# **Engaging Students One-on-One, All At Once Session 1**

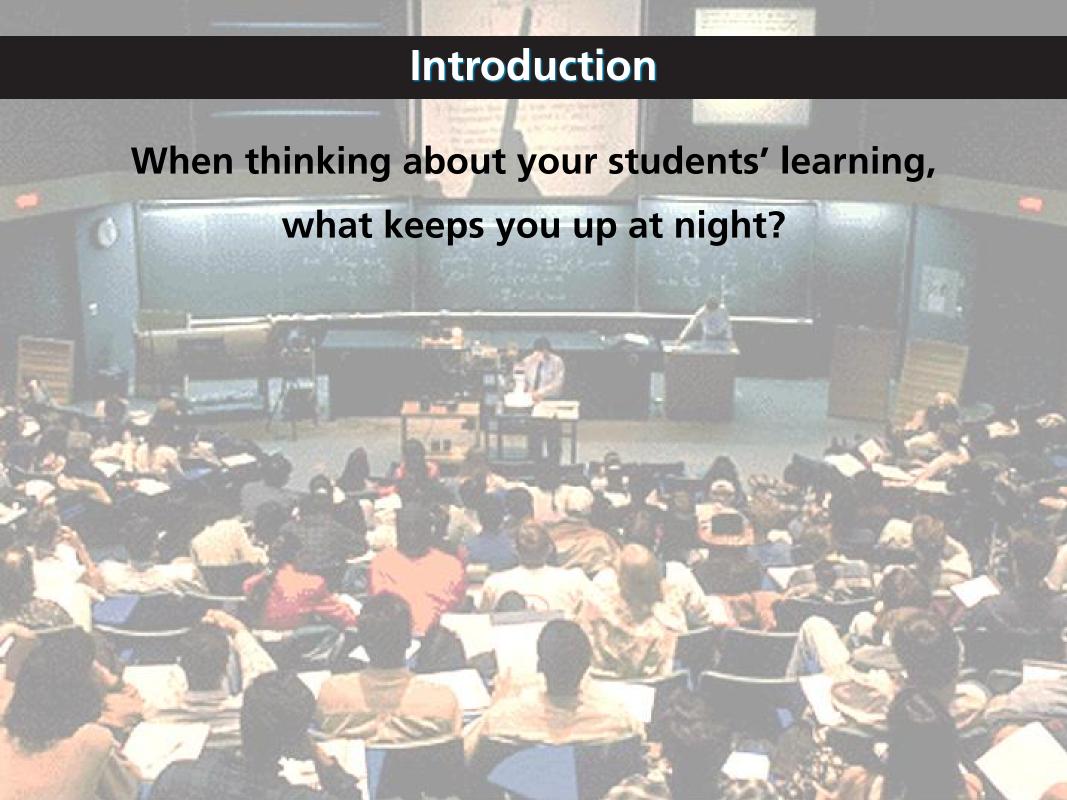




# **Engaging Students One-on-One, All At Once Session 1**



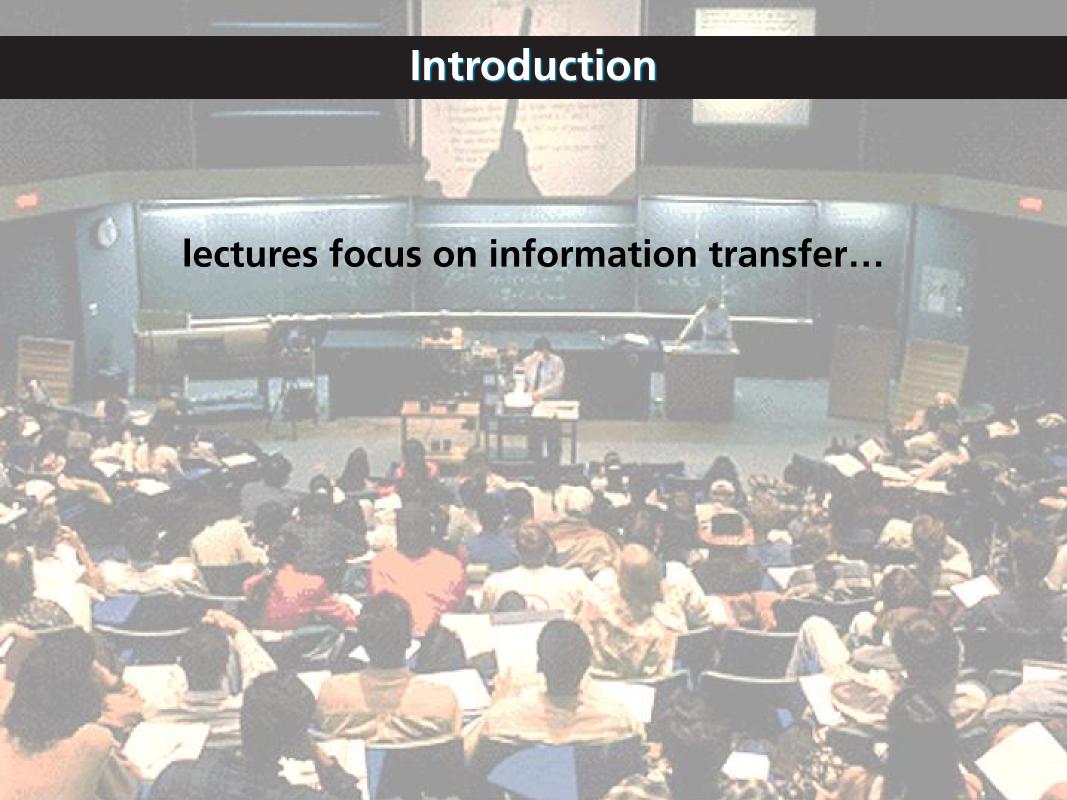


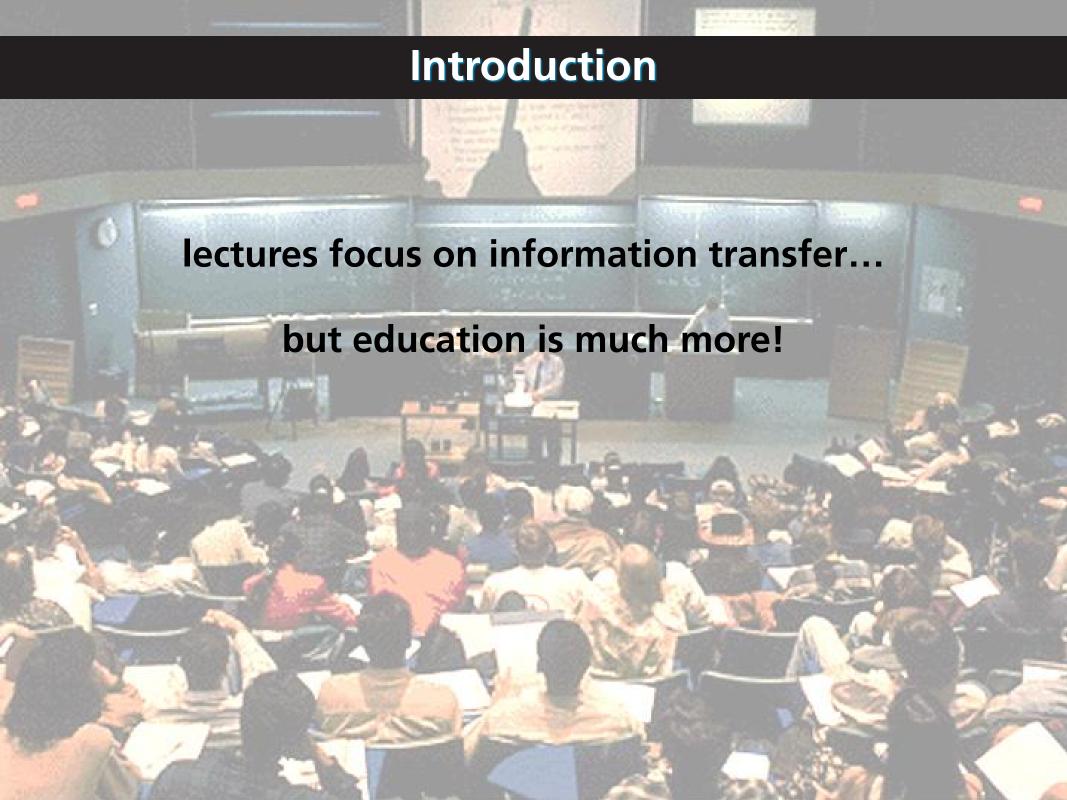


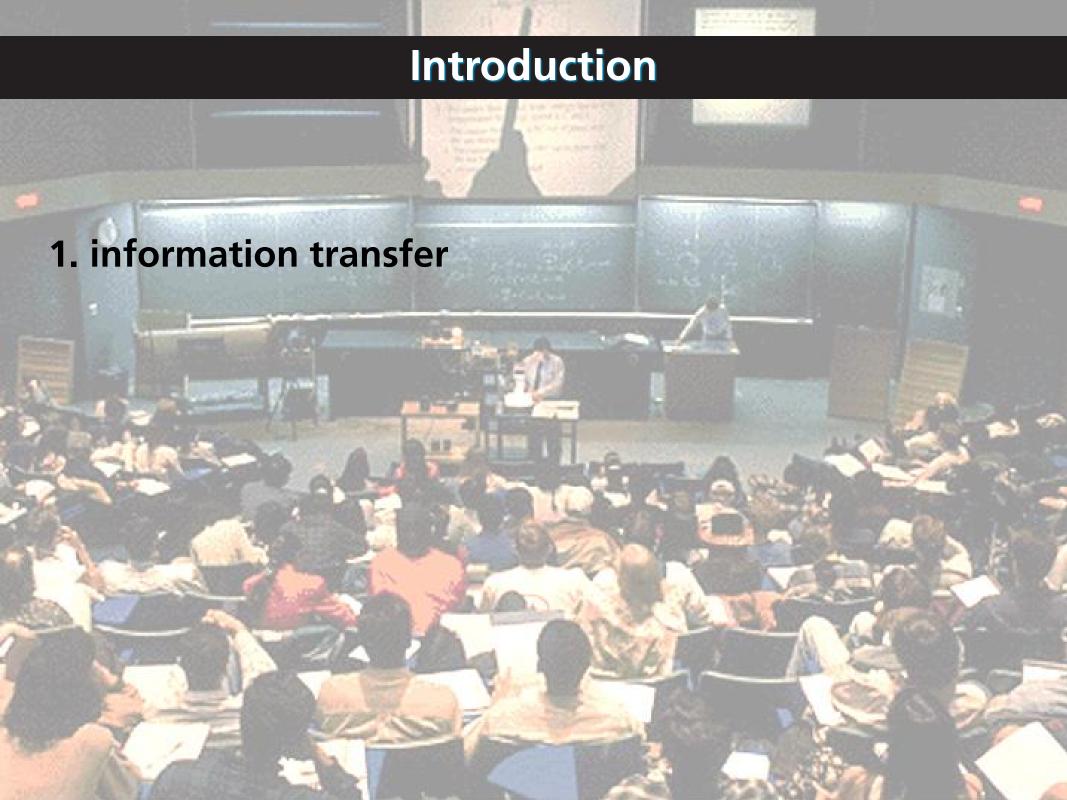
When thinking about your students' learning,

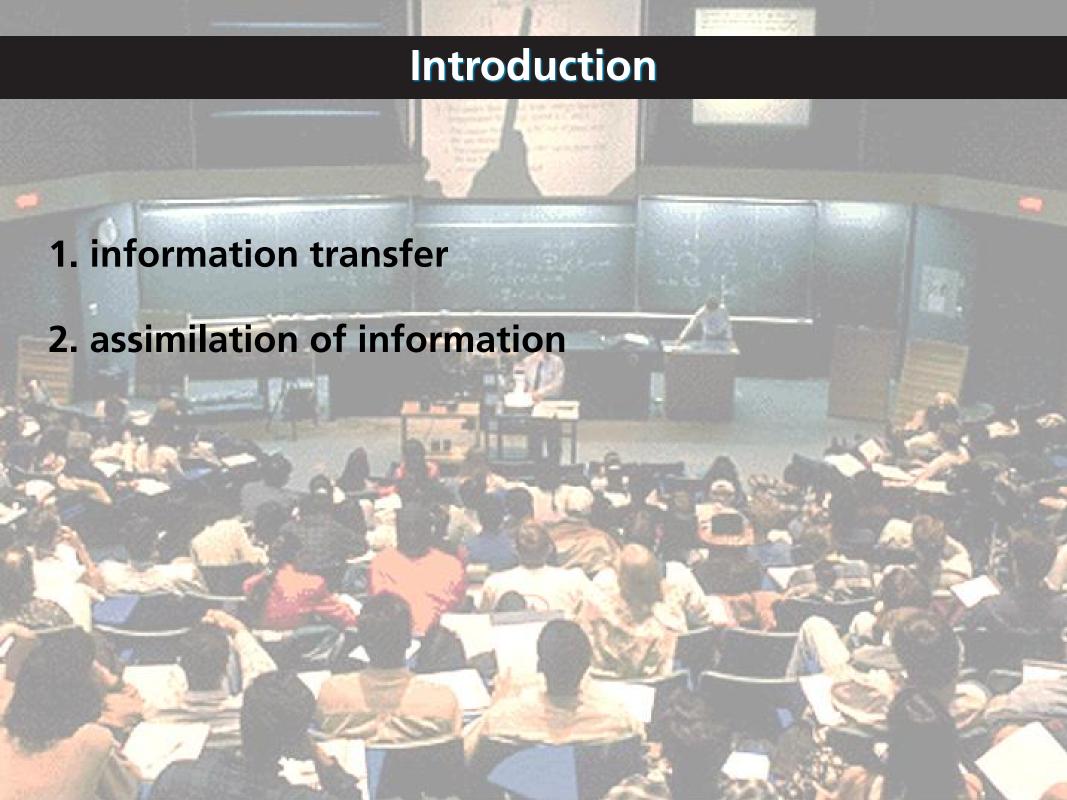
what keeps you up at night?

