PEER INSTRUCTION: TURNING A LECTURE INTO A SEMINAR

Catherine H. Crouch

Harvard University





Outline

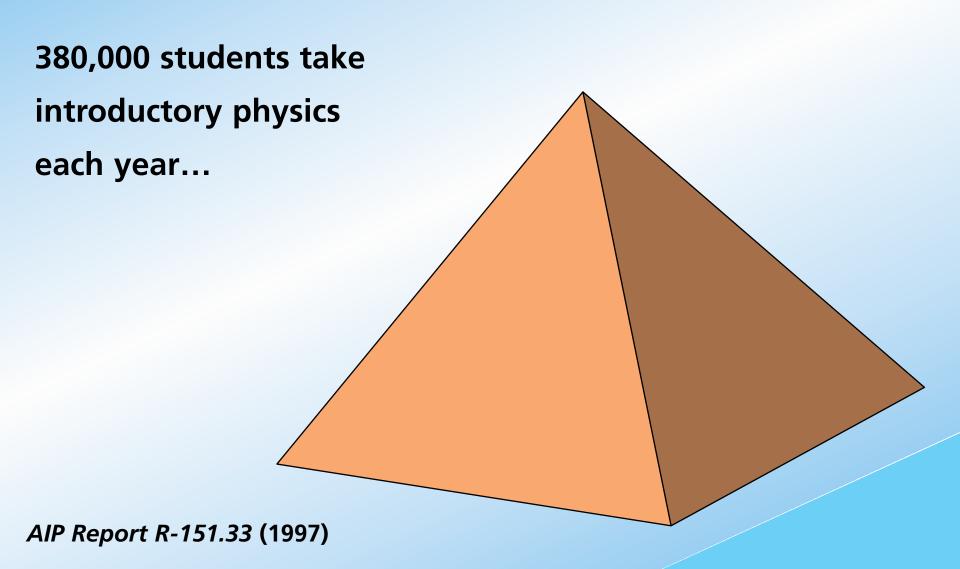
Problem

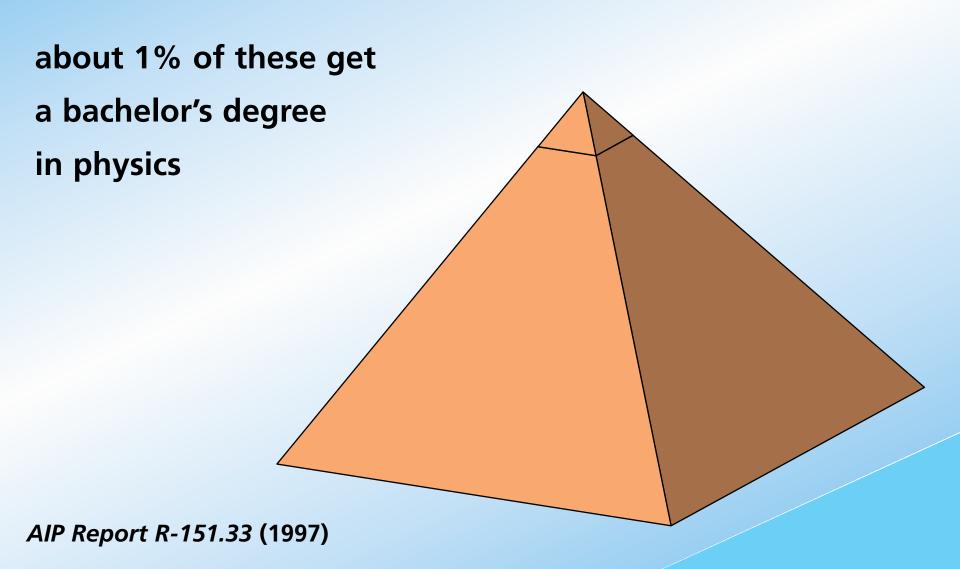
Outline

- Problem
- Cause

Outline

- Problem
- Cause
- Remedy





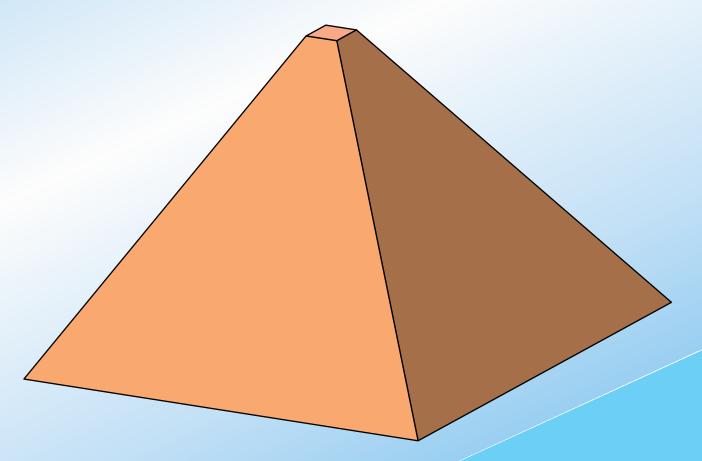
Of the 4,300 students with a bachelor's degree in physics... AIP Report R-151.33 (1997)

about 35% go on to get a Ph.D. in physics... AIP Report R-151.33 (1997)



