Why you can pass tests and *still* fail in the real world



Portland Community College Rock Creek Portland, OR, 14 May 2014

Why you can pass tests and *still* fail in the real world



@eric_mazur

Portland Community College Rock Creek Portland, OR, 14 May 2014







we only guarantee they'll pass the test



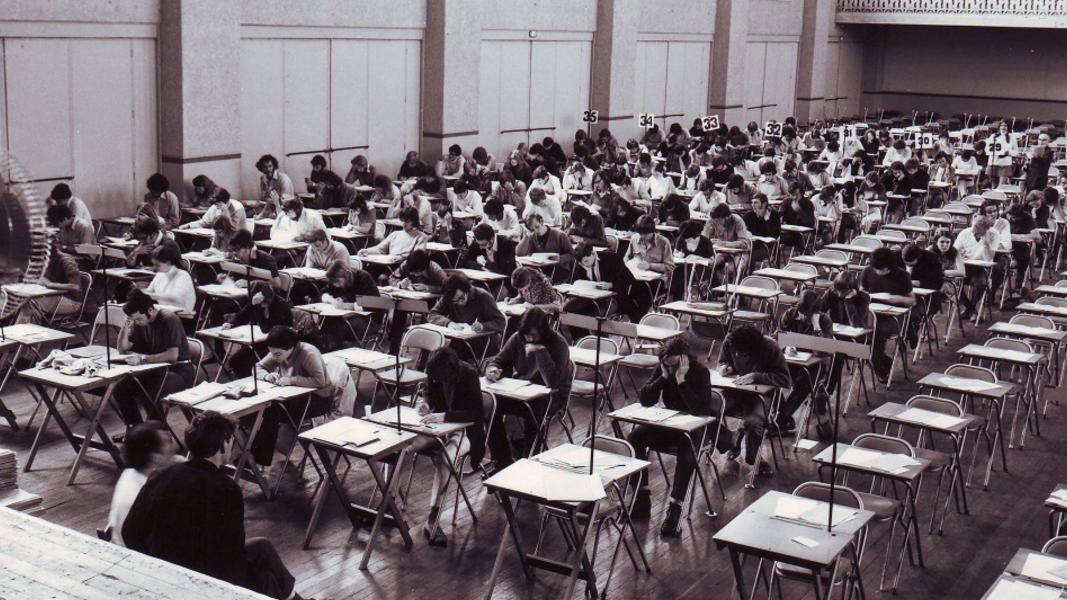
5-minute university







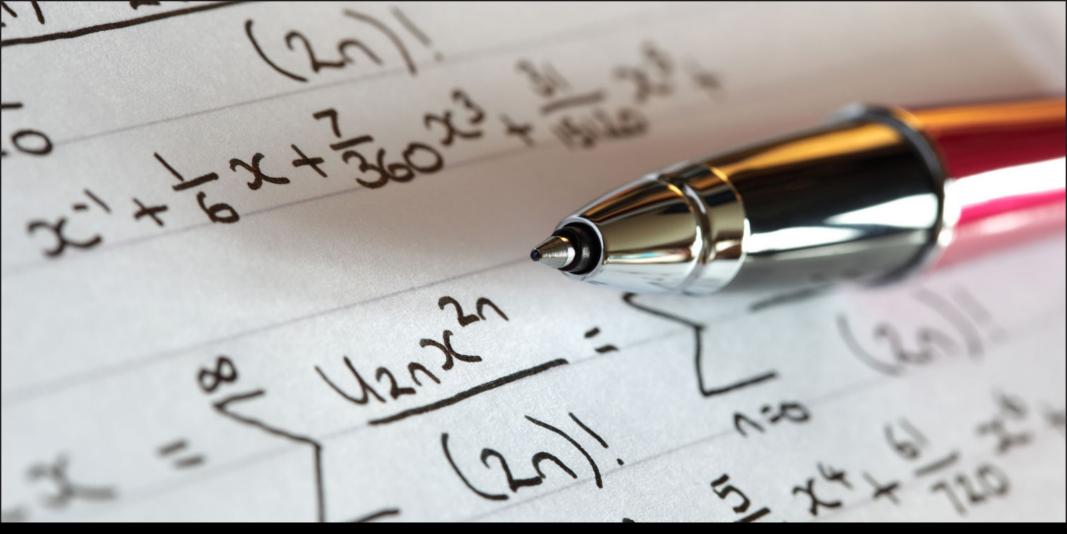


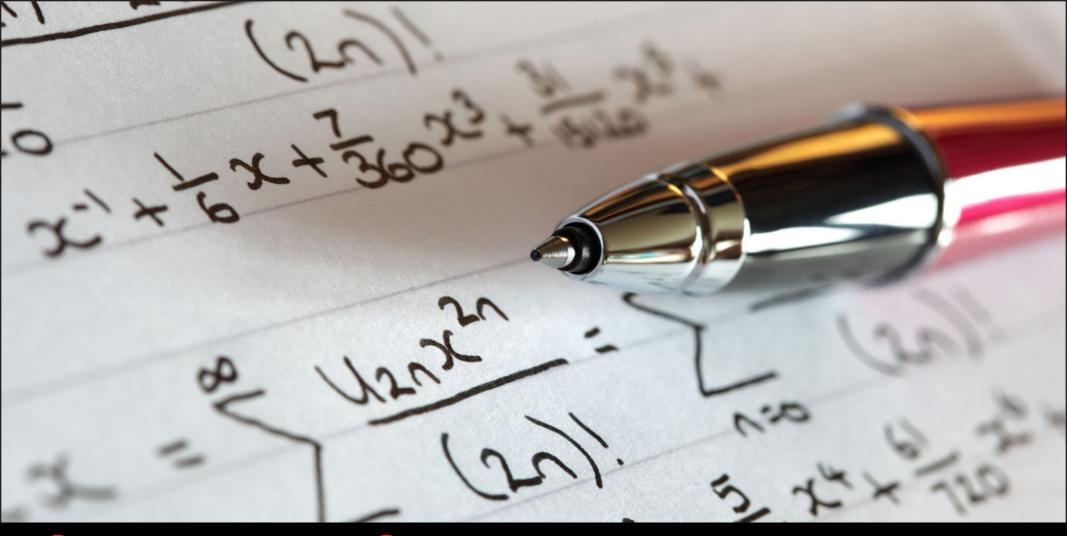


assessment focussed on ranking and classifying,

not on developing 21st century skills

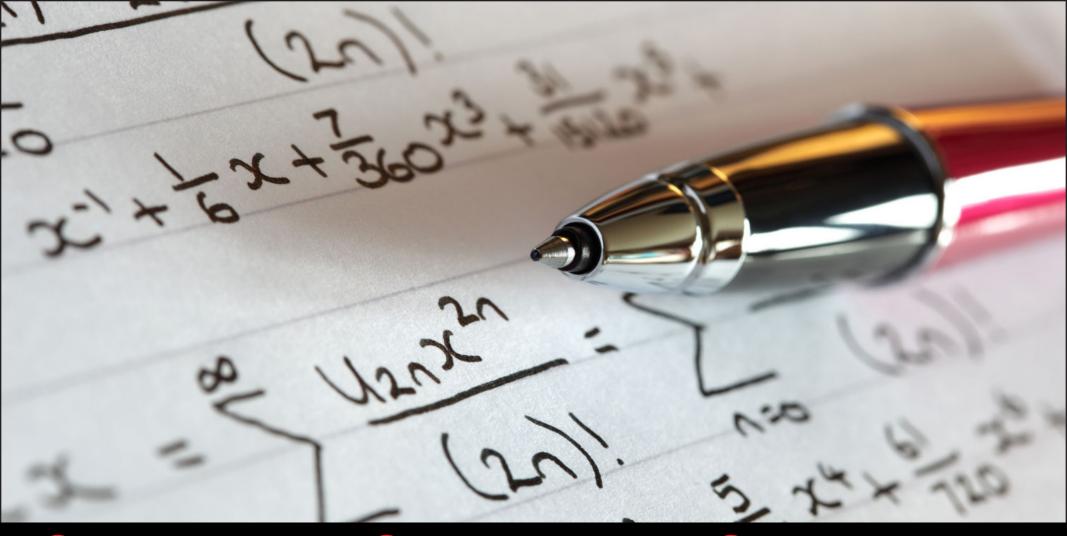


















how many different purposes of assessment can you think of?



1. rate students

- 2. rate professor and course
- 3. motivate students to keep up with work
- 4. provide feedback on learning to students
- 5. provide feedback to instructor
- 6. provide instructional accountability
- 7. improve teaching and learning











inauthentic tests





inauthentic problem solving

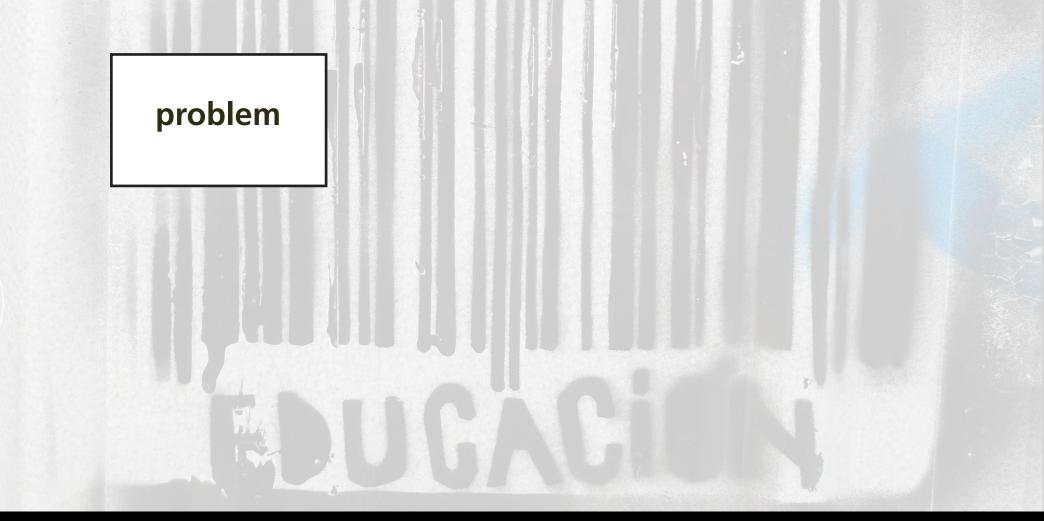




what is the meaning/definition of ...?











