

Flipping the classroom 201, Part 2



Julie Schell
Sr. Educational Research Associate
Mazur Group, Harvard University

NCAT
Greensboro, NC
May 13, 2013

Think of something you are very good at, something you know you do well and write that down.

How did you get good at that
something?

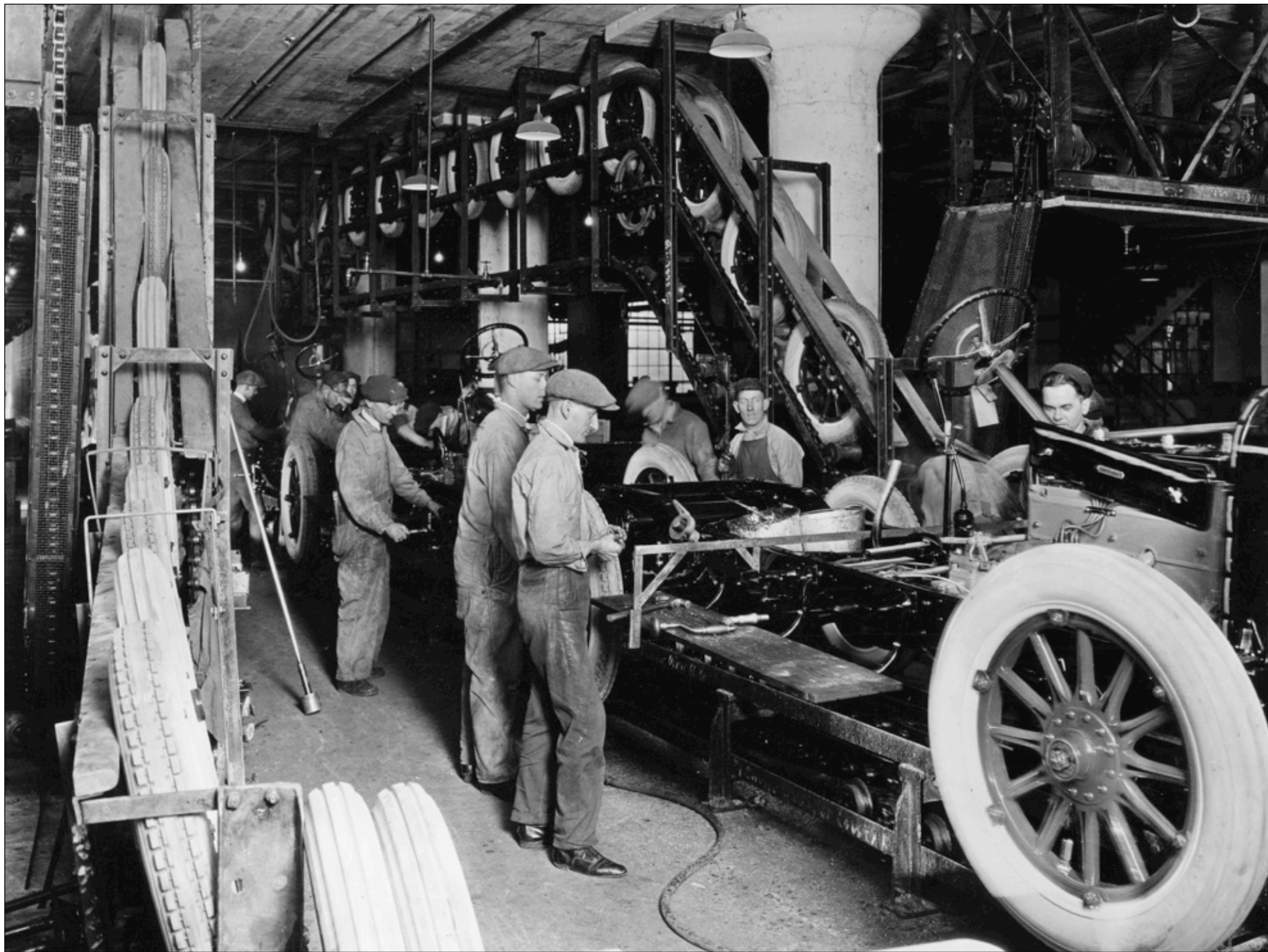
Also jot that down.

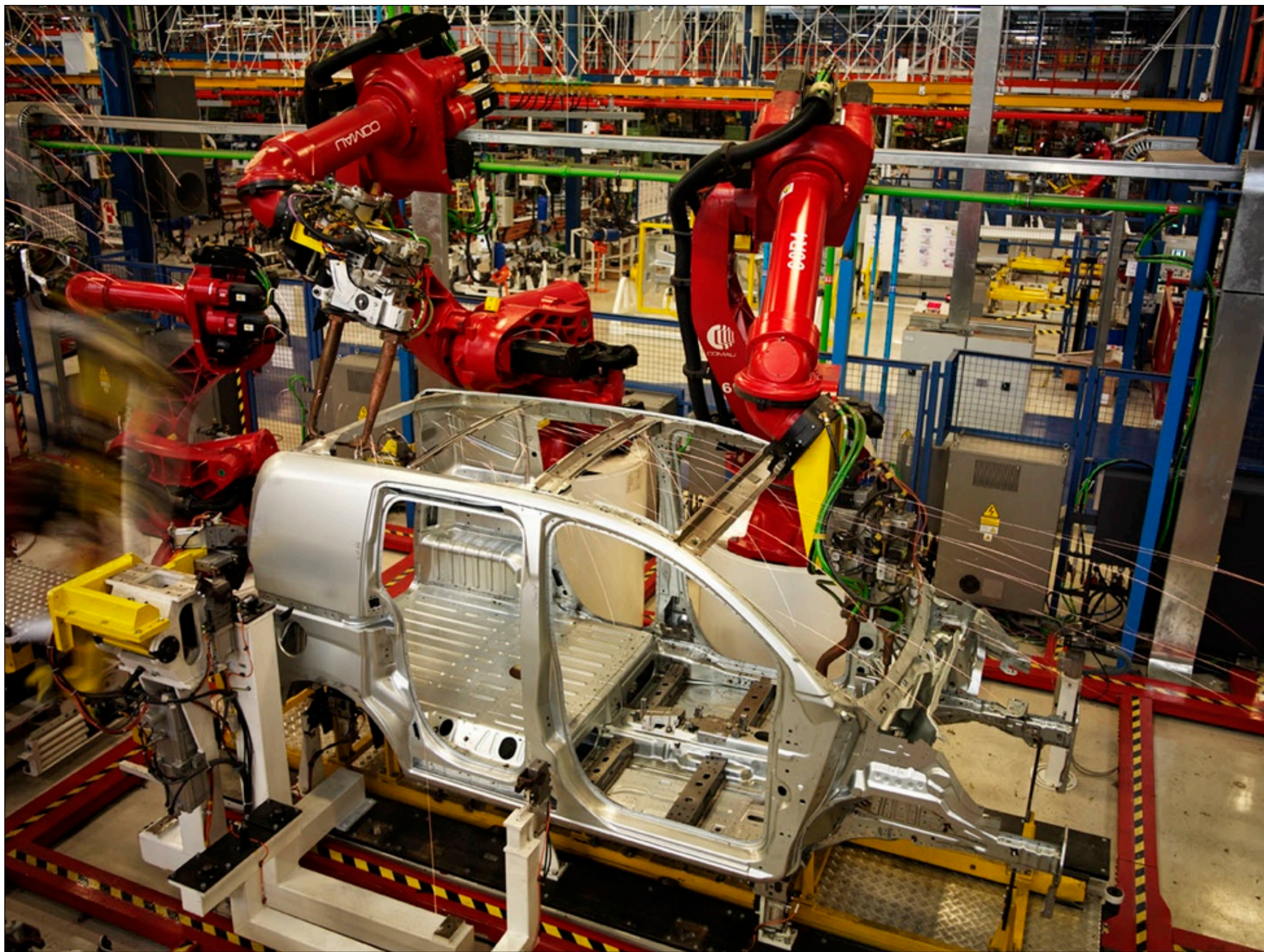
Which option best matches how you got good at it?

- A. listening to someone else talk
- B. practice or trial & error
- C. taught myself
- D. other

What is the model of education in most classrooms?

