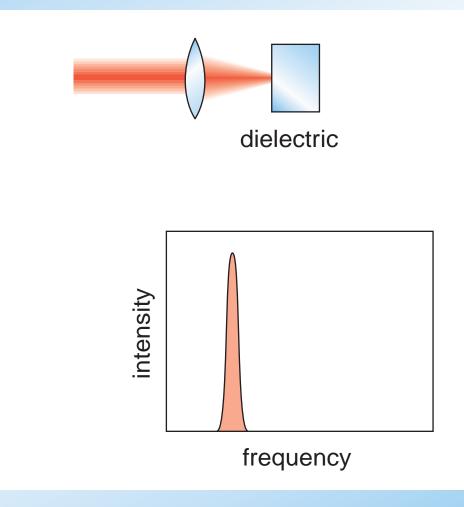
The role of multiphoton excitation in ultrafast white-light continuum generation

André Brodeur Chris B. Schaffer Eric Mazur

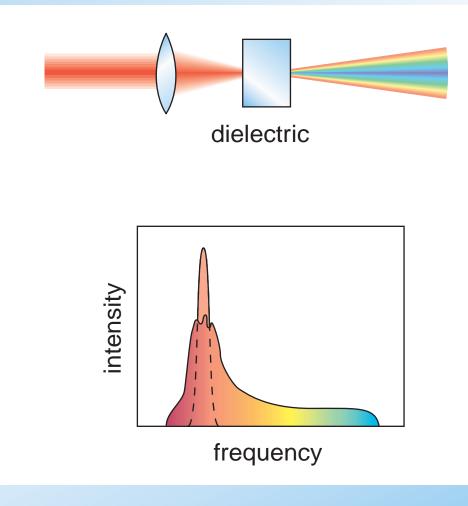
APS Centennial Meeting 25 March1999



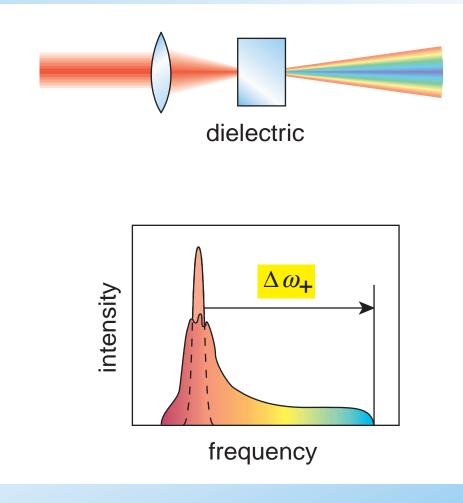
high-power femtosecond laser pulse...



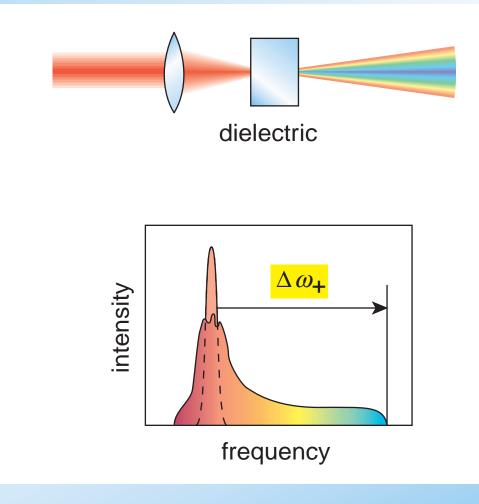
...produces broad continuum



...produces broad continuum



How does $\Delta \omega_{+}$ **vary with laser frequency and material?**



Outline

- Broadening mechanisms
- Frequency and material dependence
- Comparison with models

self-phase modulation: $n = n_0 + n_2 I$



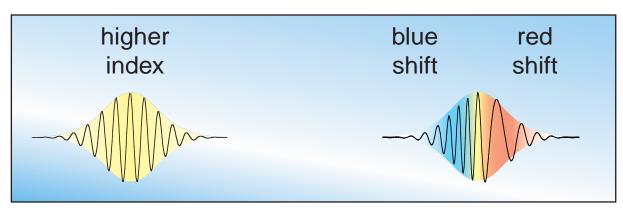
dielectric

self-phase modulation: $n = n_0 + n_2 I$



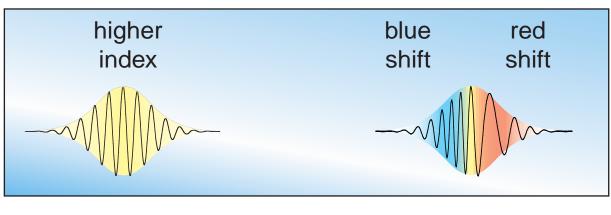
dielectric

self-phase modulation: $n = n_0 + n_2 I$



dielectric

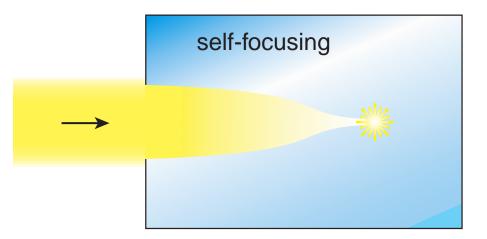
self-phase modulation: $n = n_0 + n_2 I$