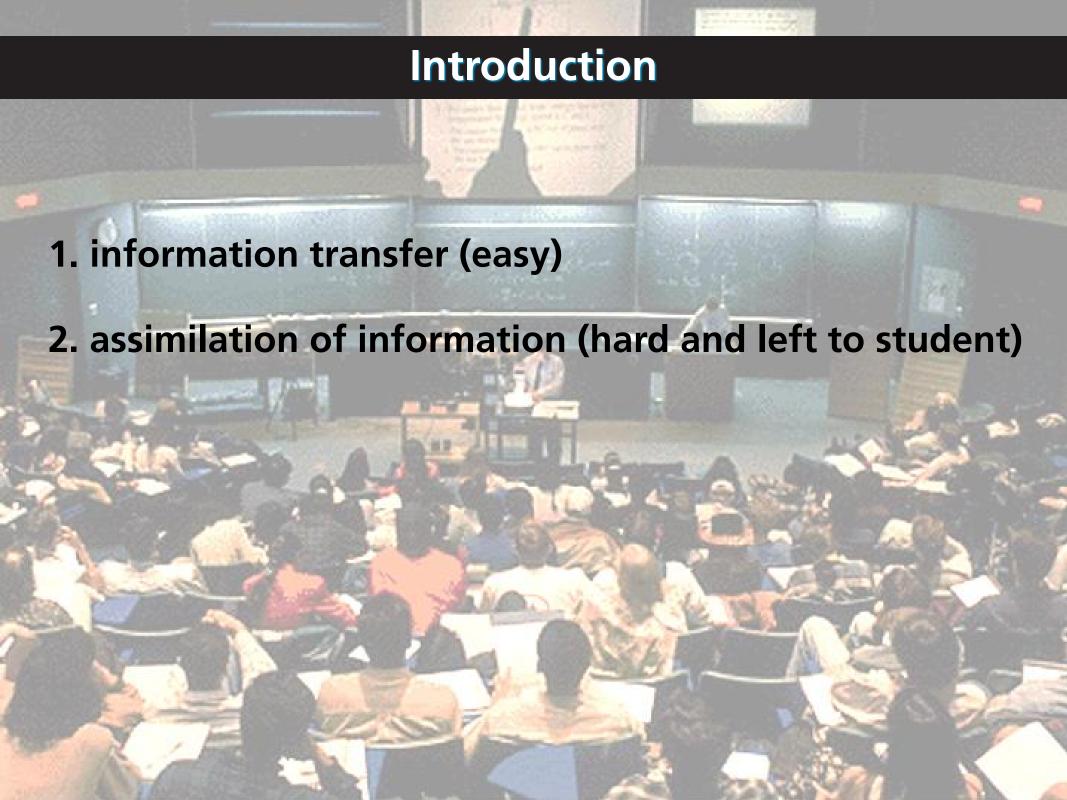










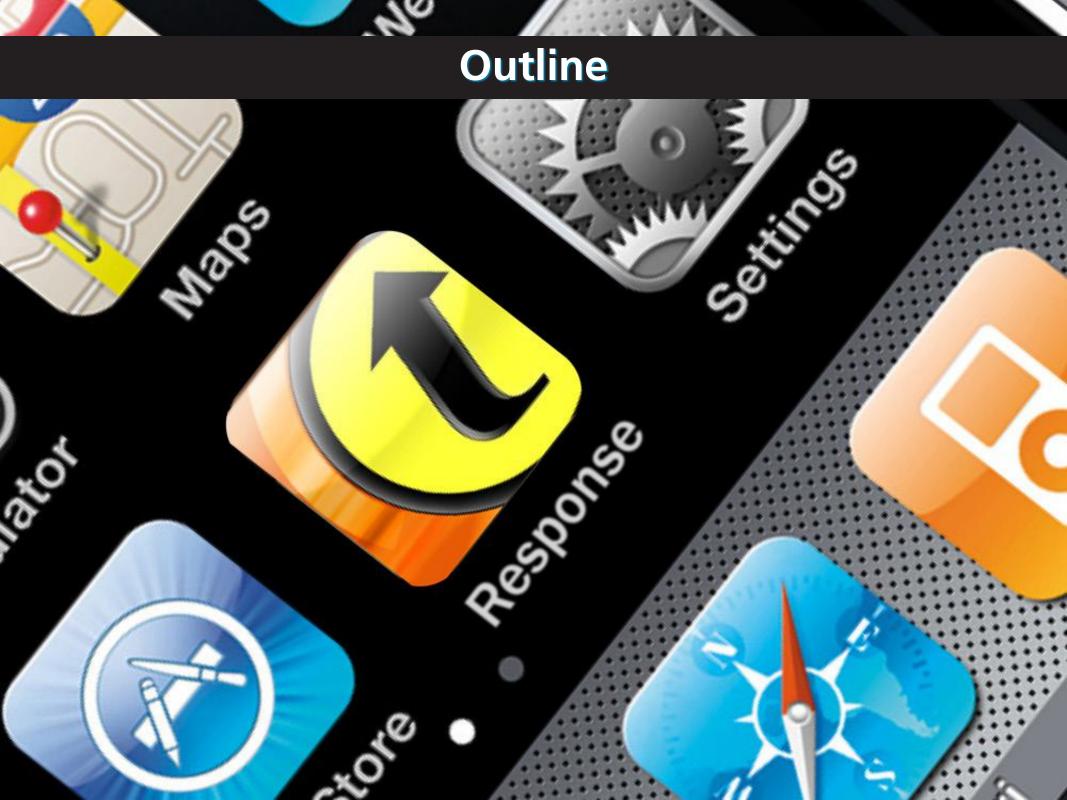


Solution: move information transfer out of classroom!

How to move information transfer out of classroom?

How to move information transfer out of classroom?

Use JiTT (before class) and PI (in class)!

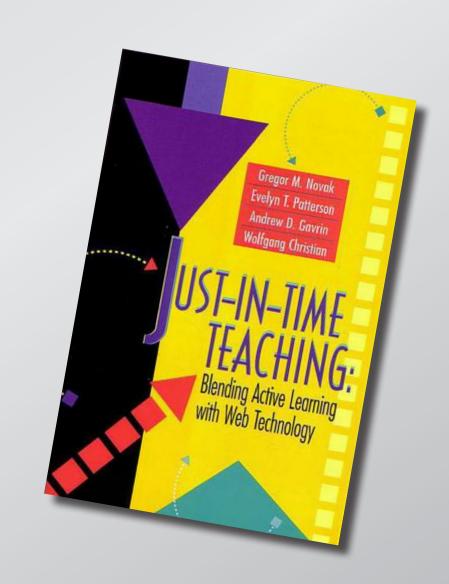




"How to motive students to read before class?"

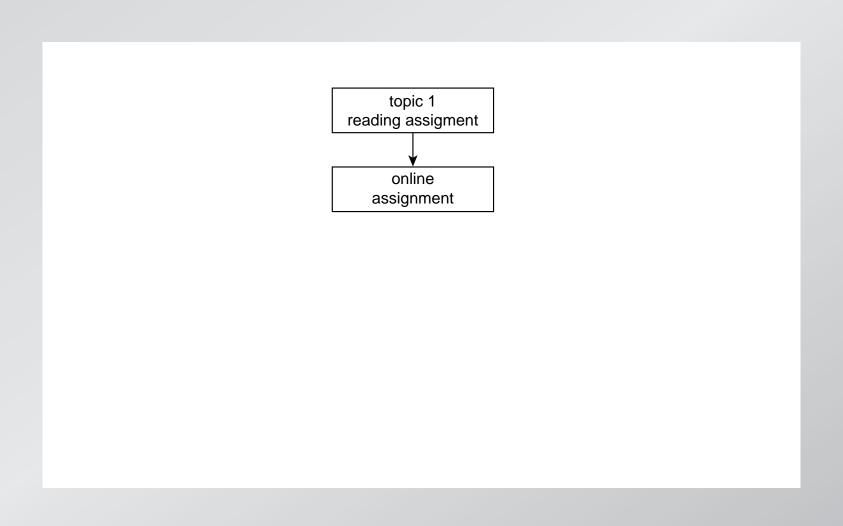
Just-in-time-Teaching (JiTT)

