Interactive Learning Toolkit

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Outline

- Background
- **▶ Interactive Learning Toolkit**
- Summary

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- **▶ Interactive Learning Toolkit**
- **▶** Summary

The 'large lecture' problem

Students passively receive information with no emphasis on interaction



PhD Research

68% of students do not have the ability, motivation or discipline for self-study!

Ref: McCauley (2002) PhD Thesis. University of Limerick.

PhD Research

Shift the focus in lecture from delivering to synthesizing information

Ref: McCauley (2002) PhD Thesis. University of Limerick.

The solution

▶ Information transfer - outside classroom:

Just in Time Teaching

▶ Discussion, interaction - in classroom:

Peer Instruction

Just in Time Teaching Strategy

Web-based reading assignments:

▶ 2 questions on content

▶ 1 feedback question

Ref: Novak et al. (1999) See: www.jitt.org



Just in Time Teaching works!

- **▶** Improves preparation
- **▶** Design lecture around feedback
- Better use of class time
- Study resource for students

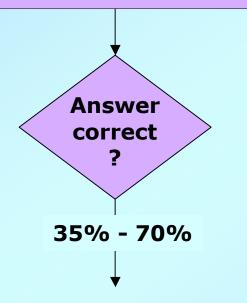
Peer Instruction

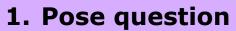
Promotes student interaction

Ref: Mazur (1997) Prentice Hall.

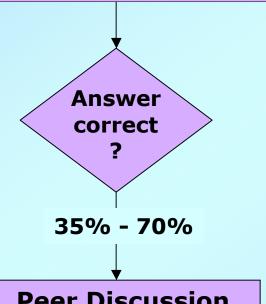
- Pose question
 Think
- 3. First answer

