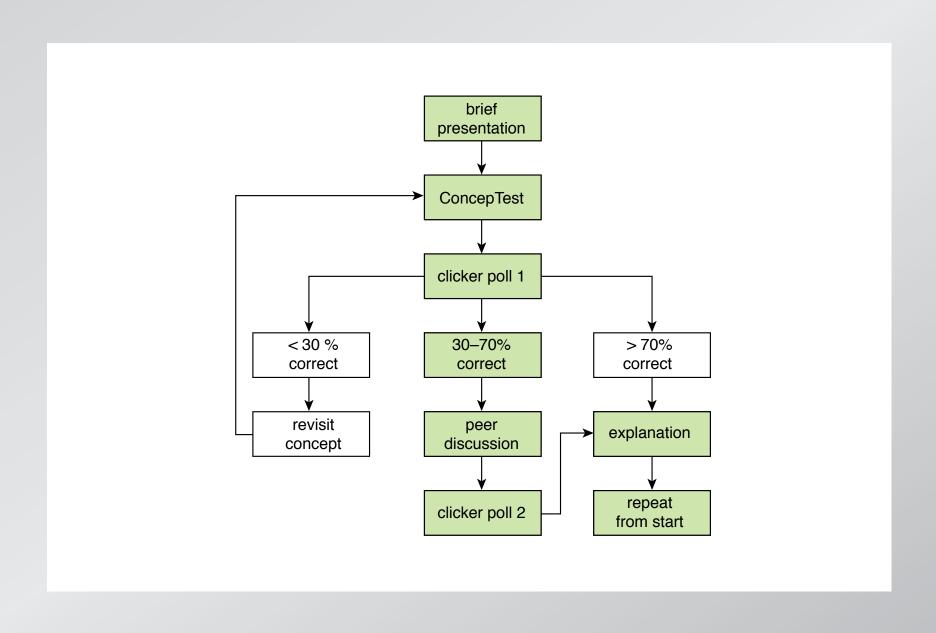














### **Funding:**

**National Science Foundation** 

for a copy of this presentation:

http://mazur.harvard.edu