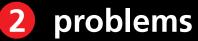


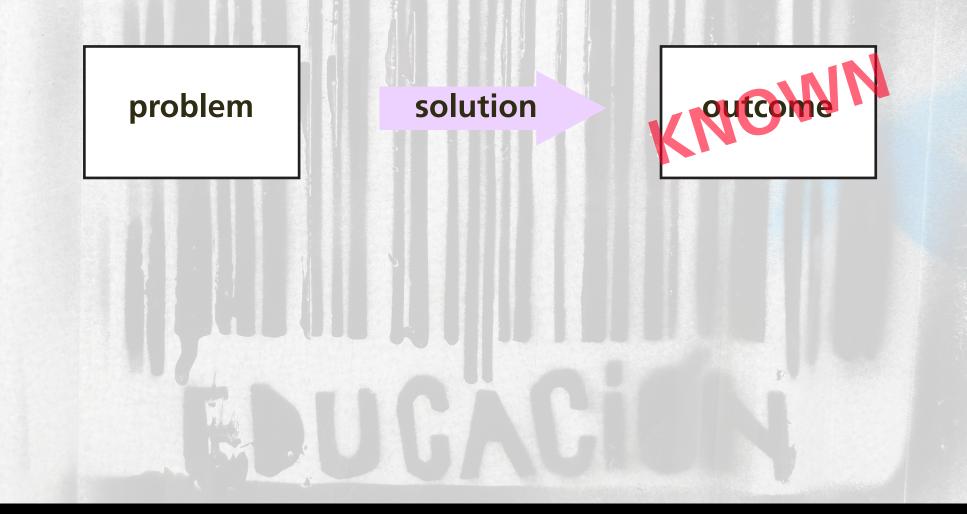




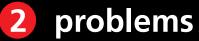


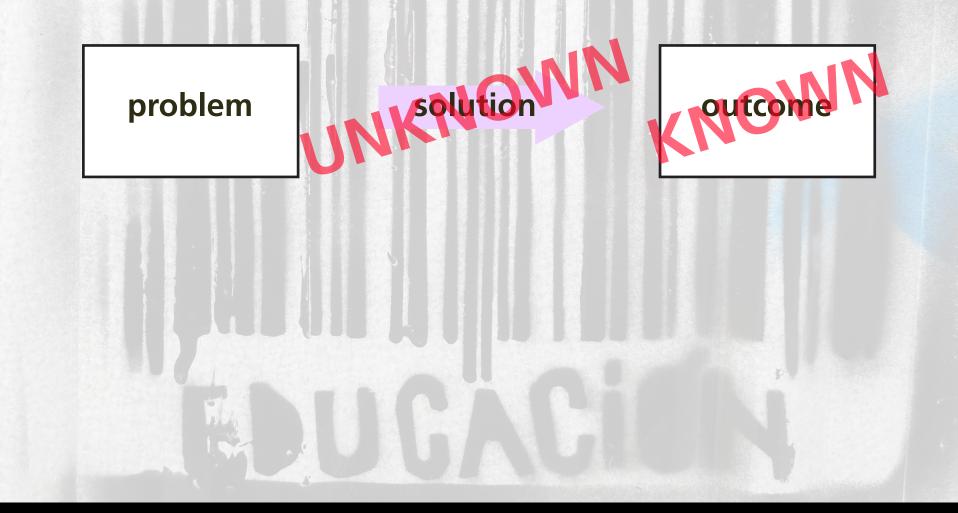






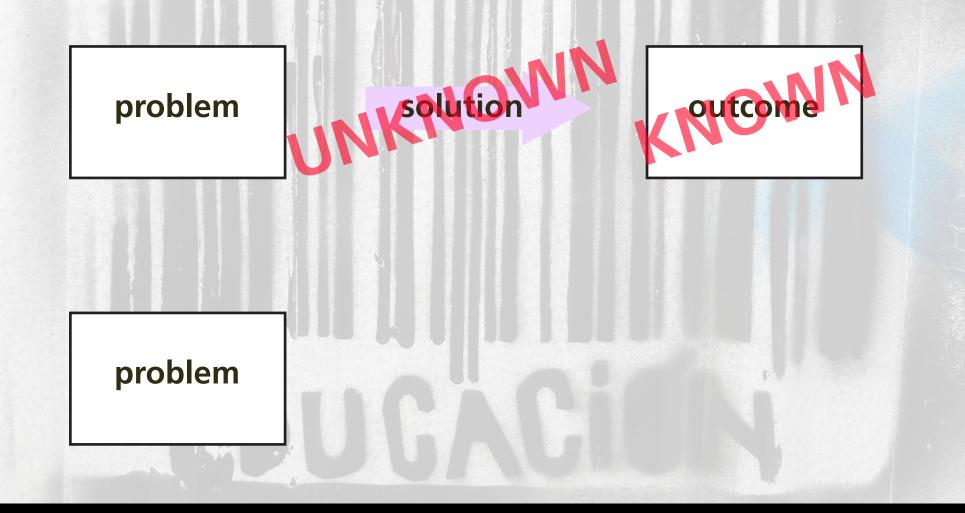












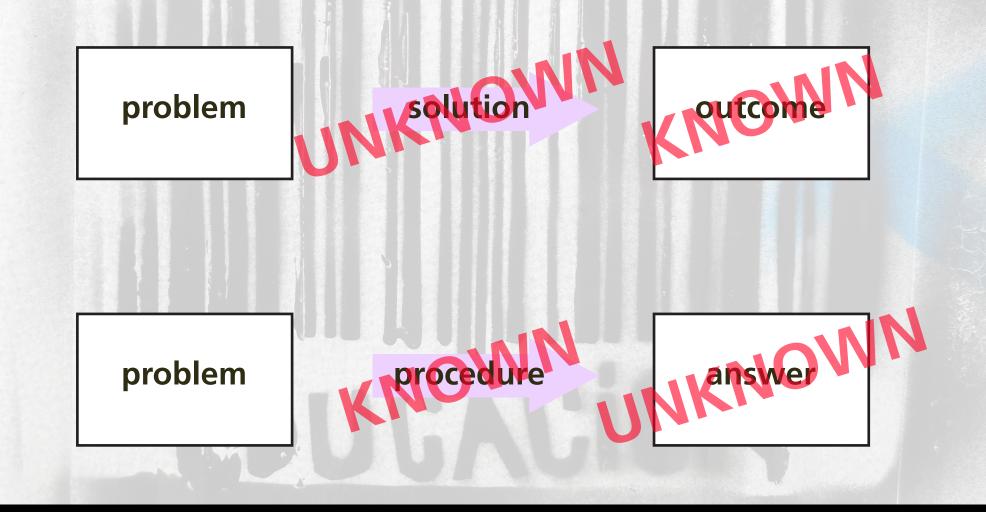






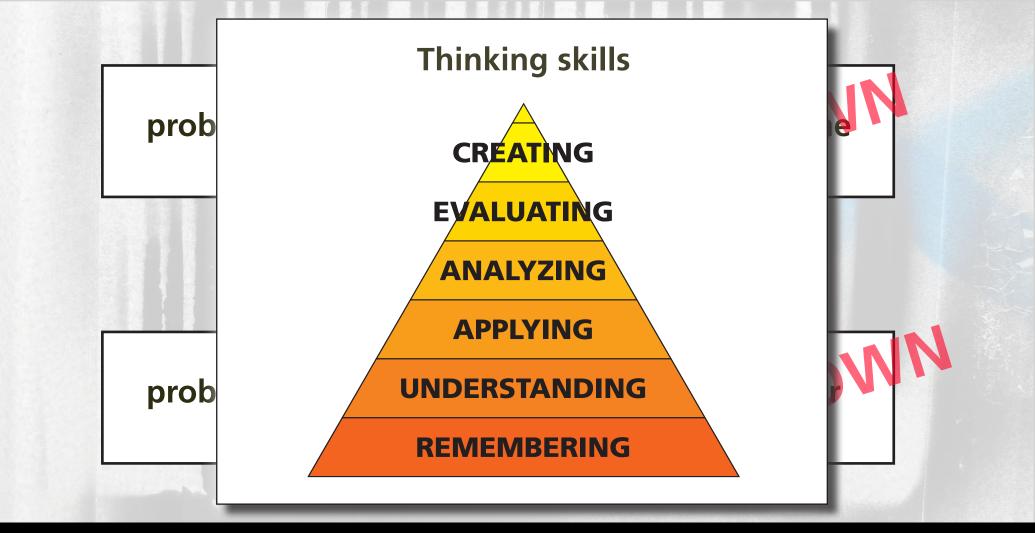
















On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces. On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

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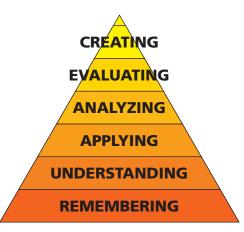
How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

Requires:

Assumptions Developing a model Applying that model On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

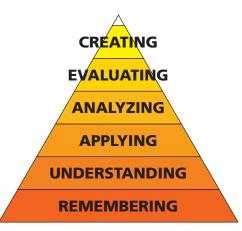
Requires:



On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces. On average people shop for 2 hours.