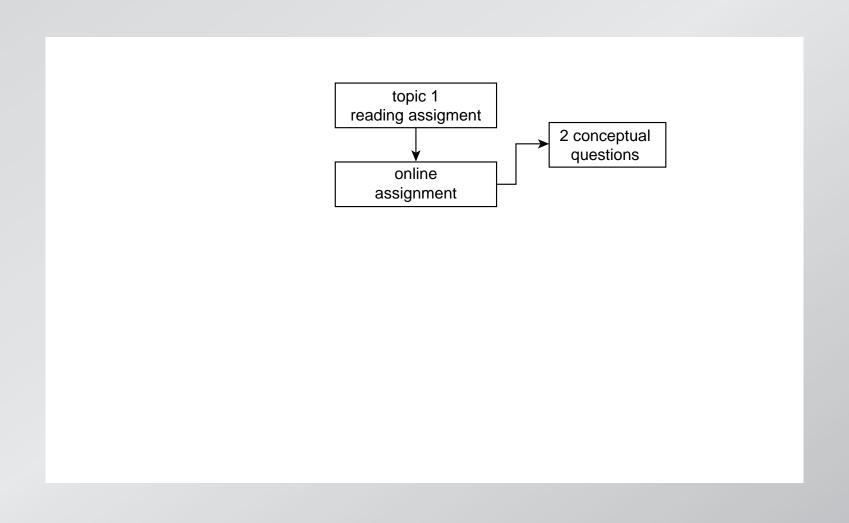
www.jitt.org

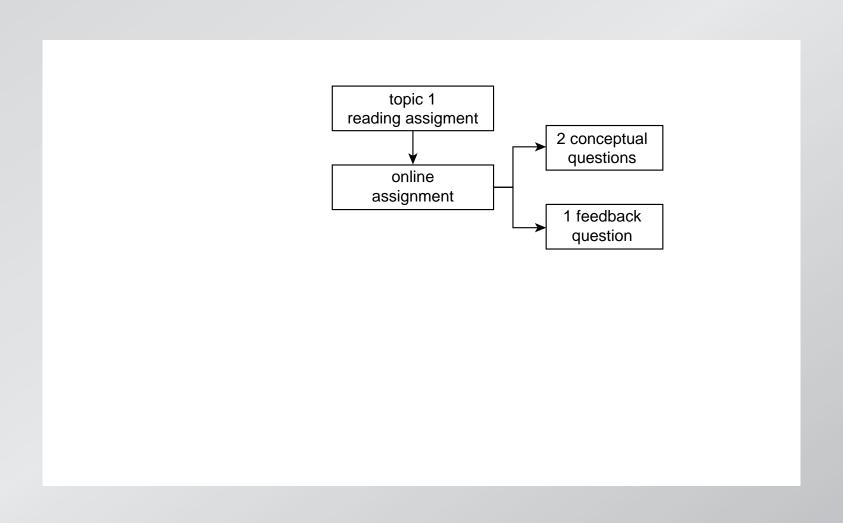


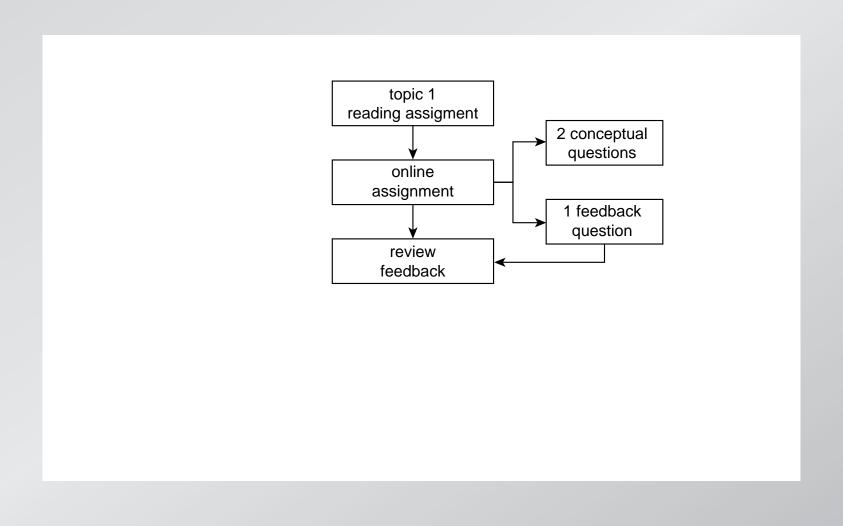
#### JiTT workflow

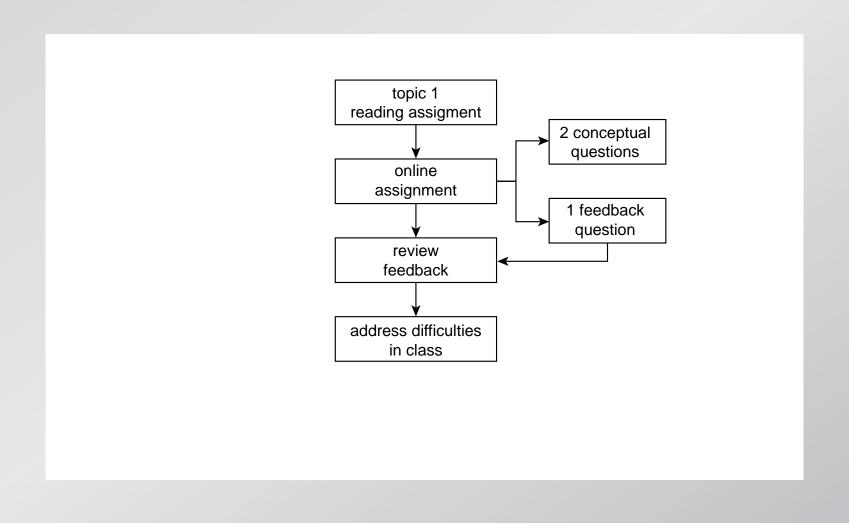
topic 1 reading assigment

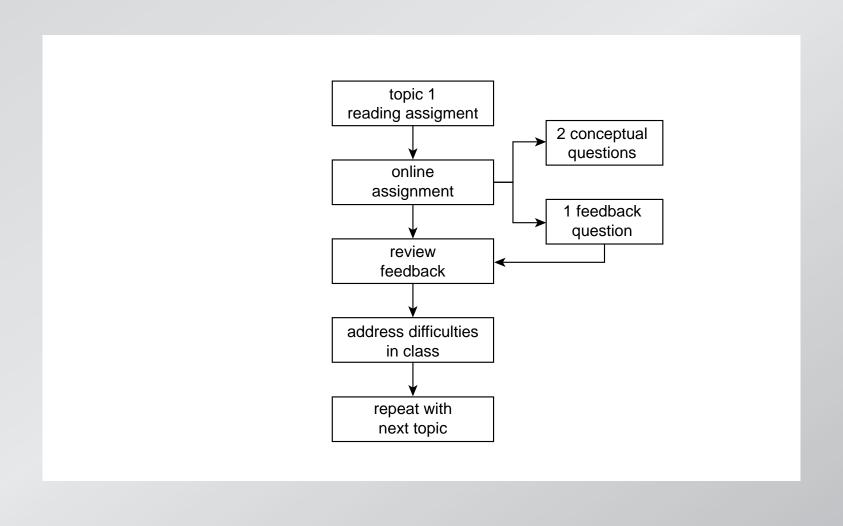










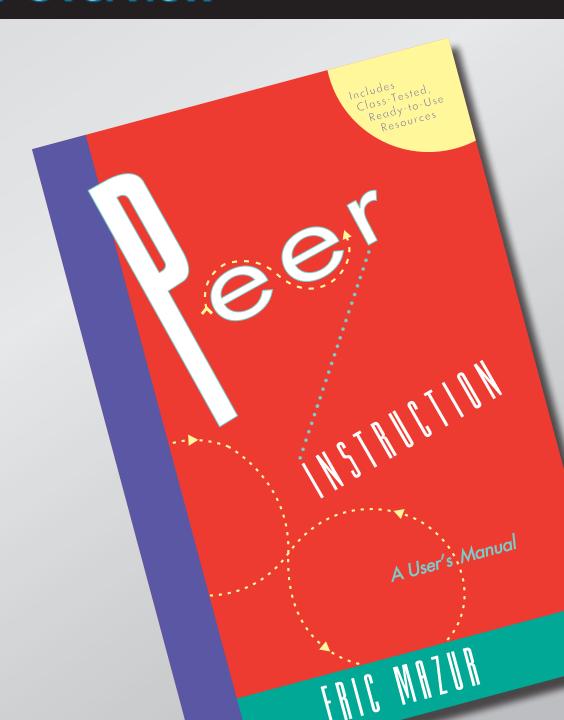


"My impression is that the feedback question is the best indicator of where to focus attention. Yes?"

#### JiTT:

- prepares you for class
- prepares students for class
- helps you address student difficulties

Peer Instruction (PI)

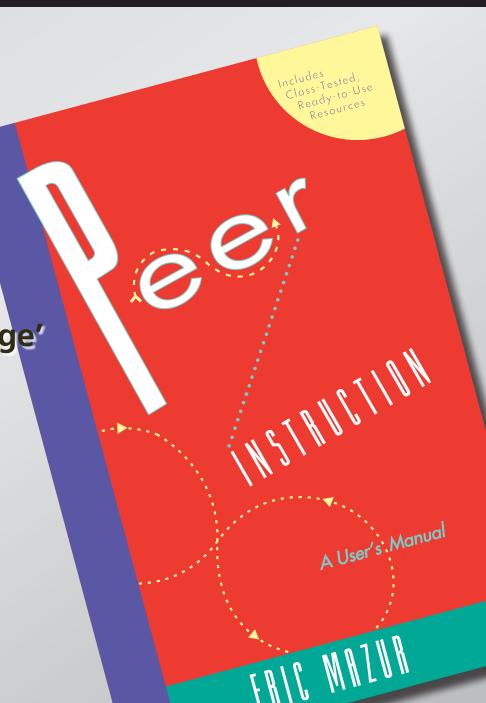


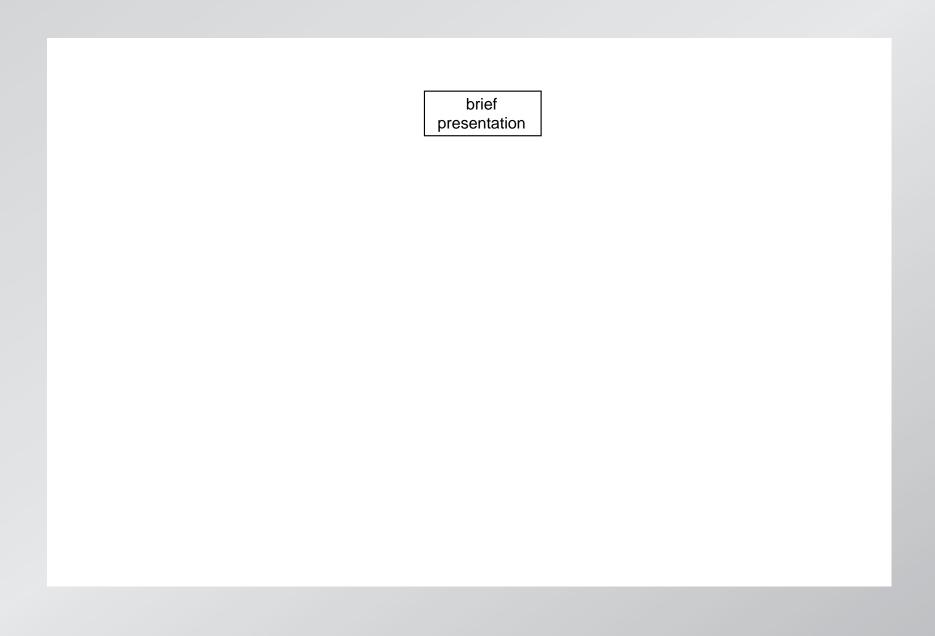
#### Main features:

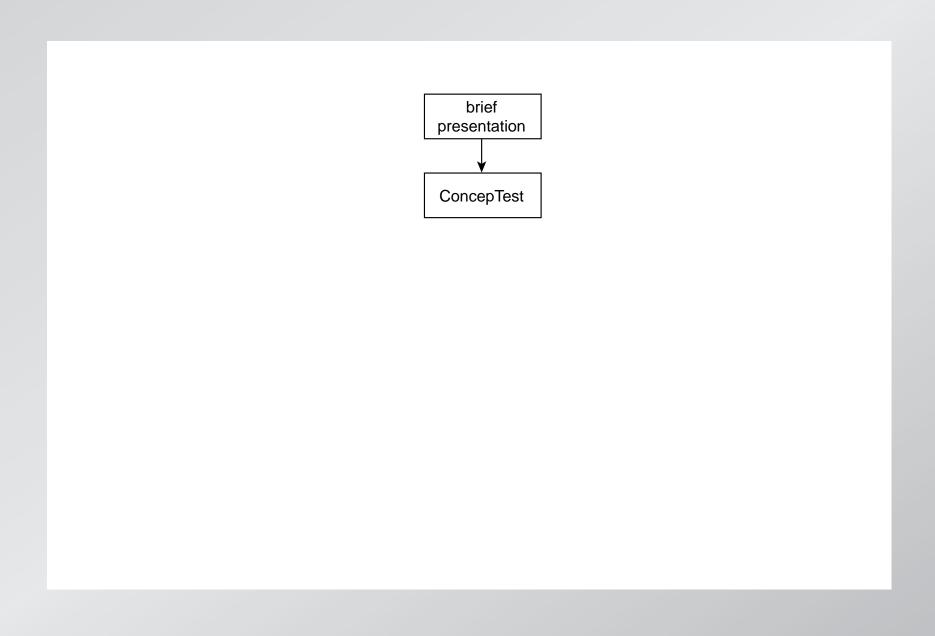
pre-class reading

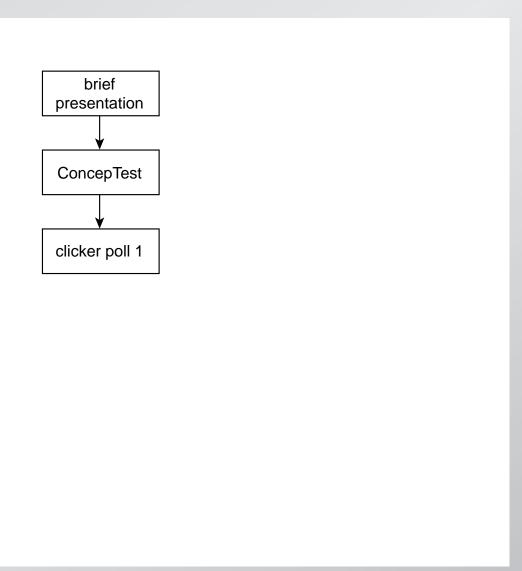
in-class: depth, not 'coverage'