- 1. Pose question
- 2. Think
- 3. First answer

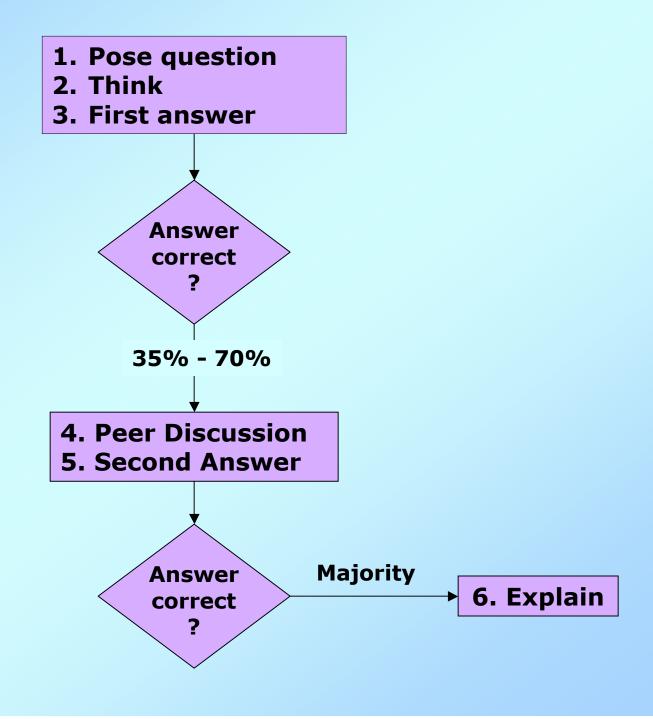


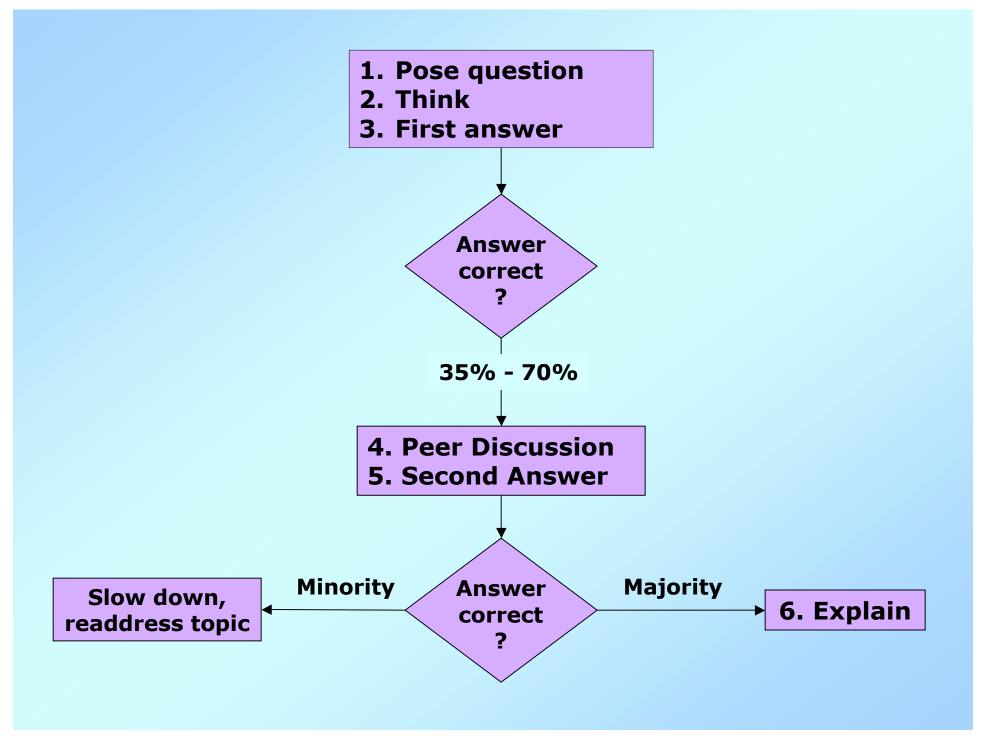


- 2. Think