How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

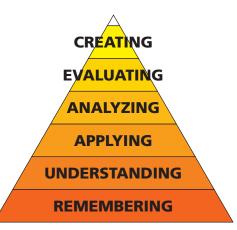
Requires:



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Assuming people leave at regularly-spaced intervals, how long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

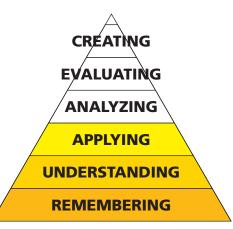
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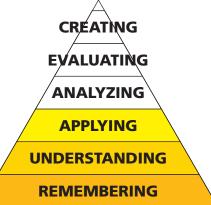
Assuming people leave at regularly-spaced intervals, how long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?

Requires:



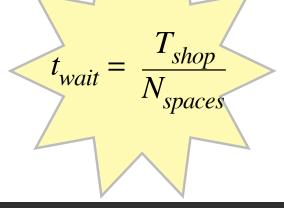
On a Saturday afternoon, you pull into a parking lot with unmetered spaces near a shopping area, where people are known to shop, on average, for 2 hours. You circle around, but there are no empty spots. You decide to wait at one end of the lot, where you can see (and command) about 20 spaces.

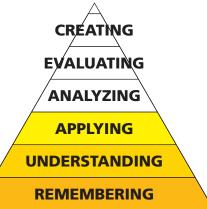
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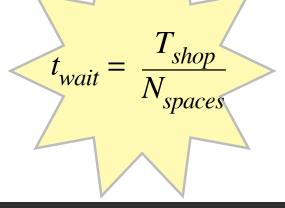
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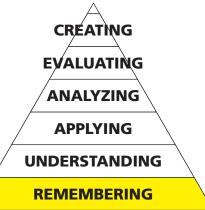


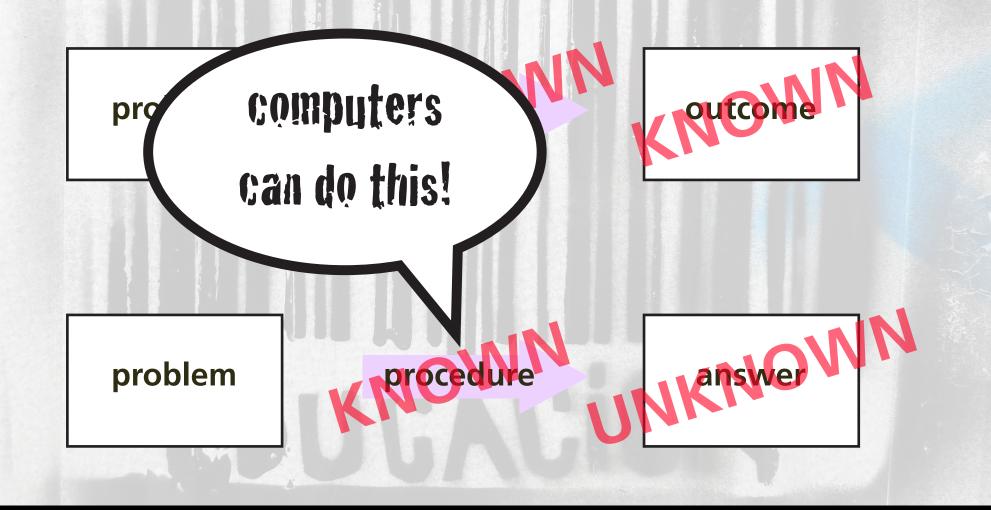


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How long do you have to wait before someone frees up a space?