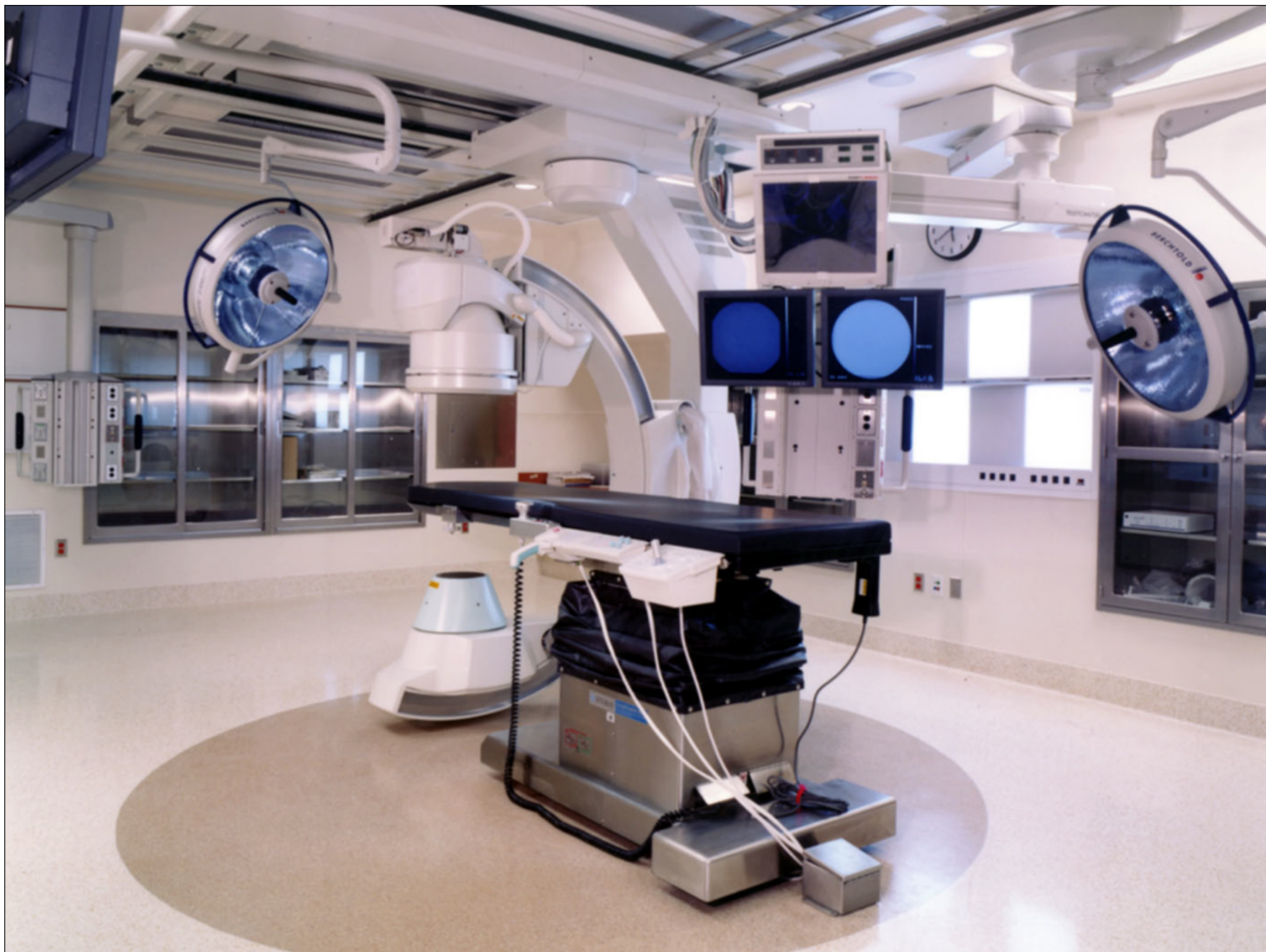
The primary model of education in most classrooms is delivery of information, not doing.



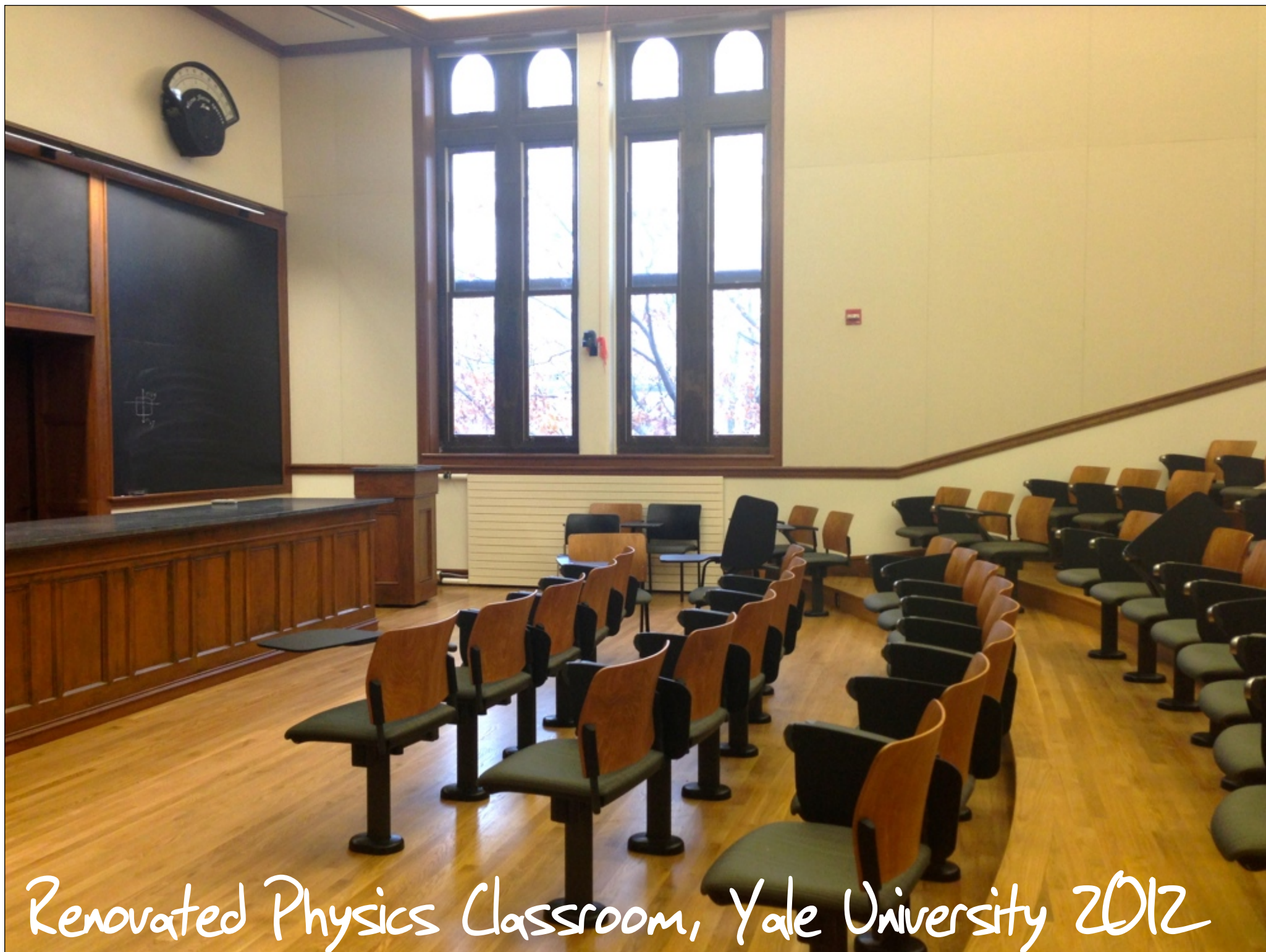


Greek amphitheater, 4th Century BC









Renovated Physics Classroom, Yale University 2012

3

2

1

Workshop Goals...

1. Motivate students to prepare before coming to class
2. Engage students inside class
3. Learn more

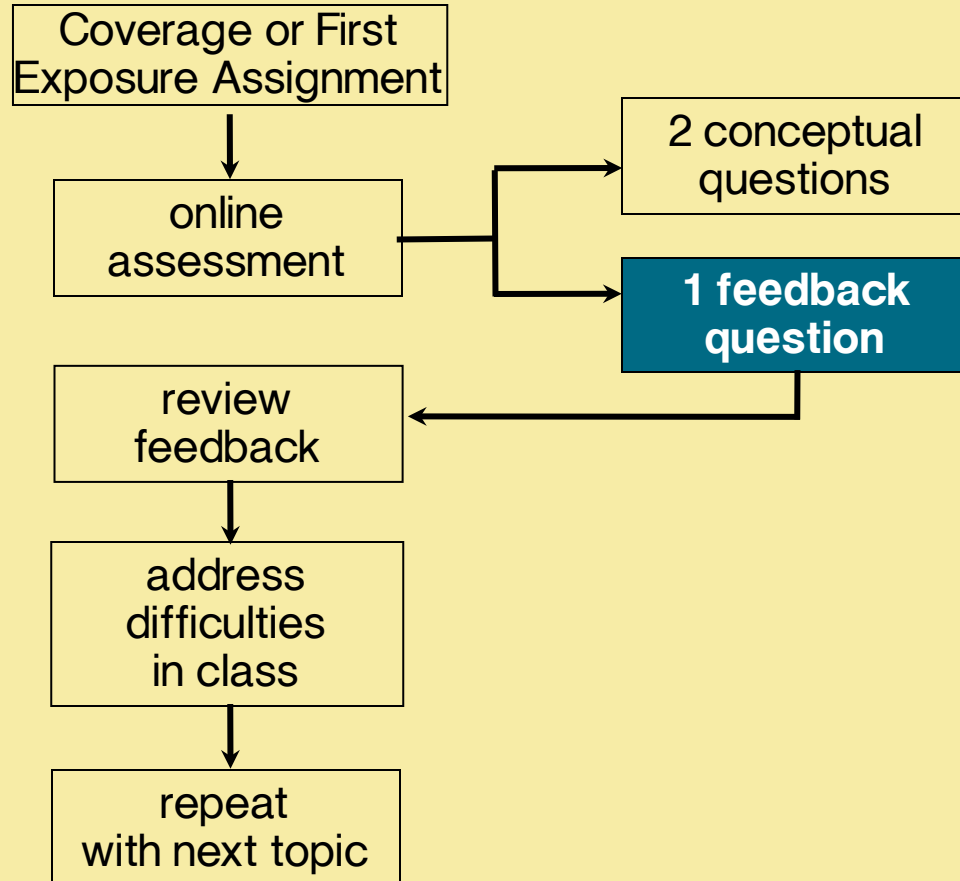
What keeps you up at night?