- 3. First answer

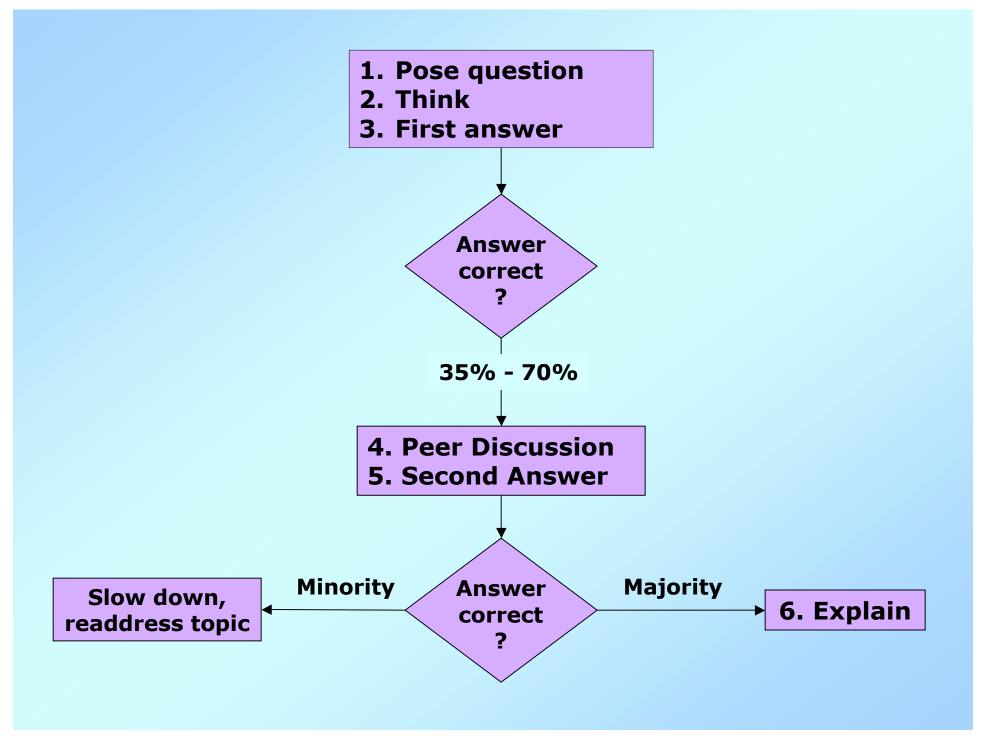


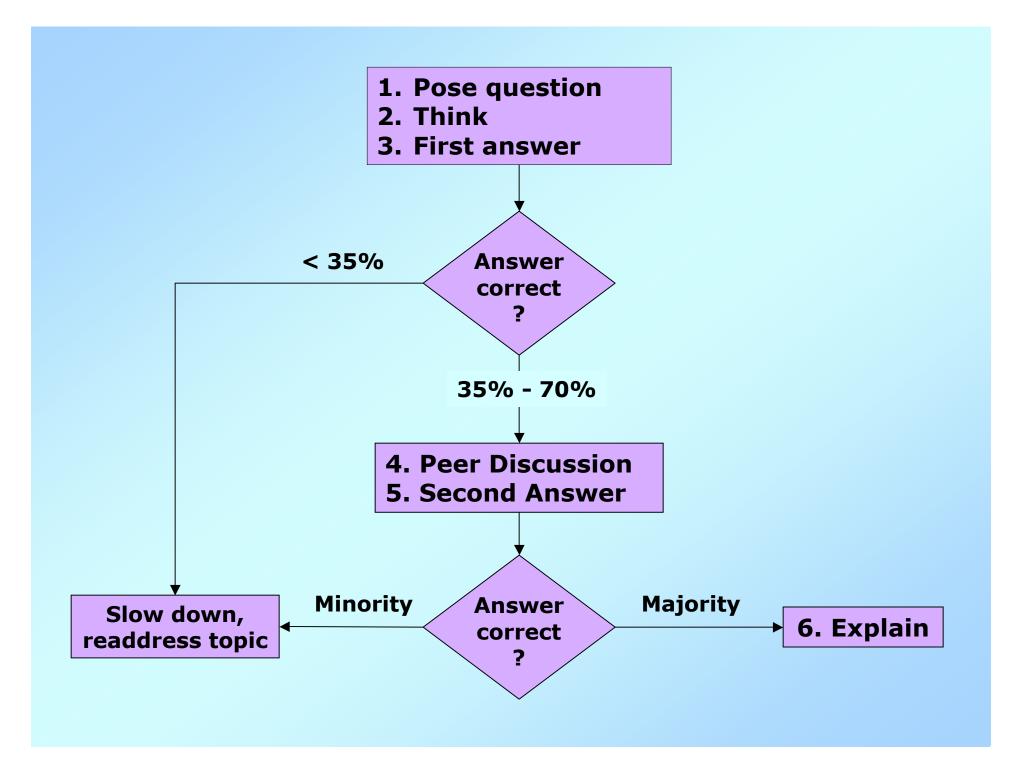
- 4. Peer Discussion
- **5. Second Answer**