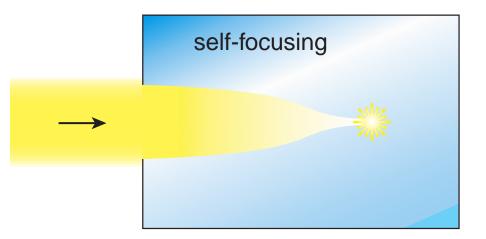
dielectric

$\Delta \omega_{+}$ increases with intensity...

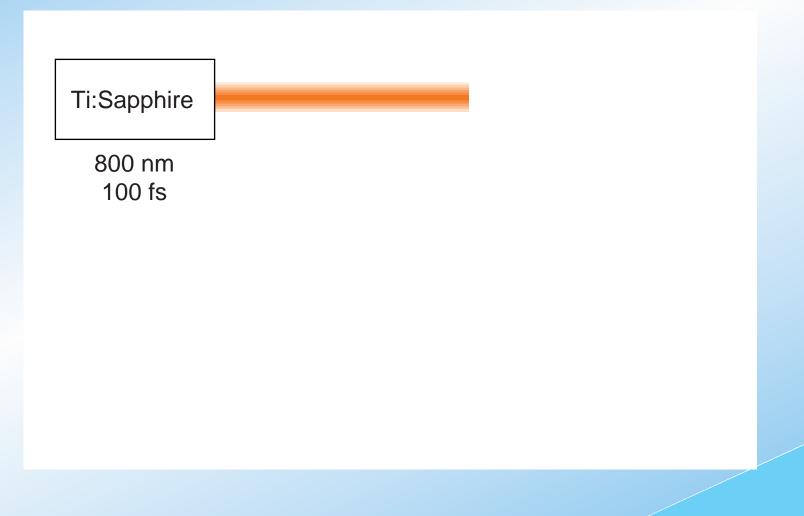
... but what is the intensity at the focus?

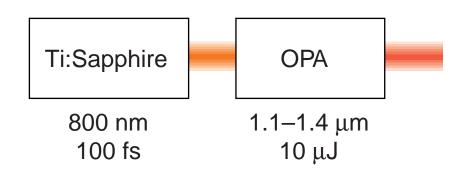


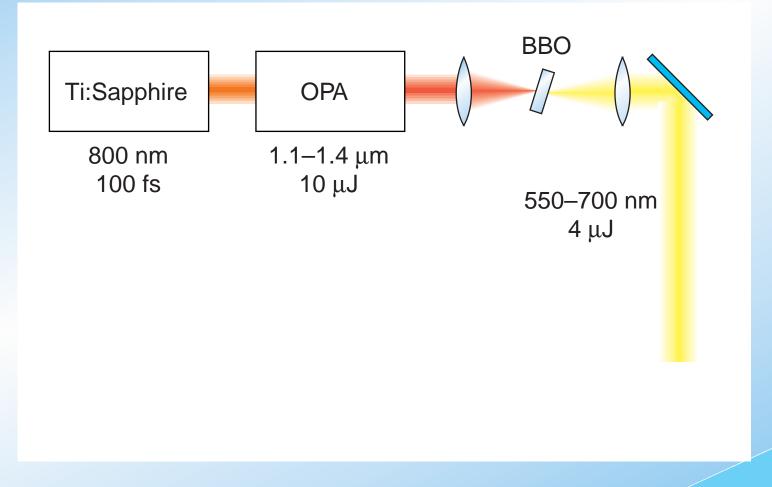
... but what is the intensity at the focus?