What about the

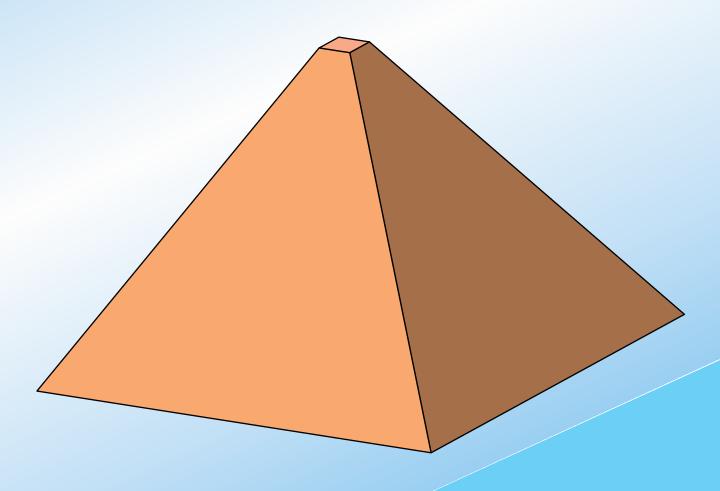
other 259...?



What do we know

about these

students?



They know the jargon:

- circular motion
- barometric pressure
- light radius
- something to the power times ten to the something

They are aware of their lack of knowledge

- ▶ I graduated from college but I didn't study astronomy
- ▶ It's been a while since I've had physics

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...and they don't care!

Should we worry?

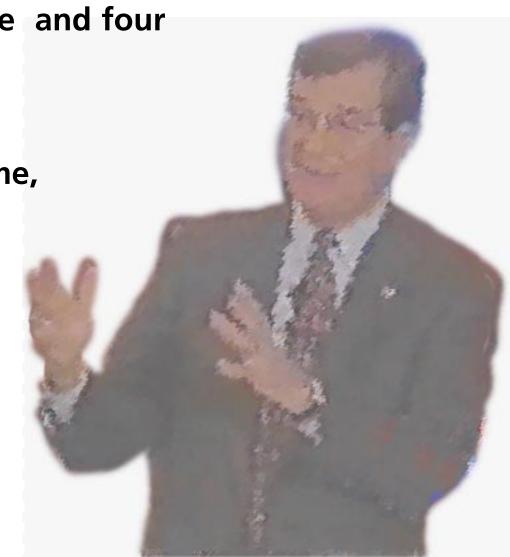
We'd better!

"I took four years of science and four years of math...

A waste of my time, a waste of the teacher's time, and a waste of space...

You know,
I took physics.

For what?"



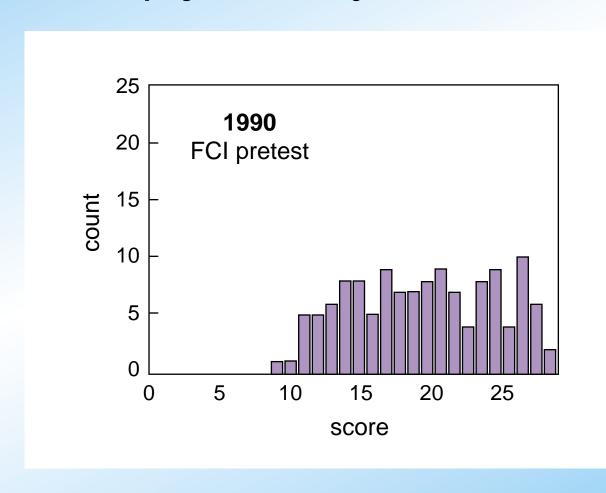
Some disturbing symptoms:

- frustration
- lack of understanding
- lack of basic knowledge



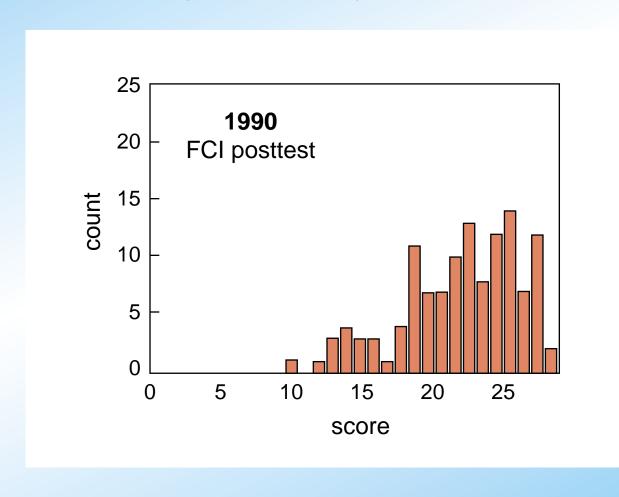
Lectures focus on transfer of information...

...but physics is not just information!