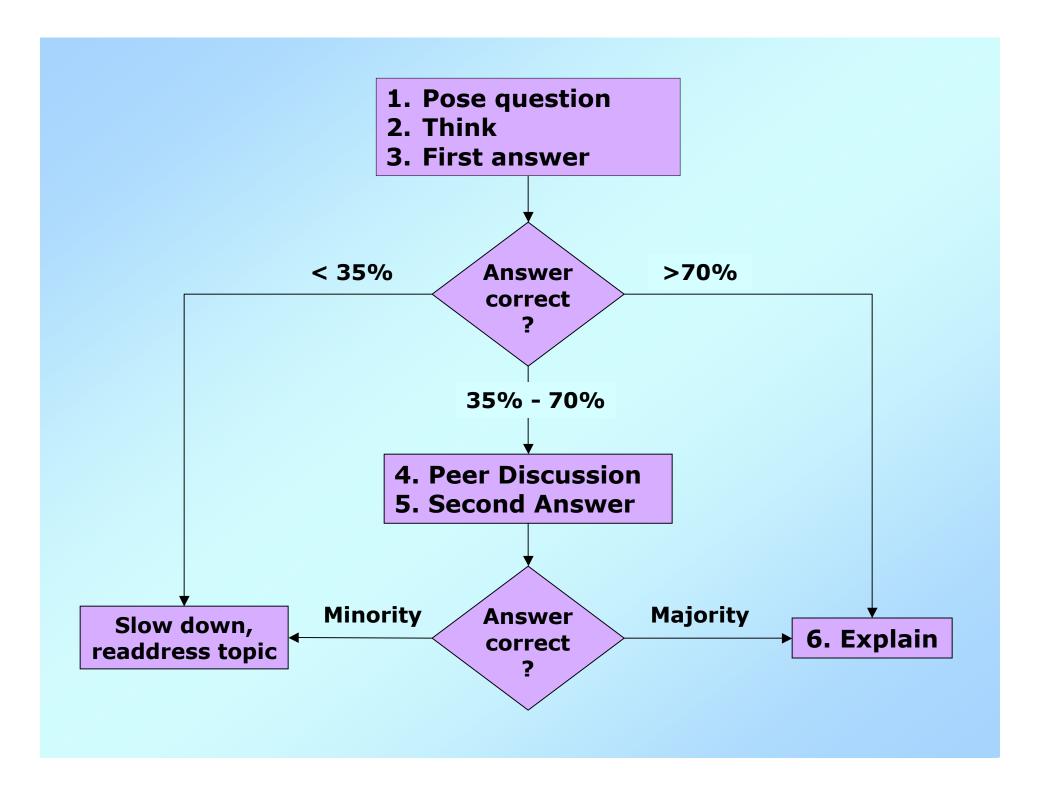














Interactive learning survey

Ref: Fagen et al. (2002) The Physics Teacher, 40.

Interactive learning survey

1. Preparation Time

"so much to do, so little time"

2. Student Participation

"too cool, too alienated, or perhaps too lost to participate"

Ref: Fagen et al. (2002) The Physics Teacher, 40.

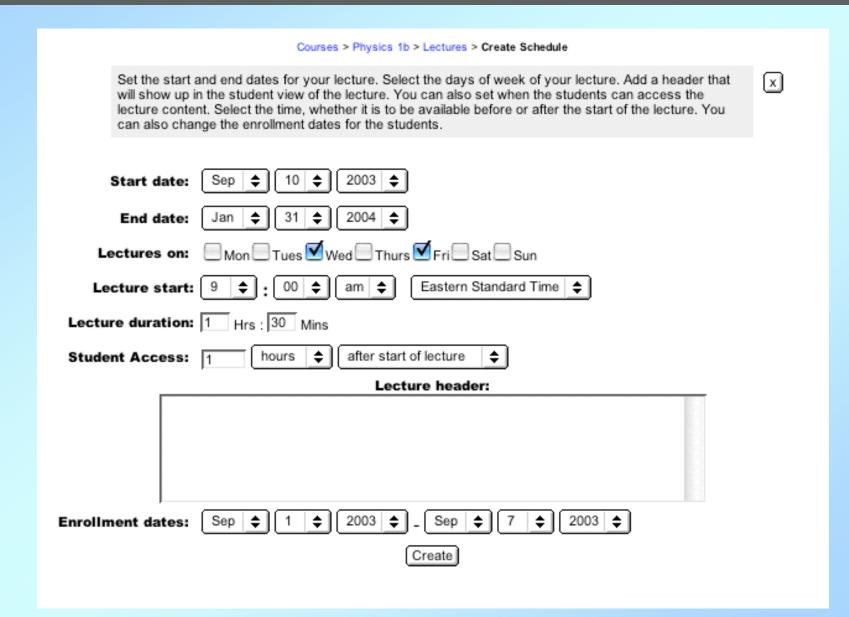
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Interactive Learning Toolkit [ILT]

www.deas.harvard.edu/galileo

Create calendar-based lecture schedule



Create Reading Assignment schedule

READING **HANDOUTS LECTURES ASSIGNMENTS FORUMS NEWS** Courses > Physics 1b > Create Reading Automatically Use this page to create a schedule of reading assignments. Each lecture will have a reading assignment [x] associated with it. Use this page to specify how long before the lecture you want to publish the assignment to students. Also specify when you want to make it due. At what time do you want the reading assignment to be made available? At 12 : 00 AM 💠 2 day(s) before start of lecture At what time do you want the reading assignment to be due? At 6 : 00 PM \$ 1 day(s) before start of lecture Create

Add questions to Reading Assignment

Question Text:			
1			
Multiple choic	ce question:		
Multiple choic	ce question:	 _	Correct?
Multiple choic	ce question:	TOTAL CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY O	Correct?
	ce question:	TOTAL CONTROL OF THE	Correct?
1	ce question:		Correct?
2 3	ce question:		Correct?
2	ce question:	Action of the second of the se	Correct?
2 3	ce question:	Action of the second of the se	Correct?
1 2 3 4	ce question:		Correct?