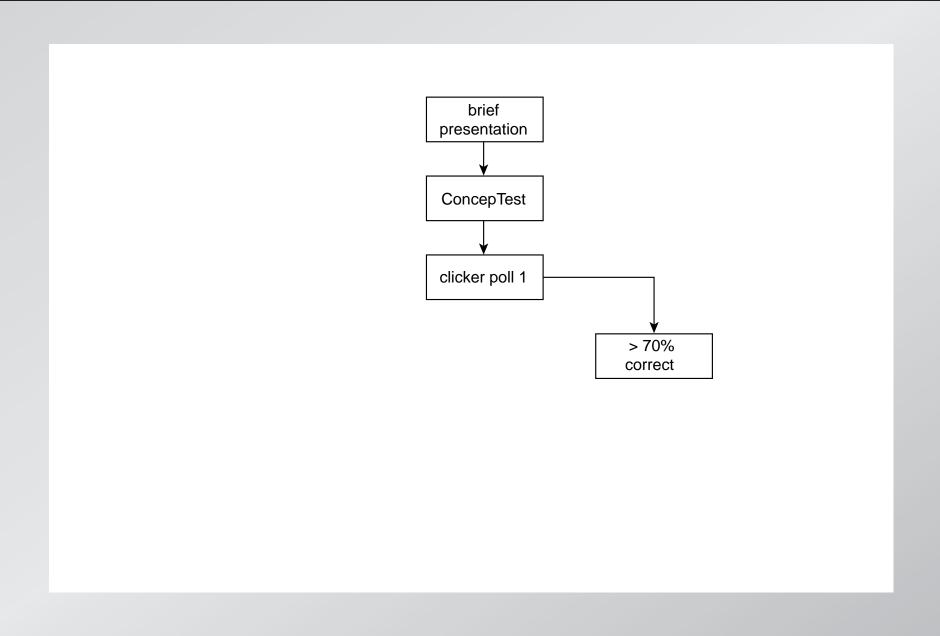
ConcepTests

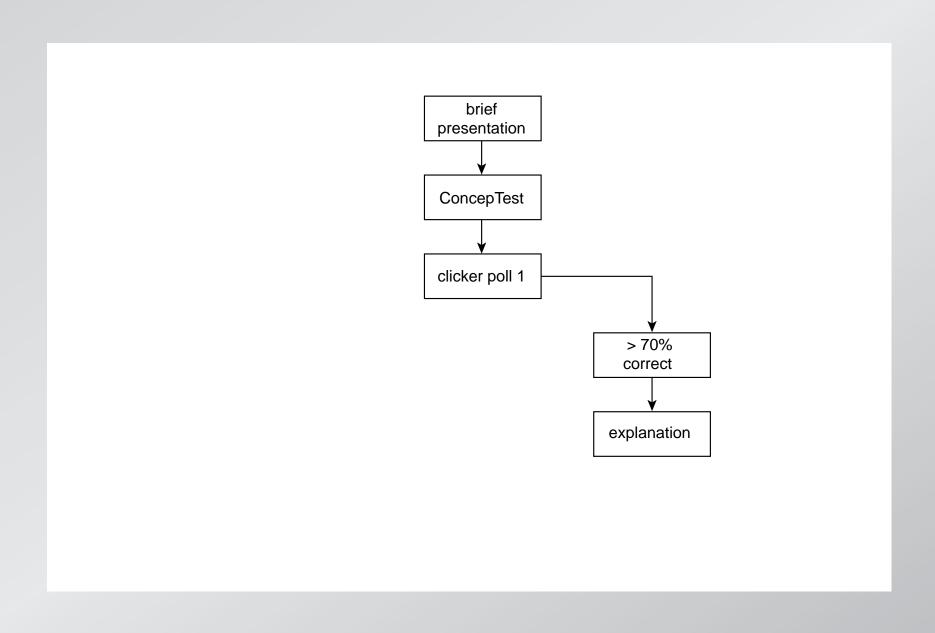


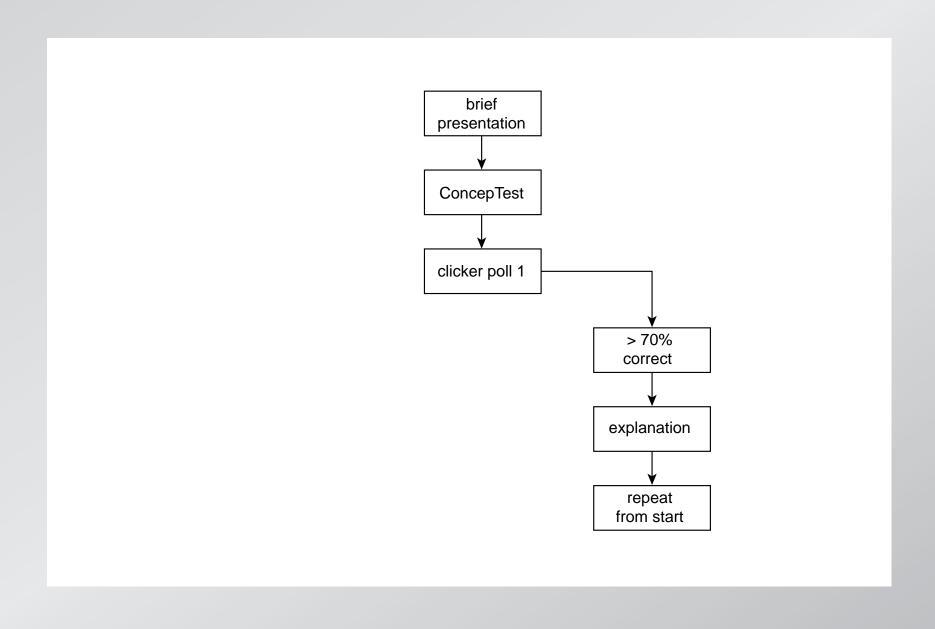


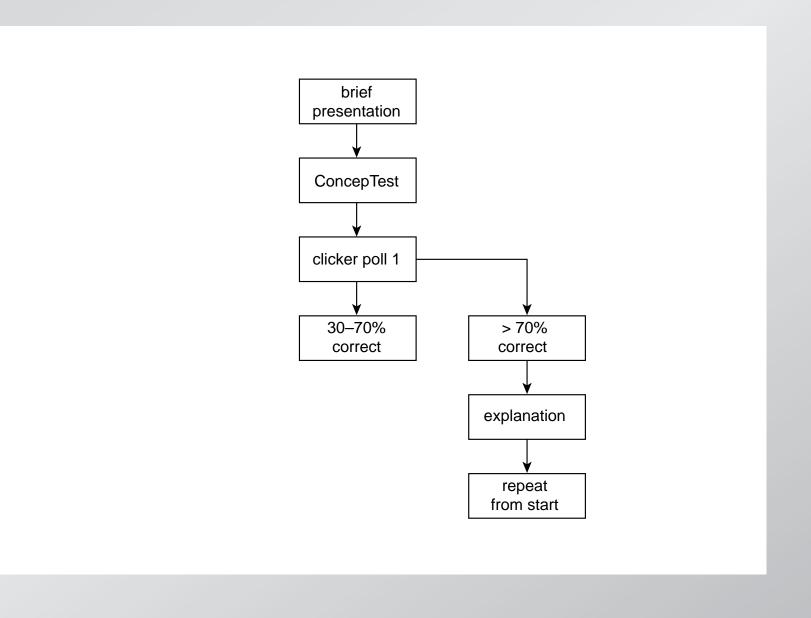


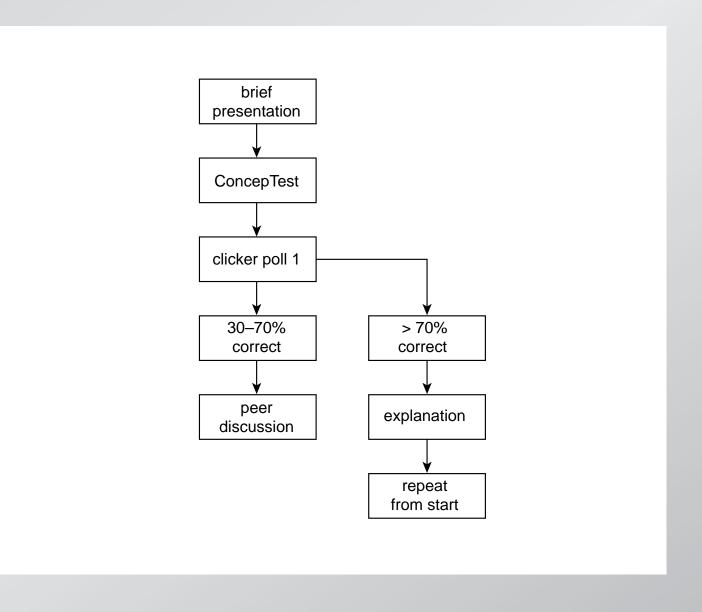


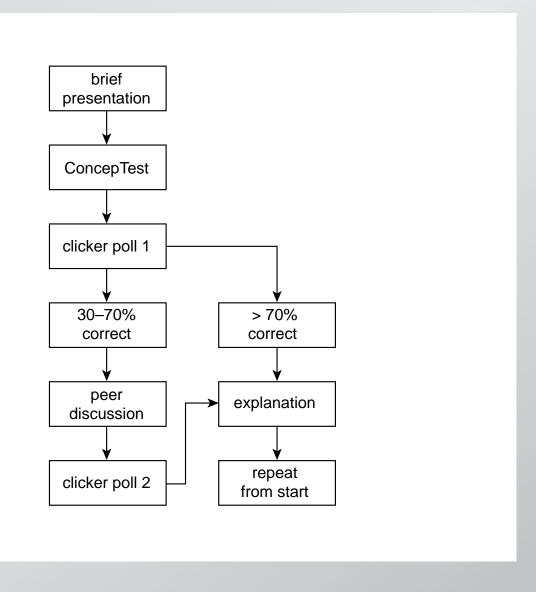


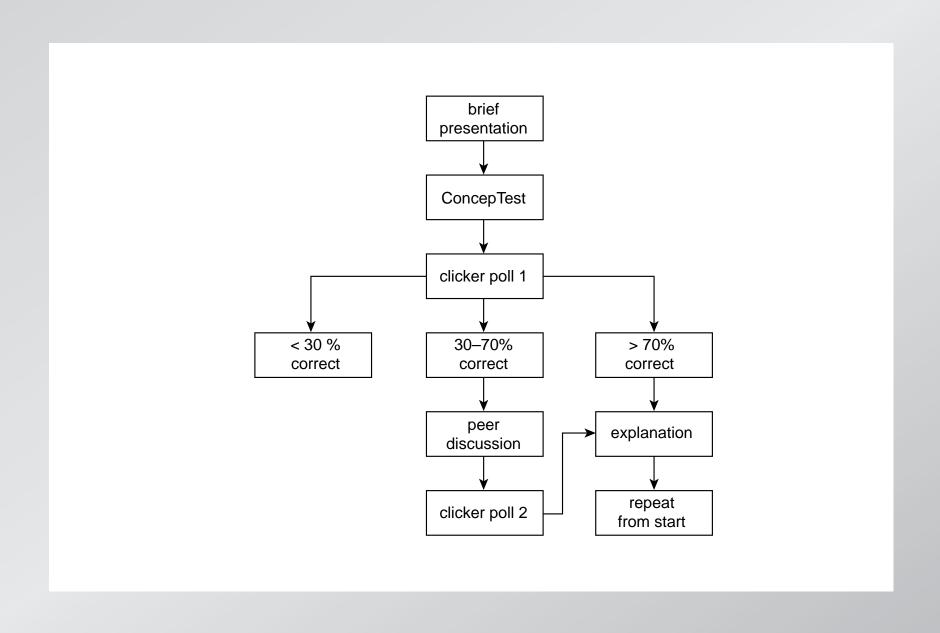


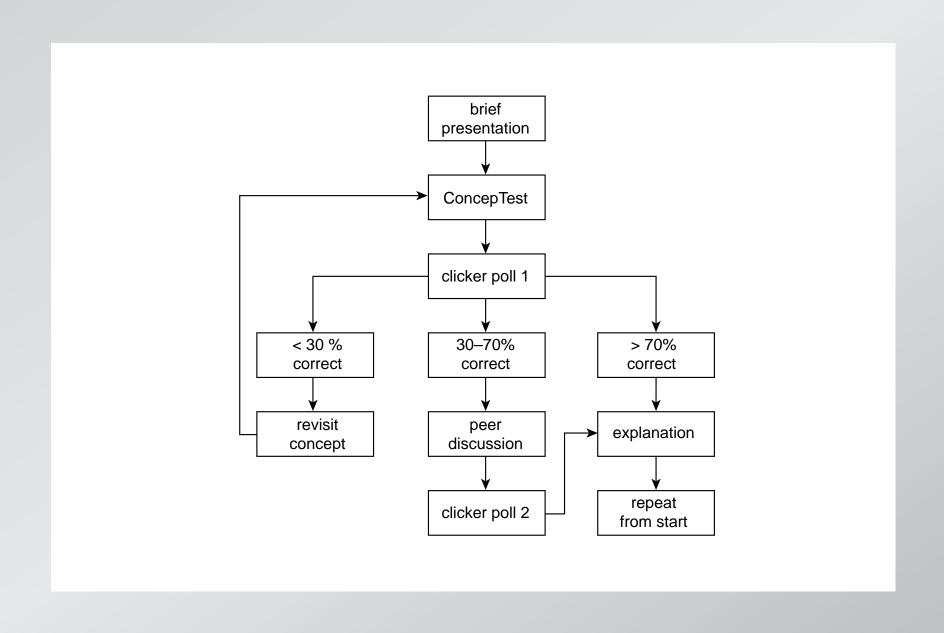




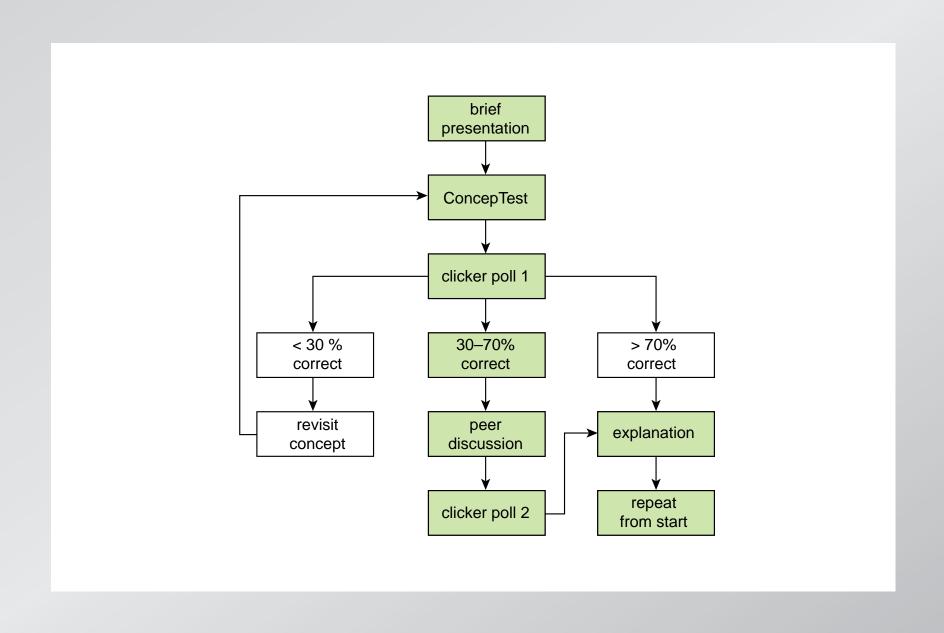








"How to moderate discussion with only a handful (or only one) faculty member in the classroom?"