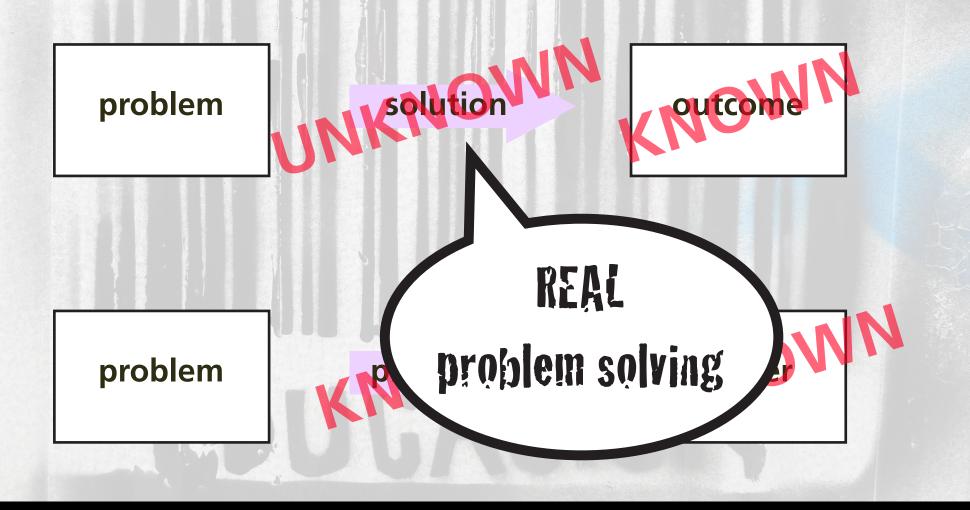




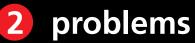










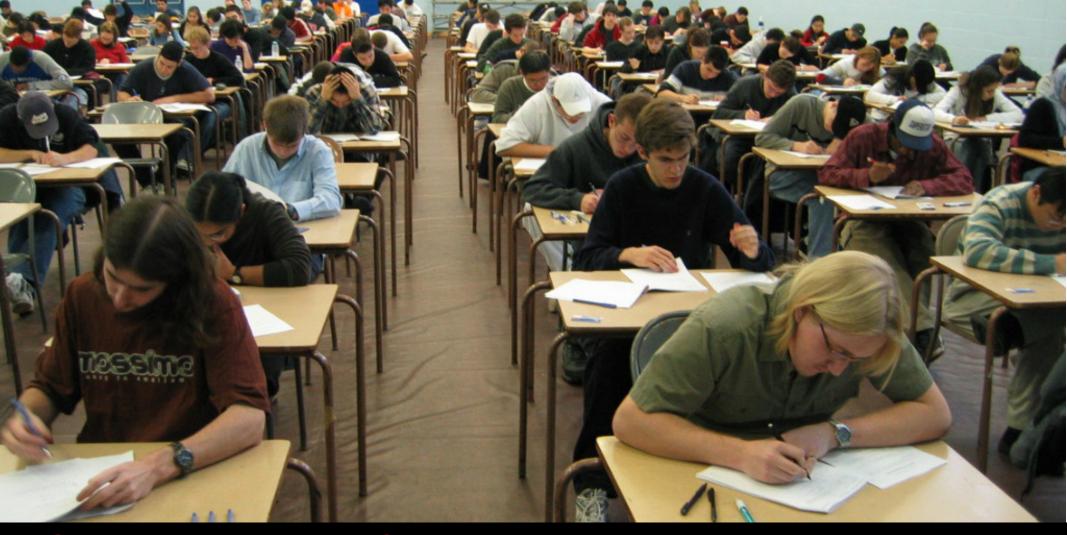




grading incompatible with real problem solving





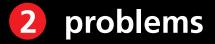


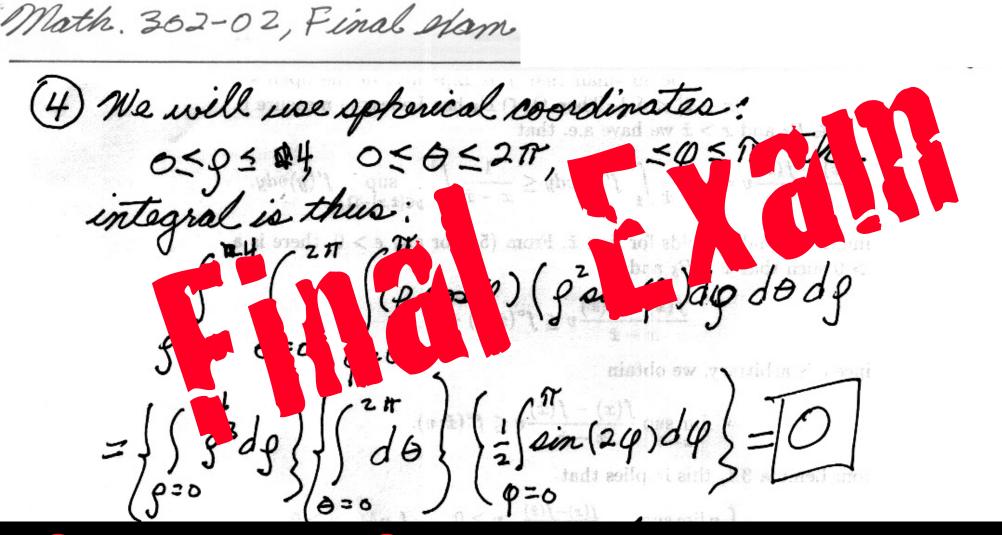




isolation





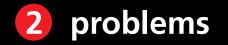






high-stakes examinations promote cramming





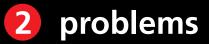
information stored in short-term memory





information stored in short-term memory tral





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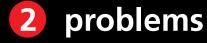
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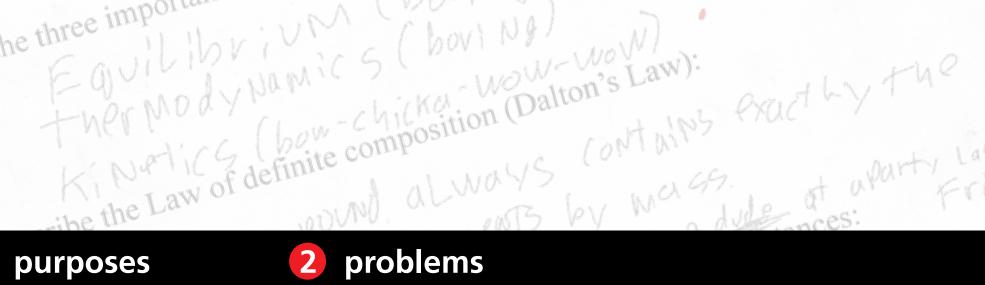
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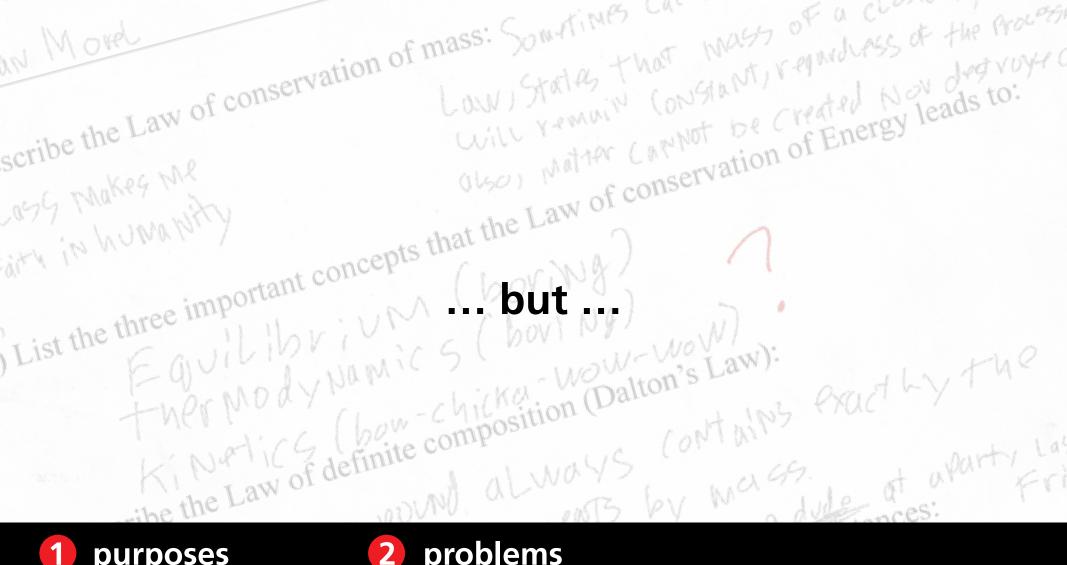
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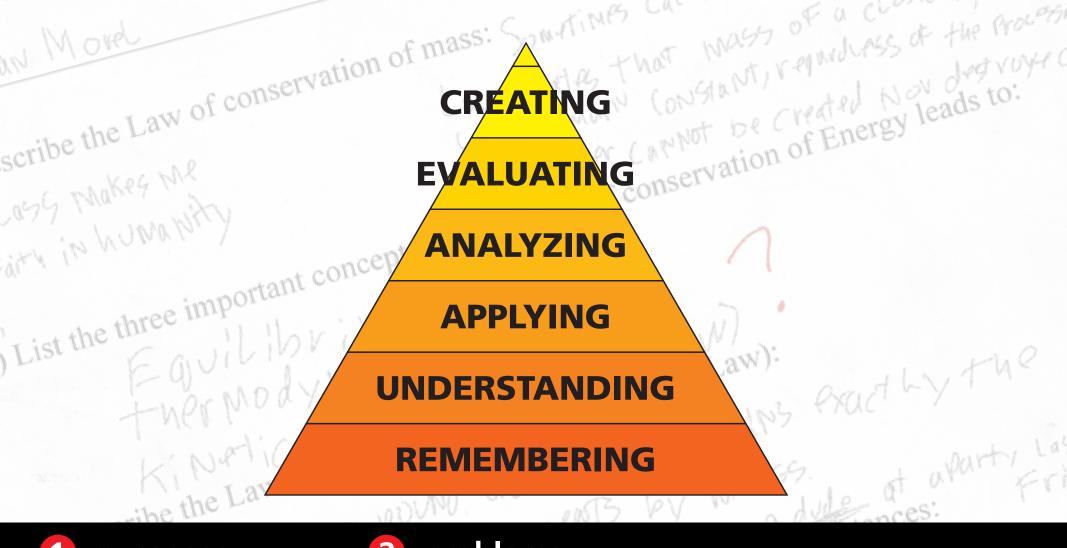


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only lowest order thinking skills