Students respond to Reading Assignment

	Courses > Physi	ics 1b > Reading > Electrostatics > >
□ ++	📲 edit	
Suppose that objects A a attract a third object C. Is it charge? Explain your reaso	true or false that thes	Readings > Current Reading
□ ++	edit e	Due: 6/29/2003 at 11:59 PM
2. Consider three charged p		Status: Not completed
2 on 3 is zero. Is it true that along that line, but only betv	(a) 3 must necessar	 Suppose that objects A and B are electrically charged and are observed to attract each other. Both A and B are observed to attract a third object C. Is it true or false that these observations, if correct,
□ ++	🖊 edit	would imply the existence of three different kinds of charge? Explain your reasoning.
Please tell us briefly what difficult or confusing, please		Answer:
		Consider three charged particles carrying nonzero charges q1, q2, and q3. The vector sum of the forces exerted by 1 and by 2 on 3 is zero. Is it true that (a) 3 must necessarily lie somewhere along
		the line connecting 1 and 2 or (b) 3 must lie somewhere along that line, but only between 1 and 2?
		Answer:
		3. Please tell us briefly what single point of the reading you found most difficult or confusing. If you
		did not find any part of it difficult or confusing, please tell us what parts you found most interesting. Answer:

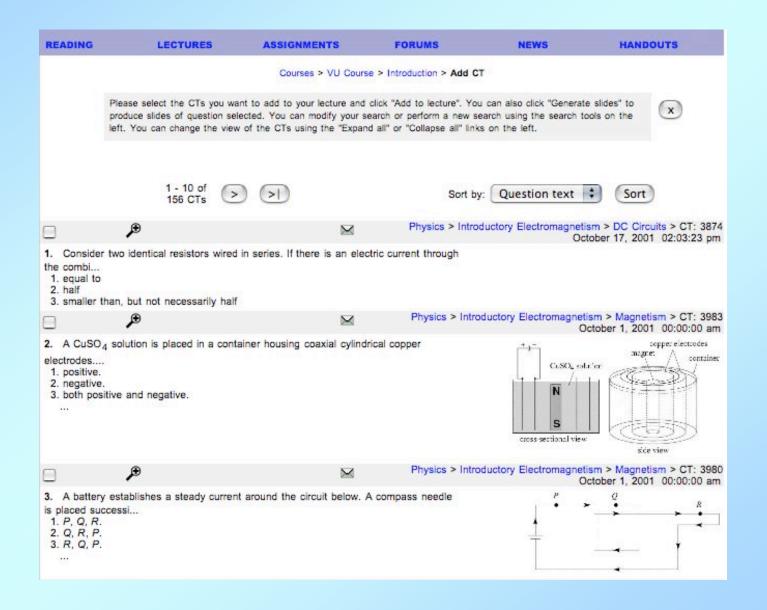
Responses: work, face & name connected

Answer	Time	Response
Mysha Mason terminology question – are neutral objects considered to be electrically charged (i.e. their charge is zero), or just positive and negative objects?	2/3/2003 7:59:16 pm	0 / 2
Alyssa Berman Pg. 12 of the reading states that "any two dissimilar materials become charged when brought in contact." Why, then, is no "static electricity" created when wood is rubbed against wool, for example? (Unlike glass against silk.)	2/3/2003 8:47:20 pm	0/2
Leslie Garbarino I had difficulty reading the force diagrams for different charges. It was tricky to figure out which forces were acting on which particles, given attraction and repulsion and also the fact that in a set of two particles, each is exerting a separate force on the other. I would like to see a diagram like this drawn out and have each force named as it is drawn. It would help me get a hold on them as opposed to seeing a bunch of arrows on the paper.	2/3/2003 9:23:39 pm	0/2
Christine Tran I found the concept of elementary charge confusing, and I am still hoping that I can get more clarification abbout Coulomb's Law that part is still shaky for me.	2/3/2003 9:29:44 pm	0/2
Andrea Li 26.7 was conceptually difficult for me, the elecrostatic equilibrium example specifically.	2/3/2003 10:20:37 pm	1/2
Neil Shah I had a bit of difficulty understanding why a neutral object is attracted to a charged object and not repelled by the charged object (since the neutral object has equal amounts of both charges).	2/3/2003 10:27:58 pm	1/2
Lisa Simpson The last 2 sections on coulumb's law was a bit confusing. Some of the notation and the math was not as clear as i would have hoped. Perhaps more numerical examples to help show the application of the equation into real charges.	2/3/2003 10:50:46 pm	1/2
	Mysha Mason terminology question — are neutral objects considered to be electrically charged (i.e. their charge is zero), or just positive and negative objects? Alyssa Berman Pg. 12 of the reading states that "any two dissimilar materials become charged when brought in contact." Why, then, is no "static electricity" created when wood is rubbed against wool, for example? (Unlike glass against silk.) Leslie Garbarino I had difficulty reading the force diagrams for different charges. It was tricky to figure out which forces were acting on which particles, given attraction and repulsion and also the fact that in a set of two particles, each is exerting a separate force on the other. I would like to see a diagram like this drawn out and have each force named as it is drawn. It would help me get a hold on