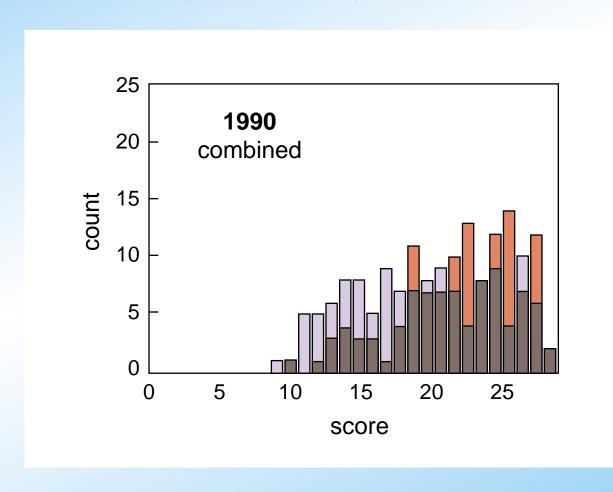


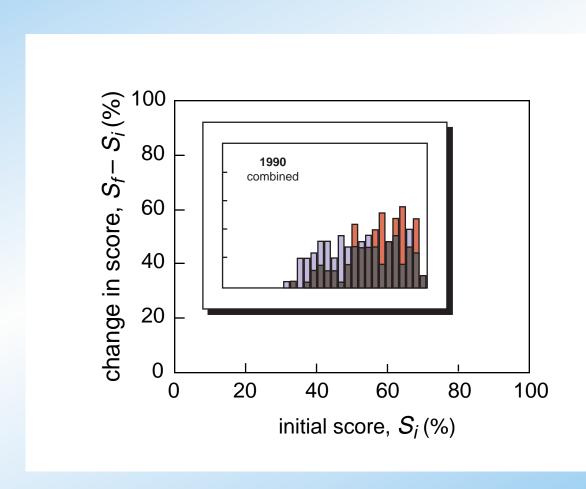
Hestenes, et al., TPT 30, 141 (1992)

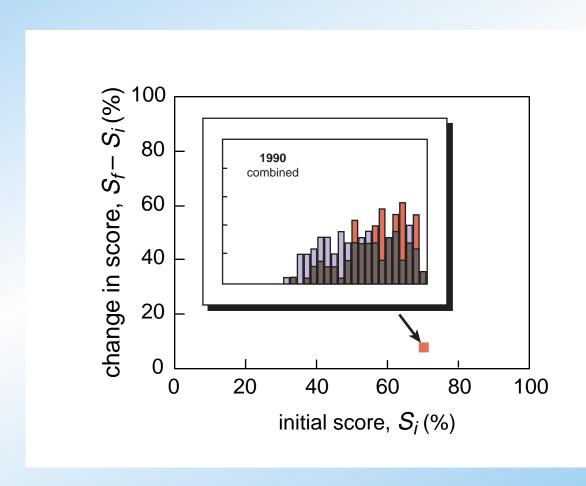
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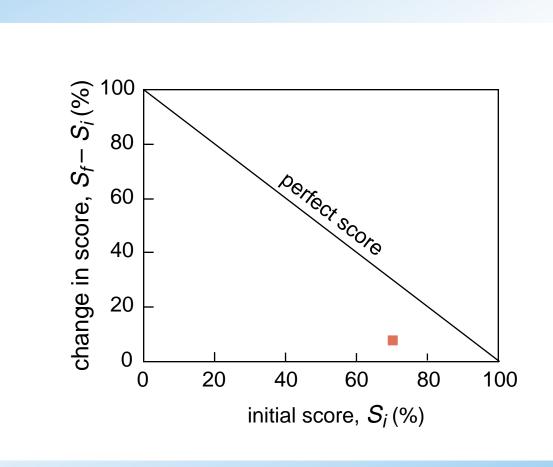


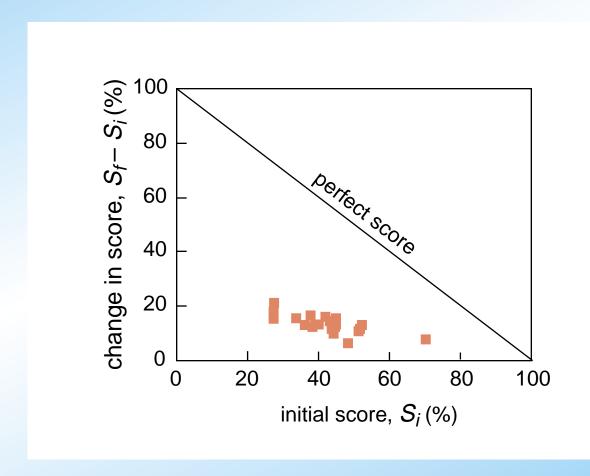
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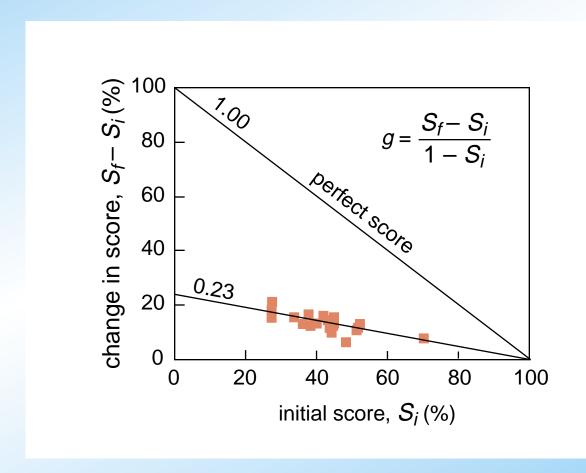