Motivating students to prepare
before class.

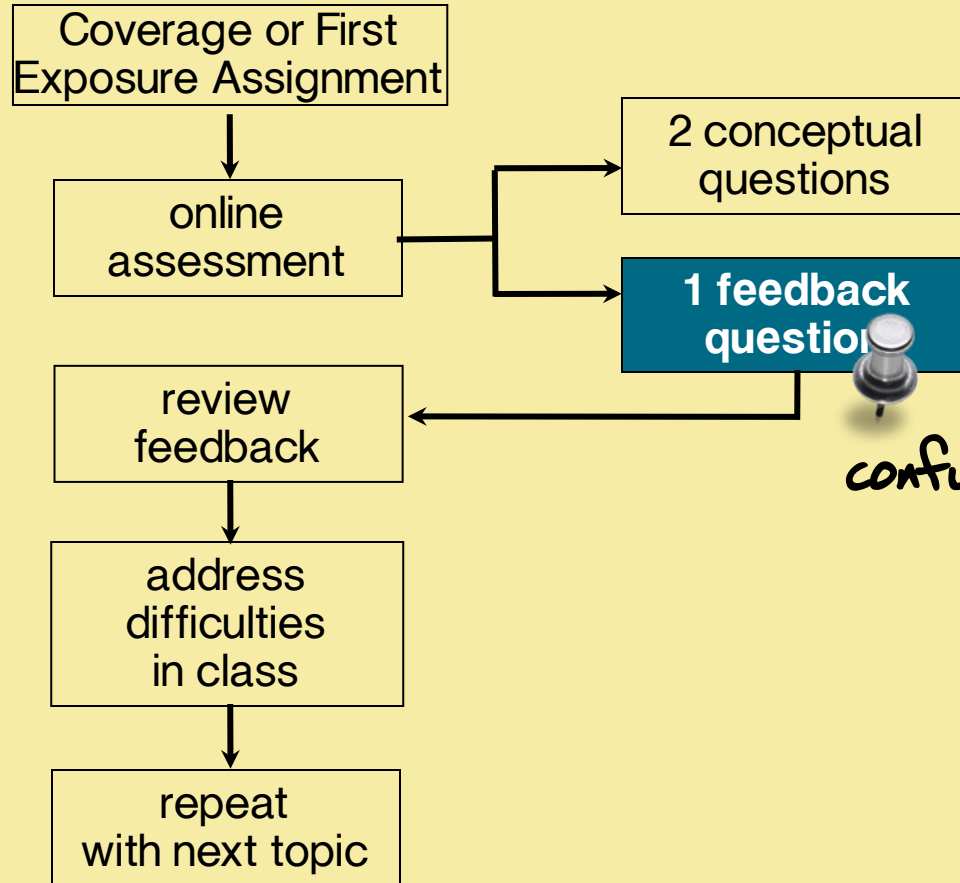
NCAT

How do I motivate my
students to prepare before
class?

Just-in-Time Teaching



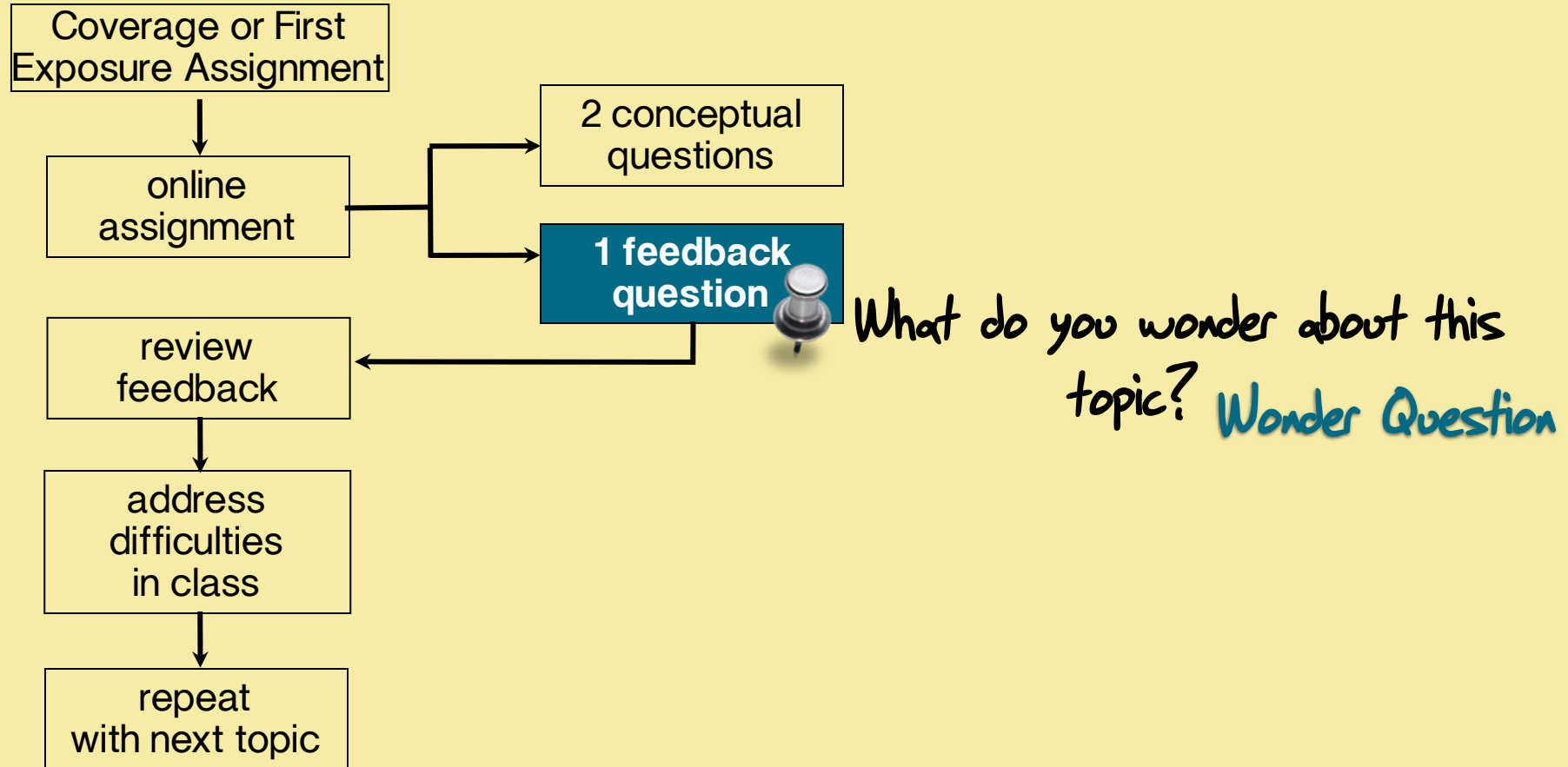
Just-in-Time Teaching



What do you find most
confusing about what you read?

Muddiest Point Technique

Just-in-Time Teaching



Pride and Prejudice



Pride & Prejudice (4/10) Movie CLIP - Refusi



movieclips

2011/06/16

Views: 107,705



MOVIECLIPS.COM

What is Collins' profession?

- A. Lawyer
- B. Clergyman
- C. Farmer
- D. I don't know

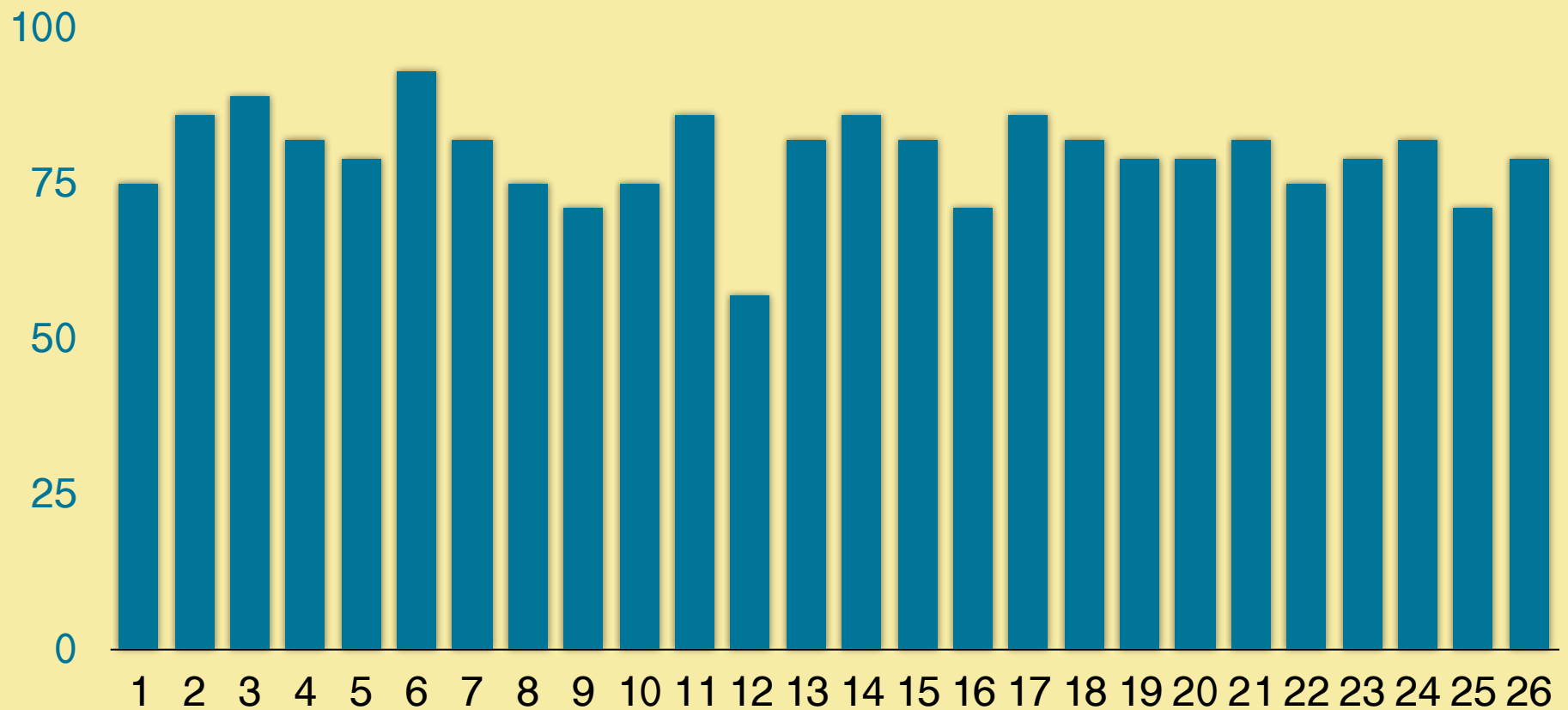
Hypothesize Collins' perception of the purpose of marriage.