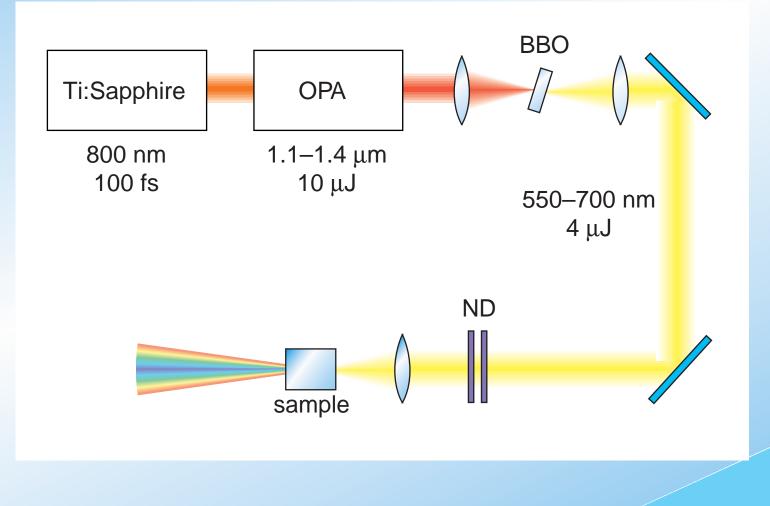


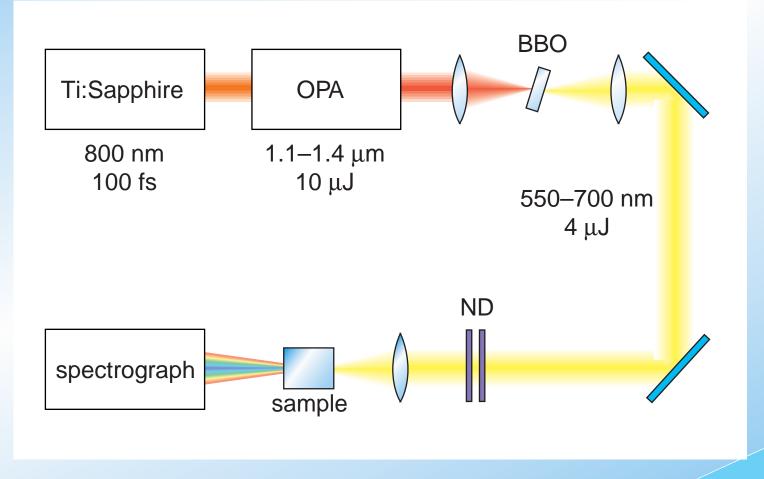
Is intensity limited by ionization, or by group velocity dispersion?