"What to do if some students don't care and just use PI time to chit-chat?"

### PI:

- helps students overcome difficulties
- encourages deep learning
- provides depth, not "coverage"
- helps you become aware of misconceptions

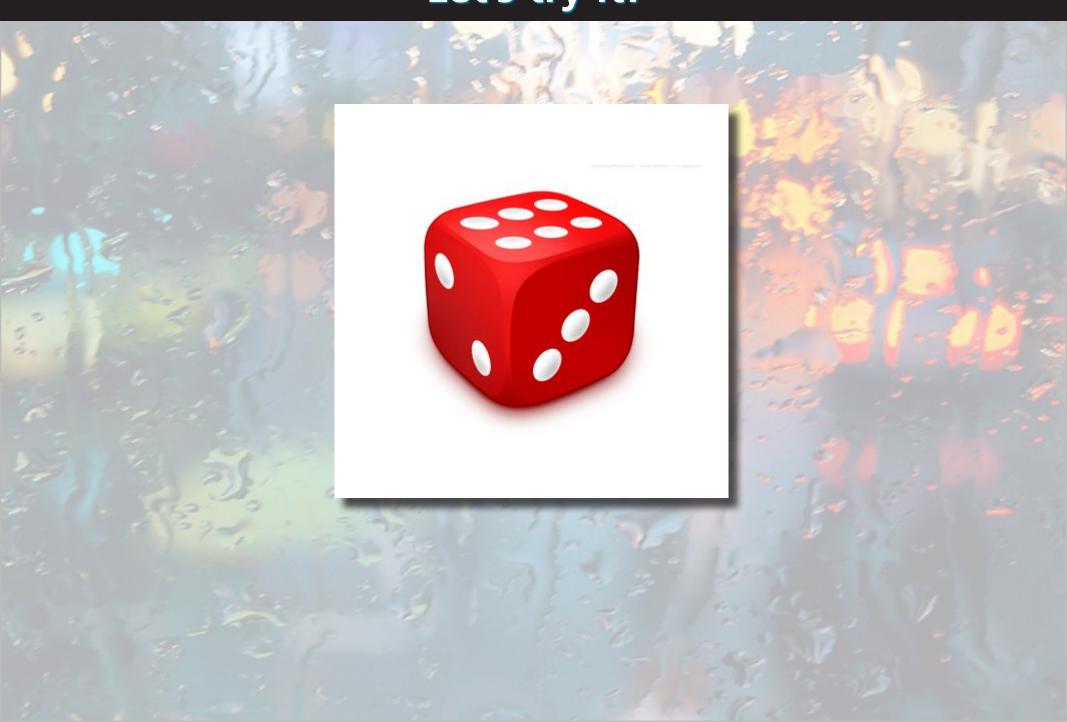
"What to do if students who know the answer sit together and students who don't know the answer sit together?"

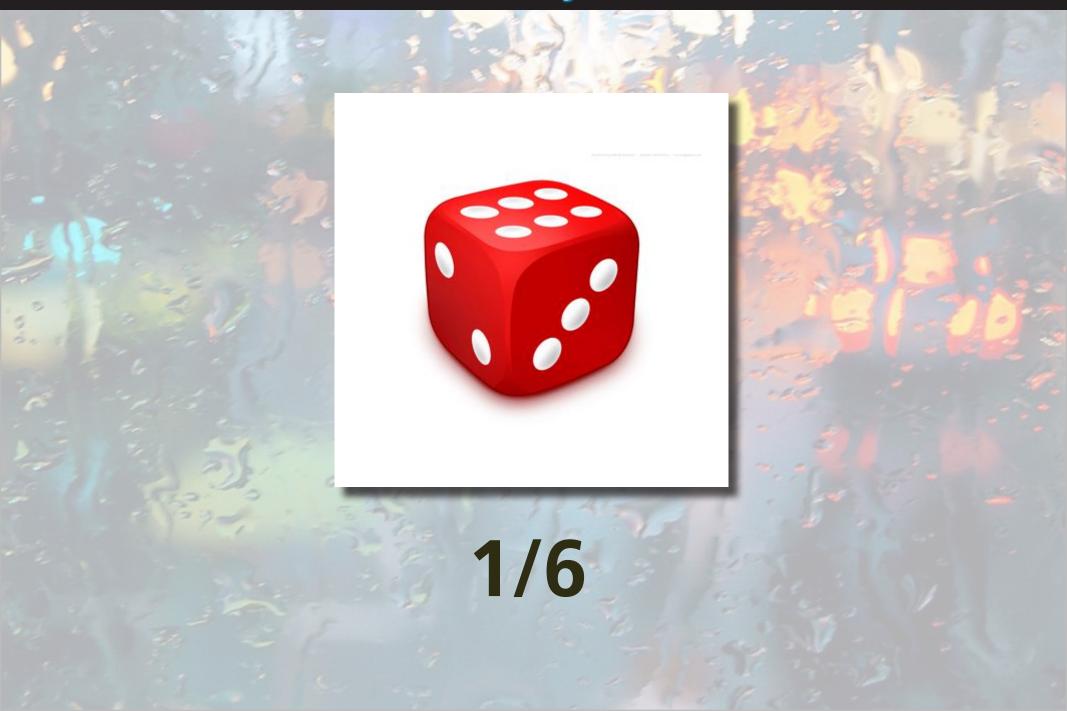
find someone with a different answer

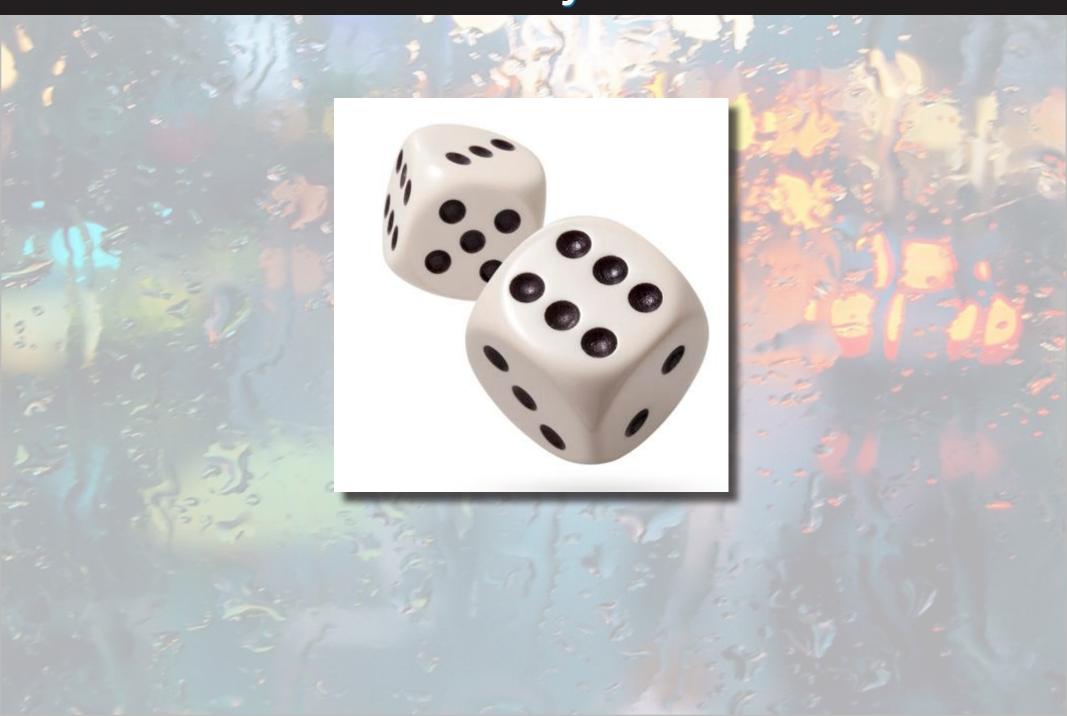
**Online Polling System** 

- 1. Go to learningcatalytics.com/demo
- 2. Enter info, click "Start"
- 3. Join session 123456789

# Let's try it! statistics













A meteorologist predicts a 40% chance of rain in London and a 70% chance in Chicago.

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- 1. It rains only in London
- 2. It rains only in Chicago
- 3. It rains in London and Chicago
- 4. It rains in London or Chicago

A meteorologist predicts a 40% chance of rain in London and a 70% chance in Chicago.

- 1. It rains only in Landon
- 2. It rains on the cage
- Bill is in tondon and Chicago
- 4. t rams in London or Chicago

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Before I tell you the answer, let's analyze what happened.

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You...

1. made a commitment

Before I tell you the answer, let's analyze what happened.

- 1. made a commitment
- 2. externalized your answer

Before I tell you the answer, let's analyze what happened.

- 1. made a commitment
- 2. externalized your answer
- 3. moved from the answer/fact to reasoning

Before I tell you the answer, let's analyze what happened.

- 1. made a commitment
- 2. externalized your answer
- 3. moved from the answer/fact to reasoning
- 4. became emotionally invested in the learning process

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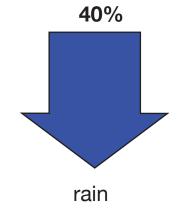
**ALL CASES** 