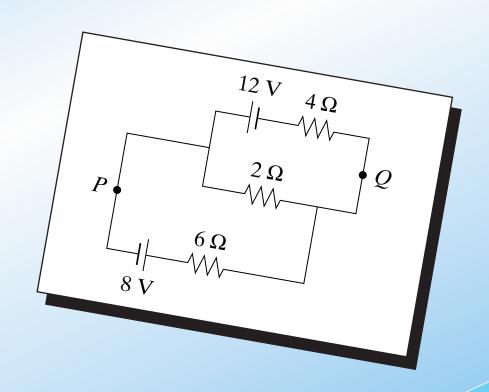
R.R. Hake, Am. J. Phys. 66, 64 (1998)



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Conventional problems reinforce bad study habits

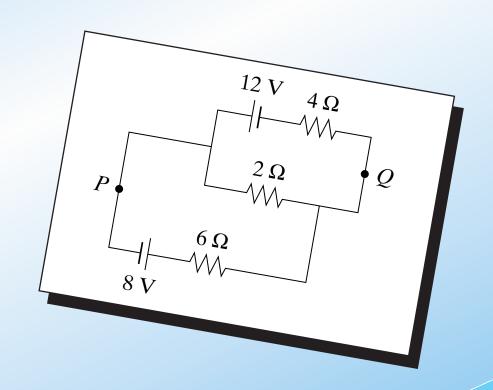
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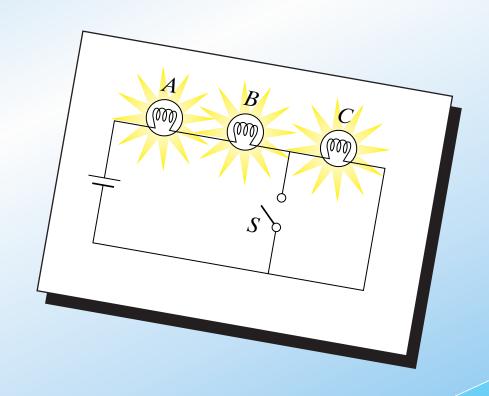
Conventional problems reinforce bad study habits

Calculate:

- (a) the current in the 2- Ω resistor, and
- (b) the potential difference between points P and Q



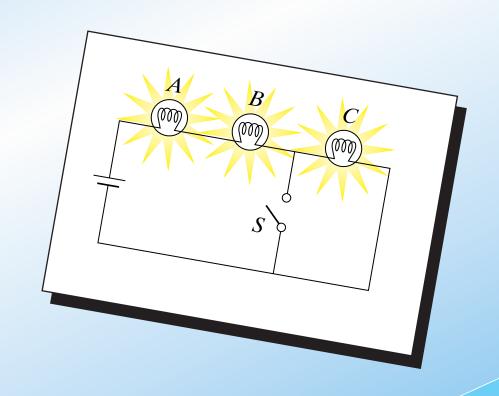
Are basic principles understood?

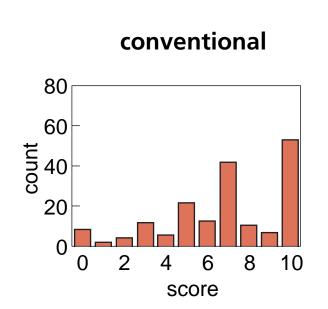


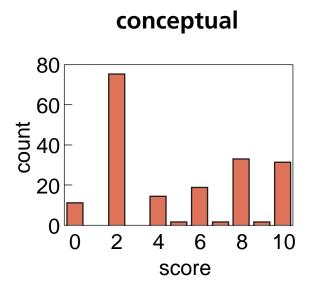
Are basic principles understood?

When *S* is closed, what happens to the:

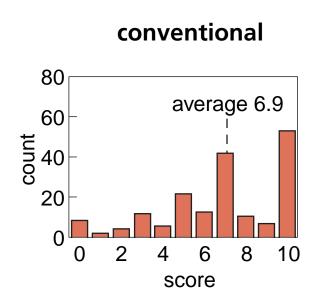
- (a) intensities of A and B?
- (b) intensity of C?
- (c) current through battery?
- (d) voltage drop across A, B, and C?
- (e) total power dissipated?