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REMEMBERING



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mimic real life





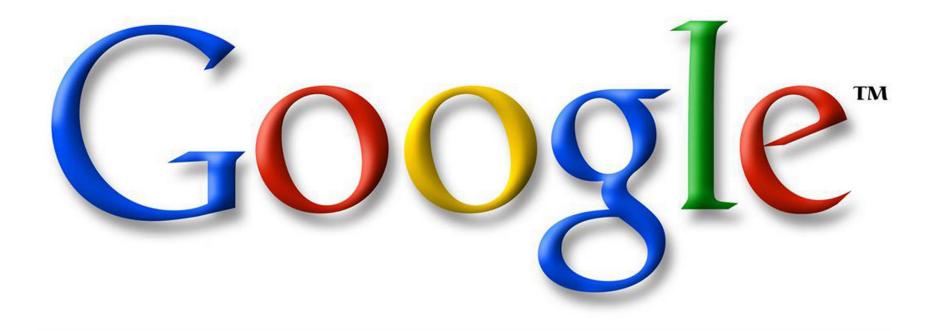


open-book exam





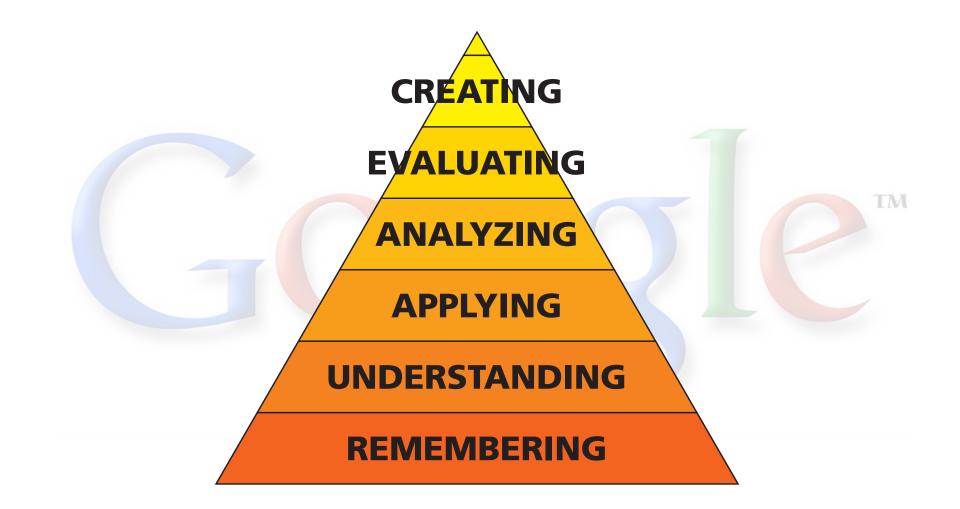










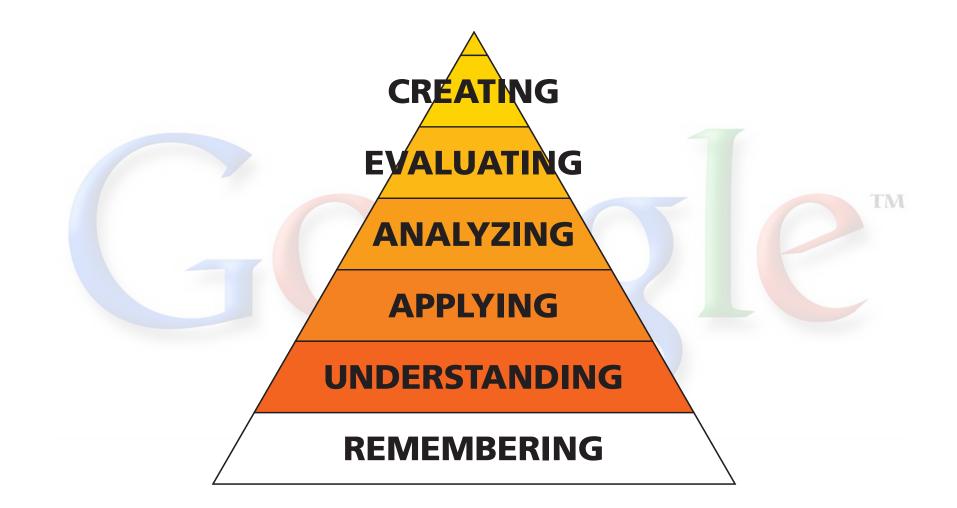








improvements









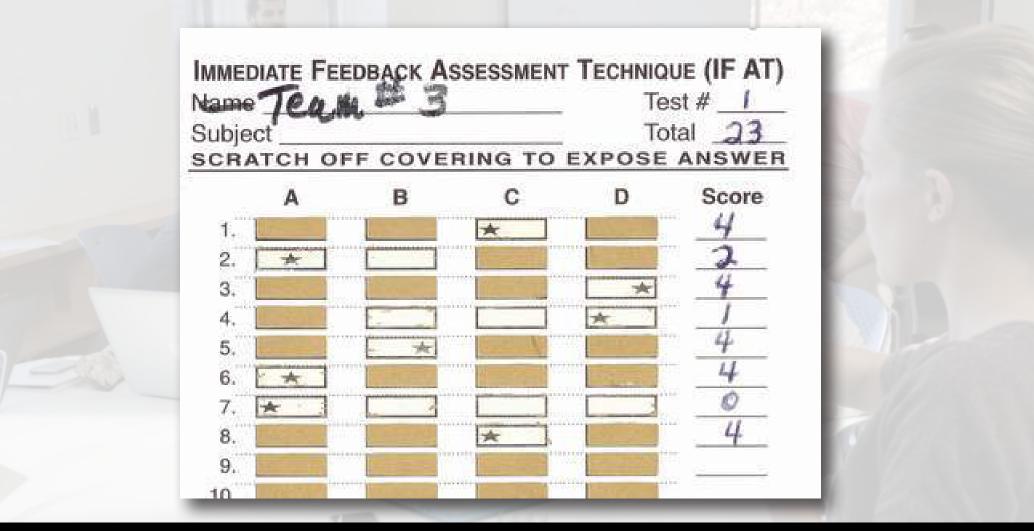
improvements























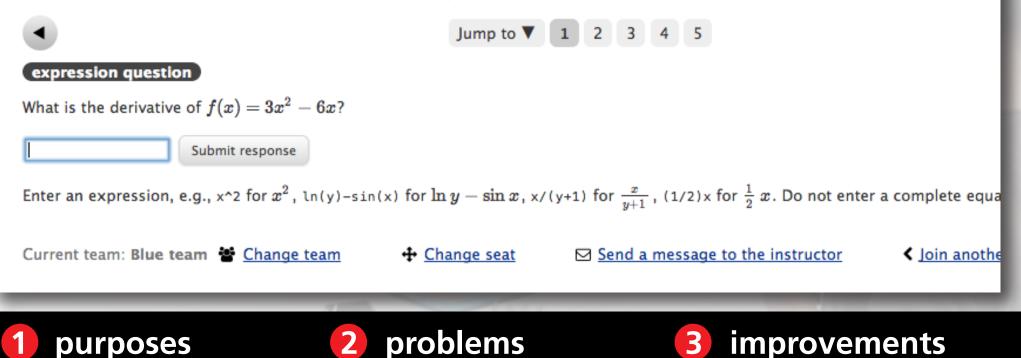


learning **catalytics**

Courses Questions Classrooms Tour Help

Session 389314

This is the individual round; work on these questions on your own.



Brian Lukoff

This is the individual round;

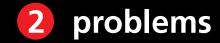
expression question

What is the derivative of $f(x) = 3x^2 - 6x$?

Submit response

Enter an expression, e.g., x^2 for x^2 , $\ln(y) - \sin(x)$ for $\ln y - \sin(x)$







This is the individual round;

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6x - 6







expression question

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Submit response

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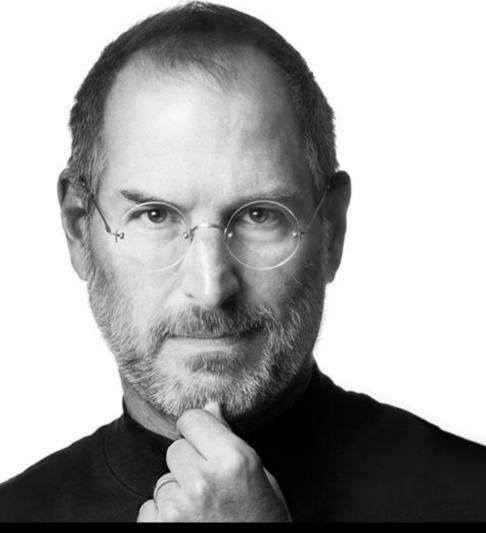
focus on feedback, not ranking







objective ranking: a myth

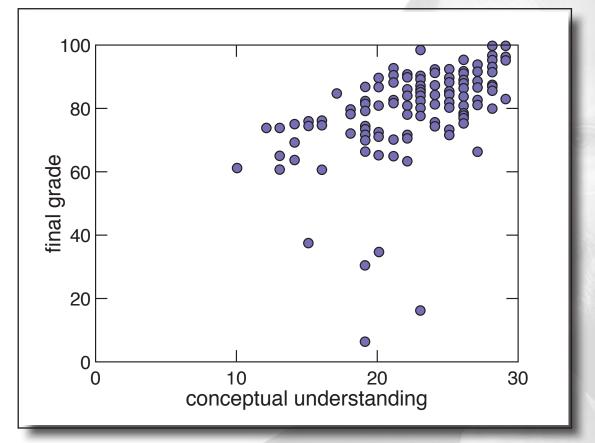








2 metrics, 2 results

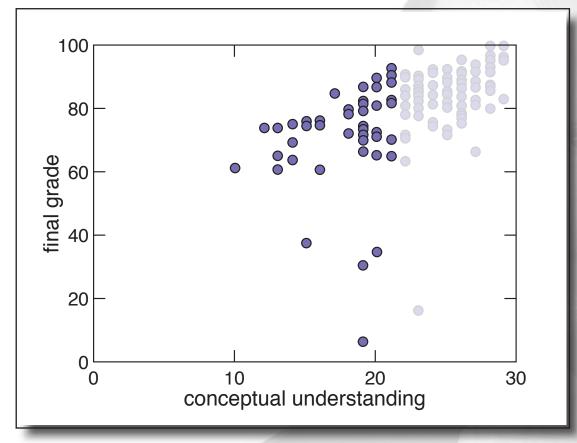








Aristotelian thinkers

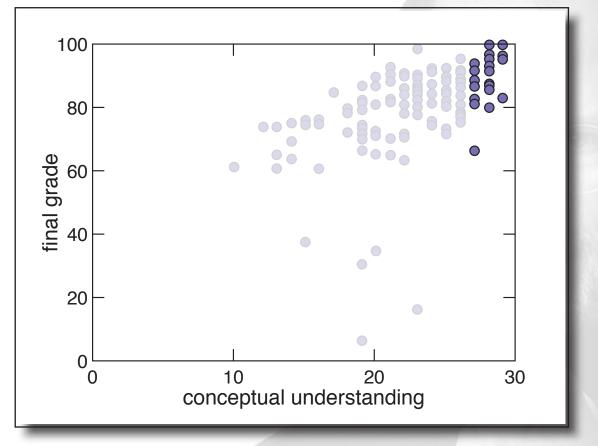








top performers, broad grade distribution

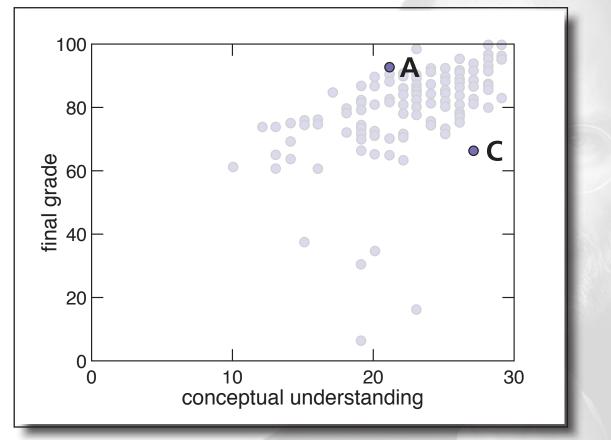








objectivity or injustice?









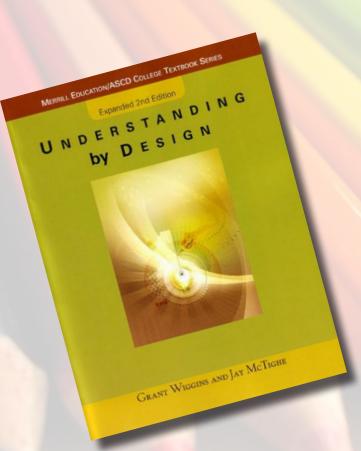


focus on skills, not content









Grant Wiggins and Jay McTighe, Understanding by Design (Prentice Hall, 2001)