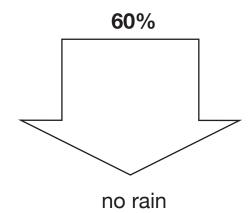
**LONDON** 

CHICAGO



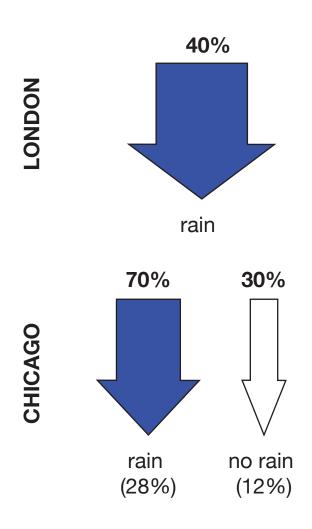


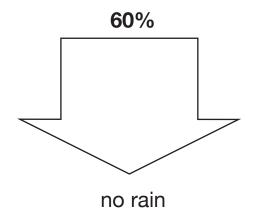




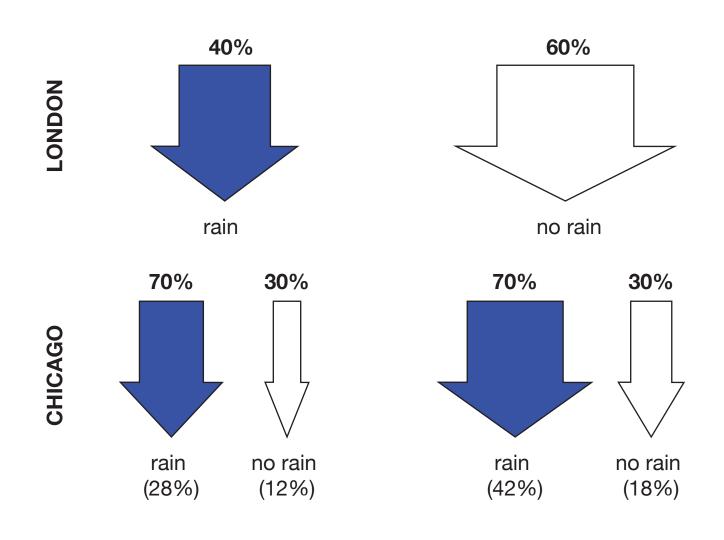
CHICAGO

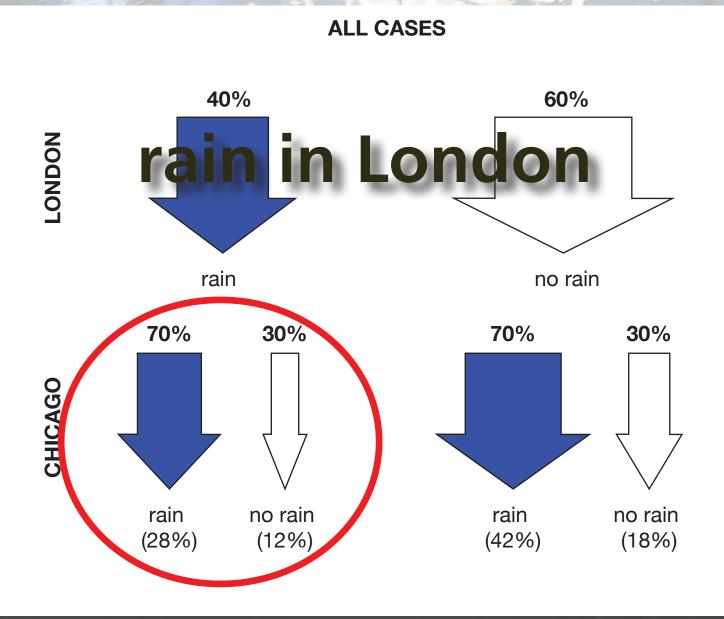








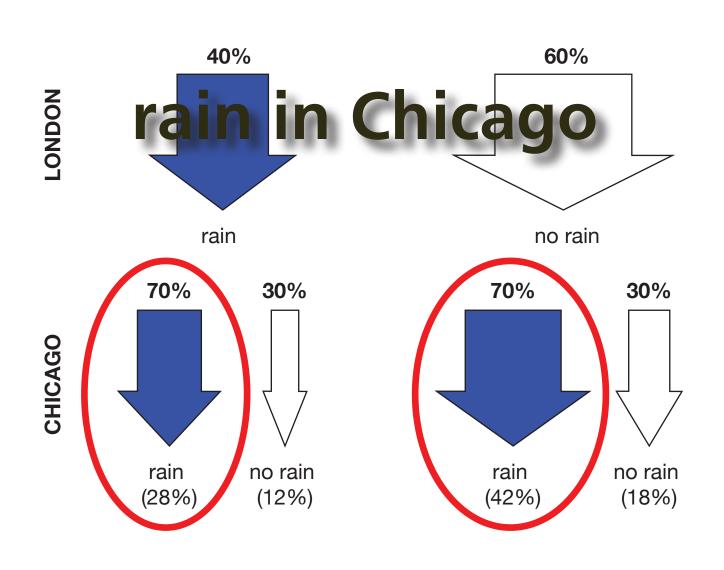




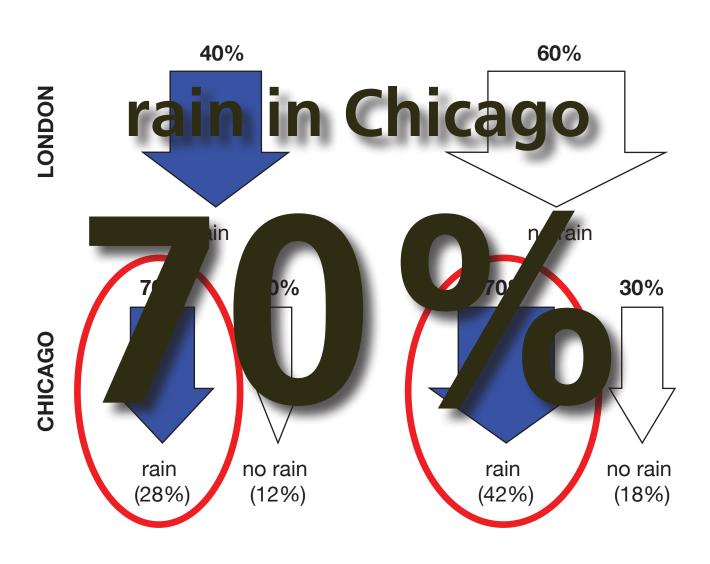




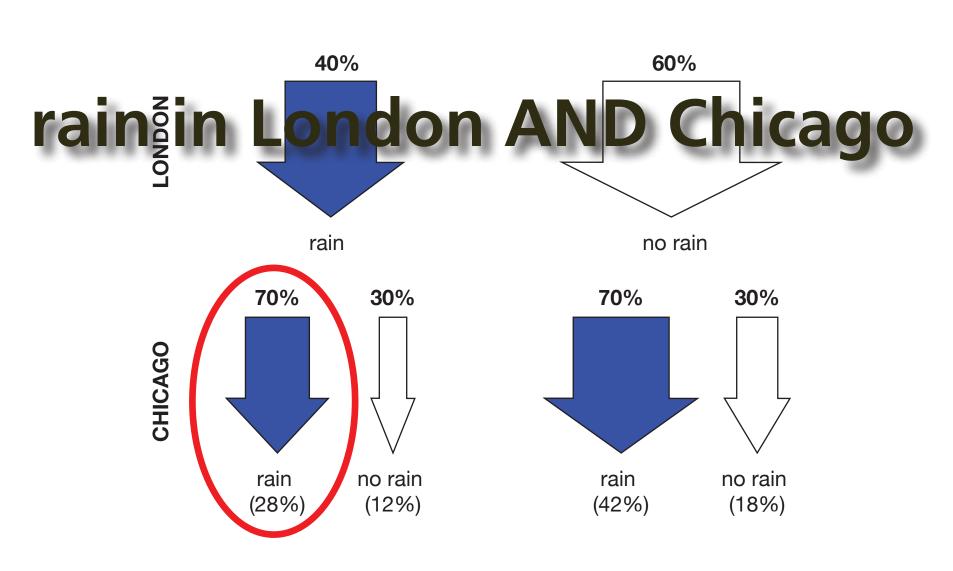




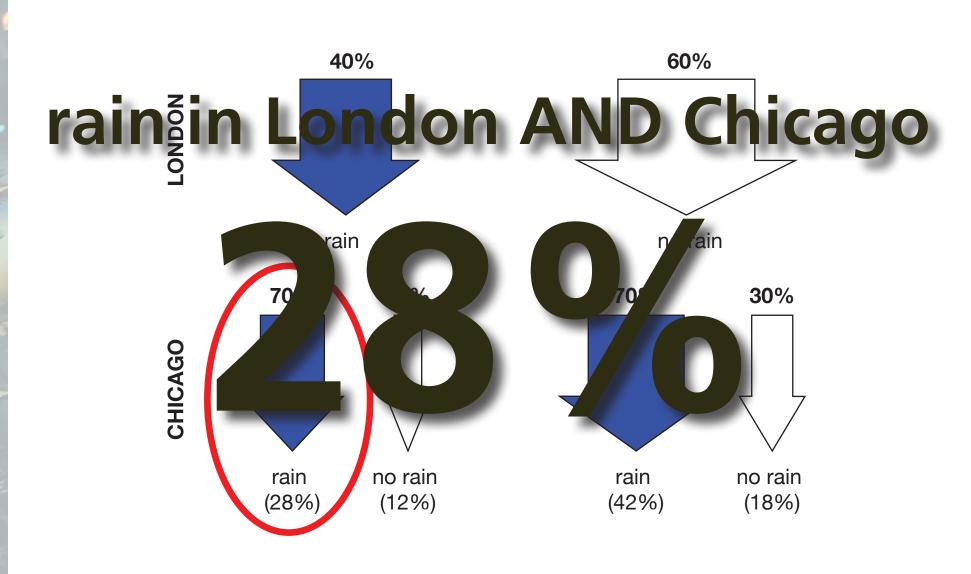


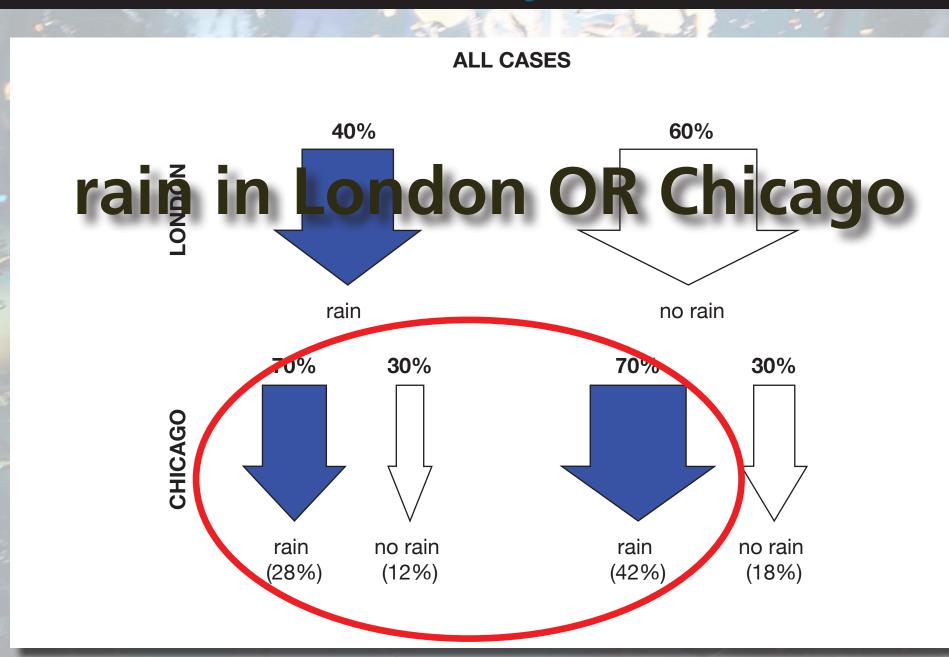


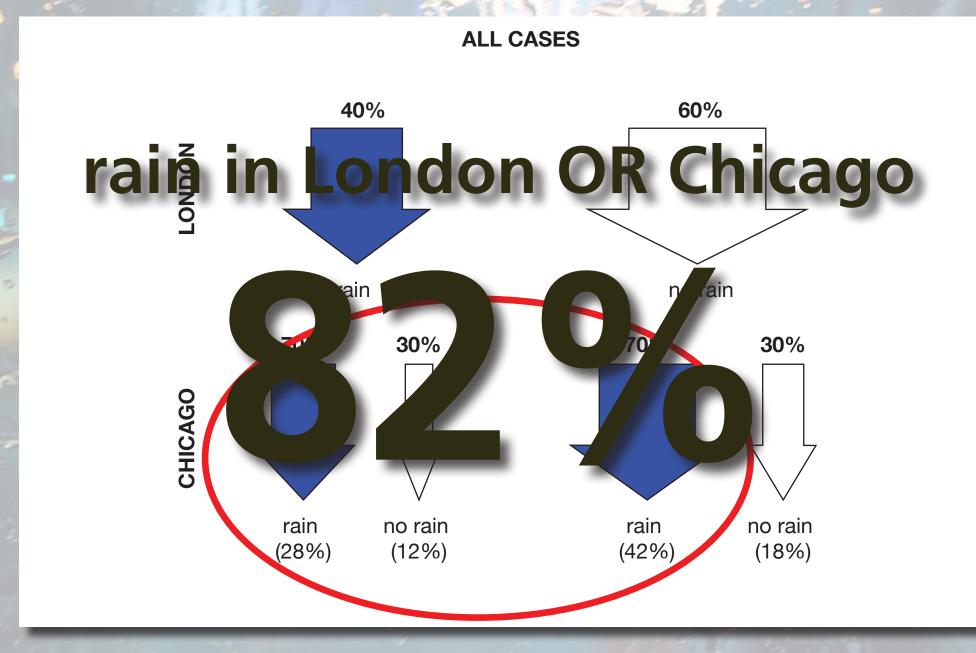


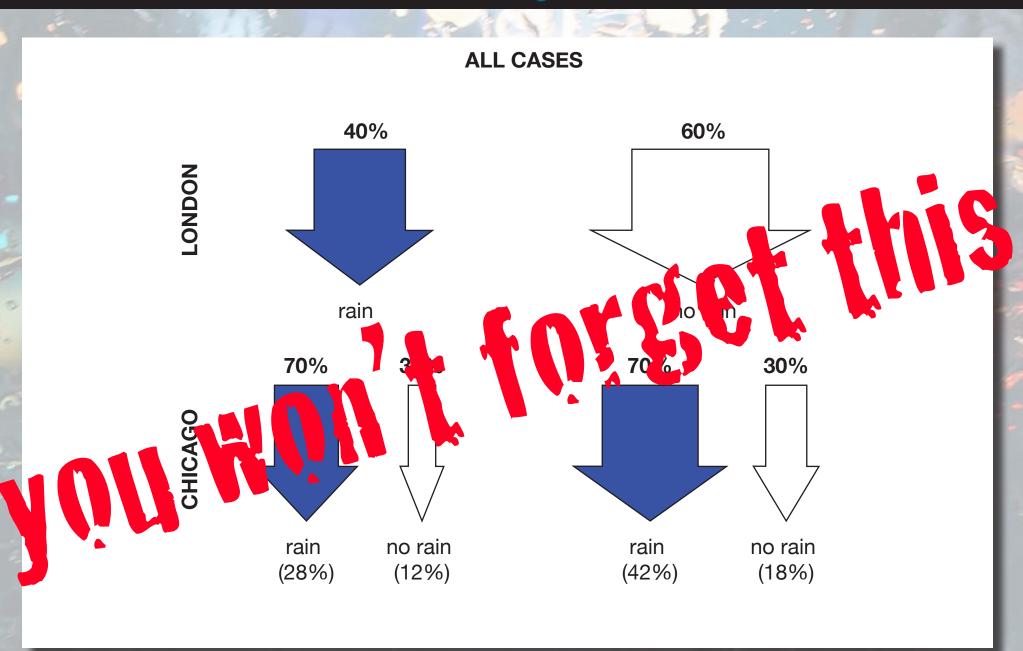












### PI & JiTT Overview

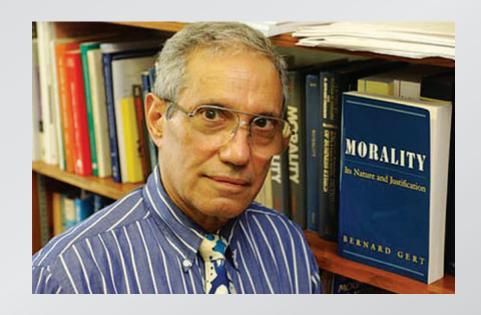
"When designing a ConcepTest

does there need to be ONE correct answer?