What do you wonder about Collins' proposal?

Just-in-Time Teaching

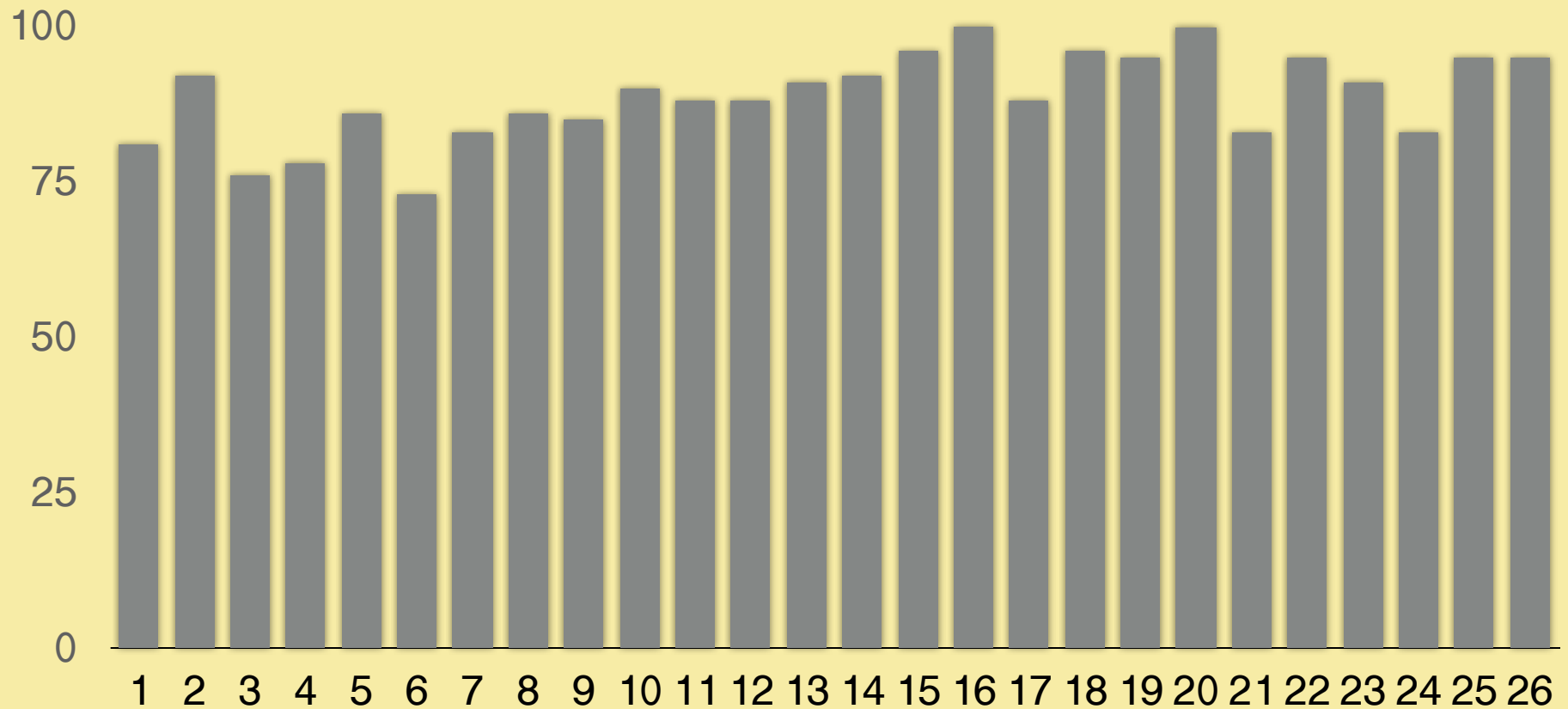
"It is important to cite achievement data & research about student engagement not just perceptions."

Just-in-Time Teaching




% of students ($n=28$) completing reading assignment ($n=26$)

Just-in-Time Teaching



% of students (n=28) reading assignment engagement (n=26)


Score for each question	Criteria (Students are asked to respond with an answer and a rationale for that answer)
0	Question is left blank or incomplete
1	Response includes an answer, but does not include any or includes only very minimal reasoning or rationale (regardless of correctness)
2	Response includes an answer AND reasoning or rationale (regardless of correctness)



What are hacks to JITT?

Is it acceptable to use other people's
content?

<http://ed.ted.com/on/g0Sd2mG7>

ed.ted.com/on/g0Sd2mG7 — TED-Ed | Flip your class with proven methodsReader


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Flip your class with proven methods

LESSON CREATED BY **JULIE SCHELL** USING **TED-Ed Beta**
VIDEO FROM **BokCenter** YOUTUBE CHANNEL


Let's Begin...

What is a **flipped classroom**, anyway? In a traditional flipped class, teachers capture lectures on video and have students watch those videos as "homework." Then, during class time, instructors help students apply what was learned at home and guide more complex work, rather than lecturing. **Peer Instruction** is one proven method to boost higher-order thinking during class time, developed at Harvard.



0:00 / 2:21

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strips of tape and various nearby objects, the magnitude of the electric force depends on distance — it decreases as you increase the separation.



22.2 Suspend a freshly pulled strip of transparent tape from the edge of your desk. (a) Pull a second strip of tape out of the dispenser and hold it near the first strip. What do you notice? (b) Does it matter which sides of the strips you orient toward each other?

As Checkpoint 22.2 makes clear, not all electric interactions are attractive. Even if you increase the mass of the strip by suspending paper clips from them, the repulsion between the strips is large enough to keep the paper clips apart (Figure 22.2). Now place your hand between two repelling strips and notice how both strips fly toward your hand! Then run each tape several times between your fingers and notice how the electric interaction diminishes or even disappears.



22.3 Suspend two freshly pulled 20-cm strips of transparent tape from the edge of your desk. Cut two 20-cm strips of paper, making each strip the same width as the tape, and investigate the interactions between the paper strips and the tape by bringing them near each other. Which of the following combinations display an electric interaction: paper-paper, tape-paper, tape-tape?



22.2 Electrical charge

As we saw in the previous section, electric interactions are sometimes attractive and sometimes repulsive. In addition, the experiment you performed in Checkpoint 22.3 demonstrates that paper strips, which do not interact electrically with each other, do interact electrically with transparent tape. What causes these interactions? To answer this question, we need to carry out a systematic sequence of experiments.

Figure 22.3 illustrates a simple procedure for reproducibly creating strips of tape that interact electrically. A suspended strip created according to this procedure interacts in the following ways: it repels another strip created in the same manner, and it attracts any other

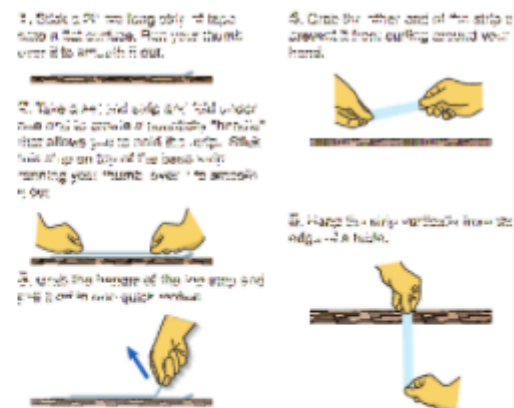


Figure 22.3 Procedure for making strips of transparent tape that interact electrically. The lower strip is used to provide a standard surface—the top side of a piece of tape—because surface properties may vary from one tabletop or desk to another.

Welcome to NB !

Use your mouse or the **←** and **→** keys to move from discussion to discussion.
Use your mouse or the **↑** and **↓** keys to scroll up and down the document.
Drag across any region on the pdf to create a new discussion.
Right-click on any comment to post a reply

[More help...](#)













New note...