Traditional approach to course planning

course content



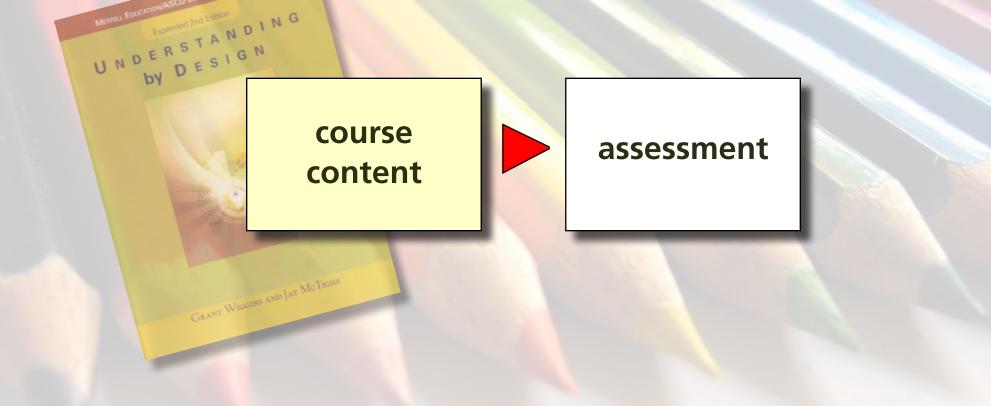
UNDERSTANDING by DESIGN

GRANT WIGGINS AND JAY MCTIGHE





Traditional approach to course planning

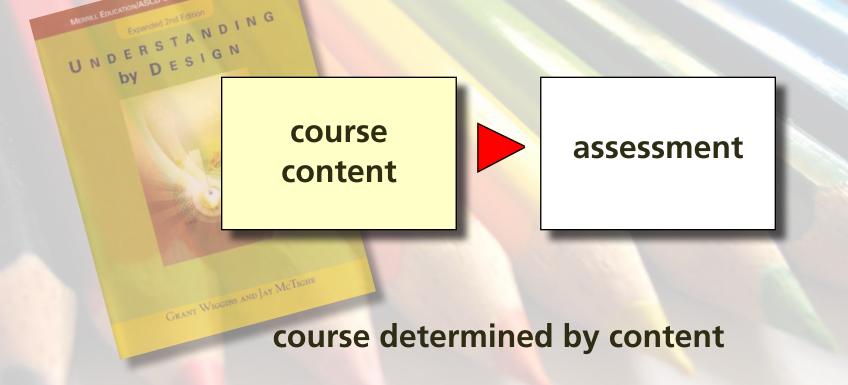








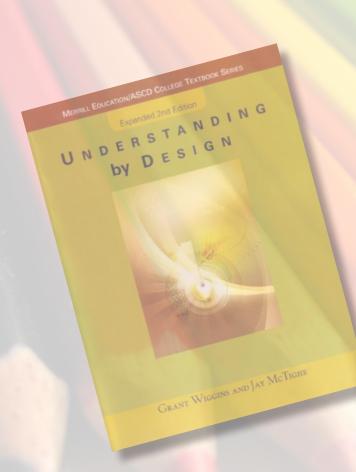
Traditional approach to course planning











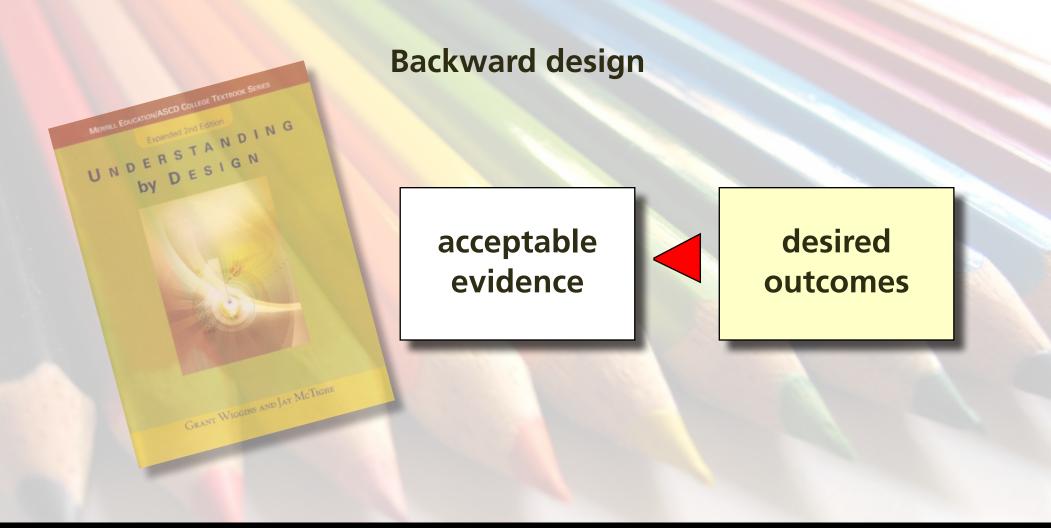
Backward design

desired outcomes

















Backward design











Backward design

instructional approach

acceptable evidence



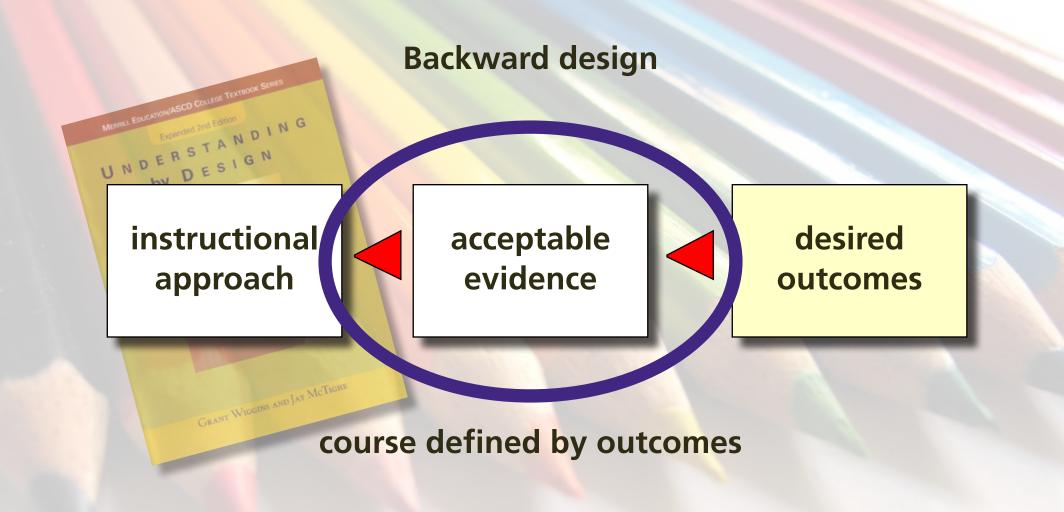
desired outcomes

course defined by outcomes

















resolve coach/judge conflict







Describe the Law of definite composition (Dalton's Law): A Chamilar (use external evaluators that have the availant frite Same proport in of the TATING'S to involved substances: UNV a lated, I saw My TATING'S to involved substances:

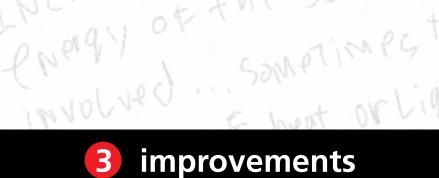


st the three important concerne

Equilibrium (poring)

Thermody Namic S (bovi NA)





E buent or Lin improvements

Describe the Law of definite composition (Dalton's Law): A Chamilal peer and self-assessment start by the Same proport in of TATINTY & Same to involved stastances: UNV a lated, I saw My TATINTY & Simolved Stastances: 5 pts) A chemical reaction does one of two things to involved stastances.

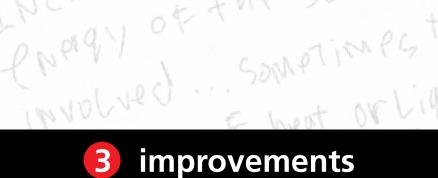


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Describe the Law of definite composition (Dalton's Law): Calibrated Peer Review destances:

st the three important concern

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thermody Namic S (bovi NA)







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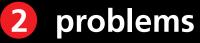
B) Describe the Law of definite composition (Dalton's Law): Step 1: assignment & rubric mees cpr.molsci.ucla.edu

st the three important concern

Equilibrium (poring)

thermody Namic S (bovi NA)



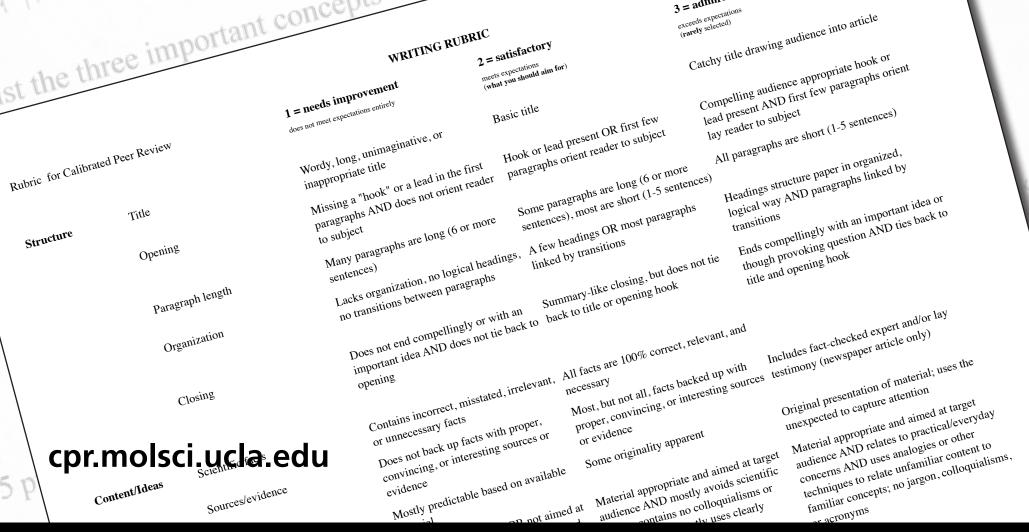






2 problems





Describe the Law of definite Step 2: upload MPS Pract by the A Chemilal COMPOUND CLOVE Ster 2: definite Step 2: upload Step 3: review cpr.molsci.ucla.edu









st the three important concep-

MEDIUM

it new addition to night sky ires fear and awe - Mona Lisa

By now everyone has noticed the mistakable new addition to our sky, which

utshines the brightest star at night and

continues to shine alongside the sun during

the course of our lives and for many it has

the day. None of us have seen such a sight in



Traffic was interrupted in New York City, as early-r the amazing sight. As of press t

By John Glenn New York, N.Y. – People around the world witnessed th the course of our lives and tor many it that the course of our lives and tor many it that served **GORTONO SCI**AL **CONSTAN** and powerful COSTON SCIAL **DECLARED** what often appears to be a littion that in recorded history this morning. The supernova, name Eastern Time, appearing as bright as the full moon. A continued to shine for several hours.