(or can you use PI in a humanities class?)"

**Bernard Gert (1934 – 2011)** 

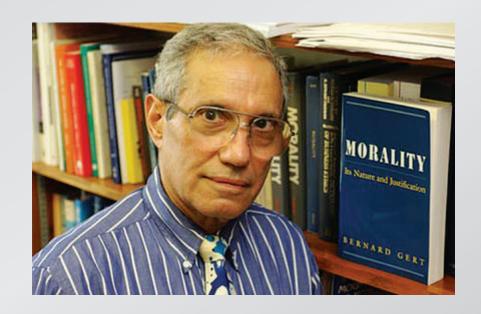
Moral philospher
Professor at Dartmouth



"Morality is an informal public system applying to all rational persons, governing behavior that affects others, and includes what are commonly known as the moral rules, ideals, and virtues and has the lessening of evil or harm as its goal."

Bernard Gert (1934 - 2011)

Moral philospher
Professor at Dartmouth



#### Bernard Gert's moral system created by 10 rules:

- 1. Do not kill
- 2. Do not cause pain
- 3. Do not disable
- 4. Do not deprive of freedom
- 5. Do not deprive of pleasure
- 6. Do not deceive
- 7. Keep your promises
- 8. Do not cheat
- 9. Obey the law
- 10. Do your duty (as required by job, circumstances).

Heinz's wife was near death, and her only hope was a drug that had been discovered by a pharmacist who was selling it for an exorbitant price. The drug cost \$20,000 to make, and the pharmacist was selling it for \$200,000. Heinz could only raise \$50,000 and insurance wouldn't make up the difference. He offered what he had to the pharmacist, and when his offer was rejected, Heinz said he would pay the rest later. Still the pharmacist refused. In desperation, Heinz broke into the store and stole the drug.

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Should Heinz have broken into the store to steal the drug for his wife?

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Should Heinz have broken into the store to steal the drug for his wife?

- 1. Yes
- **2.** No

Bernard Gert's moral system created by 10 rules:

- 1. Do not kill
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- 4. Do not dem v 1 f
- 5 deprive of p
  - Lan Eleceive
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Should Heinz have broker interthe store to steal the drug for his wife?

1 1 1

2. No

### PI & JiTT Overview

Don't need a correct answer!

### PI & JiTT Overview

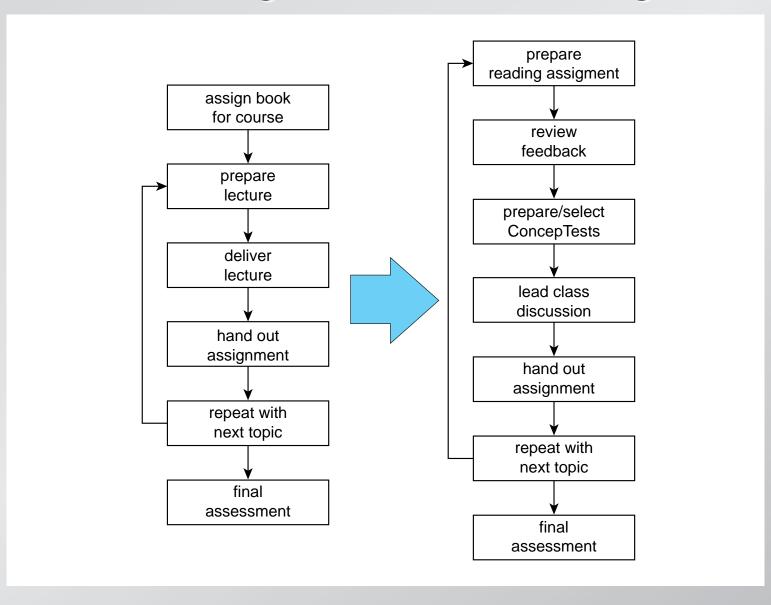
#### **Benefits:**

- helps develop conceptual models
- solidifies understanding
- provides feedback
- empowers students

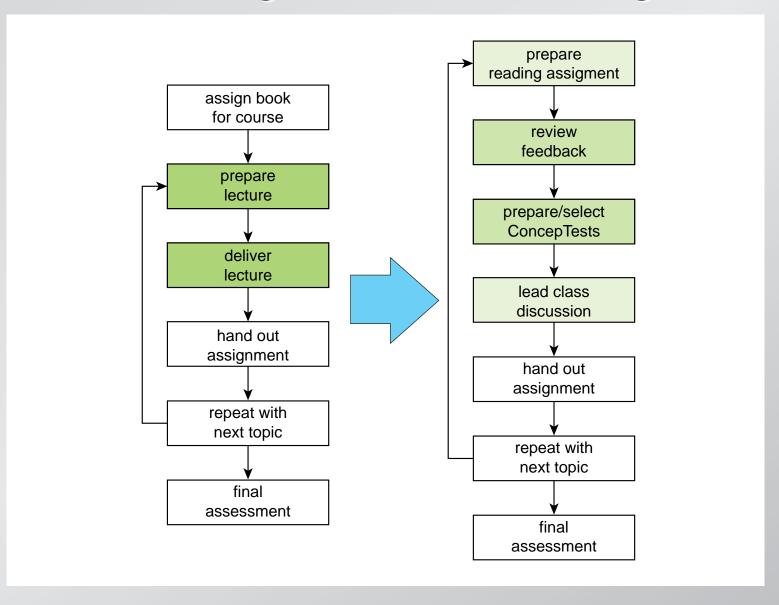


"How much extra time is needed to prepare for PI?"

### transitioning: where does the effort go?



### transitioning: where does the effort go?



**New activities:** 

- 1. Reading assignment
- 2. ConcepTests

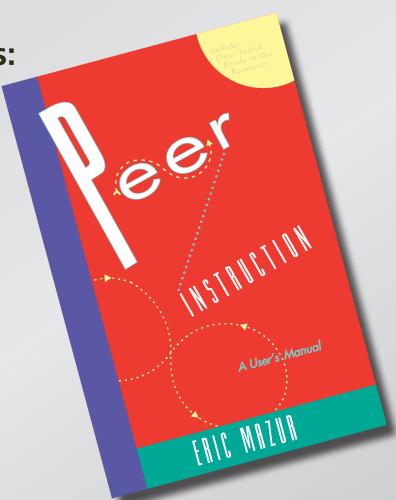
"How do I make sure all topics can be covered using this method?"



"How do I get examples of good questions?"

**Books with ConcepTests:** 

Physics (Prentice Hall)



**Books with ConcepTests:** 

Physics (Prentice Hall)

Chemistry (Prentice Hall)

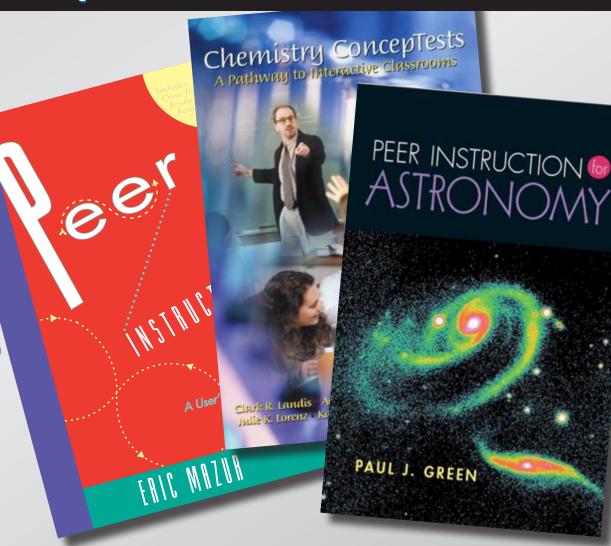


**Books with ConcepTests:** 

Physics (Prentice Hall)

Chemistry (Prentice Hall)

Astronomy (Prentice Hall)



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Physics (Prentice Hall)

Chemistry (Prentice Hall)

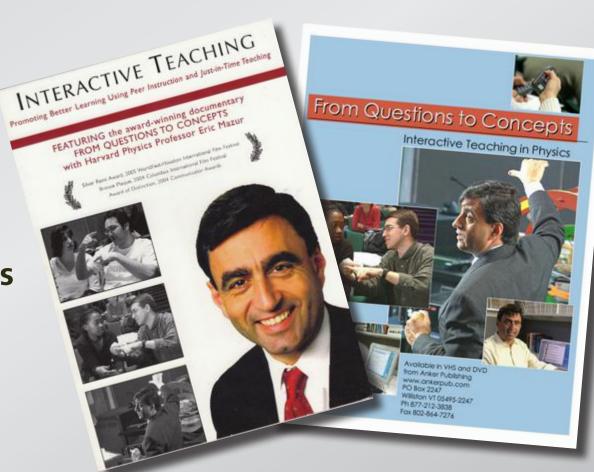
Astronomy (Prentice Hall)

Calculus (Wiley)



#### **Videos:**

- Interactive Teaching DVD
- From questions to concepts



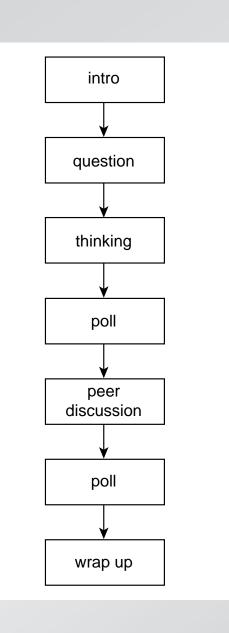
Google:

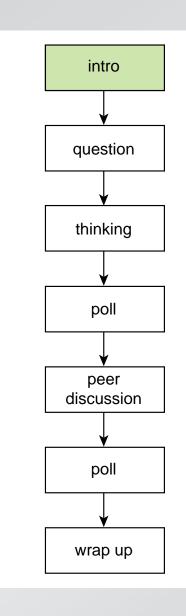
<your discipline> ConcepTest

<your discipline> "Concept Test"

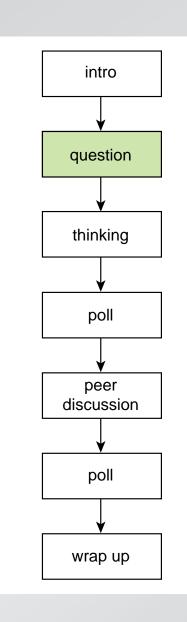
<your discipline> "Peer Instruction"

"What are the important parts of a ConcepTest?"

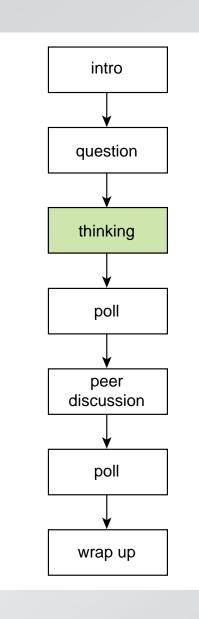




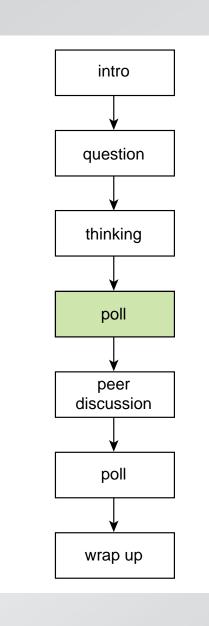
### setting context



setting context posing question



setting context
posing question
reflection

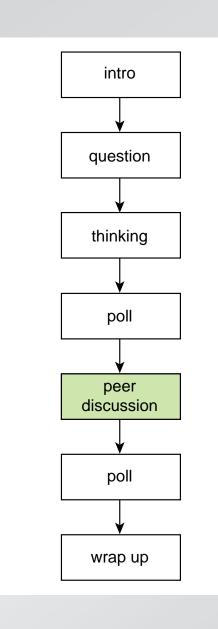


setting context

posing question

reflection

baseline data



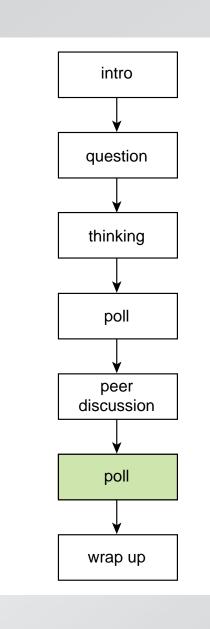
setting context

posing question

reflection

baseline data

peer instruction



setting context

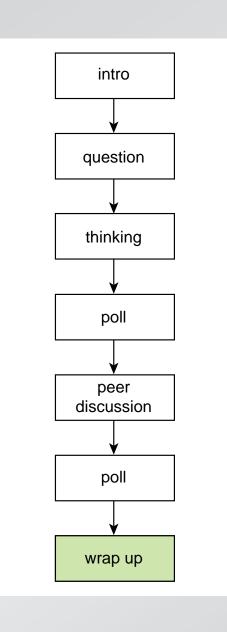
posing question

reflection

baseline data

peer instruction

gain data



setting context

posing question

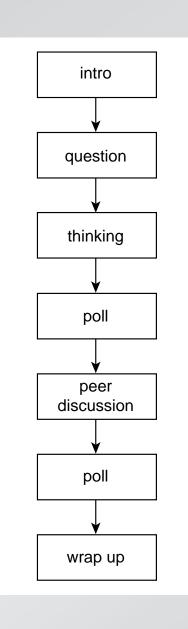
reflection

baseline data

peer instruction

gain data

closure



setting context 5 min (max)

posing question 1 min

reflection 1–2 min

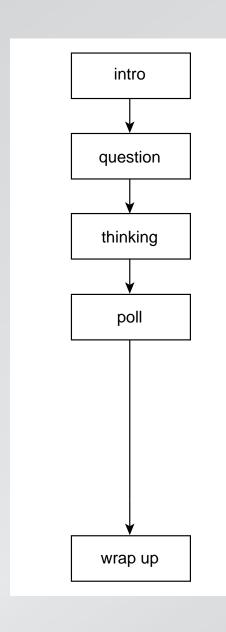
baseline data

peer instruction 2–3 min

gain data

closure 5 min (max)