- ☒ The entire class
- ☐ Instructors and TAs
- ☐ Myself only

☐ Anonymous to students

Save

NB

Name ↕	Assignment#	Download PDF	Stats		
 ch22	No	original	me <u>1</u>	unread <u>39</u>	all <u>50</u>
 ch32	No	original	me <u>0</u>	unread <u>73</u>	all <u>73</u>
 ch25	No	original	me <u>0</u>	unread <u>131</u>	all <u>131</u>
 ch33	No	original	me <u>0</u>	unread <u>99</u>	all <u>99</u>
 ch26	No	original	me <u>0</u>	unread <u>96</u>	all <u>99</u>
 ch24	No	original	me <u>0</u>	unread <u>169</u>	all <u>180</u>
 Ch30	No	original	me <u>0</u>	unread <u>81</u>	all <u>81</u>
 ch29	No	original	me <u>0</u>	unread <u>38</u>	all <u>38</u>
 ch27	No	original	me <u>0</u>	unread <u>53</u>	all <u>55</u>
 ch23	No	original	me <u>0</u>	unread <u>154</u>	all <u>172</u>
 ch28	No	original	me <u>0</u>	unread <u>79</u>	all <u>79</u>
 ch31	No	original	me <u>0</u>	unread <u>41</u>	all <u>41</u>

Tips for JiTT

- give points for effort
- organize class time using feedback
- display comments anonymously
- formally assess content
- find a colleague doing it on campus



What are the best kinds of activities to do in class? I think I know what I want to do in my videos, but the in class part is where I am stressing.

HPU

2

How do I engage my students in class?

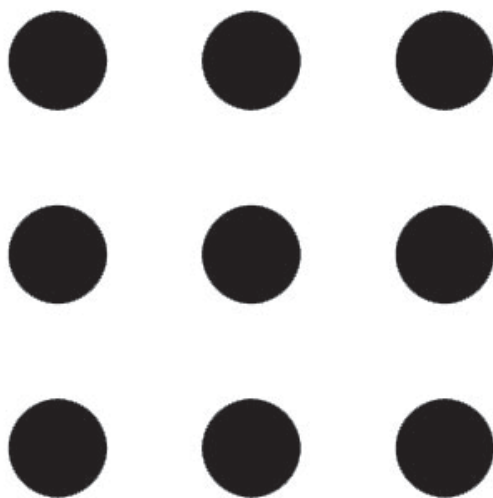


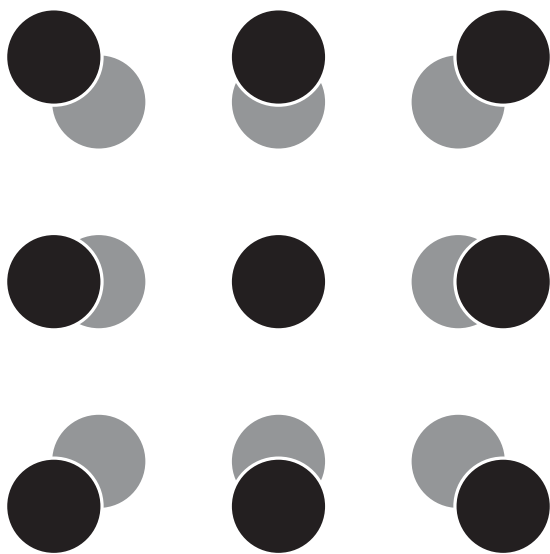


Thermal Expansion



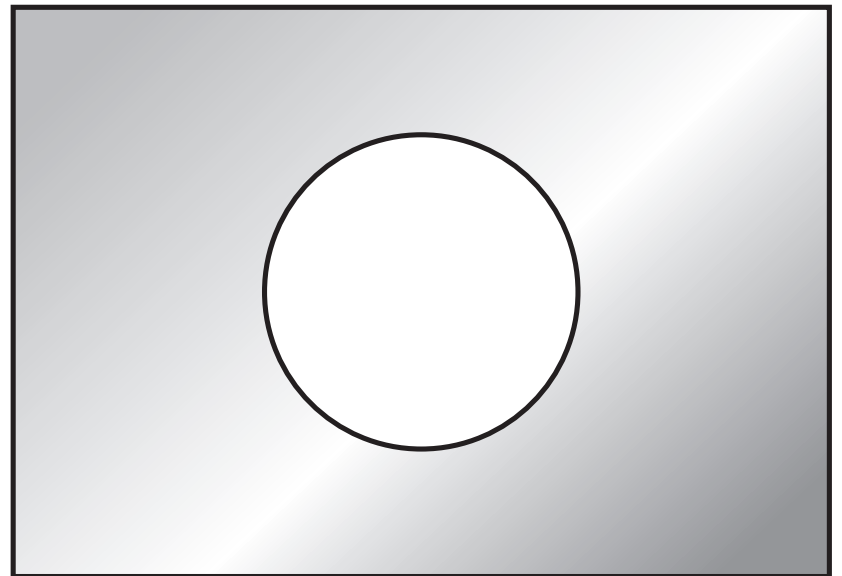
When metals heat up, they
expand.





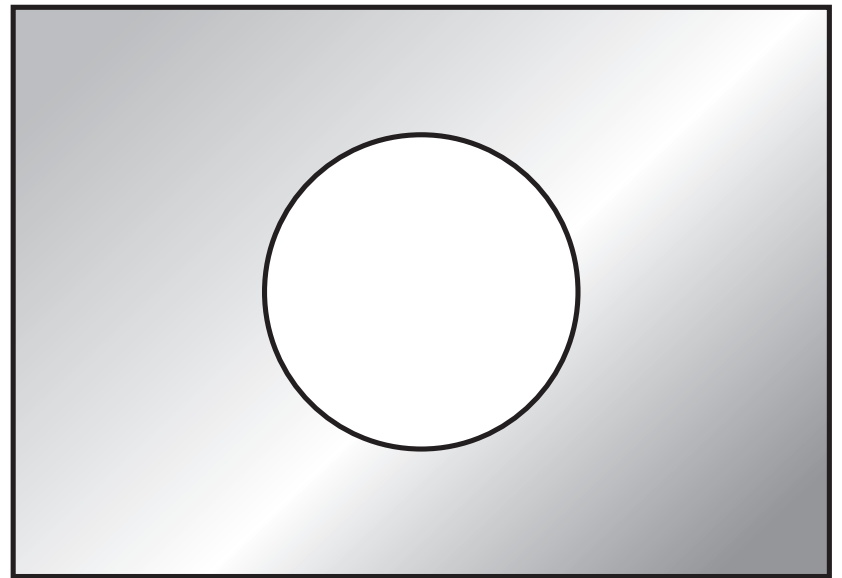
Consider a metal plate with a hole in it.

- A. increases**
- B. stays the same**
- C. decreases**



Consider a metal plate with a hole in it. If you heat it uniformly what happens to diameter of hole?

- A. increases**
- B. stays the same**
- C. decreases**



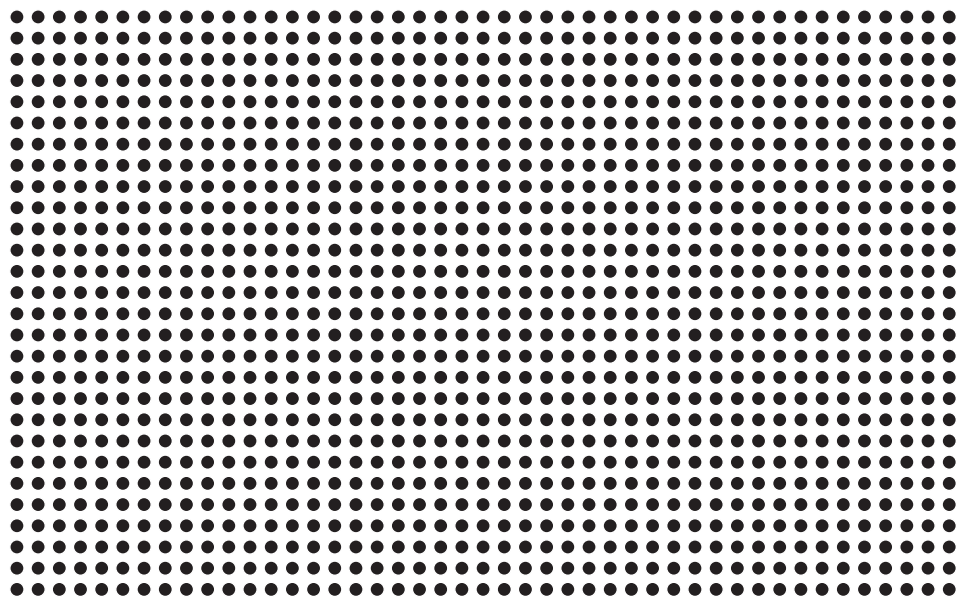
What just happened?