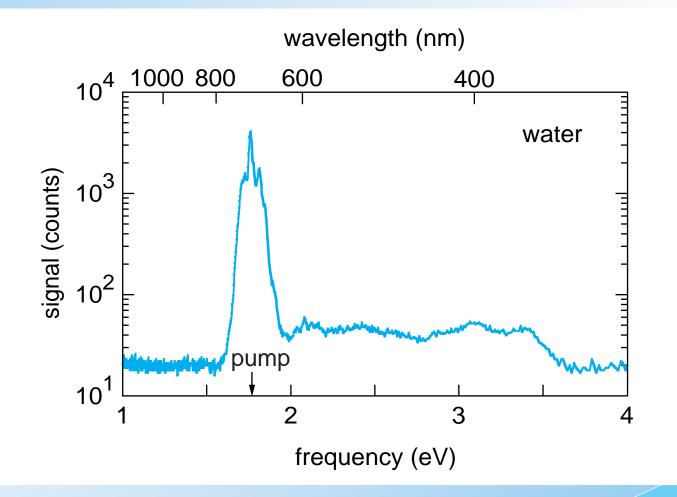


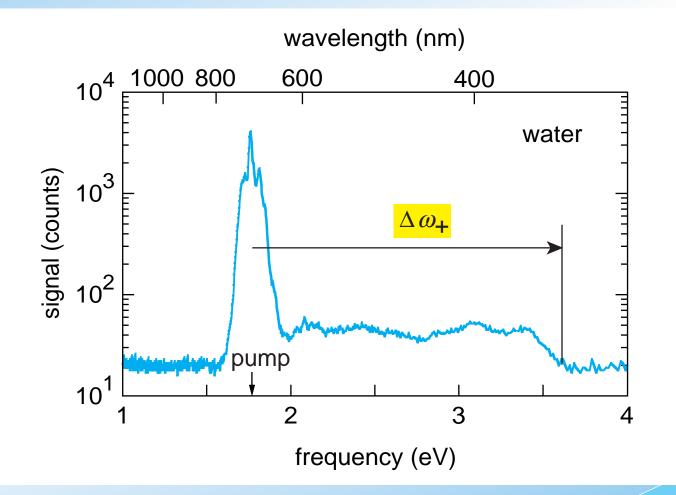


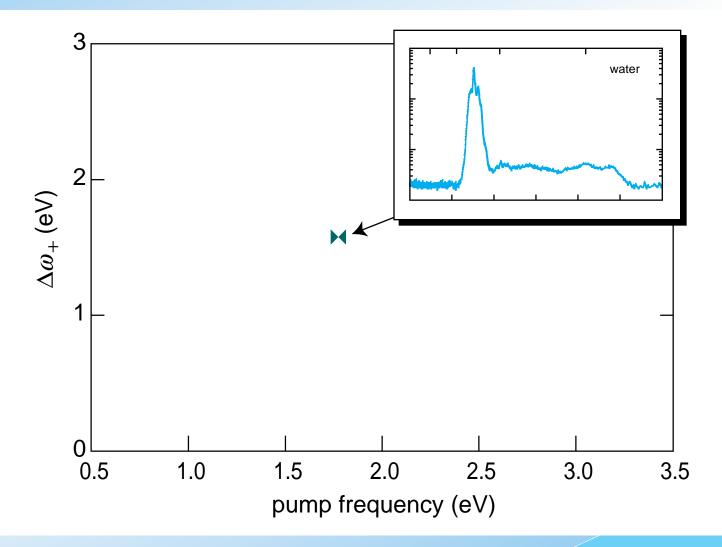


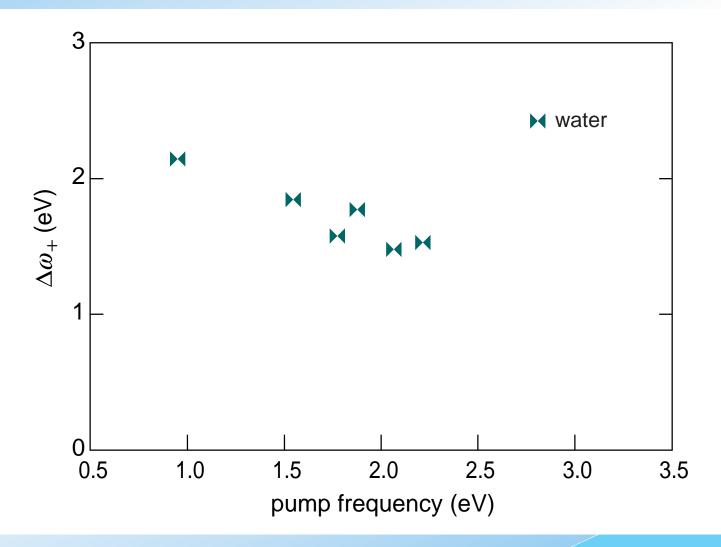


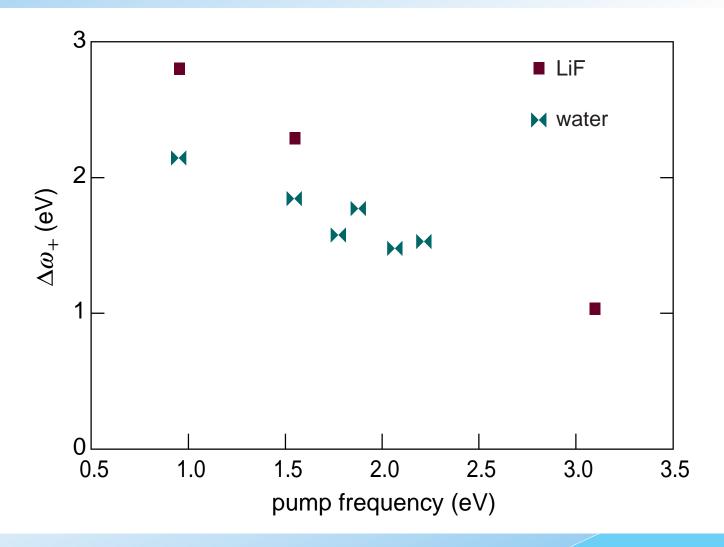


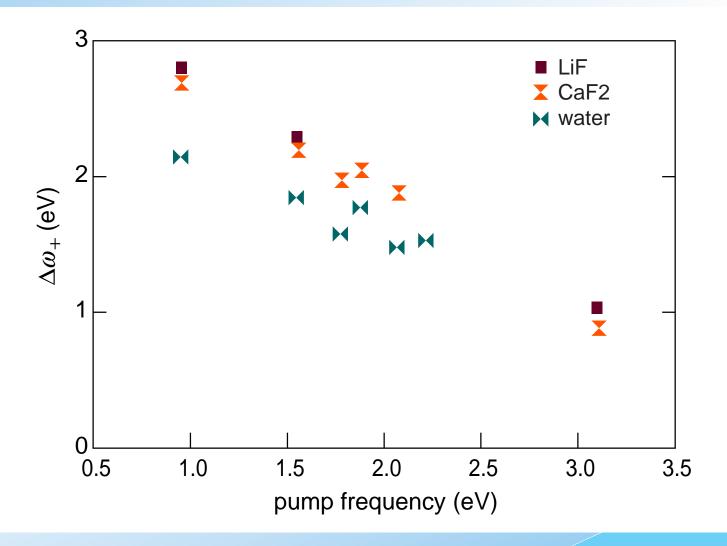