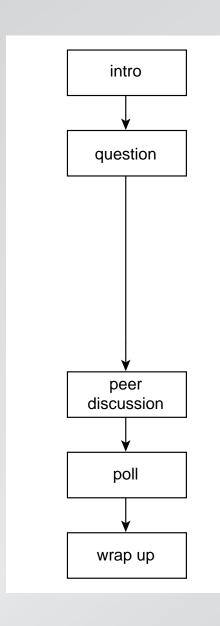
### potential shortcuts



2-3 min saved, but...

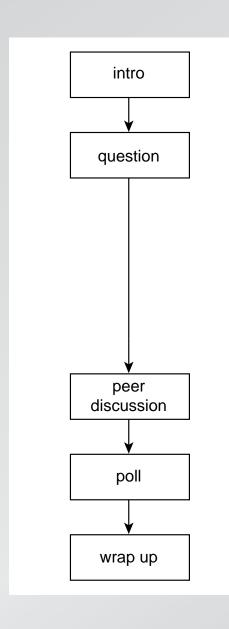
takes the "Peer" out of "Peer Instruction"

### potential shortcuts



launch straight into discussion?

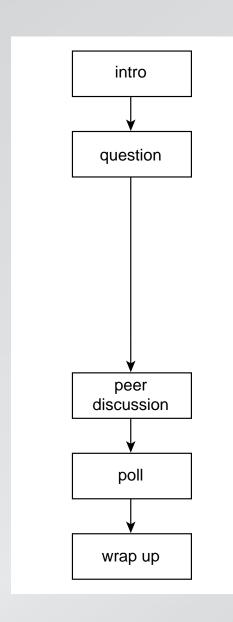
#### potential shortcuts



1–2 min saved, but...

no opportunity to commit before discussion

#### potential shortcuts

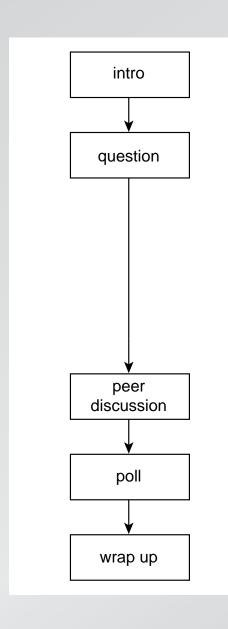


1–2 min saved, but...

no opportunity to commit before discussion

Boyle, et. al, Studies in Higher Education, 28, 4 (2003) 457

#### potential shortcuts



1–2 min saved, but...

no opportunity to commit before discussion

(and no information on effectiveness of CT!)

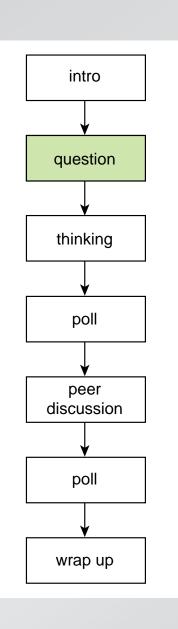
"How much time do you allocate in a two-hour lecture for the use of Peer Instruction?"

should count on about 15 min per ConcepTest

should count on about 15 min per ConcepTest

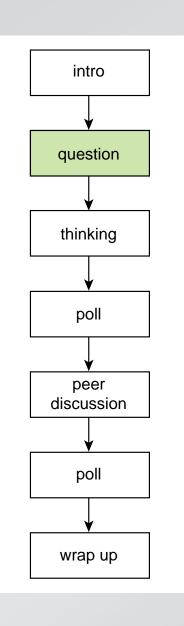
(including two pollings)

"What are the main characteristics of a good ConcepTest?"



An effective ConcepTest...

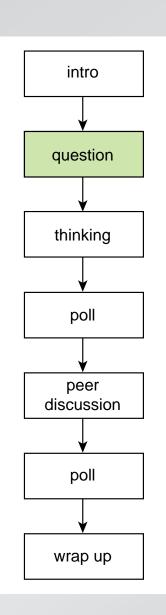
- is driven by student needs
- tests understanding, not memorization
- pushes students (but not too much)



### **Sources of ConcepTests:**

- literature/web (you'd be surprised!)
- pre-class assignments
- other assignments

"With this method, can I use only multiple choice questions?"



You can start with free response questions!



# In closing...

"Experience from those who have used PI? Anyone from Accounting?"

# In closing...

"Experience from those who have used PI?
Anyone from Accounting?"

"Are there any institutions in Hong Kong that use PI for teaching?"

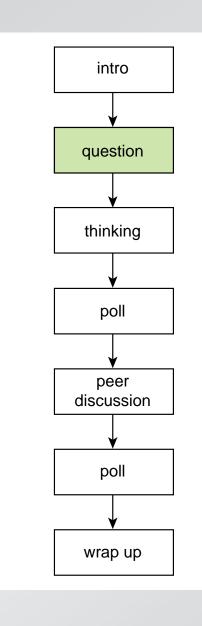
Join now!

# Peerlnstruction.net

#### To do before next online session:

- 1. learn more about Peer Instruction
- 2. identify resources/ConcepTests in your discipline
- 3. find PI Users in your discipline
- 4. review & score ConcepTests
- 5. create a ConcepTest in your field (optional)

To create YOUR ConcepTests, you need...

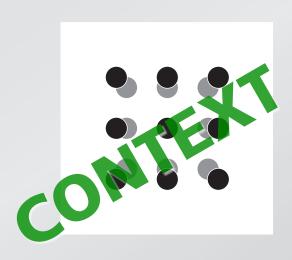


1. context

2. question

3. closure

When metals heat up, they expand because all atoms get farther away from each other.

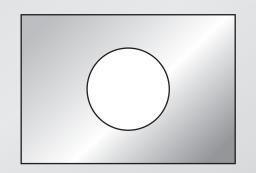


Consider a rectangular metal plate with a circular hole in it.

When the plate is uniformly heated, the diameter of the hole

- 1. increases.
- 2. stays the same.
- 3. decreases.





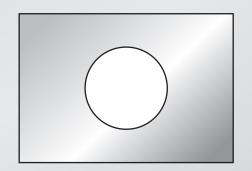
Consider a rectangular metal plate with a circular hole in it.

### stem

When the plate is uniformly heated, the diameter of the hole

- 1. increases.
- 2. stays the same.
- 3. decreases.





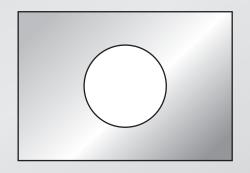
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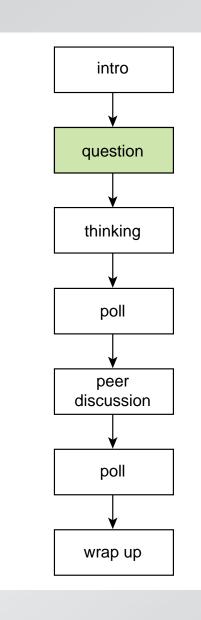
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- 3. decreases.



consider the atoms at the rim of the hole



to create YOUR ConcepTests, you need...

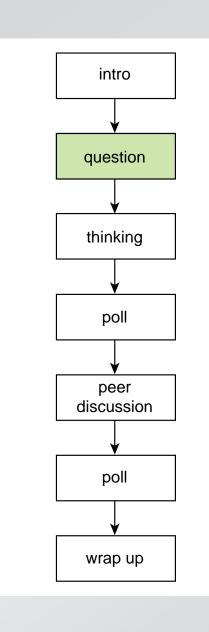


1. context

2. question

3. closure

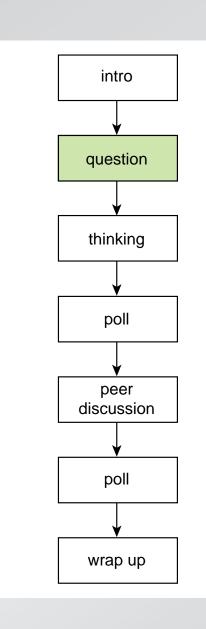
### some basic design rules



#### **General tips:**

- focus on one idea/concept/model
- keep questions concise
- define all terms
- keep vocabulary simple

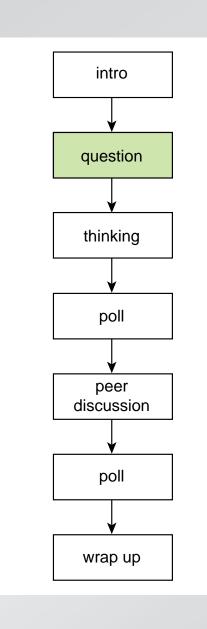
### some basic design rules



#### Remove:

- barriers for knowledgeable students
- clues for less-knowledgeable students

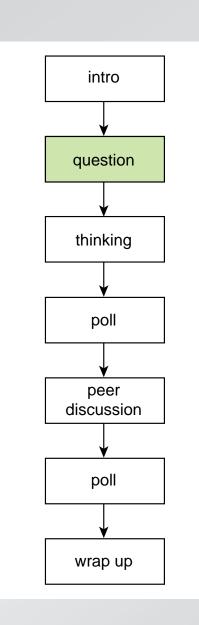
#### some basic design rules



Writing good "stems":

- ask complete question
- avoid common knowledge
- avoid negative statements ("not", "no",...)

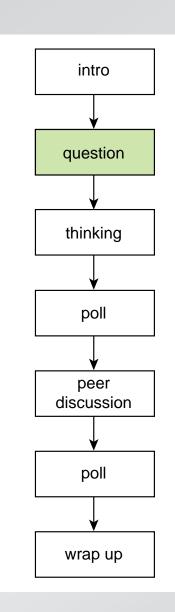
#### some basic design rules



Writing good answer choices:

- aim for 3–5 options
- order choices logically
- make all roughly same length
- avoid repeating words (move to stem)
- avoid "All/None of the above", "Other"

**Example:** a nonsense question

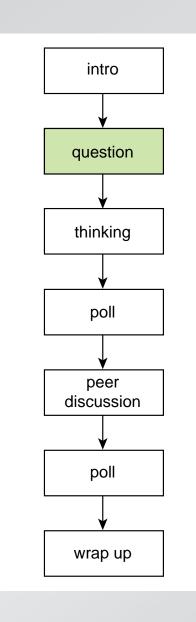


Choose most likely correct answer, based on what you know about informed guessing on tests.

Under what circumstances do *ermazoa* coagulate?

- A. Only when *jushespora* increase.
- B. Only when *jushespora* change color.
- C. When jushespora draw into a circle.
- D. Usually when *jushespora* increase, but occasionally when *jushespora* decrease.

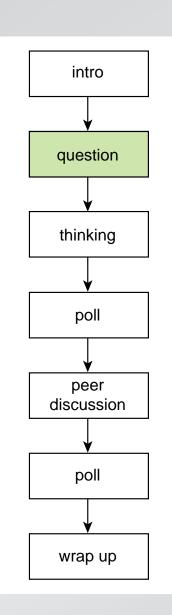
### **Example: another nonsense question**



What is the color of ermazoa?

- A. Blue.
- B. Red.
- C. Green.
- D. Yellow.

**Example: a well-crafted question** 



Which statement refers to measurement as opposed to evaluation?

- A. Emily got 90% correct on her math quiz.
- B. Mary's test scores have increased satisfactorily this year.
- C. Paul's score of 20 on this test indicates that his study habits are ineffective.
- D. Linda received a B+ for her art project.

#### **Research Funding:**

Pew Charitable Trust, Pearson/Prentice Hall, Davis Foundation, Engineering Information Foundation, Derek Bok Center for Teaching and Learning, National Science Foundation

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