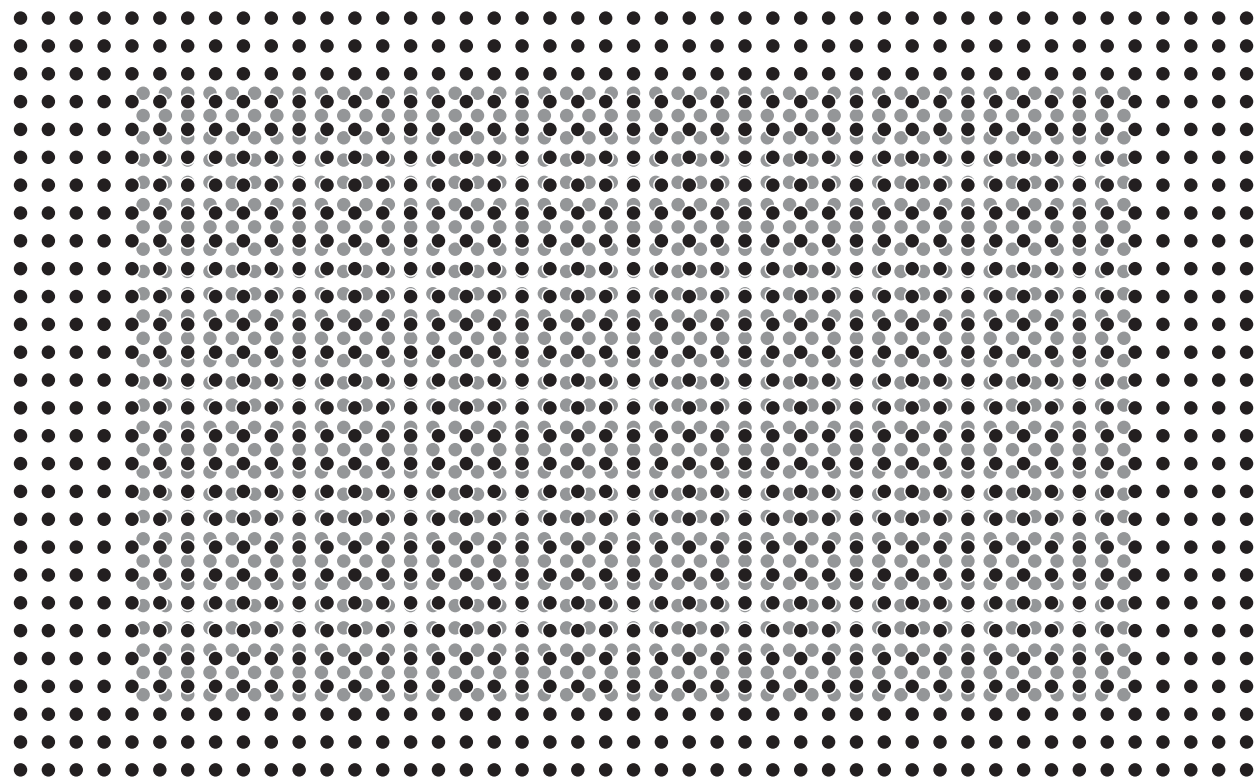
1. made a commitment, gained awareness of knowledge state

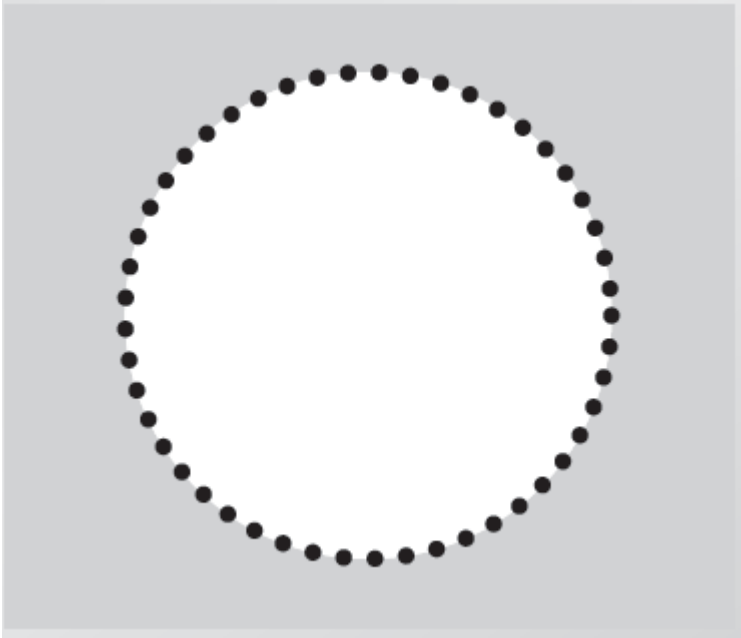
2. externalized your answer

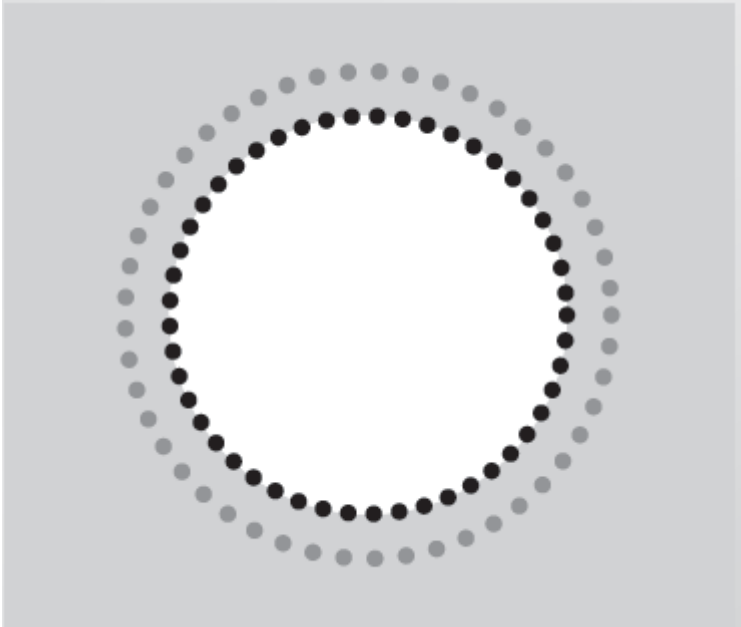
3. moved from the answer to reasoning

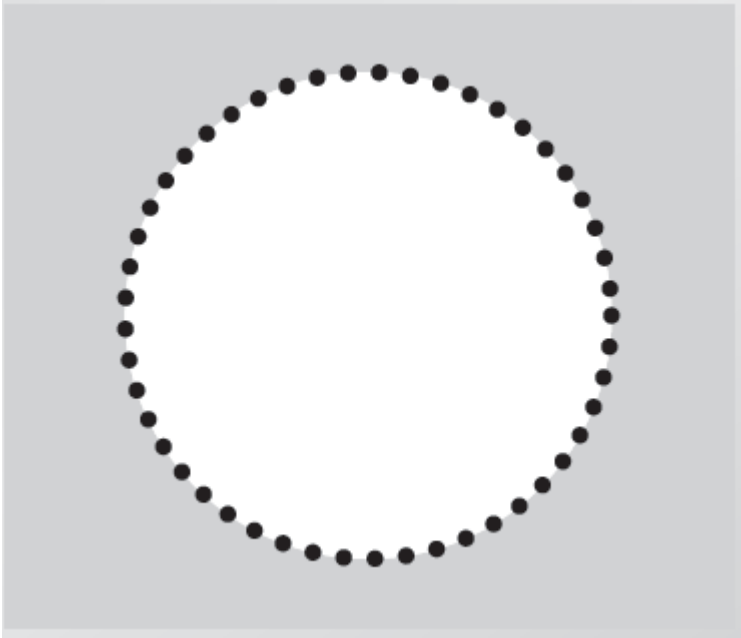
4. became emotionally invested in the learning process











What happens when you heat metals up?

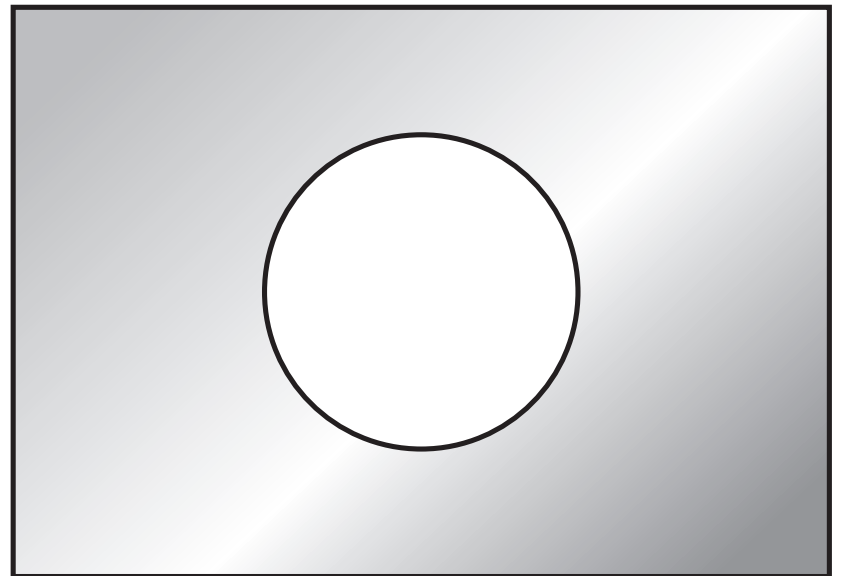
- A. they expand**
- B. they stay the same**
- C. they get smaller**
- D. who cares?**

If you heat it uniformly what happens to diameter of hole?