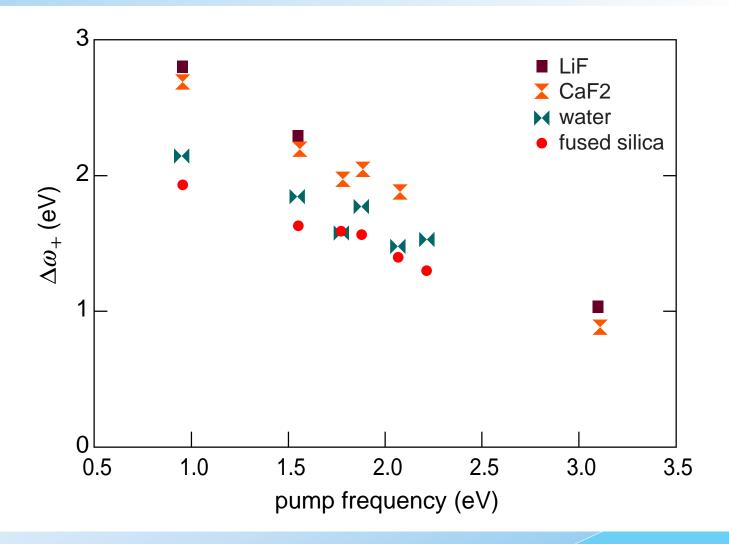


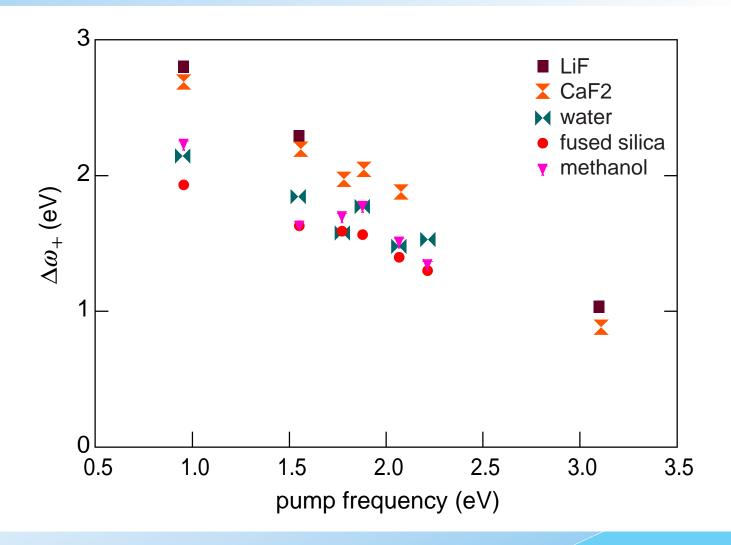


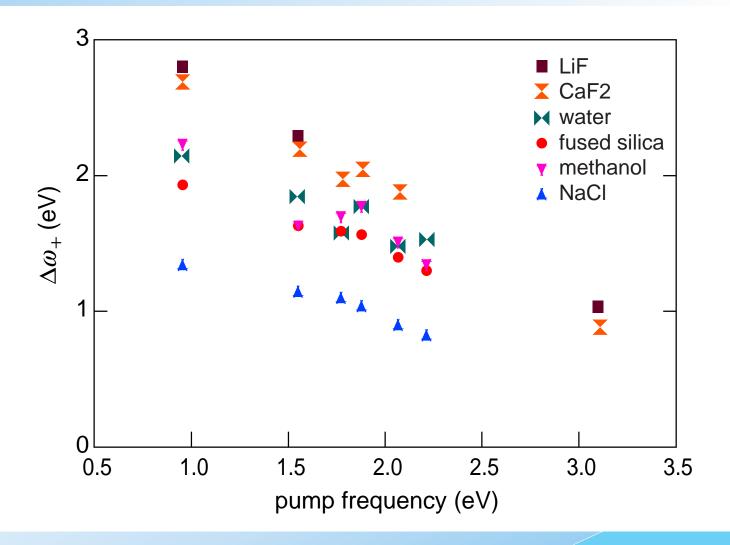


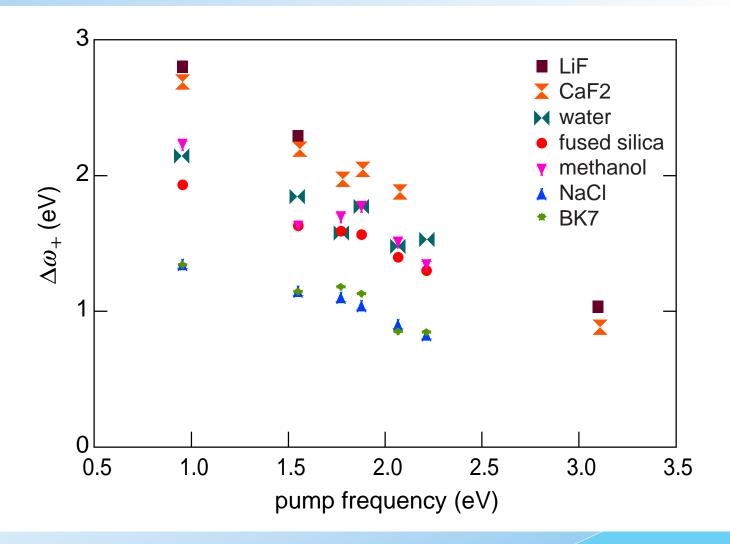


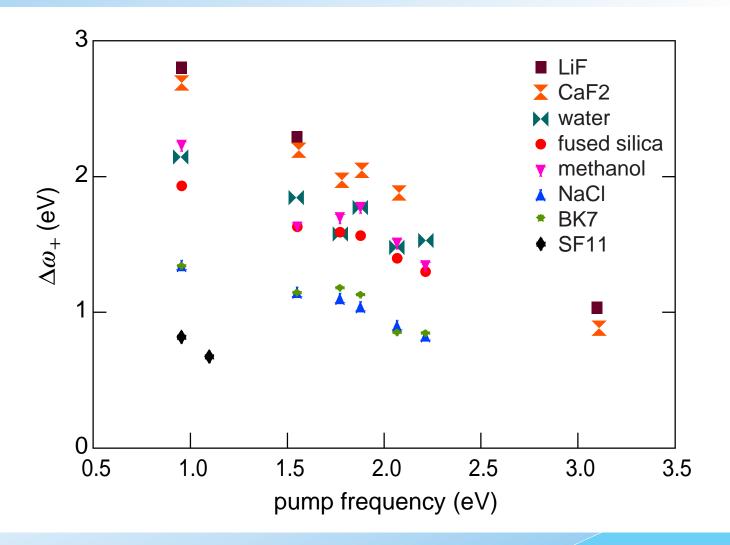