them as opposed to seeing a bunch of arrows on the paper. Christine Tran I found the concept of elementary charge confusing, and I am still hoping that I can get more clarification abbout Coulomb's Law — that part is still shaky for me. Andrea Li 26.7 was conceptually difficult for me, the electrostatic equilibrium example specifically. Neil Shah I had a bit of difficulty understanding why a neutral object is attracted to a charged object and not repelled by the charged object (since the neutral object has equal amounts of both charges). Lisa Simpson The last 2 sections on coulumb's law was a bit confusing. Some of the notation and the math was not as clear as i would have hoped. Perhaps more numerical examples to help show the application of the equation into real	Mysha Mason terminology question — are neutral objects considered to be electrically charged (i.e. their charge is zero), or just positive and negative objects? Alyssa Berman Pg. 12 of the reading states that "any two dissimilar materials become charged when brought in contact." Why, then, is no "static electricity" created when wood is rubbed against wool, for example? (Unlike glass against silk.) Leslie Garbarino I had difficulty reading the force diagrams for different charges. It was tricky to figure out which forces were acting on which particles, given attraction and repulsion and also the fact that in a set of two particles, each is exerting a separate force on the other. I would like to see a diagram like this drawn out and have each force named as it is drawn. It would help me get a hold on them as opposed to seeing a bunch of arrows on the paper. Christine Tran I found the concept of elementary charge confusing, and I am still hoping that I can get more clarification abbout Coulomb's Law – that part is still shaky for me. Andrea Li 26.7 was conceptually difficult for me, the elecrostatic equilibrium example specifically. Neil Shah I had a bit of difficulty understanding why a neutral object is attracted to a charged object and not repelled by the charged object (since the neutral object has equal amounts of both charges). Lisa Simpson The last 2 sections on coulumb's law was a bit confusing. Some of the notation and the math was not as clear as i would have hoped. Perhaps more numerical examples to help show the application of the equation into real

Response email to a RA question

	000	ILT: Respond to assignment	
L⊤ http://qemp.dea	ALL ANSWERS Crea	te CT	
Apple ▼ Visualizat	FG 8.00343	ise tell us briefly what single point of the reading you found most difficult or confusing. If you did not find any part of it difficult onfusing, please tell us what parts you found most interesting.	
LEADING L	1	From: Emilia Asare <easare@fas.harvard.edu> (responded) Received: Fri, 21 Feb 2003 18:09:34-0500 I am confused about part b of Checkpoint 29.8 I don't really understand why there is no electrostatic force between C and B. After for reading, I figured that this is probably an equipotential line, but I don't really understand how we would know that from the diagram.</easare@fas.harvard.edu>	
		RESPONSE	
Please te difficult o See notel	Subject:	a Asare <easare@fas.harvard.edu></easare@fas.harvard.edu>	
		F-44	
Student Ans Ale Kin on kin pot Ana and Em un rea un un	Hope this helps,	Edit or copy over FAQ response: (CT in class to address point) Reading assignment (Lack of specifics) Reading assignment (Referring to question) Reading assignment (Section 29.1) work-energy diagrams (Section 29.2) work in nonuniform field (Section 29.2) potential and sign of charge	
rea · und		FAQ	
Has		nse to simple question:	
Kor in t	no electrostatic for probably an equip	out part b of Checkpoint 29.6 I don't really understand why there is orce between C and B. After further reading, I figured that this is otential line, but I don't really understand how we would know that	
Me the fiel	Index question:	(e.g., Section 10.2, Checkpoint 6.7)	
	Hide from student	□ Global	
		Send & save to FAQ	