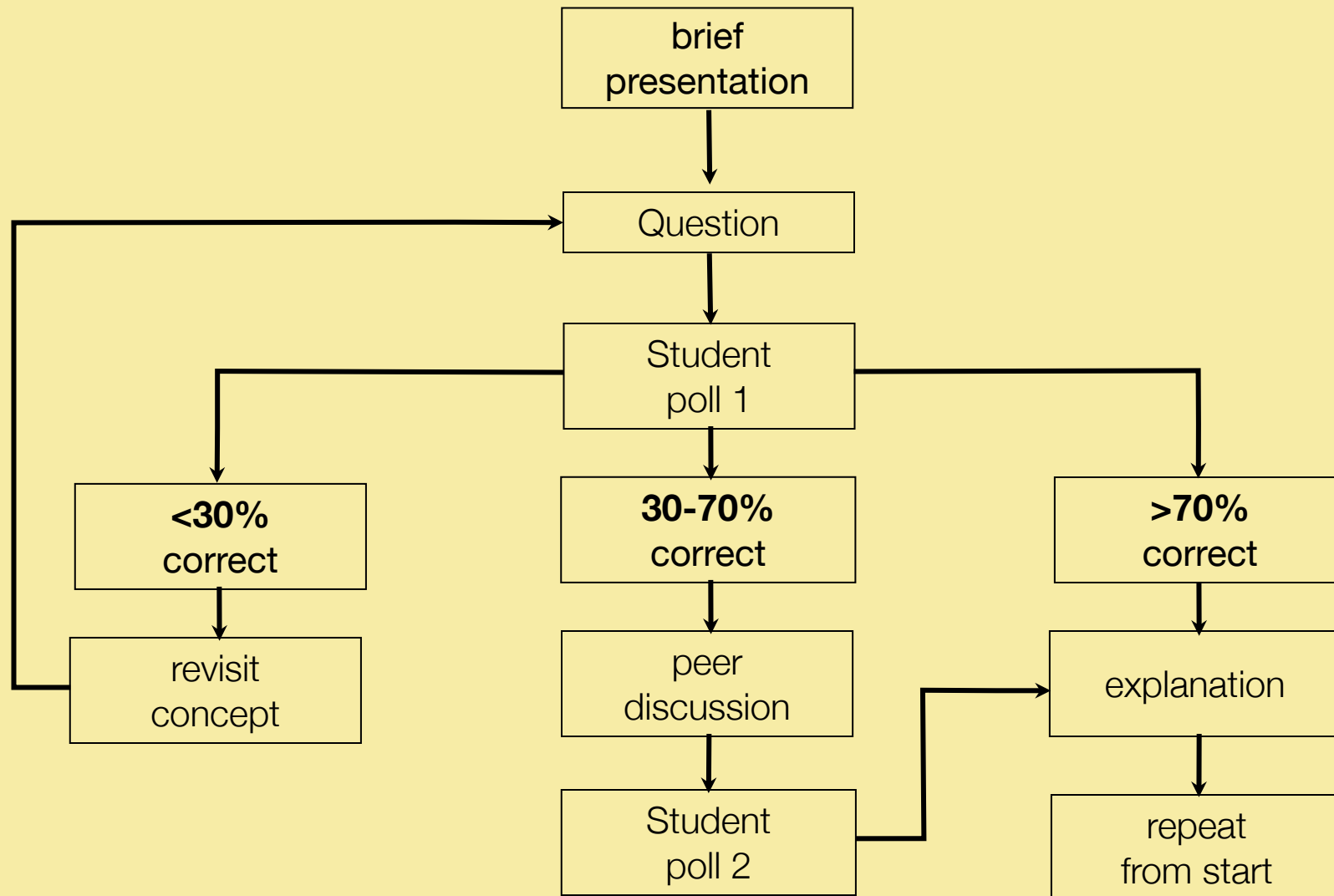
A. increases

B. stays the same

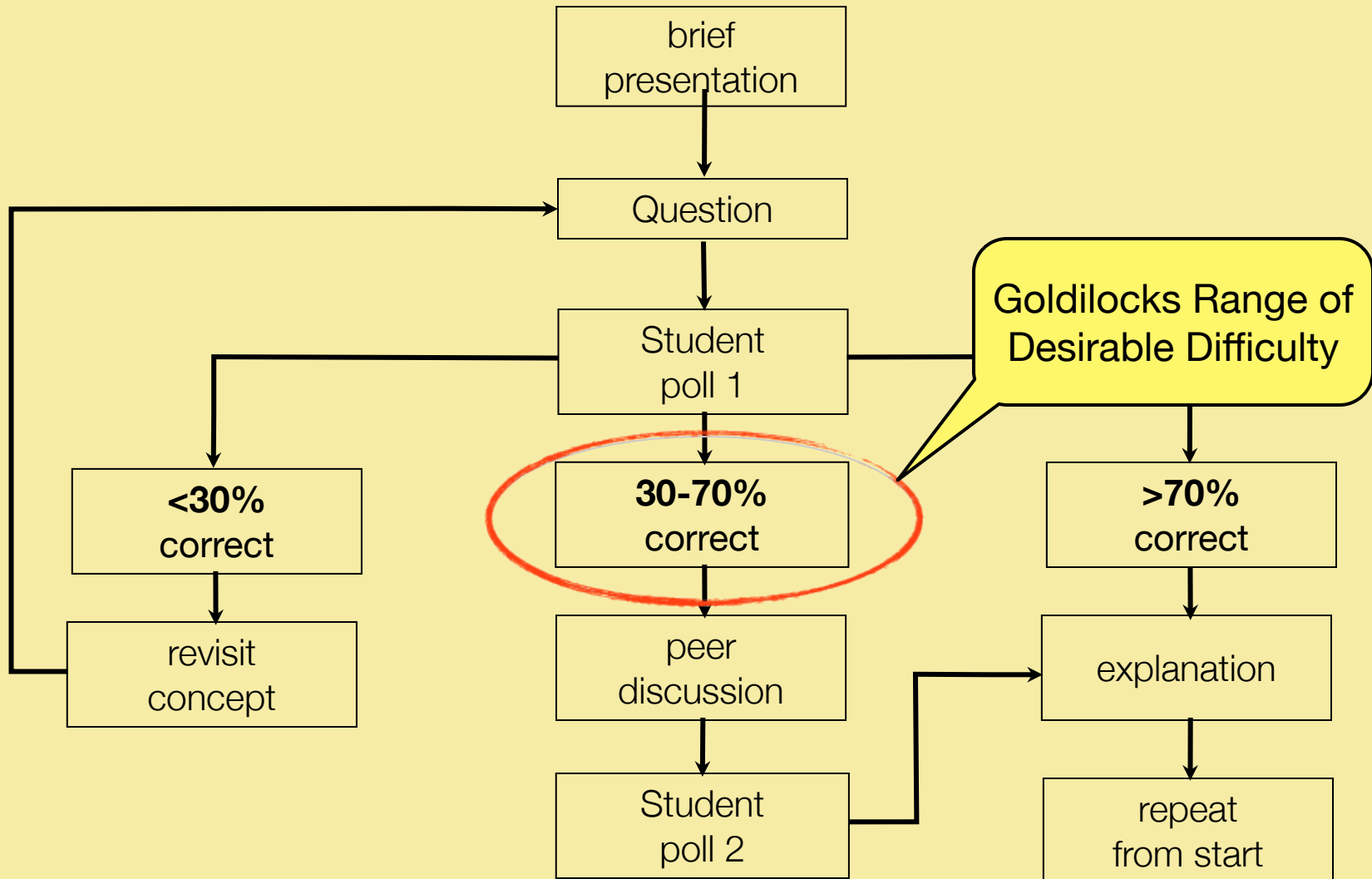
C. decreases



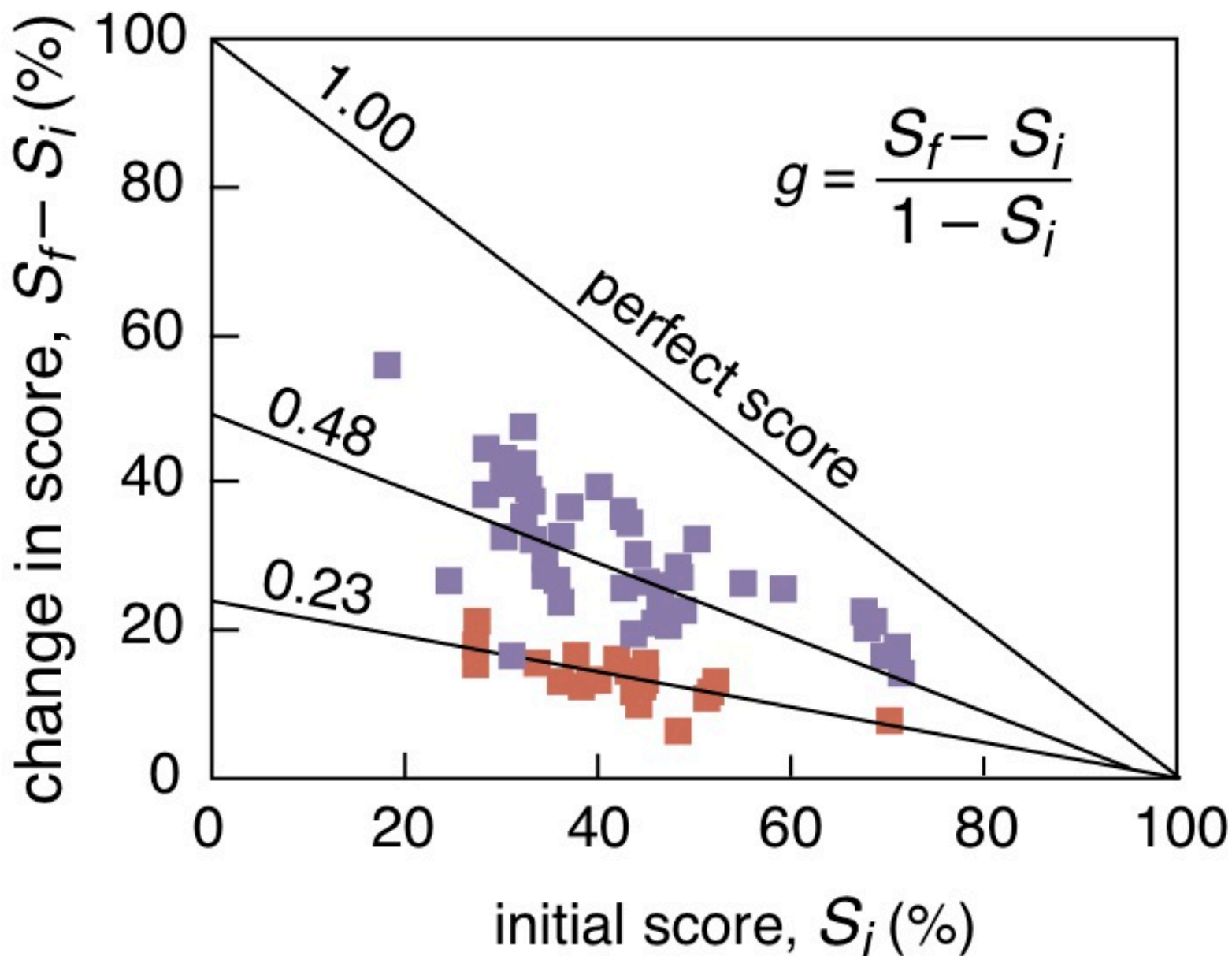
Peer Instruction



Peer Instruction



Interactive learning
Traditional lecture



Source: Hake, R. R. (1998). Interactive-engagement versus traditional methods: A six-thousand-student survey of mechanics test data for introductory physics courses. *Am. J. Phys.* 66(1).

Moral Ambiguity



Gert's Moral Rules

Everyone must follow!

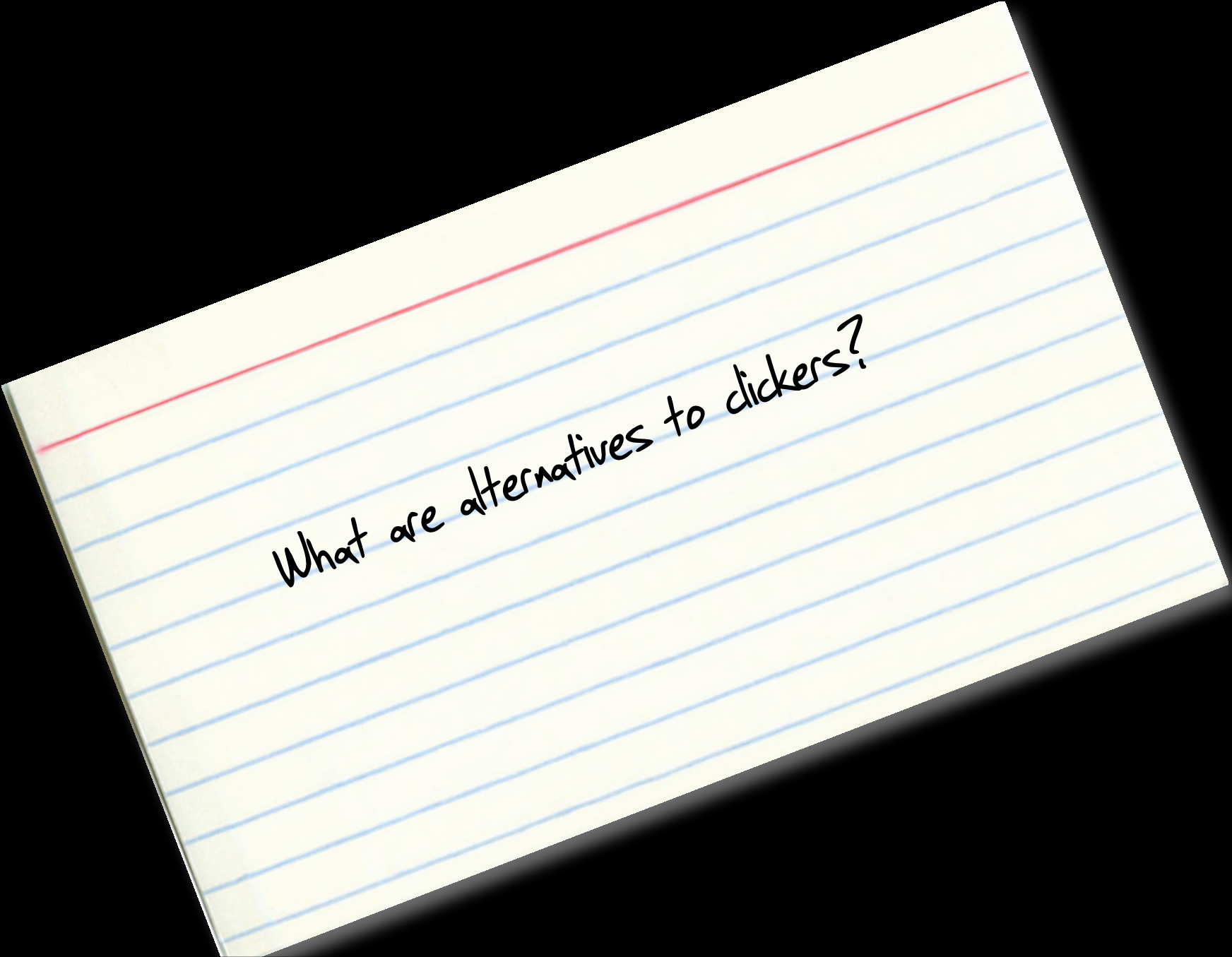
1. Do not kill.
2. Do not cause pain.
3. Do not disable.
4. Do not deprive of freedom.
5. Do not deprive of pleasure.
6. Do not deceive.
7. Keep your promises.
8. Do not cheat.
9. Obey the law.
10. Do your duty.

Heinz's wife was near death, and her only hope was a drug that had been discovered by a pharmacist who was selling it for an exorbitant price. The drug cost \$20,000 to make, and the pharmacist was selling it for \$200,000. Heinz could only raise \$50,000 and insurance wouldn't make up the difference. He offered what he had to the pharmacist, and when his offer was rejected, Heinz said he would pay the rest later. Still the pharmacist refused. In desperation, Heinz broke into the store and stole the drug.

Should Heinz have broken into the store to steal the drug for his wife?

A. Yes

B. No