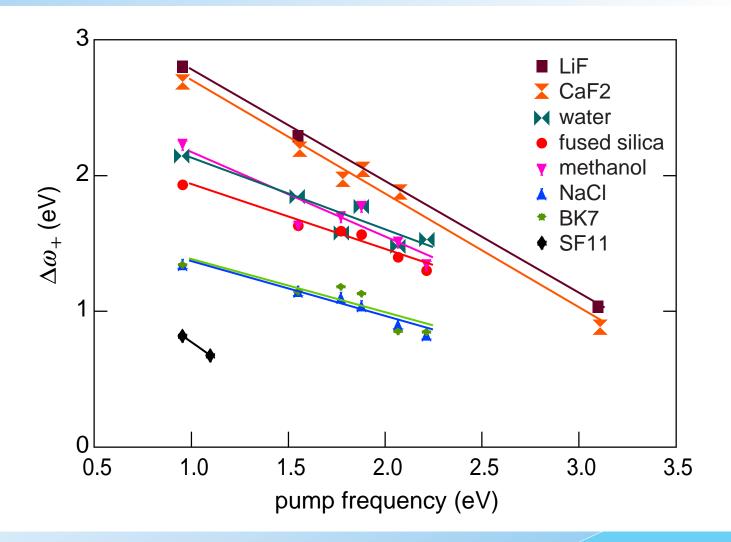


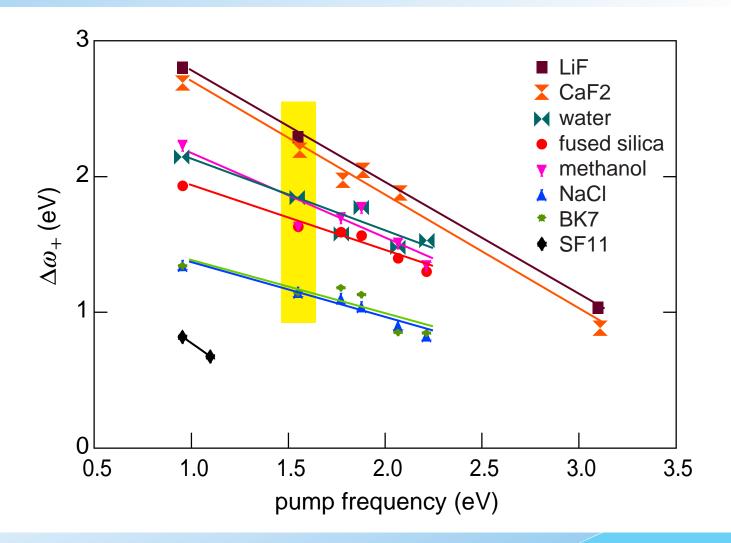




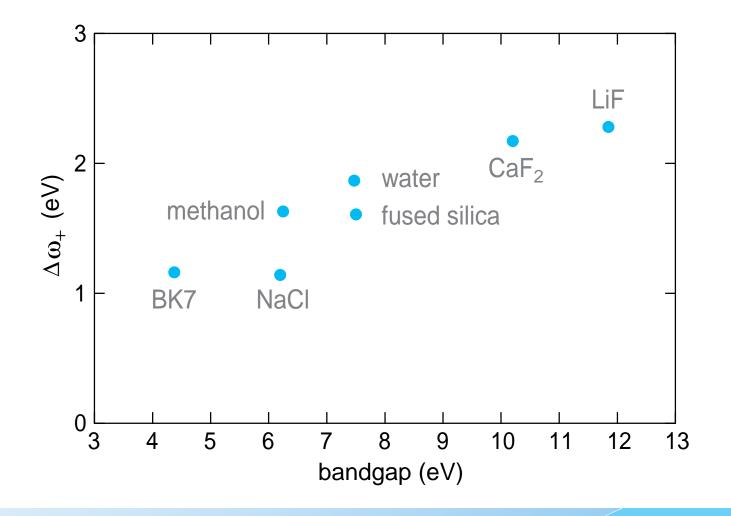




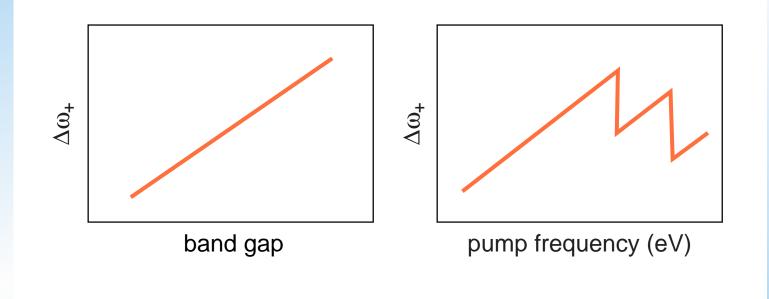


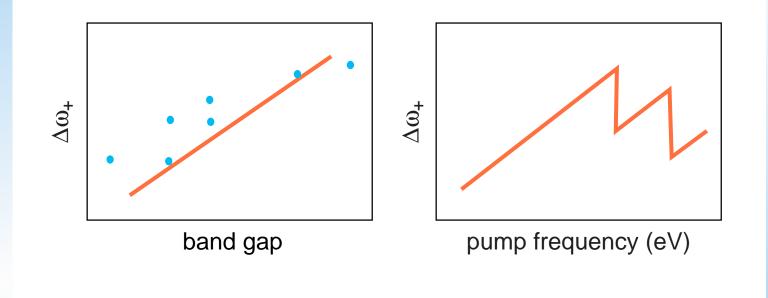


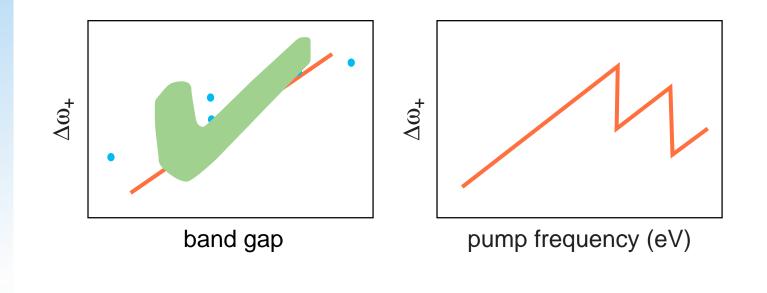