Select ConcepTest Q's from database

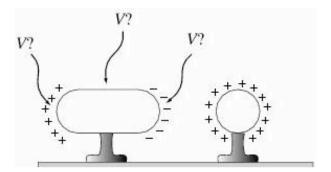


Create your own ConcepTest Q's

ING	LECTURES	ASSIGNMENTS	FORUMS	NEWS	HANDOUTS
		Courses > VU Course > Intr	oduction 2/4 > Create Co	ncepTest	
Add	a new ConcepTest				×
Introdu	ctory text of your q	uestion.			
6					
			load image		
Text to	appear after image	•			
1 Mul	tiple choice no. 1				Co
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	-			500	
Text to	appear after answe	r choices.			
		r choices.			

Create student view of lecture

 A charged object is brought near an uncharged metal object. Negative charges accumulate on the side of the uncharged object nearest to the charged sphere, positive charges on the opposite side. On the uncharged metal object, the potential is



- 1. largest on the positive side
- 2. largest on the negative side
- 3. largest in the middle
- 4. the same everywhere

Answer

2. A cylindrical piece of insulating material is placed in an external electric field, as shown. The net electric flux passing through the surface of the cylinder is



Grade book: student scores in assignments

ADING	LECTURES	ASSIGNMENTS	FORUMS	NEWS	HANDOUTS		
		Courses > VU Course >	Assignment > Problem !	Set 1			
	Add questions, add a URL or a file to the assignment. Upload a solution file or link a solution URL to this assignment						
	Name:	Problem Set 1					
	Category:	Problem Set 💠	Edit category				
	Link Type:						
	Issue Date:	Feb 🛟 1 🛟	2003 🗘 Time:	9 🛟 : 00 🕏	am ‡		
	Due Date:	O In Class					
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	Questions:						
	∈] 1: 5					
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Easy to record grades and update database

READING	LECTURES	ASSIGNMENTS	FORUMS	NEWS	HANDOUTS
		Courses > VU Course > As	signment > Problem Set 1	> Grade	
Select	the students to grade.	Select the question to be gr	aded. Enter grade, comme	nts and click "Save"	×
Name:					
Student ID:					
Sections:	Un	sectioned students			
			Search		
Question N	lo: 1 (PS 1: 2 Change	Maximum Grad	le: 5	
		Found 1 students	matching descr <mark>i</mark> ption	on.	
Name		Student ID	Grades	Comment	
Lisa Simpson		11112222	5		
			Cauc		
		,	Save		

Face book: connects all elements of course

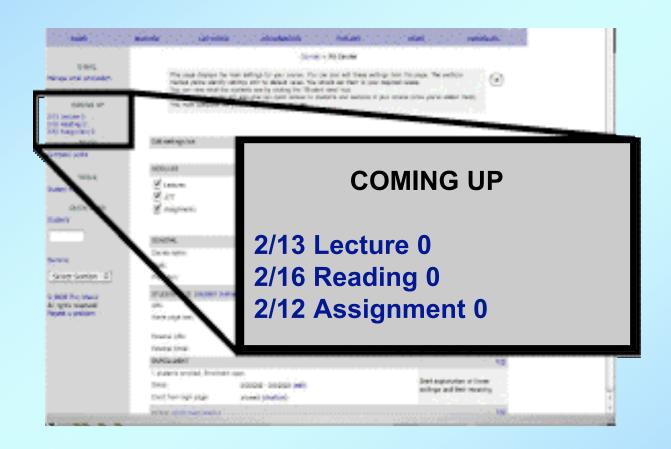


RA: Reading assignments; CT: ConcepTests; PT: Pretest; L: Laboratory; PS: Problem Set; HE: Hour Exam; OT: Online Test; FE: Final Exam;