What are alternatives to clickers?





A pink square containing a large, white, stylized letter 'A' with a thick black outline.

A

A green square containing a large, white, stylized letter 'B' with a thick black outline.

B

A yellow square containing a large, white, stylized letter 'C' with a thick black outline.

C

A blue square containing a large, white, stylized letter 'D' with a thick black outline.

D

<http://bit.ly/TgzlcQ>



<http://bit.ly/VnXtNS>

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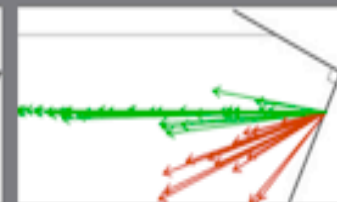
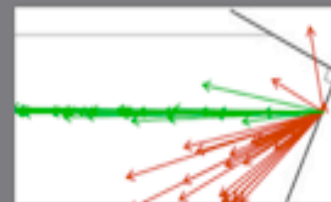


Light enters horizontally into the combination of two perpendicular

[Stop delivery](#) [Deliver again](#) [Assign groups](#) [Show all results](#)

Round 1
57 responses, 58% correct

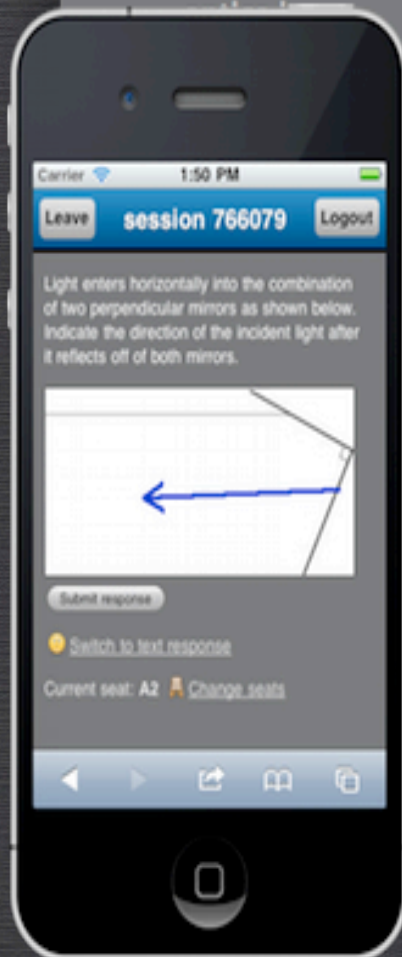
Round 2
51 responses, 73% correct



8 get it now
0 still don't get it

the incident light after it reflects off of both mirrors.

[feedback & support](#)



Socrative.com



Tips for PI

- can use with just one concept in a course
- always give students a chance to vote first before discussion
- have students give explanations of different responses as closure activity
- don't show histogram after first vote if there is a correct answer

3

How to get started or learn more?



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