The New York Times

January 20, 2009

Spectacular Supernova Obse

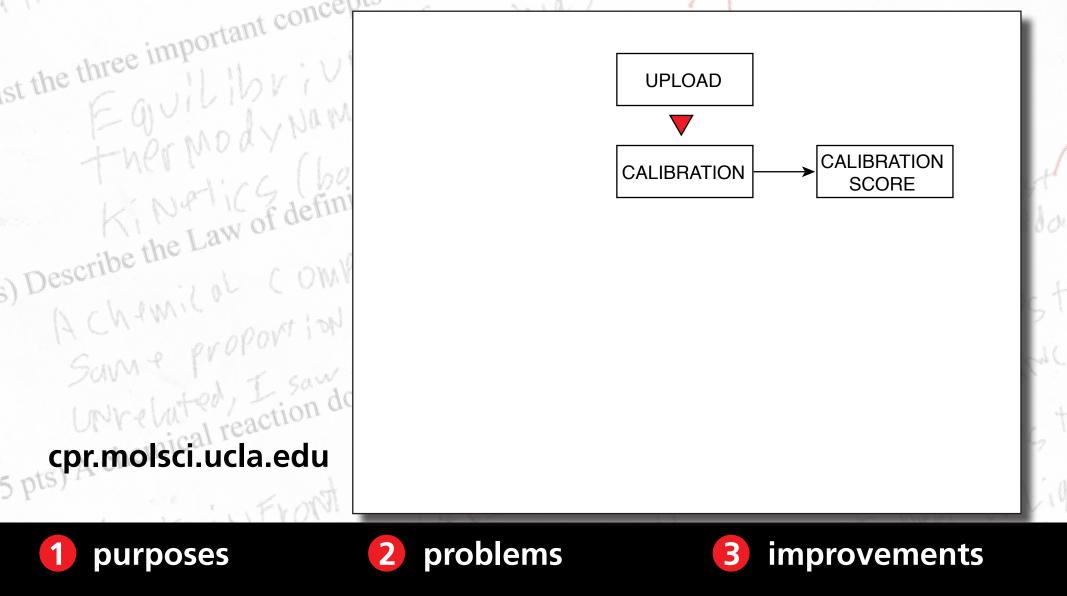
UPLOAD

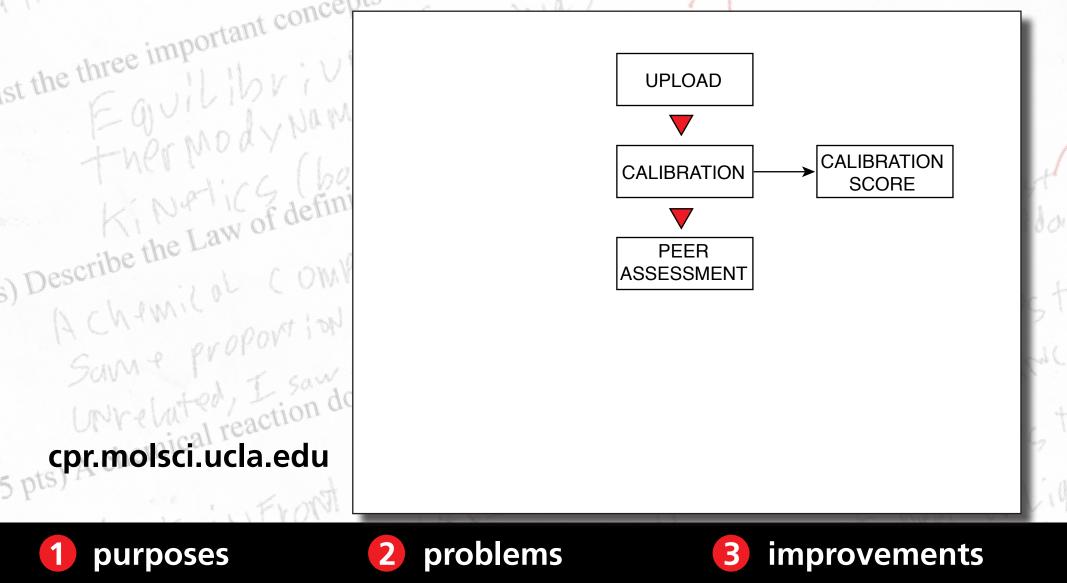
20 January 2008

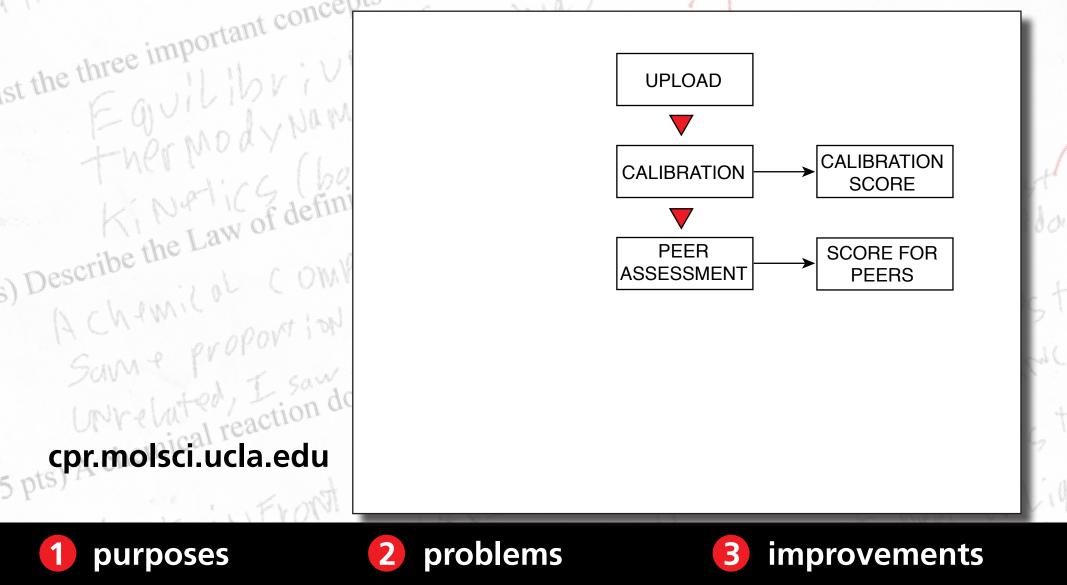
Galileo

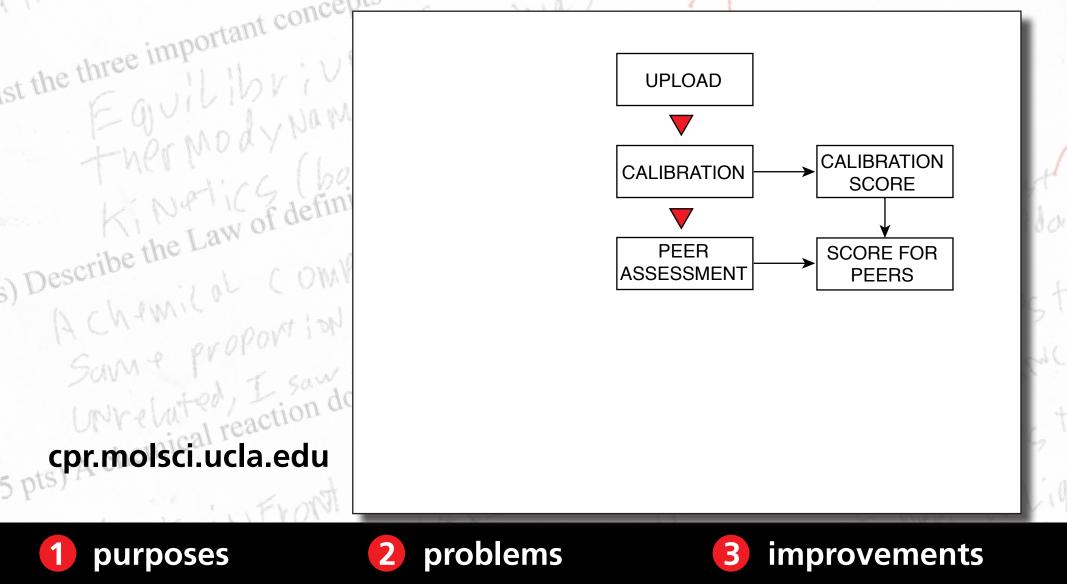
Yesterday at about 4 p.m., I observed a pec appeared in the sky. A glowing flash emitted seconds, accompanied its appearance. The c it even in broad daylight. How did this unprece its consequences for Earth? In order to unders on Earth will most likely ever see again, we hav galaxie. To fully appreciate it and not be alarme understand the life cycle of stars and how the classified as consisting of eight