Email: priority listed and FAQ

	Milci Artiga I thought Lenz' law part since it is not something In priori, but the explanation using	was the most interesting would have deduced a pm 4/1/2003 9:04:5	1 0/1			
E	makes perfect sense that the n such a simple effect. Mark Riddell Explain why the ro	0.00		ILT: Answer email		0
	Mark Riddell Explain why the ro changes directions in Figure 33 greater detail/clarity how chang produce electric fields?	~~	From: Lisa Simpson <lsimpson@fas.harvard.e< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th></lsimpson@fas.harvard.e<>			
	Javier Valle I dont understand t charge separation is affected. I there must be a force on the ch have to thus exert a force on si	E S	To: Eric Mazur <emazur@fas.harvard.edu> Received: Mon, 2 Jun 2003 00:50:38 -0400</emazur@fas.harvard.edu>	Brendan Connors 💠 🗇	ransfer	
	confused! Lisa Simpson! had difficulty with his get the direction of the current	7000	Subject: RE: Office Hours			
1.03	all the figures in 33.7. Also, edd because there was not much a 33.9, why does it say that the n increases when the magnet is the magnetic flux increases at I		Dear Professor Mazur,	d level to have made in with you		
	toward R? And part b of the sai eddy currents was also confusi William Olson I found that the to about the effects of moving cor figure out what the patterns an		Thank you so much for your response. I would but as soon as my finals were over I left for I will be heading off to Argentina for the summe the NGO Medicos Del Mundo Argentina.	an Diego. In just two days I	U	
	types of things work. This made users confusion		Now that the class has drawn to a close, I'd lift for Physics 1B. While the class does require a end I have come out with a solid understandithat you have taught us. Your teaching style than merely equations, and we've learned ho to virtually any situation. Too many classes m students how to answer questions, rather that concepts, and letting the answers flow from the grateful.	i serious commitment, in the gand appreciation for the E/M has given us concepts rather w to apply fundamental principles ake the mistake of teaching in teaching students the		
			Thank you again for agreeing to write a letter will send all of the information to you tomorrow need to be back to the House office until the leaves enough time for you. I apologize that I to you sooner. Included you will find 1) A resubrief description of my interest in medicine and	v morning. The letter doesn't end of the month. I hope that couldn't get these materials ime, 2) A waiver form, 3) A	<u> </u>	
		Affects Grade:	Message does not req	uire response		
				RESPONSE		
			npson@fas.harvard.edu> (edit)	T		
		Cc: Re: RE: Office	ce Hours	(separate emails with ",")		
		Dear Lisa,				
					Edit or copy over FAQ response:	
					RA not saved Please post on forum no CT scores Some CT points missing Lab 1 grade missing waiting on a problem set grade Missed CTs due to anti-war walkout PS extension RA change on 4/21 Online test retake Online Test 1 Problem set #9 - optional No more availability during Reading Period Solns to online tests)4

Calendar-based reminders: students & staff



Clone course: saves time & great template

READING LECTURES	ASSIGNMENTS	FORUMS	NEWS	HANDOUTS
	Courses > 0	Clone Courses		
New course name: Physics 1b				
New course description:				
Select information to copy V JiTT reading assignments Lectures and ConcepTests Assignments V Sections Staff Students Handouts Forum				
	C	lone		

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Interactive learning survey

1. Preparation Time

- Growing database of CTs
- Helps structure course
- Cloning- save time & organization
- Automated attendance & grading

Interactive learning survey

2. Student Participation

- ▶ Increases and encourages equal interaction
- ▶ Inviting avenue to voice problem areas
- Responses connect work, face and name
- Collect responses & feedback

Acknowledgments

NSF Distinguished Teaching Scholar Award

DEAS Information Technology Group

ASA Assessment of Student Achievement in

Undergraduate Education

For more information please visit:

http://mazur-www.harvard.edu