dependence on bandgap

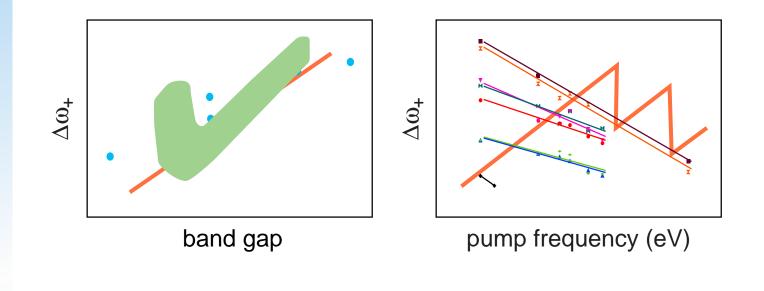


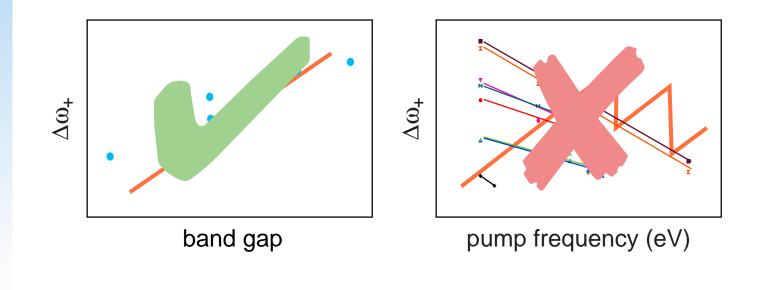
- \blacktriangleright $\Delta \omega_{+}$ increases with bandgap
- $\Delta \omega_{+}$ decreases with pump frequency