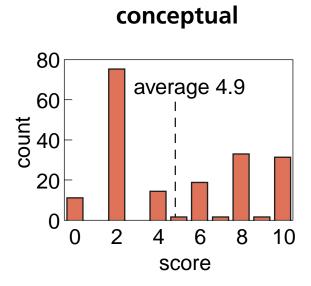




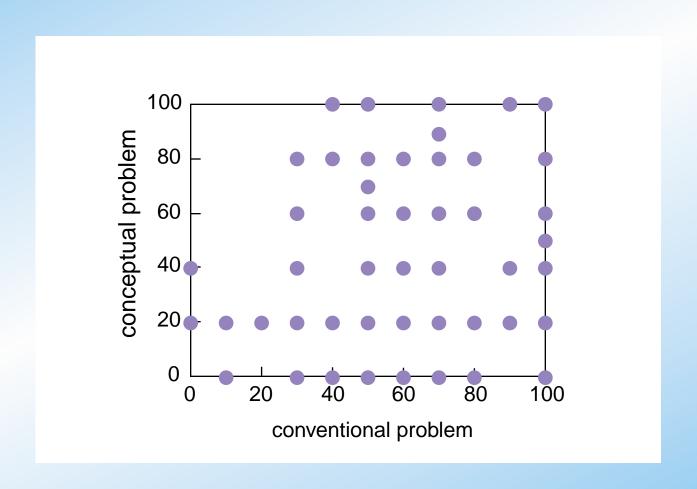


Why do we have this problem?

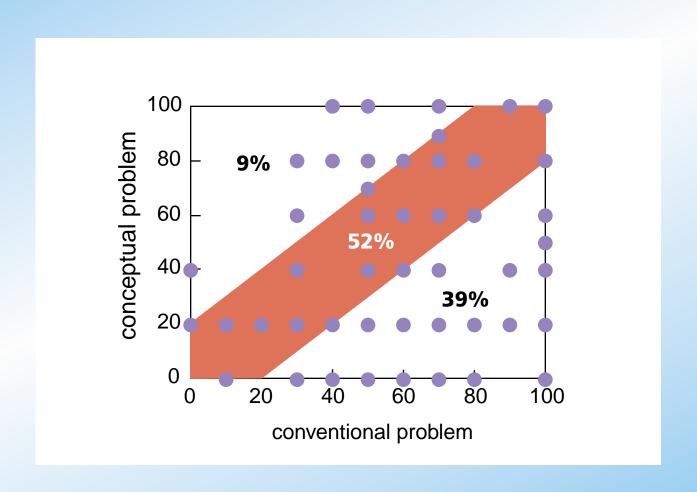




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Help students take more responsibility for learning!

Move first exposure to the material out of the classroom...

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- Use class to deepen and broaden understanding

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- Move first exposure to the material out of the classroom: assign reading!
- Use class to deepen and broaden understanding
- by identifying key ideas
- and giving students opportunities to think

Main features:

Pre-class reading

Web-based assignment due before class

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- Three questions (content and feedback)

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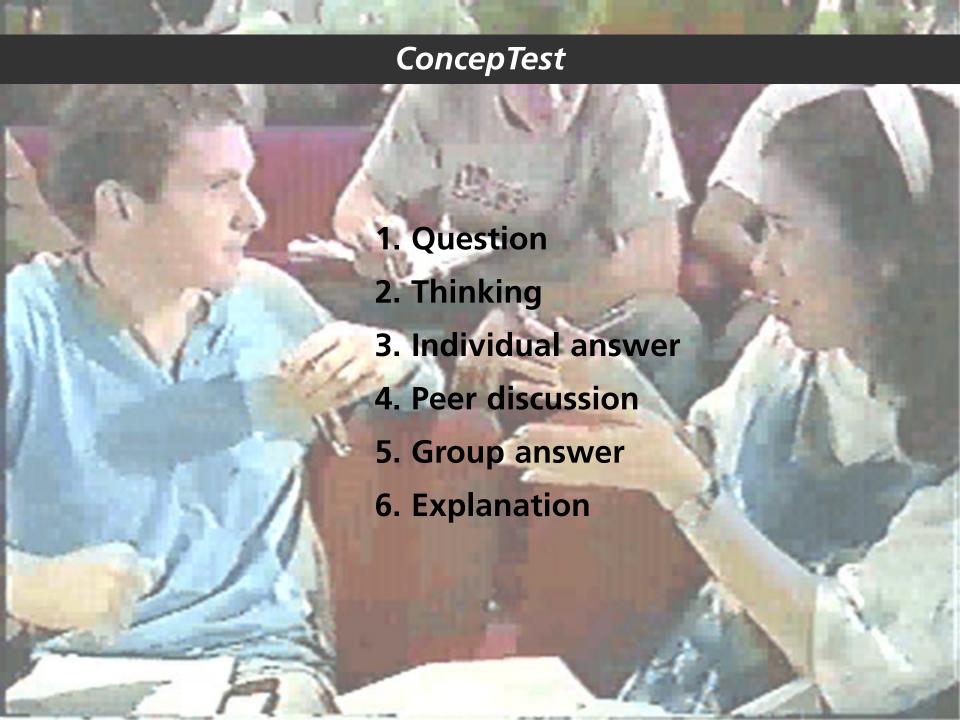
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- Three questions (content and feedback)
- Graded on effort
- ▶ 5% of final grade

Main features:

- Pre-class reading
- In class: depth, not coverage

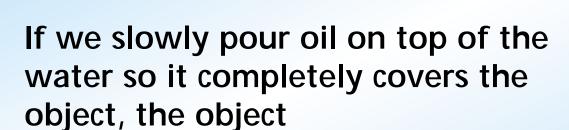
Main features:

- Pre-class reading
- In class: depth, not coverage
- ConcepTests

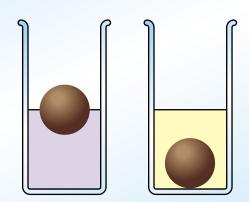


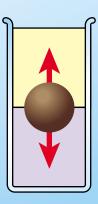
Sample ConcepTest

Consider an object that floats in water but sinks in oil. When the object floats in water, half of it is submerged.