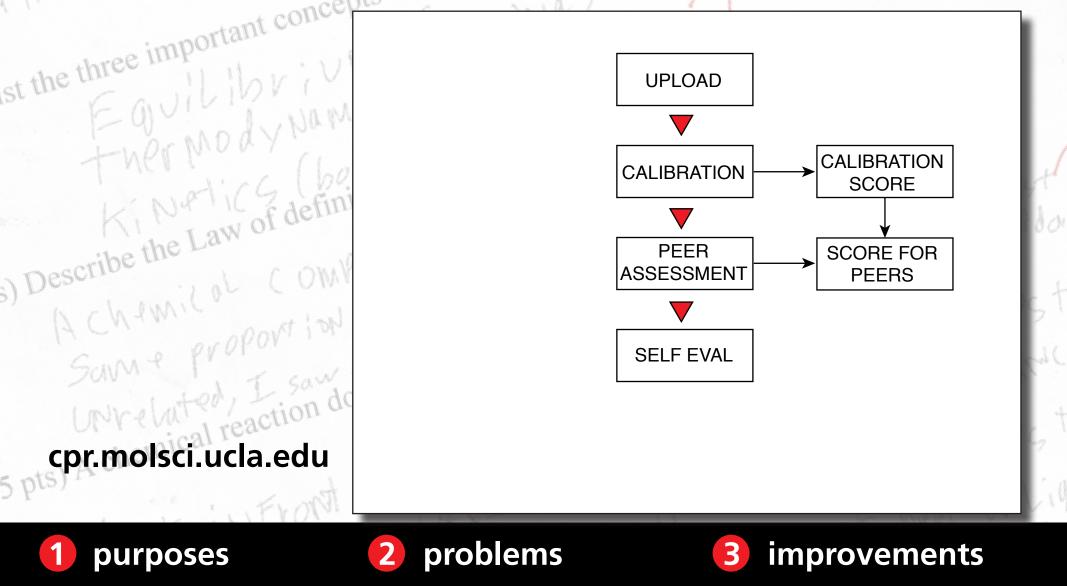


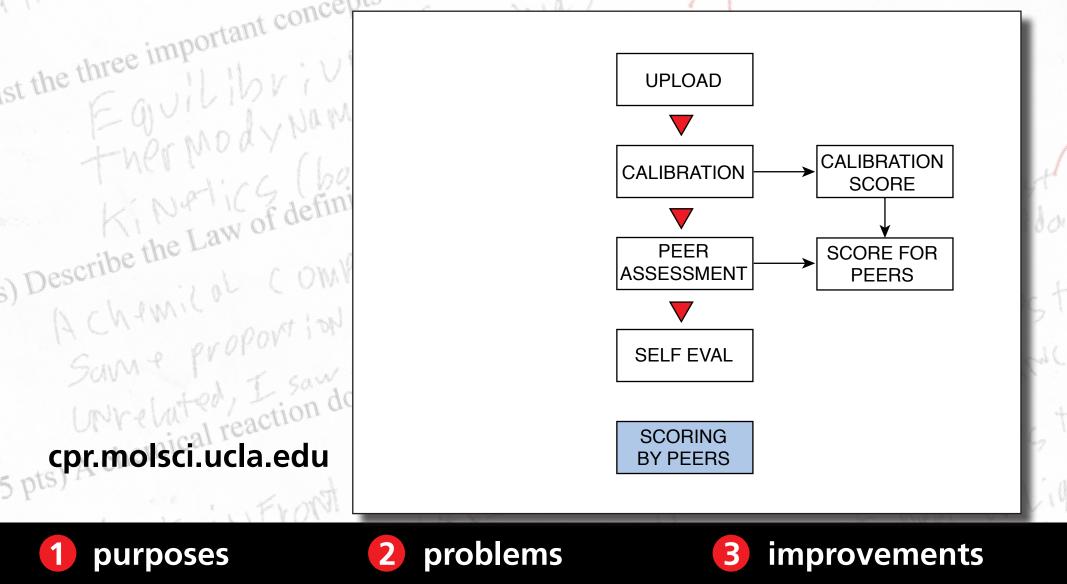


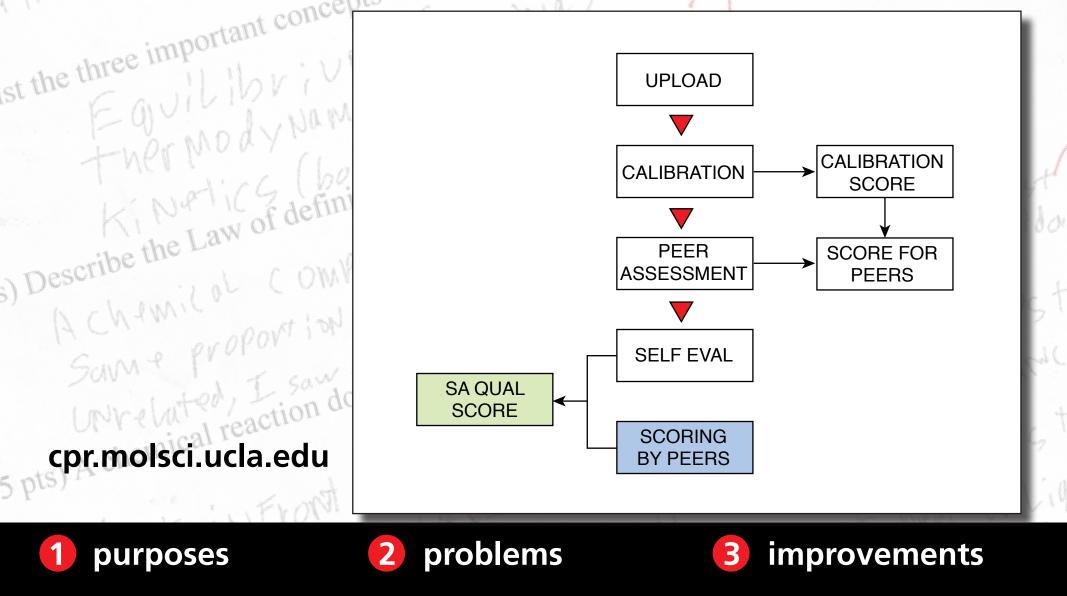


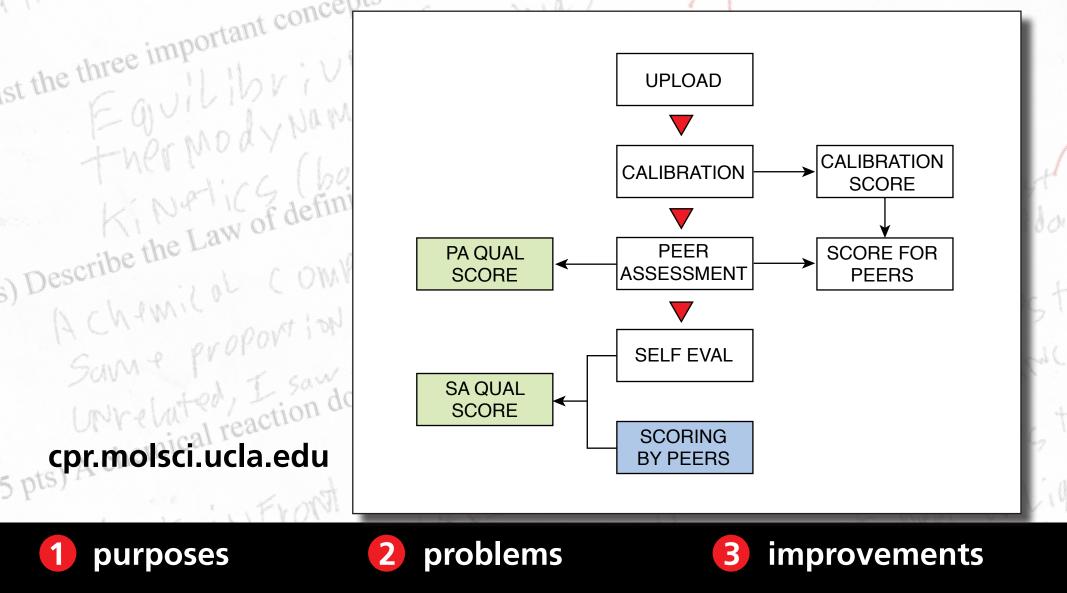


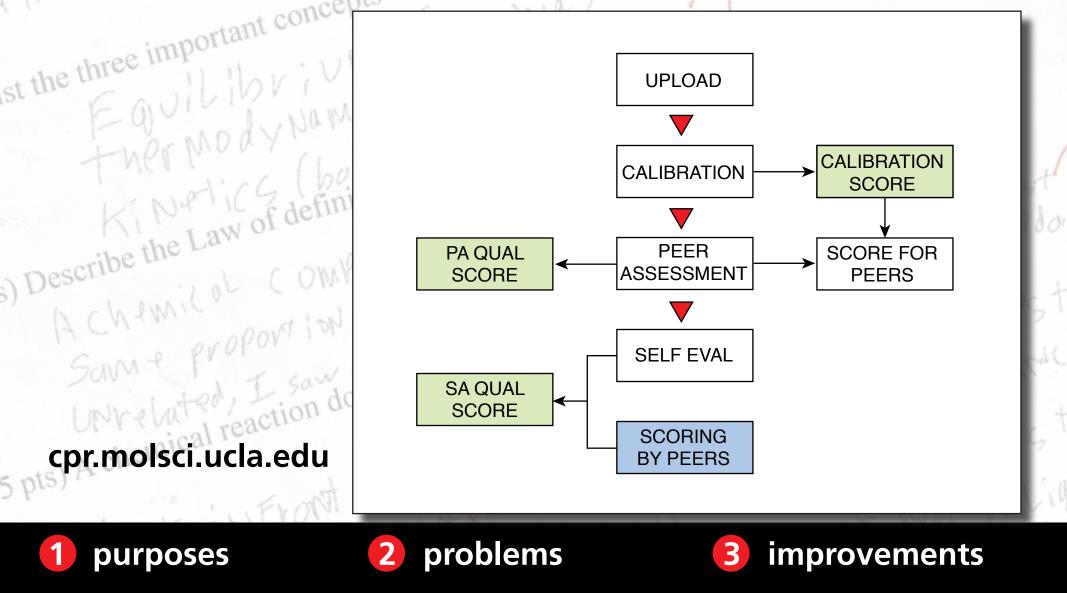














assessment

rethink



mazur.harvard.edu