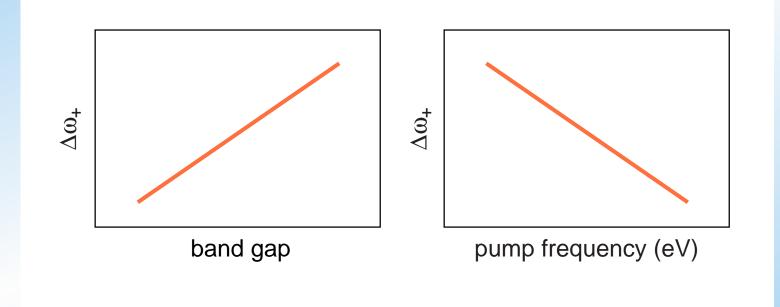


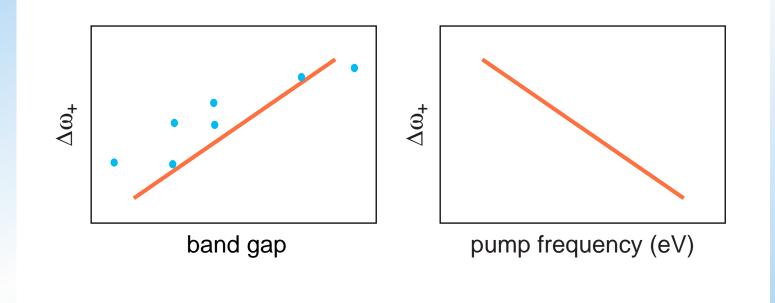


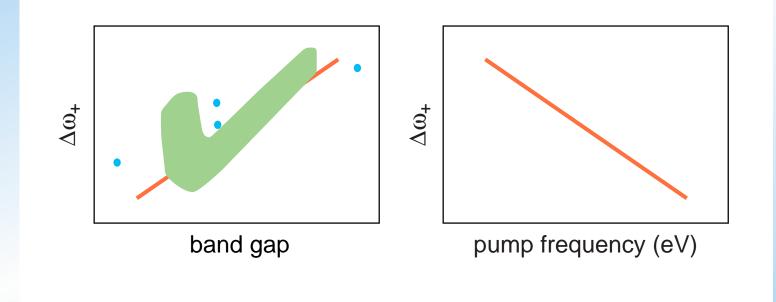


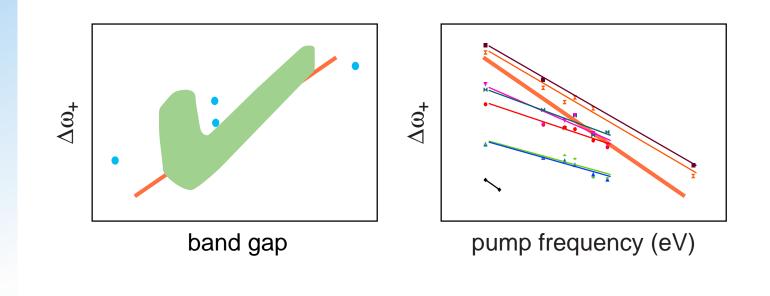


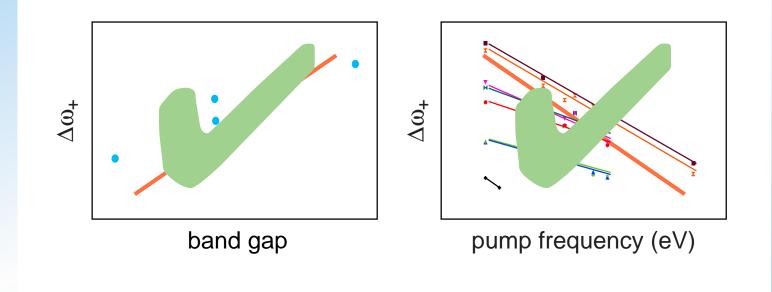














- need large bandgap and infrared pump
- broadening limited by group-velocity dispersion

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Acknowledgements: Profs. Gaeta and Bloembergen

For a copy of this talk and additional information, see:

http://mazur-www.harvard.edu