- 1. moves up.
- 2. stays in the same place.
- 3. moves down.





Suitable ConcepTests

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- Rewards for participation

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- Noncompetitive grading

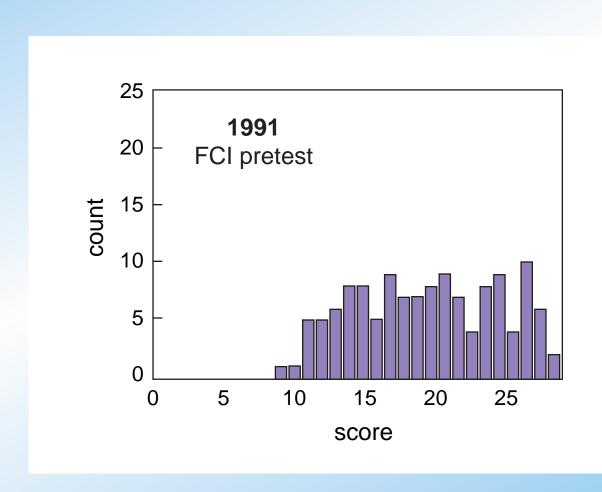
- Suitable ConcepTests
- Rewards for participation
- Noncompetitive grading
- Conceptual exam questions

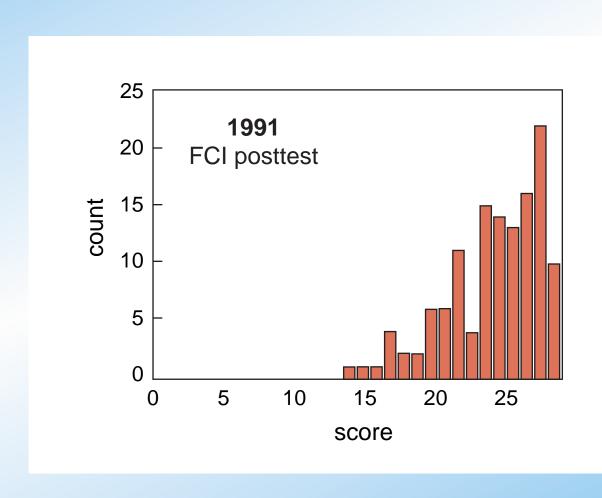
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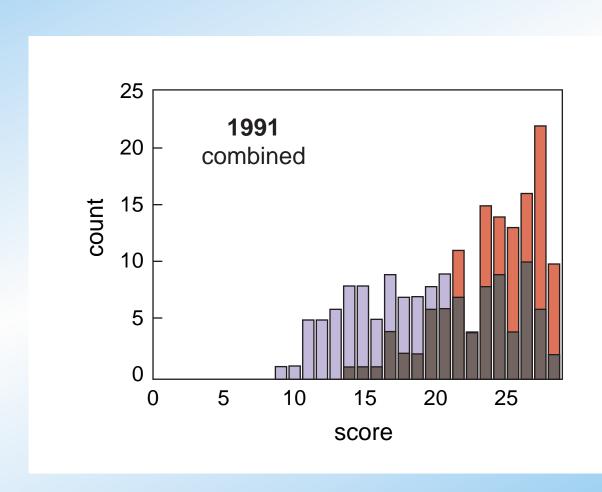
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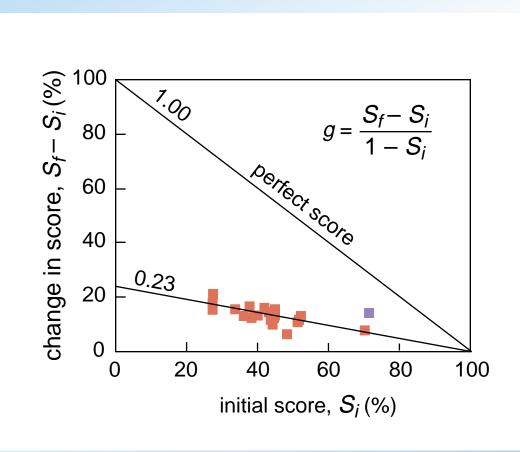
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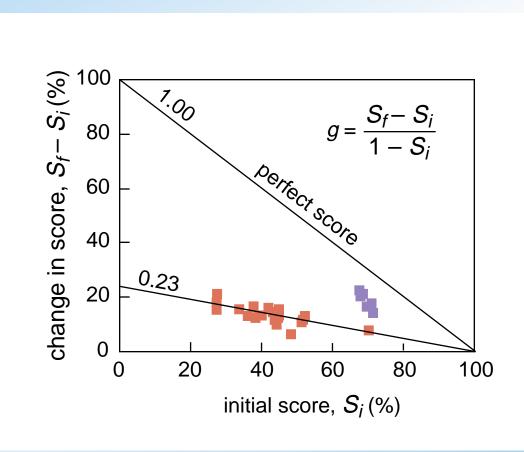
- Results
- Student Reactions

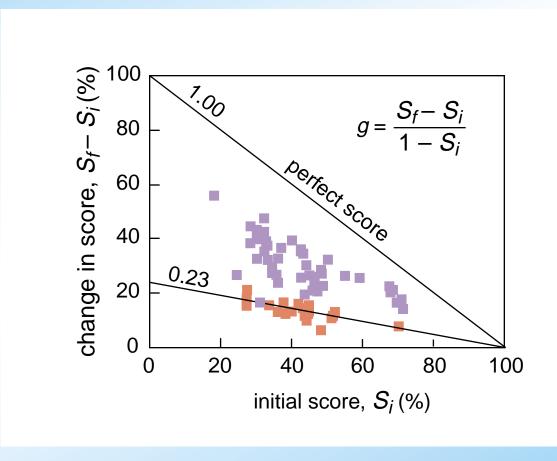




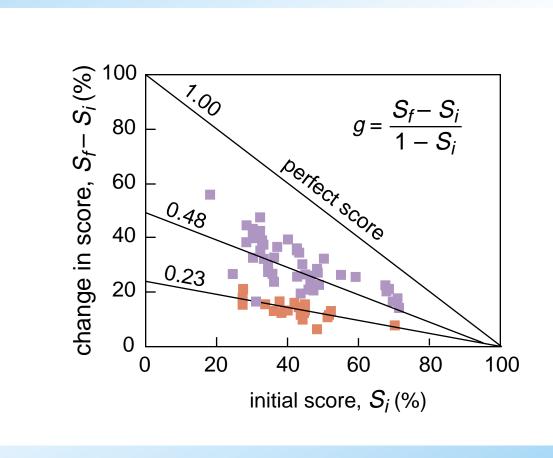






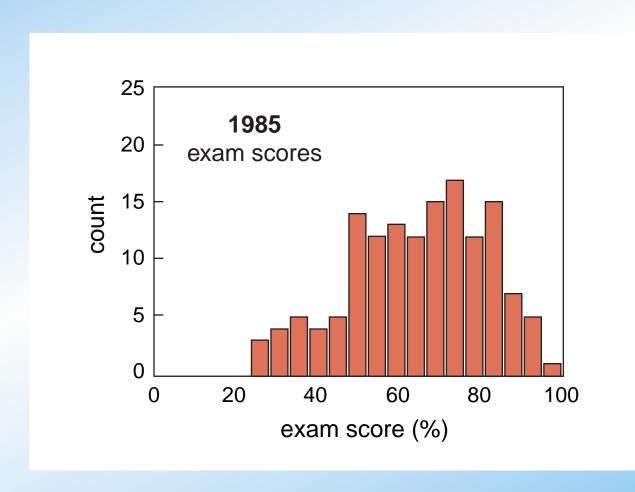


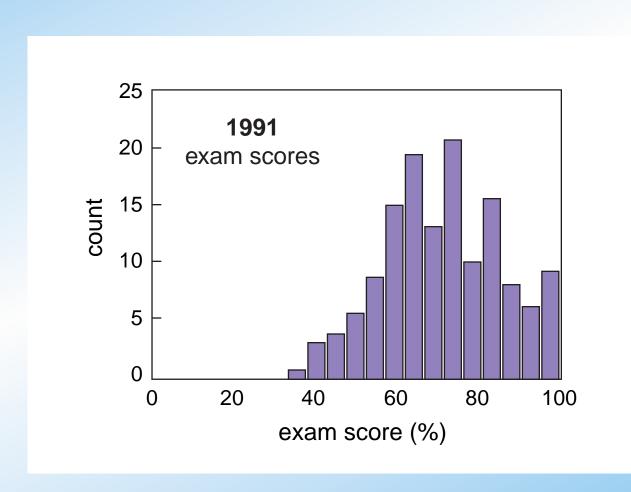
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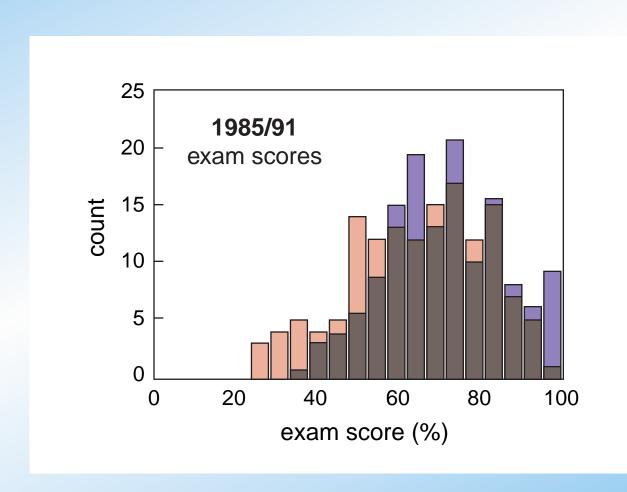


R.R. Hake, Am. J. Phys. 66, 64 (1998)

What about problem solving...?







focuses students on understanding

- focuses students on understanding
- gets students thinking

- focuses students on understanding
- gets students thinking
- uncovers misunderstandings

- focuses students on understanding
- gets students thinking
- uncovers misunderstandings
- builds confidence



Why it works for instructors

modification, not drastic change

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- adaptable

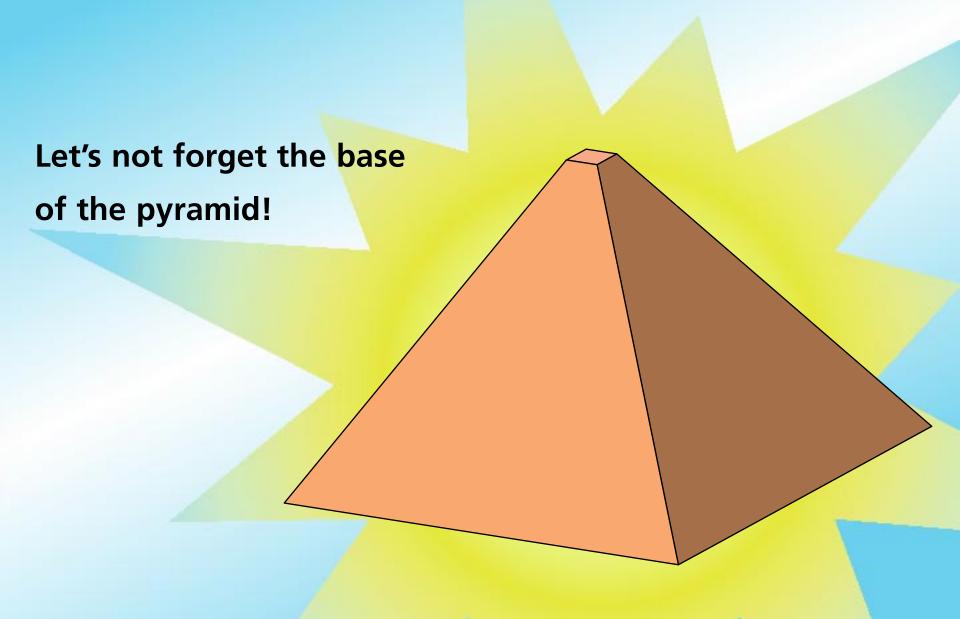
Why it works for instructors

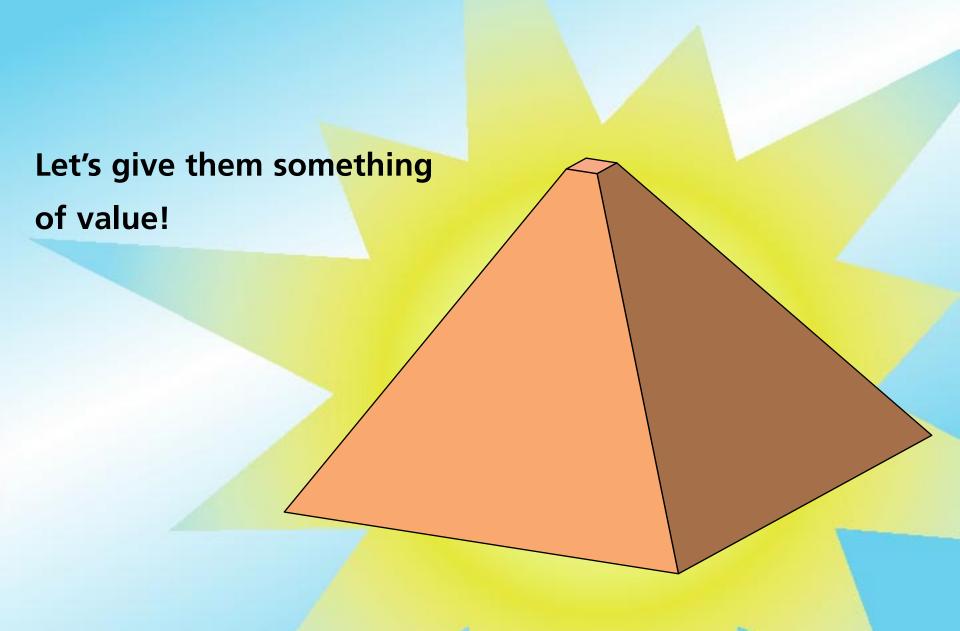
- modification, not drastic change
- adaptable
- resources (http://galileo.harvard.edu)

So better understanding leads to better problem solving!

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(but "good" problem solving doesn't always indicate understanding!)





Challenges:

- skepticism
- growing pains

Rewards:

- engagement
- improved understanding
- class is fun!

Funding

National Science Foundation

For a copy of this talk and additional information:

http://mazur-www.harvard.edu